"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today; Tuesday fair, rising temperature; moderate northerly winds.
For full weather report see Page 13.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,836 NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

CANADIAN YACHT TO RACE IN 1921 FOR AMERICA'S CUP

R. C. Ross Wires Challenge to Commodore Morgan from Nova Scotia Squadron.

MAPLE LEAF HER NAME

Will Cost More Than a Million and Will Be Built by Popular Subscription.

DOLLAR GIFTS SOLICITED

Challenger to be Designed by a Briton, Built in Canada, Manned by Fishermen.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Aug. 1.—It was learned here today that a challenge has been sent to the New York Yacht Club for a contest for the America's Cup to be held in July, 1921. The informal challenge was sent by A. C. Ross of Sydney, Cape Breton, by telegram to Commodore J. P. Morgan, and is to be followed by a letter containing the official and formal challenge. The telegraphic substitute, a copy of which follows, merely suggests the time for the contests, and does not even mention the size or rig of vessel, nor is it specific as to which of two clubs mentioned the challenge will be sent through.

The telegram which was sent to Commodore Morgan follows:

Allow me, as a life member of the Cape Breton Royal Yacht Club and a member of the Halifax Yacht Club, to congratulate your club on the retention of the America's Cup. Hearing through the press that Sir Thomas Lipton does not intend to compete for the cup in 1921, in behalf of these clubs, respectfully beg to challenge to compete for the cup in July, 1921. We will build a boat on the Atlantic Coast, to be manned by Canadians, if you grant us this opportunity of competing. We will abide as to measurement and course, &c., and will submit our bona fides by letter. Soliciting an early reply at my expense. Reply Montreal. A. C. ROSS.

Challenger to be Named Maple Leaf.

The estimated cost for the new challenger, which will be named the Maple Leaf, will be over one million dollars, and the cost of building is to be made an object of popular subscription. When told about the proposed challenging by a Canadian yacht several British Columbia shippers expressed their willingness to finance the project, but Mr. Ross intends to make the challenging for the America's Cup a matter of national interest, and subscriptions will be received from a dollar upward.

"There are enough sportsmen in this country to carry this thing through," said Mr. Ross tonight, who, with his consulting engineer, Edwin Robinson, is staying at a local hotel.

"And I have the utmost confidence in our Nova Scotia fishermen," he continued. "They are familiar with the kind of yacht that is sailed, for the fisher boats out on the Cape Breton coast are similar in design to the Resolute and the Shamrock."

If the challenge is accepted it is proposed to have the boat designed by a Briton, built in Canada, and manned by Nova Scotian fishermen. Commodore Jarvis of Toronto, who was in conference today with Mr. Ross, has intimated his willingness to be the skipper for the next race.

Mr. Ross formerly was a member of Parliament for Victoria and Cape Breton, North, and while in the House was dubbed by his political adversaries "the member for Cobalt," because of his activities there. He is a large real estate operator in Sydney at present, and, as a yachtsman, owned the Cibau which cleaned up in Cape Breton waters a few years ago.

Cape Breton Club May Challenge.

It is believed that the challenge will be sent formally through the Royal Cape Breton Yacht Club, of which Mr. Ross is a life member and under the flag of which he has raced heretofore. There has been some talk of the challenge being for a schooner yacht, though it is possible that a seventy-five-foot sloop may be nominated by Mr. Ross.

If it should be decided to have the challenger designed by a Canadian the name of G. Herrick Duggan has been suggested as the most logical designer in the Dominion. Aside from being the designer of numerous of the speedier sailing craft ever turned out in Canada he is a skipper of acknowledged ability and is the designer and builder of the Quebec bridge across the St. Lawrence River and many other large engineering triumphs.

Mr. Duggan was in the United States during the trial races prior to the America's Cup races and had the opportunity to study both the Resolute and Shamrock IV. at close range, having sailed aboard the Irish challenger while there along with that other Canadian who is ranked as Canada's premier Corinthian, Aemilius Jarvis.

Mr. Jarvis was one of Sir Thomas Lipton's close advisers, and at one time when it appeared that there might be a substitution of skippers aboard the challenger Mr. Jarvis's name came into special prominence. He knows American yacht racing tactics better than any other yachtsman this side of the border, and has a large acquaintance among American Corinthians.

Nicholson Also Mentioned.

It is known that Charles E. Nicholson, designer of the Shamrock IV., learned many things about American racing conditions, and he has said that were he to build another yacht to compete for the cup she would be an entirely different craft from the defeated challenger of this year. Although

Continued on Page Twelve.

Chicago Postal Clerks Want a Court to Hear Grievances

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—A delegation representing the Chicago Postal Clerks' Union will go to Washington this week to confer with President Wilson, Samuel Gompers and National Union officials in an effort to provide for a Court of Appeals to act on what the clerks term "unfair treatment and too much department authority."

The decision to send the delegation came as a result of charges being sent from Washington against ten local clerks who directed a publicity campaign to obtain "higher pay and better working conditions." The entire force of 4,000 clerks in Chicago has threatened to resign if these men are discharged.

MEANT TO DISFIGURE HUSBAND; KILLED HIM

Murder of Sokolowsky, New Haven Labor Leader, Cleared by Wife's Confession.

POURED ACID ON HIM ASLEEP

Wanted to Make Him Unattractive to Other Women to Whom He Was Attentive.

The mystery of the murder of Frank Sokolowsky, a well known labor leader, at his home, 25 Beers Street, New Haven, Conn., on June 26 was apparently cleared yesterday by the arrest here of his wife, Mrs. Alexandra Sokolowsky. That jealousy and not labor enmity, as at first suspected, caused Sokolowsky's death is believed to have been established by Mrs. Sokolowsky's confession that she poured carbolic acid over her husband as he slept. Mrs. Sokolowsky, according to the police, said she did not intend to kill her husband, but meant to destroy his good looks, and thus break off his relations with another woman, letters from whom she said she had found in his pockets.

Sokolowsky, who was a graduate of a Russian university and employed as an organizer of the American Federation of Labor, was killed during the night of June 26 by carbolic acid thrown over his face and head. His wife disappeared at the time, and had been sought in the belief that she could furnish the motive of the murder. The police worked on two different theories, one that Mrs. Sokolowsky had killed her husband, and the other that enemies made by Sokolowsky in his labor work had killed him and then had spirited away his wife in the fear that she would be a witness against them.

Red Waist Leads to Arrest.

Circulars bearing a portrait of Mrs. Sokolowsky and stating that she was wanted in connection with the death of her husband were sent out by the New Haven police. A special search was made for her in this city, where she formerly lived.

A flaming red waist was the immediate cause of Mrs. Sokolowsky's arrest. Detectives John Petrizzo and Silvio Repetto of Inspector John J. Cray's staff were at 125th Street and Eighth Avenue when a woman passed, wearing a waist of such vivid hue that she attracted their attention.

"I believe she is the woman who is wanted in New Haven," Petrizzo said to his partner, and Repetto, who also had seen the portrait on the police circular, nodded an assent.

Mrs. Sokolowsky was wearing shell-rimmed glasses, which did not appear on her picture, but Detective Petrizzo accosted her and asked her name.

"What business is it of yours?" Mrs. Sokolowsky replied.

Petrizzo then asserted that she was Mrs. Sokolowsky, and in response to her denial pulled out a copy of the circular with the portrait.

"That's right," Mrs. Sokolowsky admitted. "That's me."

The two detectives arrested her and took her to Police Headquarters, where she was charged with murder. Mrs. Sokolowsky, who is a slightly built

Continued on Page Five.

SMITH DECLARES DEMOCRATS WON'T NAME A TICKET

Governor Announces Saratoga Convention Will Adopt Plank Upholding Direct Primaries.

EMPHASIS ON STATE ISSUES

Platform Will Give Only Brief Space to Indorsing Wilson and National Ticket.

LUNN MAY SEEK CONTEST

Reported as Planning League Plank Fight—Action on Prohibition Still Undecided.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Unless appearances are deceiving, Governor Smith will be the dominant figure in the unofficial Democratic State Convention which is to assemble here on Tuesday. On his arrival tonight, after spending the afternoon with Charles F. Murphy on the golf links, he emphatically stated that the convention would not designate or recommend candidates. His hotel cottage at once became the mecca of incoming Democratic leaders.

Murphy is staying at the Grand Union, which will be the quarters of a majority of the delegates. He will sit in the convention as head of the Tammany delegation and will be consulted on all important subjects, but Governor Smith is to be the "big noise." Murphy is said to be well pleased with the Governor's assumption of the principal rôle.

It now appears certain that the only action of a constructive character to be taken by the convention will be the adoption of a platform, a work it can undertake with full sanction of law. The platform, in effect, will be the work of Governor Smith himself. James A. Parsons of Steuben, Governor Smith's legal adviser, and George R. Van Namee, Public Service Commissioner, came to Saratoga this evening, and brought with them tentative drafts of a number of planks which will be gone over at conferences scheduled for tomorrow, and in all probability will be in readiness for delivery to the Committee on Resolutions when that body has been appointed.

"We expect to present to the people of this State a party declaration which will be an accounting of our stewardship and show that as a party we have kept the faith by honest performance of every pledge made in the campaign two years ago," said Governor Smith. "We believe that the record made at Albany by our party during the present administration is ample justification for a plea that a Democratic administration and a Democratic Legislature be elected this year, as well as ample guarantee that if this is done, the promises we make in our platform will be kept."

May Be Fight on Peace Plank.

Only a very small part of the platform will deal with national questions. All the rest will be devoted to a review of what Governor Smith has done or attempted to do in fulfillment of platform pledges during the two years of his administration and of the problems confronting the next administration and the attitude of the party on them.

The plank dealing with national questions will embody a terse but unqualified indorsement of the Wilson Administration and of the Democratic national platform and candidates. There will be no detailed discussion of the League of Nations or of the President's attitude on the joint resolution for peace with the Central Powers unless the program is radically changed.

Owing to the attitude of a large number of Tammany men of Irish sym-

Continued on Page Three.

$500,000 to Pay Villa's Men; He Asks Schoolbooks for Them

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—Paying off followers of Francisco Villa, who will receive a year's pay when mustered out, will cost the Mexican nation more than 1,000,000 pesos, according to an interview with a Treasury official published here.

Villa has written to Provisional President de la Huerta, outlining his plans to establish schools and requesting books, pencils, chalk and other supplies. He declares he will spend any money sent him for educational purposes.

BRITISH WAVER ON BARRING MANNIX

London Papers Urge Permitting Him to Visit Ireland to Enlighten Him.

SHIPS AVOID QUEENSTOWN

All Vessels of the Line on Which Archbishop Sailed Are Ordered to Liverpool.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—A decision as to the treatment to be accorded Archbishop Mannix of Australia if he attempts to land at Queenstown will be reached, it is expected, at a Cabinet meeting on Monday.

The Sunday Times political correspondent asserts that it is not now certain that he will be excluded from Ireland. "There is," he says, "a view that such action may be turned to political capital by the Sinn Feiners, who are ever ready to seize upon the slightest incident as a reason for adopting a pose of injured innocence. On the other hand, it may be that if Dr. Mannix is allowed to land he may see the condition of Ireland in the right perspective and adopt a rational attitude toward those who are wishful to restore law and order at all costs. Moderate opinion is in favor of this latter course, and it is believed that the Chief Secretary himself is wavering in favor of the Archbishop being allowed to land."

The Times takes much the same view, pointing out that the Archbishop so far has not been in close touch with the actual situation and remarking that "hitherto he has nurtured his political passions far from the realities of the Irish situation, but in Ireland he would, we are persuaded, find revolutionary incendiarism a two-edged weapon for one of his cloth. He is, indeed, an apostle of that policy which has goaded Irishmen into a frenzy, in which the dark deeds of secret societies have become possible, but in his own country he might learn how the subversion of all social order has involved the edifice of his religion."

The Sunday Observer, however, urges the Government to stick to its policy of exclusion. "The Archbishop's Bolshevism," it says, "is none the more respectable for being mitred. The Vatican confesses itself shocked at his performances, and the sequel should be a test of what its discipline amounts to."

Steamers Abandon Queenstown Call.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 1.—The announcement here yesterday that instructions had been received at the local offices of the Cunard and White Star Companies "that until further notice none of the steamers of these lines will be permitted to call at Queenstown to land passengers from United States ports" caused quite a sensation.

All arrangements had been completed to disembark here today about 1,100 American passengers from the White Star liner Celtic and the Cunarder Caronia, and the news created consternation among hotel and lodging house proprietors.

On being informed of the facts the Chairman of the Urban Council hurriedly called a meeting of that body to consider what action should be taken. A deputation was appointed to interview the local agents of the two companies to ascertain whether the instructions were received from the Government or from the steamship companies at Liverpool. A representative of the White Star Line informed the deputation that the communication stating that the Celtic would not call came from the company's office at Liverpool and was a complete surprise, as all arrangements had been made.

He understood that the order would apply to other eastbound steamers of the White Star until cancelled.

The deputation then interviewed the Cunard agent, who said that up to that time he had no instructions from Liverpool that the Caronia would not call. Two hours later a wireless message was received from the Captain of the Caronia intimating that he did not intend to call at Queenstown and all arrangements made to land the liner's passengers were hurriedly cancelled.

Prelate Preaches Sinn Fein Sermon.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—Should Archbishop Mannix of Australia be forced to proceed direct to Liverpool the question arises here as to how the Government can prevent his coming to Ireland.

Until a few months ago a permit was required to land in Ireland, but this regulation was abolished. It is suggested that it might be revived, as has been the rule regarding Government search of passengers' baggage.

Large numbers of Irish bishops and priests from Australia are at present visiting Ireland, and intimation has been given that they will form a body-

Continued on Page Two.

RAILROADS TO ASK INTRASTATE RISE ON FEDERAL SCALE

Expect These Further Increases, Included in Estimates, to be Granted.

START WORK ON NEW RATES

Experts Plan to Have Schedules Ready to Put New Tariff in Effect Sept. 1.

PALMER TO CURB COSTS

Use of Freight Increase for Excessive Prices Will Be Checked—Willard Predicts Saving for Public.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Advances of intrastate rates—freight, passenger and Pullman—to correspond with the interstate increases authorized yesterday by the Interstate Commerce Commission will be asked of the various State Railway Commissions by the carriers, it was stated here tonight by Alfred P. Thom, general counsel for the Association of Railway Executives.

Such intrastate rate increases, Mr. Thom said, will not add to the total income provided for by the Federal commission's decision, because in submitting their estimates the carriers calculated on a basis of increases of both interstate and intrastate rates.

Applications to the State Commissions are now being prepared by the railroads and it is expected by the railway executives that the increases will be granted. Should any State Commission refuse to authorize them, however, the carriers, Mr. Thom said, will proceed under the Transportation act and ask a hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission to determine whether the existing intrastate State rates are discriminatory or prejudicial to interstate commerce.

It was pointed out by Mr. Thom that three representatives of State Commissions sat with the Federal Commission during the public hearings on the application of the carriers. They will make reports to the State Commissions and Mr. Thom said it was thought that their opinions would have weight with the State bodies.

The percentage of advances in intrastate freight rates which the roads will request will correspond to the percentage authorized in the territory in which the State is located. Thus increases requested in Eastern States would be 40 per cent., in Southern States 25 per cent., in Western States 35 per cent. and in Mountain-Pacific States 25 per cent.

The rate increases granted the railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission are designed to give the carriers an annual net operating income of $1,134,000,000, or $241,000,000 more than the standard return allowed by the Government and based on the average of the three-year period immediately preceding Federal control.

This sum is $34,000,000 more than the roads made in their record year of 1916, but is $99,000,000 less than the total of $1,233,000,000 net operating income which they sought in presenting their applications to the commission.

Experts Prepare New Schedules.

Rate experts of the carriers will set to work tomorrow on the tremendous task of preparing the new tariff schedules, which it is planned to file in time for the increased rates—freight, passenger and Pullman—to become effective on Sept. 1. On that date the Government guarantee of the standard return of $893,000,000 annually will expire under a provision of the Transportation act limiting this guarantee to six months after the carriers were returned to private control.

The actual increased amount to be received by the roads as a result of the rate advances has been roughly estimated at $1,500,000,000, but until the new tariffs are worked out and put into operation the exact amount is problematical. With passenger fares increased one-fifth and Pullman charges advanced one-half passenger travel probably will be reduced.

Based on the present passenger traffic these increases are expected to yield the roads a return of $277,000,000, all of which was sought to help absorb the wage advance to railroad workers, which the Railroad Labor Board has informed the commission will work out at $618,000,000 instead of the $800,000,000 first estimated. The carriers have figured the increase at $625,000,000. For the purposes of the rate case the commission used the board's figures.

The estimated operating income of $1,134,000,000 which the roads are to receive as a result of the fare raises represents 6 per cent. on the aggregate value of the railroad properties, which was placed by the commission at $18,900,000,000, or $1,140,000,000 less than the carriers' estimate. Of the total income received by the railroads, one-half of one per cent. of the aggregate value, or $94,000,000, must be set aside annually for additions and betterments.

Increased Taxes and Expenses.

Thus the actual net operating income going into the treasury of the carriers would be $1,040,000,000. From this must be deducted taxes and other fixed expenses not included in operating expenses before the actual net income is determined. Admittedly taxes and most other of such fixed expenses have increased since the pre-war period on which the standard Government return is based.

Should the commission's decision result in producing more than the 6 per cent. return on the aggregate value allowed under the Transportation act, one-half of the excess would, under the terms of the act, be placed in the reserve funds of the roads and the other half turned over to the Interstate Com-

Continued on Page Nine.

SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

RED ARMY NOW 75 MILES FROM WARSAW; LOMZA AND BREST-LITOVSK FORTS FALL; BRITISH SOLDIERS AT DANZIG MUTINOUS

Soviet Invites Djemal Pasha to Lead Mussulman Reds; Finances Indian, Turkish and Chinese Revolts

BERLIN, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The Russian Soviet Government has invited Djemal Pasha, former Turkish leader in Syria, to come to Russia and take over the command of the Mussulman divisions of the Soviet forces, according to a special dispatch from Bucharest to the Lokal-Anzeiger.

The Soviet authorities are said to have recognized the Indian revolutionary committee as the legal government of India and to have granted it a loan of 1,000,000 gold rubles. Revolutionary committees in Turkey, Persia and China also are receiving liberal financial support.

The Russian fleet on the Caspian Sea has been reinforced, says the report, and concentration of troops on the Persian and Afghan borders is continuing.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 29 (Associated Press).—Bolshevist penetration of Armenia is continuing, according to late advices received here. The provinces of Karabagh and Zangezour, it is stated, established Soviet governments on July 20, on lines similar to those of the Baku Government.

The Persian Minister at Constantinople, Musharer Moumelek, conferred at length with the Sultan on Wednesday and left today for Teheran. He is planning to proceed from the Persian capital to Moscow in an effort to induce the Bolshevikt to evacuate Persia.

He is the first regularly accredited diplomat to go to Moscow, and his journey thither, it is contended here, will constitute recognition of the Soviet Republic by Persia. Moumelek headed the Persian peace delegation in Paris and is a former Persian Minister of Foreign Affairs.

PROCLAIMS SOVIET SOLE TRADE AGENT

Russian Reply to the Allies Declares Foreign Commerce a Government Monopoly.

FOREIGN PATENTS ARE VOID

No Treaties Affecting Them to be Valid Till Red Government Has Revised Them.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Leonid Krassin, Russian commercial delegate, landed in England yesterday to resume his negotiations with the Allied Economic Council.

The answer of the Soviet Government to the questionnaire addressed to Moscow and taken away with him by Krassin when he left London has been received by the allied nations. It shows that Moscow has intertwined commercial and political matters. Moscow almost ridicules the old allied idea of dealing with the co-operatives and says openly that no business can be done in Russia except with the Soviets. The reply to a number of questions is that such matters can be discussed only at the peace table.

On the important point of protection for patents and trademarks the Soviets state that no contracts with the old Russian Government are any good now, and that any patent treaties, to be valid under the Soviet régime, must be discussed at the Peace Conference. In other words, as matters stand the Soviets could buy half a dozen American harvesting machines and if they could get the raw materials could set to work with the assistance of Germans or any other skilled workmen and manufacture them for their own profit. This is only one example of the difficulties of resuming any sort of business with Russia in the present circumstances, if the reply to the Allies' questionnaire is final.

Allied Questions and Soviet Replies.

Here are the Allied questions and the Russian replies:

"Question—Are the delegates of the Soviet Government the only people having the right to carry on external commerce outside of Russia?"

"Answer—The external commerce of Soviet Russia is a Government monopoly. The organization charged with the functions of this monopoly is the National Commissariat of Foreign Commerce, which exercises its powers with the help of its agents and representatives. The delegation of the Soviet Government is the only organism which has full powers to carry on negotiations with foreign Governments for the re-establishment of trade.

"Q—Are the members of the Soviet Government the only people with whom foreign traders will be authorized to trade in Russia?

"A—The National Commissariat of Foreign Commerce and its organization is the only body with which foreigners will be able to trade in Russia.

Government Monopoly of Contracts.

"Q—What is the effect, and what will be the consequence of contracts made (a) with bodies or persons in parts of the former Russian Empire that for the moment do not recognize the authority of the Soviet Government? (b) With bodies or persons in Soviet Russia other than the National Commissariat of Commerce or its agents.

"A—The only contracts recognized as legal are those made with the Commissariat of Foreign Trade and its organisations. (a) The Government of the Soviets can take no responsibility regarding contracts made with persons or bodies in Russia which do not recognize

Continued on Page Two.

FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS in a little HOT water, quick relief.—Advt.

WANT ULTIMATUM TO HALT THE REDS

French Favor Sending Demand That Russian Army Pause at Once.

WAR AS THE ALTERNATIVE

But Lloyd George's Policy of Temporizing with Soviet Is Seen as Obstacle.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The Bolsheviki are playing both ends against the middle in Poland, and it looks as if they were getting away with it. There is a strong feeling in Paris that what is needed now, and needed quickly, is an allied ultimatum to Moscow. It is not anything in the way of notes that is suggested, but a real old-style ultimatum, such as was flying about Europe exactly this time six years ago.

"Call off your advance within twenty-four hours or face war with France and Great Britain," is the threat that would meet the French idea of what ought to be done without losing more time.

The French have discarded the idea that the Red army is going ahead despite the wish of Moscow to cease hostilities. The Reds have got the Poles on the run, and the more they advance the more chance there is of the Bolshevist party in Poland utilizing a general panic to bring off a Red revolution. It is doubted whether Moscow would be prepared to jeopardize the whole question of future relations with the Allies for the sake of taking Warsaw, or even seeing Poland go Red, but the French admit that the Bolsheviki are hardly to be blamed for playing their bluff out as long as the Allies will let them and for continuing to postpone the armistice as long as they have anything to gain by it, or until some one tells them to stop.

The French attitude toward the Polish situation is complicated by two factors. First, there is a tendency in some quarters to think that the dangers of the position have been exaggerated and that no very determined effort will be needed to drive back the Bolshevist vanguards, almost entirely consisting of bands of cavalry without artillery, and operating more or less independently. The Poles are demoralized, and their difficulties are increased by masses of refugees flooding the roads and railroads; but it is thought they should be able to check the outer fringe of invasion. Even temporary success would put new spirit into the Polish Army, making the danger of a Bolshevist rising more remote and giving the Allies time. Whether this hope is well founded is another question, but its existence rather hampers those here who are in favor of an immediate ultimatum.

The other obstacle is the attitude of England. Lloyd George still clings to the idea of a conference with the Bolsheviki and is loath to abandon the hope that the Reds will make an armistice of their own accord. The use, or even threat, of force he strong deprecates—all the more particularly because he does not see quite how it would be possible to back up an ultimatum by a British expeditionary force if the Bolsheviki were obstinate. The French cannot budge him, and meanwhile time passes and the Red flood rises higher around Warsaw.

WARSAW AMUSEMENTS STOP.

New Recruits for Army Largely Made Up of Boys.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WARSAW, July 29.—Warsaw woke up this morning to find that its public amusements are to be considerably curtailed. From today dancing, public music and cabarets are to cease, while further restrictions are expected. The curtailment will not be felt so much now as it would have been a few days ago, the situation already having precluded any enjoyment from public amusement.

Things generally are tightening up as time goes on. Recruiting is being carried on with greater intensity and apparently successfully. Many recruits are mere boys who ought to be playing with marbles, while the army has a battalion of women, most of whom are employed on guard duty, although some are in line.

ALLIES RUSH MUNITIONS

French, British and Polish Workers Unload Ships at Danzig.

RED CAVALRY SWEEPS ON

Troopers on German Frontier Deride Idea That Armistice Will Halt Their Advance.

WARSAW READY FOR WORST

Isolated Groups of Polish Horsemen, Cut Off by Foes' Advance, Fight Way to Freedom.

PARIS, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The Russian Soviet army is now within seventy-five miles of Warsaw. It has captured Lomza, which is just that distance northeast of the Polish capital, and the towns of Kolno and Szczuczyn, near the German border in the Lomza region.

In spite of these and other Bolshevist successes, the military experts of the Anglo-French mission in Poland are reported to be optimistic, because of the remarkable stiffening in the resistance of the Polish Northern Army under General Haller.

The chief concern of the experts is the position of the Fourth Polish Army, defending Brest-Litovsk, but Polish advices declare the pressure upon that army will be relieved shortly by the Polish counter-offensive which is being directed from the region of Brody, northeast of Lemberg.

Munitions Fleet Reaches Danzig.

A large number of ships is arriving at Danzig daily from French and British ports with munitions which are being unloaded rapidly and rushed to the Polish front, according to word received here. An efficient unloading system has been organized by the Allied experts, and in putting this system into effect French, British and Polish workers are laboring side by side without interference, it is declared.

The German wireless station at Nauen on July 30 sent a wireless message to the Soviet authorities at Moscow announcing that President Ebert had proclaimed neutrality in the war between Poland and the Soviets, according to Le Temps today. The newspaper reports also that a voluminous correspondence now seems to be in process of exchange between Berlin and Moscow.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The fortress of Brest-Litovsk, the stronghold 110 miles east of Warsaw on the boundary of Poland proper, is reported to have been captured by the Russians, according to a wireless dispatch from Berlin today.

The reports, says the Berlin message, came from Eastern Germany, and declared that Brest-Litovsk had been taken by the Bolsheviki after only slight resistance from the Poles and that the Soviet forces were continuing their advance toward Warsaw and Lemberg.

The Bolshevist cavalry on the German Eastern frontier, the message adds, has been withdrawn and started in the direction of Warsaw.

The American, British and French legations in Warsaw have advised all their nationals, other than officials, to leave the city, according to a Warsaw dispatch to The London Times. It adds that this action has had a very depressing effect upon the Poles.

The message adds that, on receipt of authority from Paris, the French Military Mission at Warsaw is now taking an active part in the direction of the Polish armies.

Reds Push Offensive Hard.

WARSAW, Aug. 1.—Bolshevist forces which have been concentrated on the banks of the Narew River, with the apparent object of driving to Warsaw along the Bug River, have declared a series of strong attacks, according to a Polish communique issued here today. The statement adds that the Poles have repulsed the Bolsheviki with heavy loss in a sector near Topielob, the Russians abandoning eleven machine guns and leaving 500 dead.

A desperate struggle is going on west of Bialystok on the Brest-Litovsk Railroad for possession of the line running through Topczeja and Lubina and along the rivers Nurets and Zerzyce.

The fighting in the Brody region is reported by the statement as favorable to the Poles.

Cavalry recruited among former Cossack troopers has been thrown in against the Bolsheviki in the region of Brest-Litovsk under General Balachowicz, a Polish General who formerly was in the Russian Army. This unit comprises several thousand Russians who have been living in Poland, together with a few Polish troopers.

Peter Beczlewitz of South Bend, Ind., who joined General Haller's forces in France during the great war, is a Y. M. C. A. worker with General Balachowicz's troops. General Delma Radcliffe of the British Army, as well as American, French and Italian military experts, are daily observers on the front. Lieut. Col. Elbert E. Farman, Jr., Military Attaché of the American Legation, took breakfast in Warsaw on Thursday, motored to the front, witnessed an action

Arrest 15 as Coal Profiteers in Tennessee; Between 50 and 60 Men to Be Taken Later

Special to The New York Times.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 1.—Fifteen coal operators and brokers were arrested here today on charges of profiteering and will be prosecuted under the Lever act. Between fifty and sixty more, it was learned tonight, are to be arrested in the next few days for making exorbitant profits on coal.

The margin of profits in the individual cases vary, but in one the Government alleges that the defendants sold coal in carload lots at $7, $7.50 $8 and $8.50 per ton which cost only $2.90 per ton to produce.

Those arrested today gave bonds to J. Pike Powers, United States Commissioner, or arranged to do so. Preliminary hearings are expected to start the latter part of next week. Those arrested are:

NELL S. JENKINS, President and General Manager of the Clinch River Coal Company, wholesalers. Four counts.

L. I. COLEMAN, President and General Manager, Tennessee Jellico Coal Company and Block Coal and Coke Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

JOHN L. BOYD, Bear Wallow Coal Company and Tennessee Southeastern Company. Five counts.

GUY D. DARST, sales manager, Bewley Darst Coal Company, wholesalers. Five counts.

JAKE BEWLEY, Bristol, President Bewley Darst Coal Company, wholesalers. Five counts.

HOMER W. VAN BENSCHOTEN, Cross Mountain Coal Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

WILLIAM H. VAN BENSCHOTEN, Cross Mountain Coal Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

JAMES R. WOOLRIDGE, Woolridge, Tenn., miner and shipper. five counts.

CHARLES M. MOORE, President Red Ash Coal Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

G. EDWARD MOORE, Secretary and Treasurer Red Ash Coal Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

GEORGE N. CAMP, Coal Creek Leasing Company and Coal Creek Coal Mining Company, miners and shippers. Five counts.

E. C. CLARK, Coal Creek Leasing Company and Coal Creek Coal Mining Company, miners and shippers. Five counts on two complaints.

CARROLL W. HENDERSON, President of Cambria Coal Company and Secretary-Treasurer Coalfield Coal Company, miners, shippers and retailers. Two cases, five counts each.

FRANK F. FLOYD, Vice President Jellico Coal Mining Company, miners and shippers. Two cases, five counts each.

ARTHUR GROVES, Jellico Coal Mining Company, miners and shippers. Two cases, five counts each.

Coal brokers in Chattanooga are said to have refused to open their books to Federal officers. No arrests have been made there yet. It was stated that the Government would probably take the necessary steps to force these operators and brokers to produce their books.

"LASSIE," Season's Musical Hit, Moves to Casino Tonight.—Advt.

"Cinderella on Broadway" at the Winter Garden is a triumph! Mat. Tom'w.—Advt.

and returned to Warsaw for dinner. The highway from Bialystok to Warsaw, along which the Bolsheviki are headed, is one of the smoothest and best paved roadways in Poland.

Many Americans in this city have already shipped their baggage and household goods to Danzig, Posen or Prague in expectation of an attack by the Russian Bolsheviki. Many women workers with American organizations here, as well as the wives of American officials, have left.

Welfare and relief organizations began preparations to withdraw some time ago after consulting Americn Government authorities. Charles Gaskill of Philadelphia, a member of the American Technical Commission, acting as an adviser to the Polish Government, has been appointed to arrange for special trains to take Americans out of Warsaw if it appears the Soviet forces intend to take the capital.

Anti-aircraft guns have been brought into play as part of the defense of Warsaw, as the Bolsheviki are now using airplanes frequently in their northern drive. Many civilian organizations are taking part in the plans for defending the city, some of them being assigned to guard the bridges over the Vistula.

British Soldiers Rebel.

Twenty British soldiers assigned to the task of unloading a cargo of war material consigned to Poland have refused to continue their work at Danzig, according to Poles who arrived here yesterday from that city. Eighty soldiers were detailed for this duty, and the twenty who revolted were arrested by the order of the British commander in that port. Sympathizers with dock workers who refused to unload the ship upheld the British and protested against their arrest.

A great crowd assembled later in the region of the prison where the soldiers were being held, and there were rumors that two British soldiers were killed while guarding the men under detention. Supporters of striking dockmen are reported to be violent, as feeling has run high since the British have taken a hand in unloading material being shipped into Poland. Anti-tax demonstration in Danzig Thursday evening increased the disorder there, it is said.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Strong opposition to obeying orders from the Moscow Government has sprung up in the Russian army on the Polish front, it is declared in a dispatch to The Tageblatt from Koenigsberg. It is pointed out that the Soviet army is to a great extent led by former officers of the Imperial army.

AWAIT NEWS OF ENVOYS.

Poles to Make No Truce Concessions Imperilling Independence.

WARSAW, July 31 (Associated Press).—Nothing has been heard up to 4 o'clock this evening from the Polish armistice negotiators since they were swallowed up in the darkness within the Soviet Russian lines at 9 o'clock Friday night on their way to meet the Soviet armistice envoys.

While the crossing of No Man's Land was arranged to take place at 8 o'clock there was an hour's delay due to a misunderstanding in signals, owing to the difference in time kept by the two armies, and the Poles were obviously agitated by the wait imposed upon them before the jump-off from the Polish front to the Soviet lines.

The crossing was made in a quiet sector, in the region of Kobryn. Seven Polish automobiles bore the emissaries. The cars carried white flags. The motor bearing General Romer, the head of the delegation, went over the line first, and three of the other cars followed closely, according to an American official who witnessed the crossing and returned to Warsaw today. This official said that just after General Romer's car and the three others immediately following had passed over the bridge leading from one front to the other the bridge caught fire. The three remaining cars, carrying the aids and secretaries, with their documents, were delayed for awhile, but eventually succeeded in catching up with General Romer and his party by taking another route.

The Polish military authorities attach no significance to the bridge fire, as there were no Bolsheviki in that vicinity at the time. They said the fire probably had been smoldering, as there had been fighting near the bridge for several days, and that it was likely the coals had been fanned into flames by a breeze that sprang up during the evening.

The envoys have been instructed not to concede any points that might endanger Poland's independence, according to an interview with Vice Premier Daszynski, which was published in today's newspapers. It had been intimated in various quarters that the Soviets would insist upon the establishment of a Soviet Government in Poland before even granting an armistice, but the Polish emissaries have been instructed to make no concessions which would permit the Soviets to interfere with the interior affairs of Poland.

The instructions likewise order them to hold out against any clauses which might provide for the disarmament of Poland in any way.

Regarding the national frontier, the delegates are instructed not to concede any conditions changing Premier Lloyd George's line of demarkation, while in the case of Eastern Galicia the boundary is to be decided, it is stated, according to the line held by the troops when the armistice becomes effective.

A wireless message sent by the newspaper correspondents to the Bolsheviki requesting permission to accompany the Polish armistice party has not been answered. Consequently the correspondents have remained at Warsaw.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The correspondent of the Berliner Abendblatt telegraphs he is informed that the Bolshevist armistice conditions are of such character that acceptance by the Poles is impossible and that the Bolsheviki intend to advance to Warsaw.

RED FOREIGN PROGRAM.

Prominent Bolshevik Explains Soviet's Policy in Baltic and Elsewhere

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 1.—The foreign political program of the Soviet Government is made clear by a prominent Bolshevist politician, who has visited Reval, Esthonia.

The Soviet will not consider the Baltic question settled until it is at home on the coast and the Aland, Oesel and other islands are in Russian possession.

Poland must be definitely beaten.

Possession of the Black Sea is essential to Bolshevist Russia, which, however, does not care for Constantinople.

In the extreme Orient concessions to Japan are for the moment necessary, but it is hoped soon to regain control there.

BERLIN, July 31.—The Bolsheviki are reported to be carrying on a great campaign of propaganda in Lithuania, and declare Lithuania must join Soviet Russia as a Federal State. A Cracow dispatch says a Soviet republic has been proclaimed in Kovno, and declares Lithuanian troops have mutinied, being supported by the Soviet troops there.

CALLS POLES DEMORALIZED.

German Observer in North Says They Flee Before Small Force.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 31.—A German special correspondent telegraphs from Lyck, East Prussian frontier, that numerous Polish stragglers have crossed the border and have been disarmed and interned. The Polish roads are covered with remnants of the Polish Army which until a few days ago opposed the Russian Northern Army along the line Grodno-Niemen - Orginski Canal - Styr-Zbiuz. The front still held by the Poles is only half that length.

The Russian forces approaching the East Prussian frontier are only estimated at 8,000 infantry and cavalry. It is considered significant for the state of Polish morale that the army should fly in panicky dissolution before such small forces.

There are no telegraph and postal facilities from the seat of operations to the Prussian frontier because the Polish officials fled from their posts and the Polish Army had no men to replace them.

One correspondent who has entered the theatre of war says the conflict is rapidly degenerating into guerrilla warfare. Many Polish soldiers have formed guerrilla bands under the leadership of escaped criminals, and these bands side with the Bolsheviki one day and with the Warsaw Government the next, according to which side offers the best chance for looting.

BERLIN, July 31 (Associated Press).—Russian Bolshevist cavalry pursued the 2,000 Polish soldiers who, with forty officers, crossed the German frontier in East Prussia yesterday, according to advices received here. The Russians threatened to follow the Poles over the national boundary, but refrained from doing so when the German authorities disarmed the fugitives. The Poles, when informed they must be disarmed, threw away their rifles and scrambled aboard a train, which carried them further into German territory.

POPE LAMENTS EVILS IN WAKE OF WAR

Letter on St. Joseph's Anniversary Cites Conditions Today.

ROME, July 31.—Evil conditions confronting the world today are outlined in a circular letter issued to the Church by Pope Benedict today. The purpose of this letter is to proclaim throughout the world the fiftieth anniversary of the decree by which St. Joseph was named patron of the Universal Church. The Pontiff urges the Catholic world to celebrate, for a whole year from December next, solemn functions in honor of the saint.

"When the end of the war came," says the letter, "the minds of men, led astray by militarist passion, were exasperated by the length and bitterness of the conflict, and aggravated by famine on one side and accumulated riches in the hands of a few on the other. The war brought about two other evils—the diminution of conjugal fidelity and the diminution of respect for constituted authority. Licentious habits followed, even among young women, and there arose the fatal doctrine of Communism, with the absolute destruction of dutiful relations between nations and between fathers and children. Terrible consequences ensuing have already been experienced."

The letter continues by illustrating the efficacy of the patronage of St. Joseph, "since the society of mankind is founded on the family, and anything strengthening Christian domestic organization also strenisthens human society."

Pope Benedict received in private audience today Mgr. John B. Gunn, Bishop of Natchez. The Pontiff took great interest not only in Bishop Gunn's report on the affairs of his diocese, but also in the general situation in America, as the visitor presented it, especially as to the prospects of the Presidential campaign.

The Pope also received the Very Rev. Serapio Tamayo, Provincial of the Dominicans in the Philippines, of whom His Holiness inquired with regard to the progress of the islands under American direction.

LIMA BEAN CHIPS CUT HIGH COST OF POKER

Three Raids in Passaic, N. J., Reveal Saving on Gambling Paraphernalia.

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 1.—An effort to dodge the high cost of gambling paraphernalia was disclosed early today following three raids by local authorities on alleged gambling places, when it was found that poker chips of commerce had been replaced by the lima bean. The police gathered up all the "chips," and these will be used as evidence against the men arrested later on when their cases are presented to the Grand Jury. That the lima bean is popular here as a substitute for ivory and celluloid disks was manifest by the thousand or more of these which the raiders confiscated.

More than fifty prisoners were taken, seven of them charged with being proprietors of the three places. The seven were held in $500 bail for the action of the Grand Jury. The others were each held in $100 cash bail to appear when wanted. Acting Judge William B. Davidson, before whom the arraignments took place, is in custody of the "chips" and other "gambling paraphernalia" found by the raiders.

The police were so engrossed in the work of raiding that burglars were able to operate without fear within two blocks of Police Headquarters. They entered two stores and two offices on Main Street, taking a quantity of gold from the safe of a dentist and overcoats and suits from a clothing store. The burglaries did not become known until late in the day.

NEW TURKISH CABINET.

Men Suggested Known to Favor the British.

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CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—The cabinet shakeup, delayed owing to the necessity of an immediate signing of the treaty to prevent Greek occupation of Constantinople, now has been resumed by the Grand Vizier, who is reorganizing the Government on British lines.

Practically all the proposed new Cabinet members are known for their English leanings. Although it is not definitely announced, it is believed the following appointments are contemplated: Durri Zada Abdullah as Sheik-ul-Islam, Said Melia, head of the Friends of England Society, as Minister of Justice; Muhatar Bey, public works; Rechid Muntaz Pasha, interior; Ehen Ali Bey, finances.

The present Cabinet, after fighting the Grand Vizier's policies, forced against the chief's wishes a meeting of the Crown Council, and relations have been strained since.

Melik Khan, Persian Ambassador here, says he is leaving for Moscow, where he will represent the Persian Government.

SAY AUTO OFFICIAL SPEEDED

New Jersey's Chief Inspector Arrested in Passaic Despite Protest.

PASSAIC, N. J., Aug. 1.—A traffic policeman here today arrested Lester W. Gilbert, Chief Inspector of the State Motor Vehicle Department, on a charge of speeding his car at more than thirty miles an hour and, despite protests, took the state official to a police station. Gilbert was released on his own recognizance to answer the complaint on Aug. 10.

The inspector challenged the right of Policeman Martin J. Flynn to make the arrest, and Flynn's superior officers contended that he had the right to arrest any State official who was not on an official mission. The police are endeavoring to obtain evidence to show that Inspector Gilbert was on a pleasure tour. He was accompanied by a man and a woman.

The New York Times today is compelled to omit 16 columns of advertisements.

SOVIET HEADS BLOCK CAPTIVES' EXCHANGE

League of Nations Council Takes Up Nansen's Report on Russian Attitude.

CONSIDER BLOCKADES NEXT

Permanent Hygienic Program to be Presented by the Brazilian Representative.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, July 31 (Associated Press).—Repatriation of the 200,000 European prisoners of war still held in Russia and the 160,000 Russians in German military prisons was considered by the Council of the League of Nations at its session here today. A letter from Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, recently appointed to arrange for the transfer of these prisoners, was read. Dr. Nansen reported the proposed exchange had been blocked by the Russian Soviet Government.

Plans providing for the transport of Russians in ships to Vladivostok were formulated, the scheme being that the vessels would bring back Europeans, including Czechs and Hungarians, and land them at Trieste, but they were impossible of execution, Dr. Nansen said, because the Soviet Government had refused to guarantee that Russians would be allowed to proceed from Vladivostok to their homes.

The Council continued its discussion of its program in private today, reserving announcement of decisions until its public session next Tuesday.

A. J. Balfour of Great Britain presented a report on the relations between the Council and the Assembly of the League, upon which will be based a report to the Assembly at its meeting to be held in Geneva next November. It suggested the determination of the limitations of the jurisdiction of each body and definition of the extent to which the powers of both are coextensive under the covenant.

Leon Bourgeois of France announced to the Council the foundation at Brussels in September of an international university by the International Associations, comprising about one hundred different societies. The purpose is to organize each summer a course of lectures on international subjects, to which students of all nations may be admitted. The Council was invited to become a patron of this university. It is probable, however, it will decide this is outside its province, but will approve the project and give a small subsidy to it.

The question of the use of economic blockades to enforce the decision of the League will be taken up at the next session.

Dr. Gaston da Cunha, Brazilian representative, will make a report on a permanent hygienic program on Monday. King Alfonso is expected to arrive in the meantime. He will receive the members of the Council at the Miramar Palace.

BEDFORD TESTS GIRLS' MINDS

Psychopathic Ward Opened at State Reformatory.

Special to The New York Times.

BEDFORD, N. Y., Aug. 1.—As a result of the race riot and other troubles with the inmates of the State Reformatory for Women here a psychopathic ward has been established at the institution with the assistance of physicians and nurses from Bellevue Hospital. Dr. Miss S. Gregory, Bellevue's alienist, has sent several nurses here to start the work.

Fifteen of the inmates have been sent to the new ward for observation. One of the first steps in each of these cases was a Turkish bath for each patient. Ice packs and ice water were used on each patient after hot baths with the idea of calming their nerves.

Police who were called in to restore order after the riot ten days ago said yesterday that twenty attendants had left the institution after the resignation of Miss Florence Jones, the superintendent. Two staff physicians resigned. Mrs. Frank Christian, one of the managers of the institution, today became acting superintendent, but the managers are having difficulty in filling the other posts.

CABINET REPORTED FIRM ON SAGHALIN

Japan Will Adhere to Policy, Despite Protests, Tokio Dispatch Says.

HONOLULU, July 31 (Associated Press)—The Japanese Cabinet has decided to adhere to the policy of Viscount Uchida to occupy Northern Saghalin and Nikolaievsk, despite possible protests of other powers, according to a Tokio dispatch to the Nippu Jiji, a Japanese newspaper here.

TOKIO, Aug. 1 (Associated Press.)—The American note dealing with Japan's occupation of the northern part of the Island of Saghalin appears to have made an unpleasant impression generally upon the Japanese, but the hope is expressed that the Government will be able to convince the United States that the occupation is only of a temporary character.

The newspapers in their comment are adopting, in the main, three lines of opinion. The first, represented by the Kokumin Shimbun, is that America's attitude toward Japan is always in the nature of a challenge. The second, voiced by the Yomi-Yuri Shimbun, is that the Japanese militarists are to blame for what it declares is the misconception abroad about Japan. The third, expressed by the conservative Jiji Shimpo, is that the occupation of Russian territory by Japan constituted a doubtful policy, liable to cause difficulties both at home and abroad.

After pointing out that Japan had clearly stated it had no territorial ambitions, the Yomi-Yuri Shimbun continues:

"It is regrettable, however, that the declarations of the Japanese Government are often not taken seriously. The powers regard Japan as a country which does not mean what it says. The most important reasons for this will be found in the actions of the militarists, whose utterances are the cause of the Government's attitude being misunderstood abroad. Unless the militarist evil is stamped out, a hundred declarations disavowing territorial ambitions will not be able to convince the powers."

The Jiji Shimpo's view is that America will come to appreciate Japan's position if the latter succeeds in making it clear that her occupation is not to be permanent. Unhappily, however, it points out, Japan's hesitation over the withdrawal of her troops from Siberia gave the powers the idea that Japan was seeking something. Owing to the improbability that a responsible Government will appear in Russia for a long time to come, the Jiji says it foresees a lengthy occupation of Saghalin and predicts that the Government's decision in this matter will cause difficulties not only diplomatic but of a domestic character, and will affect the interests of the State for a considerable period.

General Sojiro Kojima, who commanded the Japanese gendarmerie in Korea during the insurrection, has been selected to organize and command the army garrison for North Saghalin.

HARDEN ON LLOYD GEORGE.

German Lauds British Premier's Accomplishments.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 1.—Perhaps the most comprehensive and striking tribute yet paid to the British Premier in any quarter, including his own country, comes from the pen of Maximilian Harden, remarking on Dr. Simon's recent praise of Lloyd George, which has surprised and angered many. Harden says in Zukunft:

"Only those who are blinded by rage can deny that what the British Premier has accomplished is wonderful. Since 1914 he has stood in every dangerous breach. Without indulging in rhetoric, he assembled all necessary war materials, secured provision of all the enormous quantities of arms and munitions demanded by General French and regarded by Kitchener as beyond reach of attainment. By war taxes he covered a great proportion of the war expenditure. In face of strong military and national opposition he brought about unity of command of all the Entente armies and enforced a cautious policy as regarded the British fleet.

"Of cabinet wranglings against illusion of speedy victory he accelerated England's and America's will to stronger conduct of the war. He enforced the saving of Italy and tied a knot around the throats of Ferdinand of Bulgaria and Talaat and Enver. He maintained the confidence of India and the Dominions, and as deviser of the ground plan of peace attained for the British Empire everything within the possibility of attainment."

SEES BOLSHEVISM AS HIDEOUS RELIGION

Frenchman Who Studied It in Russia Calls It a Form of Eastern Mania.

GIVES PHOTOGRAPHIC PROOF

Publishes Picture of Unbelievable Human Torture—A 13-Year-Old Executioner.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—A study of Bolshevism as a hideous Oriental religion appears in today's Illustration. It is written by a Frenchman, André Savoir, who has just returned from Poland and the Ukraine. The article is accompanied by an authentic document in the shape of a photograph than which nothing more horrid can ever have been published in a Christian and civilized country. From it the writer draws a conclusion hardly less appalling than the photograph itself.

Russia is not a country in the throes of revolution, says M. Savoir; it is a country gone crazy, maddened by a new and frightful creed whose breath is cruelty, whose ritual is sacrifice, and whose Eucharist is blood.

It was on a visit to Kiev, then newly recovered from the Bolsheviki, that the Frenchman got his first half-formed impression of something monstrous and unhuman hidden behind the dark cloud of war and devastation that had so lately brooded over the Ukraine.

"I had seen refugees before, in France—only too many of them—fleeing before the fire and the swords of brutal soldiers," he says. "I had seen those who had been rescued after weeks or long months of agony under the heel of the invader. But in Russia it was different. These people were simply struck dumb. They could not tell of what they had gone through. they seemed as though a sponge had been passed over their memories. Even those who had escaped in time spoke stupidly.

"'We were lunching when the alarm was given,' they said. 'We came away without waiting.'

"'Why?' I asked. 'Was there immediate danger?'

"'No,' they answered, 'but we couldn't wait; we knew that we must go.'"

So might Lot, warned by the angelic visitors, have hurried swiftly and silently from Sodom, already quivering under the menace of superhuman vengeance. What is this mysterious fear that drives whole populations into headlong and desperate flight? It is the hot breath of an Oriental monster, as foreign and incomprehensible to Western minds as the strange invaders from Mars in Wells's "War of the Worlds," that lurks behind the façade of Marxian socialism.

Said M. de Panafieu, French Minister at Warsaw:

"Do not try to understand Bolshevism; you cannot. It is a thing most useless and most terrible. It is a new religion. Bolshevism is singularly cruel. It sees no uselessness in suffering. On the contrary, pain is agreeable to its First Cause. Evil it accepts with joy, with intoxication. Evil is necessary. Suffering, whether it be felt or inflicted, is the soul of the fanatic enthusiasm it exalts. Bloodshed is the source of energy. Men and gods have a thirst for it."

The writer says that at the town of Berdyzev there is a Red executioner who has tortured to death hundreds of victims. His fame has spread throughout the country. People come to see him perform as in the West they might follow a noted athlete. He is 13 years old.

Then M. Savoir speaks of documents—scores and scores of photographs taken by the Bolsheviki themselves, depicting every phase of human agony and mutilation. The appalling example that he publishes shows the tortures inflicted upon a Polish Captain, Rosinski, executed at Orscha in 1919 by order of the Town Commissary named B——. It is hardly credible that a human body could be so distorted to resemble nothing so much as an anatomical specimen of a half-dissected frog, reproduced in a medical treatise. But so it is. At first sight there is nothing human in the horrid remnant hanging from a branch of a tree. The worst of all, as M. Savoir says, is the appearance of the crowd of Red soldiers around this ghastly trophy. There is no expression on their faces; they are not even interested.

"Let me tell you of Commissary B——" writes M. Savoir, "who was the author of this horror. I knew him once and suppress his name because it was borne by honored parents. He was a charming youngster with an open and cultivated mind. He had dipped into French literature, admired Barrès's novels and readily quoted French poets whom I did not know. He was a good dancer, flirted agreeably and played excellent bridge. He came often to Paris and had a good time. Today this cultivated, light-hearted bourgeois, this cheerful youngster, impales his prisoners. Can any one explain it?

"I got a strong impression during my stay in Russia that a wind of furious myaticism, of collective and terrible madness, had blown upon Europe from the east. The souls of the Russians, less steeled by civilization than our own, have not supported the shock of war. The whole nation has gone mad—literally mad."

ITALY THREATENS UNITY ON TURKEY

Serious Differenes Between Giolitti and Llod George Reported in French Circles.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 31.—Italy, the third member of the Big Three, appears unwilling to help along the recent tendency to let the Supreme Council simmer down to England and France. There are evidences that she is kicking over the traces.

These evidences of dissatisfaction have been increasing in the last week, and, if reports in French circles are to be believed, Premier Lloyd George is much aggrieved and intends to have it all out with Premier Giolitti at a meeting in Switzerland next month.

It is learned that Lloyd George sent off to Moscow a note framed at Boulogne without receiving the Italian approval for which he had asked and expected. All along the Italians have backed the Prime Minister in his program of peace with the Soviets, and after Lloyd George had got Millerand's halfway promise at Boulogne to attend his parley, if Poland were to be discussed, the Prime Minister said he would hold up the note to Moscow on that point until Italy could give her assent. He waited until Thursday night and sent the note anyhow.

But it is on the Turkish treaty that the most serious differences hang. The Turkish delegates are in Paris waiting to sign the treaty, but the Allies are not ready. The treaty cedes to Italy the Dodecanese Islands. Italy in a secret agreement last year promised to hand them over to Greece, provided she got what she wanted in the Adriatic. However, they still remained in the treaty as going to Italy. Italy now decides that, not having got what she wants in the Adriatic—it is being reported today that the Italians have been driven from Valona—has refused to live up to the private arrangement with Greece, and Greece therefore has refused to sign the Turkish treaty until she is sure of getting the Dodecanese Islands. England withholds her signature to protect Greece's interest, and France, not thinking much of the treaty anyway, has not much to say.

In the meantime the Turks are at Versailles and the unsigned treaty is being enforced in Syria by French troops and in Thrace and Anatolia by Greek troops, who are holding five times the Turkish territory Greece would get under the treaty.

In the meantime Greece complains that Mustapha Kemal's troops in Anatolia are equipped with Italian rifles, which the Greeks seem to think they are justified in presuming came from Italy.

It is probable that the Turkish treaty will remain in abeyance until after Lloyd George and Giolitti have their meeting in Switzerland next month.

MRS. HARRIS'S PLANS.

Three Plays Will Appear Here Under Her Direction This Season.

Mrs. Henry B. Harris announced yesterday that she would present three plays in New York this season and that Thomas A. Wise and Florence Nash will appear under her direction. "Nothing Doing," a farce by Barry Conners, will go into rehearsal next week and will open in New York a little later. Miss Nash will have the leading rôle.

In September Mrs. Harris will produce "The Proper Spirit," by Willard Robertson and Kilbourn Gordon, in this city, with Mr. Wise as its star. This play has already been acted on the road. A little later Mrs. Harris will offer "Open All Night," also by the Messrs. Robertson and Gordon. Gaston Glass, a French actor, will head the cast of this piece.

MINERS AT GENEVA THREATEN TREATY

Internationale Holds That, Not Being Consulted, It Need Not Abide by Articles.

ONE AMERICAN DELEGATE

Socialist Internationale Also Meets in Geneva and Leaders of Each Exchange Views.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Aug. 1.—The International Congress of Miners is now proceeding here. Great Britain has seventy delegates, including Robert Smillie, President of the Miners' Federation. Germany's principal delegate is Otto Hue, a member of the Reichstag and Secretary and President of the German Miners' Association. Czechoslovakia, Jugolovakia, Austria and Holland are among the other countries represented, and France and Belgium both sent large delegations. The most important discussions are being held with closed doors, and the decisions will not be made public until ratified by the miners in the countries represented at the Congress.

The United States has only one delegate, Mr. Savage; two should have come, but the other could not get a berth on a ship leaving New York in time for the Congress.

If certain decisions at the miners' conference are ratified, then it will be difficult to abide by some of the articles of the Versailles Treaty and some of the Spa conference resolutions. The miners' delegates declare they were not consulted before Versailles or Spa and are consequently not bound by the decisions taken there.

According to Frank Hodges, General Secretary of the federation in Great Britain, more miners than ever belong to Miners' Trade Union, which is now said to have 1,000,000 members. Although the number of British coal miners has increased by 64,000 since 1913 the output for 1920 will likely be 47,500,000 tons less than for 1913.

The six-hour working day is not likely to come into force just yet because, it is said, the economic position of the coal mining industry does not permit of such reductions in hours.

The most burning question at the Congress is undoubtedly the nationalization of mines, which 5million asserts doesn't mean changing the ownership but a host of Government officials and yards of red tape, but having the mining industry owned and managed in the nation's interest as city corporations manage public utilities in the interest of the municipalities.

Simultaneously with the Miners' Congress the International Socialist Congress is being held at Geneva, and is attended by 300 delegates. Branting, the Prime Minister, should have presided, but cannot, owing to ill health. Although the Congresses are held in different buildings there is constant private interchange of opinions between the miners and the Socialist leaders. One of the leading delegates at the Socialist Congress declares that from the simultaneous meeting of these two Congresses decisions may be expected which will profoundly affect not only Europe but also the United States.

THREE ESCAPE AUTO CRASH.

Car Plunges Thirty Feet Off Sedgwick Avenue and Overturns.

Three persons riding yesterday in an automobile which plunged thirty feet down a declivity and landed upside down, escaped with only minor scratches and bruises. Numbers of other accidents were recorded, but there were unusually few deaths, and most of the victims escaped with contusions or broken bones.

Bernard Ferrer of 351 Wadsworth Avenue was driving his car along Sedgwick Avenue, near 177th Street, in the Bronx, with Mrs. Louis Dupont and her 19-year-old daughter, Mary, as passenger, when it slithered off the roadside as he lost control of the steering apparatus. The car broke through a fence as easily as any tank on the battlefields of France ever tore through barbed wire.

Ferrer tried hard to stop it, while the mother and daughter clung together in terror, but it went rushing down the steep decline, throwing the occupants clear as it landed in the back yard at 1,822 Cedar Street and turned over. Ferrer was unhurt, and the two women required only slight attentions from an ambulance surgeon. The car was damaged badly.

William Landon, 6 years old of 555 West 184th Street, died in St. Laurence Hospital after being knocked down by an automobile at 184th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue.

Mrs. Flora Neff, 73 years old, was reported at Harlem Hospital as being in critical condition there after she had been run down at 151st Street and Eighth Avenue by an automobile owned and driven by Michael Kronin of 303 West 147th Street.

Miss Pauline Berman, 25 years old, of 1,003 Simpson Street, the Bronx, was the victim of an unusual accident in which her left arm was broken. She was on the sidewalk at 110th Street and Fifth Avenue when an automobile, driven by Manuel Yates of 746 Oakland Avenue, the Bronx, was struck by another car which skidded. The impact drove the Yates car onto the sidewalk where it struck Miss Berman.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 1.—A family of eleven, including nine children, were taken to local hospitals tonight after the automobile in which they were riding was struck by a trolley car at Yardley, Pa., about four miles from here. A field of growing corn hid the trolley car from the sight of the father, who was driving.

FRENCH BUDGET ADOPTED.

Deputies and Senators Agree After an 18-Hour Struggle.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The current budget played the part of a shuttlecock between the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate from 9:30 o'clock yesterday morning until 3:30 o'clock this morning, when the Senate accepted the last modifications made by the Chamber. It was necessary that the budget should be voted by today, as no credit had been provided for the month of August.

The differences which delayed the vote were not serious. The Chamber desired the closing of the gambling casino at Enghien, just outside of Paris, while the Senate showed a disposition to permit the establishment to continue for the sake of the taxes it pays. The Upper Chamber tried to secure an extension of the life of the casino until October, but the Chamber remained firm for the closing, which will now have to take place. The Senate also refused for a long time to accept the proposal of the Chamber to vote 280,000 francs for the stimulation of invention.

TO SEEK AMUNDSEN'S MEN.

Norwegian Expedition Will Try to Rescue Tessem and Knudsfe.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 1.—A Christianla dispatch to the Berlingake Tidende says that the State Council has decided to send an expedition to rescue Tessem and Knudsfe, who left Roald Amundsen's expedition in October, 1919. Captain Sverdrup, who has just returned from his expedition to the Kara Sea, where he rescued the crew of an ice-bound Russian ice breaker, has started for Tromsoe to prepare a new expedition, which in consequence of the ice situation must start before Aug. 15.

BRITISH COMMUNISTS ORGANIZING AS PARTY

Their Avowed Purpose to Set Up a Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

LONDON, July 31.—Agreement was unanimously reached to for ma Communist party in Great Britain "for the purpose of establishing Communist rule, conferring power on the working classes and controlling all forces of production," at the opening session of the Communist Convention here today. One hundred and fifty-four delegates of British Communist organizations were present. Resolutions were passed stating it was necessary to "set up a dictatorship of the proletariat as a means of combating counter-revolution."

Arthur McManus, who presided, said the establishment of Communism justified whatever means might be employed to that end. He declared it was always the counter-revolutionaries who were responsible for bloodshed, "since they stood in the way of revolution."

A congratulatory message from James Larkin, now serving a term in a New York State prison, was received with enthusiasm.

KENANS INHERIT BULK OF BINGHAM WEALTH

Mrs. Lewis Gets $4,344,239 of $79,949,636 Estate of Former Mrs. Flagler.

Special to The New York Times.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 1.—According to County Judge Krieger of Louisville the value of the estate left by Mrs. Lilly Flagler Bingham, former widow of Henry M. Flagler of New York and Florida, was $79,949,636. For taxable purposes of this Mrs. Lawrence Lewis of New York City received $4,344,239.

It had always been understood she had inherited most of the estate, her share being generally placed at over $60,000,000.

By the latest figures William O. Kenan, Jr., Sarah Graham Kenan and Jessie Kenan Wise of New York are the chief beneficiaries. Mr. Kenan inherits $22,821,896, while Sarah Kenan and Jessie Wise each receive $22,888,493.

The inheritance tax fixed by the Louisville court as due from Kenan was $1,921,892.56, subject to a credit of $217,127.35, heretofore paid. The amount of the inheritance tax for Sarah Kenan and Jessie Wise is $1,024,839.71, subject to a credit of $22,531.11 already paid. Mrs. Lewis's inheritance tax is $190,398.27, which she has paid the University of North Carolina, is held to owe $194,639 inheritance tax to Kentucky on the legacy received by it, but, it is understood, will appeal.

Mrs. Flagler married Judge R. W. Bingham of Kentucky in December, 1916. She died the following July. Inheritance tax on her estate was claimed by Kentucky, as she died while a resident of this State. The case has since been in the courts. Suit for back taxes brought by Revenue Agents is still pending. The Flagler-Bingham estates contain several million dollars' worth of property not taxable in Kentucky. It is understood to be mostly located in New York and Florida.

BRITISH WAVER ON BARRING MANNIX

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

guard for Archbishop Mannix if he is permitted to land.

The Archbishop of Sydney, Australia, who has been visiting Ireland, today preached a sermon sympathizing with the Sinn Fein.

FEAR OPEN REBELLION MAY BREAK IN IRELAND

British Government Virtually Has Ceased Functioning South of Ulster, Dublin Asserts.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—Head Constable Rudock was fired upon and wounded today while leaving church at Youghal.

Official reports of the attack on Saturday on a military lorry carrying mail from Cork to Fermoy say there were sixty armed raiders in the attacking party. One raider is said to have been killed and two raiders wounded. Reports from other sources say the raider killed was John Ahearne, and that he was wearing the uniform of an officer of the "Republican Army."

Window smashing followed a Unionist parade at Rathfriland, County Down, last night.

Minor disturbances and window smashing are also reported from Cork, where the Transport Workers' Union, the organization of James Larkin, who is now serving a term in a New York State prison, was partly wrecked.

A man was killed in a firing fray between soldiers and civilians near Pallas Green, Limerick, last night.

A Londonderry message reports the unconditional release of Joseph O'Doherty, Sinn Fein member of Parliament, to prevent whose trial the Sinn Feiners recently burned the Buncrana Court House in County Donegal.

O'Doherty was arrested on the charge of soliciting subscriptions for the "Irish Republican Parliament."

Fears that the Irish situation, which is daily growing more tense, may burst into a general conflagration at any moment are expressed in responsible quarters here. At the present there is virtually no civil law south of the Boyne River except that administered by "Republican courts," but it is pointed out that each day finds the balance between military and revolutionary rule growing more equal.

It is estimated that there are between 60,000 and 80,000 fully equipped British soldiers in Ireland, and they are being reinforced daily by men arriving from across the Channel. As a result, there are more frequent and stubborn battles between the troops and the Republican volunteers, who for a time had things much their own way. There have also been more arrests for carrying arms and seditious literature, as reports to courts-martial show. It is expected that the number of these arrests will increase if the Government succeeds in carrying its "drastic measures" in the House of Commons next week.

Attacks on coast guard stations for the purpose of capturing explosives have been stopped, it having been established that this practice was imperiling the lives of seamen, who could not be warned of marine dangers except by these guards. Homes of coast guards are not immune, however, and a number of these have lately received attention.

Irish banks which do business with the Bank of England and necessarily make periodical shipments of bullion to the latter institution, have called on the military authorities for armed guards for the shipments that move the bullion at night. This has led to reports that bank reserves are being moved to England.

General Lucas Goes to England.

DUBLIN, Aug. 1.—Brig. Gen. C. H. T. Lucas, who escaped from a Sinn Fein prison Thursday night after being kidnapped and held captive for a month, arrived here from Tipperary on Saturday. After remaining until midnight as the guest of Admiral Sir Reginald Tupper, he embarked on a destroyer for England.

The assertion is made in Sinn Fein circles that General Lucas was released voluntarily, the purpose for which he was captured having been achieved.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 1.—Admiralty officials deny the reported sailing of Brig. Gen. H. T. Lucas on a torpedo boat destroyer for England.

PROCLAIMS SOVIET SOLE TRADE AGENT

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

its authority, such agreements having no legal basis. (b) A reply can be given on the examination of each case separately."

"Q. What is the distribution of commercial rights between the Central Soviet and local Soviets, and what control does the former exercise over the latter?"

"A—All foreign trade in the province of the National Commissariat of Foreign Trade, which is the only organization that can give instructions to its commercial representatives and agents abroad. The local Soviets of the frontier areas can trade with the inhabitants of neighboring States in so far as local needs require, but on condition that they do not interfere with the interests of the country as a whole and pay attention to the instructions given them by the central organization."

"Q. Under what form will contracts be made, under what laws and what will be the means of execution (a) if a contract is made in an allied country? (b) If a contract is made in Russia?"

"A. Contracts should be made in a manner that will be acceptable to both parties. When they concern a matter in Russia they ought to conform to Russian law. Moreover, when they concern a matter in a foreign country they ought to conform to the laws of the country in which they are made. The Government of each country interested ought to use its whole power to insure the satisfactory execution of contracts."

"Q. What will be the personal rights of foreigners trading in Russia? That is, is the Soviet Government prepared to guarantee to them (a) liberty of entry, stay and exit? (b) Security from all attempts on the part of the Soviet Government to interfere with the possession and exportation of any goods which, according to European custom, may be considered as the personal property of the trader or be forthcoming from regular commercial transactions, or be necessary thereto? (d) Liberty of telegraphic communications in cipher or commercial code, and of postal communications?"

Freedom of Entry Is Refused.

"A. (a) Until a general peace has been signed the Soviet Government cannot grant freedom of entry, stay and exit of foreigners unless their presence in Soviet Russia be considered needful by the Central Government and their admission across the frontier or front line raises no objections on the part of the military authorities of the Soviet Republic.

"(b) In Soviet Russia there are no laws affecting personal liberty. Naturally the Government of peasants and workers of Soviet Russia punishes transgressions of the laws of the country, but if foreigners do not transgress these laws their personal liberty while they reside in Soviet Russia is as little threatened as during a stay in any other country.

"(c) All merchandise and, generally spea

BACK MORGENTHAU IN RACE FOR SENATE

Dutchess County Delegates Will Present His Name to the Saratoga Convention.

PREDICT UP-STATE SUPPORT

Former Ambassador Known to Have Considerable Strength Also Among Women Democrats.

News that the Dutchess County delegates to the unofficial Democratic State Convention at Saratoga intended to present Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador to Turkey, as a candidate for United States Senator, was received with interest in local Democratic circles yesterday. Mr. Morganthau has a Summer home at Wiccopee, Dutchess County, and the presentation of his name by an up-State county organization would attract, it is believed, up-State support, which otherwise might not go to a New York City candidate, in view of the fact that Governor Alfred E. Smith, who is sure to be renominated, is a resident of New York City.

The possibility of Mr. Morgenthau's candidacy was discussed at a conference of the Dutchess County leaders about a week ago before Mr. Morgenthau's departure for Bar Harbor, Me. At that time Mr. Morgenthau is reported to have expressed his willingness to become a candidate, if United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., should be designated by the Republican State Convention, as was subsequently done.

Mr. Morgenthau, who has long been an advocate of woman suffrage, was said to have indicated his willingness to run against Senator Wadsworth on the suffrage issue, if it should be the wish of the Democratic Party. A number of suffrage leaders have already indicated a willingness to support him, and he is expected to have a considerable amount of strength among the women delegates to the Democratic Convention.

A number of Dutchess County Democrats, including John E. Mack, State Committeeman; Edward E. Perkins, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee; County Chairman Thaddeus J. Herrick, and Postmaster John B. Townsend of Poughkeepsie left today for Saratoga to work for Mr. Morgenthau's nomination.

It had been the original intention of this group to suggest Mr. Morgenthau for designation, but now that it is the apparent intention of the Democratic leaders to refrain from making an official slate at the convention, they intend to discuss the matter of Mr. Morgenthau's candidacy with Democrats from other parts of the State, with a view to entering him in the primaries on Sept. 1. The Dutchess County Democrats were said to realize that Mr. Morgenthau, generally classed as a New York City man, was under something of a handicap in view of a general feeling that the nominee for Senator should be an up-State man, but intend to urge his qualifications for the post as an offset.

Suffrage leaders in New York City did not wish to comment upon Mr. Morgenthau's candidacy. It was learned that his nomination would be satisfactory to the suffrage leaders who are opposed to Senator Wadsworth and that they would support him, regardless of party, if he should receive the Democratic nomination.

MORGENTHAU WILLING TO RUN FOR SENATE

Says He Would Fight for League of Nations if Elected.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Aug. 1.—Asked to comment on the plan of the Dutchess County delegation to the unofficial State Convention of the New York Democrats favoring his candidacy for the United States Senate, Henry Morgenthau said here tonight:

"I should consider it a great honor and privilege to be a member of the Senate, where I might fight effectively for the League of Nations. If nominated I shall make an energetic and determined fight for the office. The Senate is the forum for the debate and decision of great international questions and I should welcome the opportunity to participate in the settlement of the issues in which is involved the welfare of all mankind.

"I believe that the American people are disposed to do justice to all peoples and that they are strongly in favor of the United States joining heart and soul in the effort to give effect to the high principle embodied in the compact of the League of Nations, that splendid expression of the spirit of civilization to which nearly all the other nations of the world have given their adherence."

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—Henry M. Morgenthau, interviewed today at the Summer home of Franklin D. Roosevelt, near Bar Harbor, declared that the only way to solve the problems now existing throughout the world was to "tell the people the truth."

"Do you think the public has no sense," he asked. "Are you trying to persuade them with a hatchet? Don't try that. Remember we have got to address the good sense of the people of America—which is more intelligent than your sense or mine. Tell them the facts and leave the rest to them. The rough business we can leave to foolish politicians.

"The small group of Senators which dictated Senator Harding's nomination, and by which, according to his frank admission, he will be advised, represents a clique which plans to govern the United States. These people were elected, not by the people or by the Republican Party, but by themselves.

"These are not the characteristics of Americanism, but those of an oligarchy which out of hatred of President Wilson and determination themselves to dictate the policies of the American people defeated the treaty of peace and the League of Nations.

"The boys who fought and the men who toiled to win this war for lasting peace will never tolerate them as guardians of America's destiny in the development of a civilization based on morality nor will the people subscribe to the workings of an invisible government.

"The President is nearing the end of his tenure of office. He has fought like a hero for his faith. We are to go on, not look back, and in the footsteps of that great faith we must follow. I see no other way.

"What is to become of the world if we turn our backs now—if America, the one virile, resourceful nation, is to desert her neighbors and her allies in time of need and erect against them a wall as high and as thick as party politics can make it?

"A little group continues to falsify every generous sentiment, aim and ideal of this great people. But America is awakening from the short rest she took following the war, and she will resume her onward march before November 2."

He predicted a Democratic victory.

STEDMAN DEFINES SOCIALIST AIMS

Nominee for Vice President in Letter of Acceptance Says Society Must Change.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—In his letter accepting the Socialist Vice Presidential nomination, made public here today by Socialist national headquarters, Seymour Stedman of Chicago summarized the aim of the party as "the transformation of the present capitalist system into a collective and co-operative society."

"We have always in the past," he added, "advocated a peaceful change, and this high hope is still cherished by us."

A change in society, Mr. Stedman declared, was impending, and the Socialist Party offered the only practical program to avert threatened chaos. He urged immediate socialization of railroads and mines, flour mills and stock yards.

"I accept the nomination you tender me," wrote Mr. Stedman, addressing his letter to the National Executive Committee and membership of the Socialist Party, "deeply appreciating the confidence and comradeship with which it comes, and pledge my best efforts to meet the duties and requirements of the task you have set for me."

Of the work of the Peace Conference, Mr. Stedman said:

"Self-determination meant to our party and comrades what it said. It was a declaration which first came to life from a convention of our party, and at this hour we are the only political party in the United States which stands for keeping the faith and recognizing the Russian Socialist Republic, the only party at this hour in the United States which demands the recognition of the Irish Republic.

"We denounce the proposed League of Nations as an organization of international capitalists banded together for the purpose of subjugating and exploiting the peoples of the world.

"We favor a league of free peoples administered by delegates elected directly by and responsible to the people."

Dealing with domestic affairs, Mr. Stedman said:

"The closing of war in Europe opens more clearly the class conflict. We are drifting into a firmly established capitalist despotism, with thousands of spies, reckless power and subdued workers. Capital may topple over and bring in its wake chaos, starvation and destruction. To meet this impending change intelligently, to avert this chaos and destruction, our party offers the only sane and practical programme.

"The ever increasing cost of living, shortage of coal cars, scarcity in coal production, high interest rates, increasing unemployment, call for immediate remedy.

"We declare the remedy now—socialize the railroads, the coal and metalliferous mines, now; the flour mills and stock yards, now; open unused land to cultivation, now; prepare to substitute for this capitalistic oligarchy the social ownership and democratic management of the means of production and the control of Government for the producers by the producers."

VIENNA FEARS MORE RAIDS.

Austrians Afraid Hungarians Will Repeat Exploit at Fuersterfeld.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Aug. 1.—Reports concerning the invasion of the Styrian frontier town of Fuerstenfeld by 1,000 armed Hungarian soldiers disguised as civilians, who despoiled an Austrian munitions depot of several thousand rifles, sets of equipment and numerous machine guns, is creating uneasiness in Vienna. The public is apprehensive lest this action should be followed by even more serious deeds of a similar character, Austria being practically defenseless owing to her limited army strength.

The opinion is expressed that the Entente should take steps more effectively to protect Austria against outside aggressions, recurrence of which is likely to weaken still more the authority of the Central Government.

Austrian remonstrances to the Hungarian Government so far have been without response.

FRIENDS GREET COX AS HE VISITS FARM

Governor Drops Politics for a Day and Drives Out with Mrs. Cox.

CONFERS ON LEAGUE ISSUE

Irving Fisher Obtains His Views on Proposed Organization of College Professors.

Special to The New York Times.

DAYTON, Ohio, Aug. 1.—Governor James M. Cox put politics aside today and motored with Mrs. Cox to his farm at Jacksonburg, Butler County, thirty miles away. The Governor drove the car and made a quick trip. He remained about his farm for two hours, returning to Trail's End soon after 8 o'clock tonight.

Word got out that Governor Cox was going to Jacksonburg today, and upon his arrival there he found a little gathering of friends from Butler County, who had come to greet him. He was kept busy for half an hour receiving congratulations. Then he made a tour of the farm and tried to forget politics.

There were no visitors at Trail's End today and Governor Cox has no important formal engagements for the next few days. He intends to devote his time to cleaning up the accumulation of correspondence in regard to State matters. He expects to be in conference late in the week with George White, National Chairman, to talk over campaign plans. It is probable that the Governor will make his first formal address, after his speech of acceptance next Saturday, before the Democratic State Convention at Columbus on Aug. 17. From that time until Election Day he expects to be "on the road."

Governor Cox had a conference late yesterday with Professor Irving Fisher of Yale, who came to discuss the League of Nations feature of the campaign. Professor Fisher said he was making a survey in behalf of several college professors and publishers who were planning to form an organization to place the League before the country in what they believed to be the proper light. He said he expected to have a talk with Senator Harding, the Republican nominee.

"I cannot as yet," said Professor Fisher, "say who the men are who are in this, but they may become a pretty important factor in the campaign. Our organization will be formed shortly and we propose to support the candidate who holds out the best hope for securing the prompt membership of the United States in a League of Nations. Until the attitude of both candidates has been carefully examined and the record has been gone into by the entire organization, I am not prepared to say to whom our support will be given.

"Speaking for myself, there are four reasons why the United States should enter the League of Nations as soon as possible. I consider it the most important issue we have faced since the civil war. We should enter, first, because it is necessary to finish the job and wind up the war; second, because the League is necessary to stop tremendous competition among nations in the building of armaments; third, because I believe it is the only hope of preventing great wars in the future, and, fourth, because we owe it to the other nations in the matter of good faith."

Reports reach here that a great crowd is expected in Dayton when Governor Cox is formally notified of his nomination on Aug. 7. Requests for reservations are being received from every part of the country. The managers of the campaign say that these demands are another evidence that the party has been united by the nomination of Governor Cox and is prepared for a hard fight.

The Governor intends to devote as much time to horseback riding and other vigorous exercises as possible during the next two weeks to get himself in fighting trim for the campaign. He never appeared in better health than he does to-day, however, as he always tries to keep himself in trim.

CIVIL WORKERS DELAY WASHINGTON STRIKE

Induced by Mediators to Give Commissioners Two Days More.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Twenty-four hundred per diem employes of the District of Columbia Government, who were to strike today for higher pay, have decided to postpone striking for two days to give time to the members of the Board of Commissioners, Louis Brownlow and Lieutenant Colonel Charles W. Kutz, U. S. A., to reconsider their refusal to grant the demands. Postponement was decided last night after mediators had advised the employes to renew negotiations with the Commissioners.

Roland B. Mahany, acting Secretary of Labor and one of the mediators who represented a Buffalo district in Congress, while advising postponement, charged that the two Commissioners "have acted without justification in faith or honor." The per diem employes demanded that the Commissioners adhere to the scale of wages at the Washington navy yard, which was raised 76 cents a day. The District Government scale was advanced only 32 cents a day on July 1.

URGES REPUBLICANS TO RATIFY SUFFRAGE

Tennessee State Chairman Sends Appeal to Members of Legislature to Vote Favorably.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—It was announced here today by the National Woman's Party Committee that Hal H. Clements, Chairman of the Republican Committee of Tennessee, had addressed a letter to Republican members of the Tennessee Legislature, which meets Aug. 9, requesting them to support the amendment, and that J. A. Fowler, a former United States District Attorney, advised the members that their action in ratifying the amendment would be legal. Mr. Clements's letter said:

"The Republicans of the State and nation have always been foremost in the fight for suffrage and I therefore feel safe in pledging every Republican member of the Senate and House in Tennessee for the immediate ratification of suffrage. I shall do everything in my power to insure among Republicans a favorable and unanimous vote."

Mr. Fowler's letter adds the weight of additional legal opinion to the opinions already given on the validity of Tennessee's ratification under the Ohio referendum decision. Mr. Fowler says:

"It seems to me that the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the recent case of Hawk vs. Smith, Secretary of the State of Ohio, is conclusive upon this question.

"My judgment is, therefore, that any member of the present Legislature can vote either for or against the ratification of the proposed Nineteenth Amendment without violating his official oath."

In a leading editorial in the August issue of The Suffragist, dealing with the fight being waged by women for the ratification of the suffrage amendment by the thirty-sixth State it is asserted that if Tennessee fails to ratify the resolution it will be because the "national political parties are determined to keep women out of the elections next year."

The editorial further observes that a sentiment in Tennessee favors ratification, and says:

"The suffrage planks in the platforms of the Democratic and Republican Parties offer a test of the sincerity of the parties and platforms.

"This one alone, of all the planks, can be carried out immediately. Failure to carry it out before the elections would leave little reason to hope for the enactment of the other provisions of the platforms after the elections."

HARDING FOR UKRAINIAN AID.

Candidate Indorses Her Rescue Plan.

The "Ukrainian Relief Committee of the National Citizens' Committee of New Americans" gave out yesterday the following letter received by them from Senator Warren G. Harding, Republican candidate for President:

Marion, Ohio, July 21, 1920.

Mr. Henry Green,
General Director of the National Citizens' Committee of "New Americans," 25 Broad Street, New York City.

Dear Green:

I have your very interesting letter of recent date in which, among other things, you give me a brief statement of the plans of the Jews of this country who are affiliated with your association of "New Americans" to seek, through a commission of American citizens of foreign birth, in Ukrainia for their kin or what may be left of their connections after the destruction and dispersal due to the incessant wars in that unfortunate land.

The object of this most humane mission is to rescue the survivors of the war and disorder which has prevailed in that country, and to assist them to start life anew under more agreeable circumstances.

Such a philanthropic scheme surely will meet with the warmest sympathy and support. It is thoroughly characteristic of the Jewish people of this country who have so frequently in the past given such splendid examples of practical sympathy and assistance to their brethren in distress throughout the world.

Permit me to express the sincere hope that the mission will be fully successful and that the unfortunates of war's storms may early find a new haven of peace and safety where they may enjoy tranquillity after the terrible trials through which they have passed.

If I can assist you in this cause I shall be most glad to do so.

Cordially and sincerely,
WARREN G. HARDING.

Henry Green has been interested in various projects and movements in the last three years, and several times has reported having commendations of his plans from men in public life. Early in 1919 he was reported as being one of the active men in a scheme to entertain all the embassies and missions of the Allies at a dinner to be given in Madison Square Garden under the auspices of the governors of all the states. A letter of commendation was reported to have been written to him by President Wilson, and the continued absence of the President at the Peace Conference was mentioned as an excuse for never giving the dinner.

Another project was that of sending packages of food to Germany for $10 a package for delivery charges, and Green's name was mentioned as one of the officers of a transportation company. His name has been mentioned in three other businesses and movements. Green also is known as one of the protéges of the late "Big Tim" Sullivan.

PRINTERS FAVOR HULBERT.

Will Urge Democrats to Select Him as Wadsworth's Opponent.

Peter J. Brady, President of the New York State Allied Printing Trades Council, as well as its other officers, will go to Saratoga tomorrow to urge the Democratic leaders to select Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert as the party's candidate for United States Senator this Fall to oppose the Republican selection, James W. Wadsworth, Jr. At the convention of the State Allied Printing Trades Council, held in Utica last week, a resolution recommending the indorsement of Mr. Hulbert was introduced by John McArdle of Mailers Union, No. 6, and adopted unanimously.

A statement issued by the council yesterday says:

"Senator Wadsworth, through his opposition to measures advocated by the American Federation of Labor, and his opposition to woman suffrage, has incurred the enmity of the organized wage earners of this State, and in order that the rank and file of trade unions and their families and friends would have an opportunity to vote for a candidate with a favorable labor record, they have selected the Honorable Murray Hulbert, and will put forth every effort to bring about his selection by the unofficial convention of the Democratic Party, which meets in Saratoga on Tuesday, Aug. 3."

DECLARES HARDING WILL STRESS LEAGUE

McCormick, in Backing Republican View, Cites Lloyd George and Grey.

MARIONITES TO VISIT COX

"Ululations" Added to the Phraseology of the Campaign—Stenographer Troubled.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 1. — Senator Medill McCormick, Chairman Hays's assistant at the Chicago National Republican Headquarters, who was a week-end guest of Senator Harding here, issued a statement today in which he called attention to recently reported utterances of Premier Lloyd George and Lord Grey that the League of Nations covenant should be rewritten, an opinion which Senator McCormick holds in agreement with Republican beliefs on the question.

In his statement, Senator McCormick said:

"Senator Harding does not purpose to permit the Democratic candidate or the Democratic managers to evade the issue of the League of Nations, or to escape the grand and solemn referendum which Dr. Wilson has sought. Democratic politicians are wroth at Governor Cox's precipitate visit to the White House and still more wroth at his announced submission to the President's dictum that our nation shall assume all the awful obligations of the League.

"It is amusing to contrast with Mr. White's outgivings and with the contortions and ululations of the egregious Mr. Morgenthau, Lloyd George's and Lord Grey's bald admission that now the whole covenant must be rewritten. They are not only eager to accept reservations which 'cut the heart out of the covenant,' but importune us under a new Administration to rewrite the whole instrument.

"In an official statement published in the London papers now received here, the British Prime Minister says that obviously the covenant must be revised in order to secure American adhesion to any league, and that it will be revised for the better. Think of it—for the better.'

"Despite Mr. Wilson's insistence that our men must agree to die to guarantee Eurojean and Asiatic frontiers, Lord Grey proposes that a new President, in consultation with the Senate, shall be invited to rewrite the entire plan for a concert among the nations, and warns again against accepting again as representative of the American people the personal views of a party leader.

Says Allies Deplore Misrepresentation.

"It is the plain truth, and we have known it for some time, that in France and England responsible public men bitterly deplore the misrepresentation of America by Dr. Wilson and the unhappy misjudgment of the President's powers by Mauro Tardieu. The British Prime Minister and Lord Grey have now said publicly what we have known privately for some months. Europe is ready—no, eager—to accept in the stead of a covenant an instrument of our devising and based upon the views expressed by Theodore Roosevelt a little time before he died.

"There was a time when Dr. Wilson insisted on immediate ratification of the treaty lest we find no market for our exports. But the last foreign trade statement still shows a gigantic surplus of exports over imports. The world can buy more from us on credit only, thus competing for capital in the American money market with our domestic enterprises.

"The reports which reach our headquarters in Chicago show Cox weaker and Harding stronger week by week. The country is tired of a Government which presents the picture of administrative anarchy in a riot of waste. The management of the Government is palsied. It lacks energy and sincerity. The coal crisis, which the Administration should have foreseen and checked, is an instance. The country must pay for this inefficiency. Thank God, there are only seven months more of it."

Marion Democrats plan to return the call of Dayton Republicans at Senator Harding's notification ceremonies by sending a big delegation to Dayton Aug. 7 to hear Governor Cox's speech of acceptance. Probate Judge William H. Spencer of Marion County expects at least 600 persons in the delegation and he has contracted for a special train of fifteen cars with a capacity of 1,000. Marion Democrats assert that only 476 Daytonites arrived by train on the day of Senator Harding's notification exercises, and, allowing for the difference in population between Marion and Dayton, these figures would place Marion's quota for the return visit at 75, they say.

Republicans say, on the other hand, that official count showed 1,200 in the Dayton delegation when it passed by Senator Harding's front porch, and that a large number of Dayton residents came to Marion not by special train but by automobile.

Turns to Dictionary Again.

Catch phrases and unusual words apparently will be drawn upon heavily during the Presidential campaign. Dictionaries have been in demand throughout the country by persons hunting for definitions and derivatives of "normalcy" and "commonsensical," words which appeared in Senator Harding's speech of acceptance.

Today Senator McCormick enlivened a dull Sunday at Harding headquarters by consideration of another word now thrust into the political campaign. Calling a stenographer, he dictated two sentences without interruption.

"It is amusing to contrast with Mr. White's outgivings," Senator McCormick dictated slowly, "and with the contortions and ululations of the ——"

"Huh?" broke in the stenographer, "Lulu who?"

"U-lu," enunciated Mr. McCormick, patiently, "not lulululations."

"Senator, don't you mean undulations?" asked the stenographer.

"No, I mean ululations," he replied. "You will find it in the dictionary."

"—— contortions and ululations of the egregious Mr. Morgenthau," Senator McCormick continued his dictation. And after "ululations" no difficulty arose.

Harding Confers With Mason.

MARION, Ohio, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—Senator Harding spent a Sunday of almost complete relaxation from the cares of the campaign. Most of the day he remained at home resting. He and Mrs. Harding had dinner with a party of neighbors, and in the afternoon chatted with friends who "dropped in" for Sunday calls.

The Senator's only conference today was with Representative William E. Mason of Illinois, who has been one of the leaders in Congress favoring recognition of the Irish "Republic."

Tomorrow Senator Harding will go to work on the second of his front-porch speeches, to be delivered Wednesday. Another will follow on Thursday, the delegations in both cases coming from neighboring Ohio cities.

WILL FIGHT "OPEN SHOP."

Chicago Federation of Labor Plans Battle with Chamber of Commerce.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The Chicago Federation of Labor today authorized its President, John Fitzpatrick, to appoint a committee of fifteen for the announced purpose of "actively going to battle with the United States Chamber of Commerce on the 'closed shop' proposition."

The committee is also to devise means of preventing open shops.

PRODUCTION OF COAL DECREASES 17 PER CENT.

Strikes in the West Cause Drop of 329,000 Tons to 10,601,000 in Weekly Output.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Production of coal in the United States, which has continued on the upward trend since mid-April, was halted by the strike in Southern Illinois during the week of July 24, according to the weekly report issued today by the United States Geological Survey. In the week ended July 24 the output of soft coal is estimated at 10,601,000 net tons, a decrease of 329,000 tons compared with the preceding week. The decrease began on Friday and Saturday of the week of July 24, and indications are that in the week ended yesterday it fell from 15 to 17 per cent.

It is estimated that the production for the week ended July 31, judged by the work in the first three days of the week, would not yield a total production of more than 9,000,000 tons, which is more than a million tons less than the best average, and is about 539,000 tons less than the coal mined in the week of July 10.

Production during the first 175 working days of 1920 has been 293,550,000 net tons, which is 17,000,000 tons behind that produced in the same period in 1917 and 37,000,000 tons behind 1918, but is 45,300,000 tons ahead of 1919

For the week ended July 24, 1,767,000 tons of anthracite coal were mined, as compared with 1,700,000 for the previous week, and 1,500,000 in the week of July 10. While the production of hard coal is on the increase the weekly production for the week ended July 24 is less than that produced in the same week of 1919, when it was 1,808,000 tons.

PONZI INVESTIGATION GOES ON DAY AND NIGHT

Audit Is Expected to Occupy Rest of the Week—Agent in Bayonne to Face Inquiry.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—The Federal investigation of accounts of Charles Ponzi, who claims to have made millions for himself and investors who intrusted him with their money, continued throughout the day and well into the night. The auditors gave no information as to their progress, and the work is expected to occupy the rest of the week.

Ponzi did not go to his office during the day, remaining at his home in Lexington during the forenoon and motoring with his wife in the afternoon.

During the day a continuous line of cars turned off from the main street through the village to pass Ponzi's pretentious home, slowing down as they went by. Hundreds of others on foot, more insistent, were ordered from the grounds by guards in Ponzi's employ.

Ponzi said tonight that he would be at his office in the morning as usual, and hoped to resume business before the week was over.

The district agent of the Securities Exchange Company in Bayonne, W. H. Mackie, was ordered by County Prosecutor Pierre Garven yesterday to appear before him this morning for the purpose of an examination of the company's books. Mr. Garven said to reporters that he was investigating Mackie's activities on the basis of the Boston reports of Ponzi's transactions, in order to find whether citizens of Bayonne were being swindled.

Daniel J. Gallagher, of Boston, arrived at the Hotel Commodore yesterday as a delegate to the thirty-eighth annual supreme convention of the Knights of Columbus. Mr. Gallagher is conducting the Government's inquiry into the methods of Charles Ponzi. He declared that the investigation had practically stopped, pending the completion of an audit of Ponzi's books, and that until the examination had been completed he would have nothing to say for publication.

GREEKS' OUTPOSTS ADVANCED IN ASIA

More Territory Taken Over Following Breakup of Mustapha Kemal's Forces.

ATHENS, July 30 (Associated Press).—The Greeks have extended their outposts in Asia Minor on account of reported massacres and general disorders in the region beyond their lines through the breaking up of the army of Mustapha Kemal Pasha, the Nationalist leader.

The basic line of the Greeks runs north and south through Gordiz, Kula Ormurbaba Dag, and east to Simav, near Philadelphia, and also along the southern Meander Valley.

Colonel Jafar Tayar, the Turkish insurgent leader in Thrace, who was captured by the Greeks shortly after their occupation of Adrianople, is expected to arrive here on board the battleship Giorgios Averoff with King Alexander.

BERNE, Switzerland, July 31.—Reports from a Bulgarian source received here declare that 10,000 Turkish soldiers, retiring from Thrace before the advancing Greeks, crossed the Bulgarian frontier and were disarmed and interned.

DENIES BLAMING McADOO.

Palmer Declares Remarks Attributed to Him Imaginary.

Special to The New York Times.

STROUDSBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer, who spent the week-end with his family here, left this evening for Washington to attend to important business.

Before he left he was asked if he had anything to say about the recent interview with him published in several New York and Philadelphia newspapers. He replied: "Most of the interview printed in several Philadelphia and New York papers is purely imaginary. I did not discuss the convention, except to say it was free and unbossed and I cheerfully acquiesced in the result. I said nothing whatever about Mr. McAdoo's candidacy or its effect on the outcome of the convention."

UNION CHIEF BACKS PAYNE.

Healy of Firemen and Oilers Pledges Candidate His Support.

Timothy Healy, President of the International Brotherhood of Firemen and Oilers, yesterday indorsed the candidacy of George Henry Payne for the Republican nomination for United States Senator against Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr. In a letter to Mr. Payne Mr. Healy said:

"I am very pleased to learn that you are a candidate, and hope you will be successful in the race against Senator Wadsworth. You can count on me for any little support that I may be able to give. I would be delighted to see you get the nomination, and I am satisfied that if Senator Wadsworth is renominated he cannot be re-elected."

LABORITE COMMENDS THE BRITISH PRESS

Delegate to Imperial Conference Also Predicts Peaceful Revolution in England.

SEES EMPIRE AS A LEAGUE

He Finds It Paralleling Work of the Other League of Nations.

Special to The New York Times.

QUEBEC, P. Q., Aug. 1.—Members of the Imperial Press Conference spent today in Quebec in rest and recreation preparatory to the official program of civic entertainment which begins Monday morning. The delegates will proceed to Montreal later on Monday.

A dinner was given in the Château Frontenac tonight in honor of Captain Waite and the officers of the steamship Victorian, on which the press party crossed the Atlantic. The overseas delegates were the hosts at this function.

"The British Empire is more than a League of Nations; it is a league of kinsmen, and that is what makes it such a power in the world today," said George A. Isaacs, general secretary of the Society of Operative Printers of Great Britain, at a luncheon given the delegates in the executive chamber of the New Brunswick Legislature in Fredericton on Saturday.

"I beg to suggest that the very fact that I, a labor representative, stand here today upon a common platform with Sir Campbell Stuart is an indication of the future of our great empire. Sir Campbell represents one of the largest groups of newspapers in Britain. I own no newspaper, but speak simply on behalf of the men who help to print the newspaper the editors have prepared. I stand here on common ground with those editors, because we are doing our share in the work. We sit in common council with proprietors and editors to discuss matters affecting the welfare of the press and of the Empire, whose destinies the wisdom and thought of these editors help to share and safeguard.

"That is the true spirit of democracy today. In England we are too much prone to put our democracy on a pedestal with a glass case over it and kneel down and worship it. In Canada you take your democracy out on the doorstep and have a chat with it. That is the spirit which must be followed everywhere if we are to keep the democracy your boys and ours fought and died to win. People in high places must walk with people in low places.

"We are on the verge of a revolution in England. As a member of the Labor Party I am working to help forward that revolution. We are choosing our leaders and arming our people with intelligence instead of deadly weapons, and we await the day of battle, which will not be a day of bloodshed. Our shots will be those of the polling booth, which leave no permanent scar behind. We will hope for the dissemination through our press of such an understanding between all the peoples of the Empire and the intelligence of ideas and ideals to the benefit of the world."

Sir Campbell Stuart, Vice Chairman of The Times Publishing Company of London, and editor of the London Daily Mail, spoke warmly for the closer union of all people in the British Empire which the press conference hoped to achieve.

"There must be in a not distant future," he said, "an Imperial Council in which the sons of the Empire would sit with the mother country in her hours of decision, in which the destinies would be decided of that common empire which is the heritage peculiarly of the great war.

"The League of Nations," he said, "that great legacy of the war, is trying to be seen in the shadow and to be more than a voice in the wilderness. And meantime a new force has come into the world, full of civility and animated by the highest ideals, the force that is called the League of Nations of the British Empire, under whose common flag, please God, may we all live and die."

EX-GOV. HANLY KILLED WITH HIS HOSTS IN CAR

Struck by Train—Physician and Wife Were Taking Him to Home.

DENNISON, Ohio, Aug. 1.—J. Frank Hanly, former Governor of Indiana and candidate for President on the Prohibition ticket in 1916, and Dr. and Mrs. C. M. Baker of Kilgore, Ohio, were killed six miles from here early today when a Pennsylvania freight train struck the automobile in which the party were driving to Kilgore.

All three suffered fractured skulls and crushed bodies and did not recover consciousness after being brought to a local hospital. Mr. Hanly died at 9 A. M. Mrs. Baker at 11:30 and her husband at 3:30 P. M.

Dr. and Mrs. Baker had met Mr. Hanly in Dennison at 6:45 o'clock this morning and were driving him to their home in Kilgore, twenty miles from here.

The Baker automobile drove across the Pennsylvania tracks back of one freight train and directly in front of another. The automobile was struck squarely.

Mr. Hanly was en route to Carrollton where he was to have delivered an address tomorrow. He had intended spending the day with the Bakers at their home in Kilgore. The Chief of Police here has notified relatives of Mr. Hanly in Indianapolis, and it is expected the body will be transported there.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 1.—Former Governor J. Frank Hanly was born in 1863 in a log cabin in Illinois. He worked his way through the Eastern Illinois Normal School, was admitted to the Indiana bar in 1889, and a year later was elected to the Indiana State Senate. In 1894 he was elected to Congress by the Republicans of the Ninth Indiana District. In 1904 he was elected Governor. When his term expired in 1909 he became an active worker in the prohibition cause and for the following five years toured the country at the head of a body of prohibition lecturers known as the

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UNIFORM

IT HAS BEEN THE GOOD FORTUNE OF FINCHLEY TO SUCCEED IN SUPPLYING CLOTHES OF A STANDARD, IN STYLE AND CHARACTER, WHICH HAS REMAINED UNIFORM UNDER THE MOST IRREGULAR TRADING CONDITIONS.

FIFTY DOLLARS AND MORE

CUSTOM FINISH WITHOUT THE ANNOYANCE OF A TRY-ON

READY-TO-PUT-ON TAILORED AT FASHION PARK

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th Street
NEW YORK

DEMOCRATS WON'T NAME A TICKET

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

pathies toward the peace program of President Wilson the Democratic draftsmen have been compelled to proceed with the utmost caution in framing a plank which should show the party here to be in line with the declaration embodied in the national platform without giving offense to the Irish element or alienating their votes.

Where nothing but harmony is in prospect on other questions that may come before the convention unless, contrary to expectation, it should undertake to consider candidates for State offices, there is looming the possibility of a fight on the national plank in the platform.

Mayor Lunn of Schenectady, aggrived at the failure of the leaders to offer to him the nomination for United States Senator and possibly with a view of providing an issue for use in an independent primary fight for that nomination, is said to be preparing to oppose this plank as not going far enough in praise of the Wilson administration or being explicit enough in its indorsement of the League of Nations. Undoubtedly he would be beaten by an overwhelming vote.

Prohibition Plank in Doubt.

What attitude the convention will take on prohibition is problematical. Governor Smith and some of his advisers are in favor of a frank declaration in favor of liberalization of the Volstead act, inasmuch as a Senator and Representative are to be elected this year. But leaders representing up-State districts have told the Governor that such a plank might tend to alienate votes in their localities and that they favor silence on prohibition enforcement. This would mean the elimination of this question as an issue in the campaign, for the Republican State platform embodies no declaration on the subject.

The platform will deal at length with Governor Smith's reconstruction program, which was defeated by the Republican Legislature, and will feature this action as one ground upon which a Democratic Legislature should be elected for co-operation with a Democratic Governor. The platform will pledge the establishment of an executive budget system and the enactment of health insurance, and other social welfare measures. There will be a suffrage plank, urging the ratification of the Nineteenth Amendment.

No Designation of Candidates.

Governor Smith was asked tonight whether the convention would recommend candidates.

"There will be no designation or recommendation of candidates; whether the roll of counties will be called with a view to sounding sentiment with reference to candidates has not been determined," was his reply.

"Will the platform contain a declaration in favor of direct primaries?" he was asked.

"There will be a plank unequivocally committing the party to the retention of direct primaries, as a means of nominating candidates," said the Governor. "Direct primaries are a Democratic measure, placed on the statute books of this State by the action of a Democratic Legislature and a Democratic Governor."

It was stated tonight that with Governor Smith, the unapposed candidate for renomination, the candidate for United States Senator, to give proper balance to the ticket, should be an up-State man. Tonight the supporters of Murray Hulbert, Dock Commissioner, who include President James P. Holland of the State Federation of Labor, and Peter F. Brady, Supervisor of the City Record, are urging him as an up-State man, calling attention to the fact that he was born in Rochester and that his mother lives at Waterloo.

John V. Havens of Monroe, an independent Democrat who some years ago defeated George W. Aldridge as a candidate for Congress, is being talked of as a possible candidate for the Senate nomination. Julian E. Fairchild or Congressman John B. Johnston, both from Brooklyn, are being discussed as possible candidates for State Controller. John Rodgers of Steuben, State Senator Salvatore A. Cotillo of New York, and Supreme Court Justice Philip H. Laing of Erie receive mention in relation to the nomination for Attorney General. Dwight B. Ladu of Washington County seems to be favored by most of the up-State men for State Engineer.

Abram I. Elkus, now serving by appointment in the Court of Appeals, will undoubtedly be unopposed in the primaries as a candidate for nomination to that tribunal. Supreme Court Justice Edgar S. K. Merrill of Lewis County, now serving as a Justice of the Appellate Division, may run unopposed in the primaries as a candidate for the other vacancy on the Court of Appeals bench.

There is talk of entering a woman as candidate for the nomination for either Secretary of State or State Treasurer.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 1.—In a statement made at his home here today Francis M. Hugo, Secretary of State, denied that he had decided not to run in the Republican primaries for the Governorship nomination. "I am planning to enter the primaries for the Republican nomination for Governor just as I announced several days ago. I do not intend to change my plans," he said.

NAMED AFTER VEGETABLES

Ancient Rome honored vegetables so highly that it named some of its greatest families after them.

Fabius was but General Bean; Cicero was Vice-Chancellor Pea; and the house of Lentilus took its appelation from the slow-growing Lentil.

Those who have enjoyed the succulent green vegetables served at CHILDS will agree that the honor was well deserved.

CHILDS Vegetable Dinners, freshly cooked and tastefully served—one of the pleasures of the table.

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Flint's Fine Furniture GUARANTEED.

Annual Summer Clearance Sale Now in progress At Reductions of 10% to 50%

Our Entire Stock of Persian & Chinese Rugs AT REDUCTIONS AVERAGING MORE THAN 35%

Flint & Horner Co Inc 20-26 West 36th St.

Discounts of 10% to 50% on all Lamps and Shades during August

MANY lamps and shades of peculiar fitness for use in summer homes have liberal discounts now. Prices are from 10% to 50% less than the moderate prices which prevailed until a few days ago.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d. St.

MEXICAN ELECTION FAVORS OBREGON

Congressmen of His Party Lead in the Capital — Iglesias Calderon a Senator.

WANT CHINESE PROTECTED

Washington Legation Asked to Safeguard Chinamen Against Cantu's "Rebellious Plans."

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1.—General elections for Senators and Congressmen passed quietly here today. The vote was light during the early morning, though later the polls were crowded with workingmen dressed in overalls rubbing shoulders with well dressed business men. Several small disturbances were reported, with fist fights, but no serious trouble occurred.

Federal troops and police patrolled the city in auto camions.

President de la Huerta voted at a poll near Chapultepec early this morning. The Liberal-Constitutionalist Party is reported to have won practically all the districts of the city, and Iglesias Calderon was elected to the Senate.

Dr. Carlos Michel, in charge of the anti-plague campaign in Vera Cruz, has arrived in Mexico City to arrange with the Federal Health Board to push an anti-yellow fever campaign. He says that two cases have been found in the past few days, making six cases in all. The bubonic plague is considered wiped out. Dr. Michel expects to eradicate yellow fever in a few weeks, and will start a campaign to clean up the entire city. One of the principal objects of his trip here is to get an order permitting the opening of the port of Vera Cruz.

At a meeting attended by a majority of the townsmen a telegram was sent by the Public Health Service to Washington asking the American Government to permit Dr. Michel to stay in Vera Cruz until the city has been placed in a completely sanitary condition.

Villa's movements still remain a mystery. Latest reports are that he has left Sabinas en route to Cuatrocienegas for a trip through the Coahuila Desert, Sierra Mojada Mountains, into the State of Chihuahua, and thence to Torreon. The War Department is silent on the reasons for Villa making this round-about trip.

The British Embassy denies a rumor that the British Government is sending a note to de la Huerta regarding Villa's connection with the killing of Benton, a British subject, in the early days of the revolution.

Protest Cantu Using Chinese.

MEXICO CITY, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The parties taking part in Congressional elections today throughout the Republic are the Liberal Constitutionalist, the National Co-operative, the Mexican Labor and the National Republican parties, together with some independent groups.

If Governor Cantu of Lower California has summoned Chinese to fight against the Government, he will be considered a traitor, according to a statement issued at the office of Provisional President de la Huerta. In the meantime, however, Governor Cantu continues to report "no news" to the War Department.

Wu Yu Kan, President of the Chinese Fraternal Union, has written to T. K. Fong, Chinese Chargé d'Affaires at Mexico City, urging him to ask the Mexican Foreign Office and the Chinese Legation at Washington for protection for the Lower California Chinese, who are declared to be "menaced by Cantu's rebellious plans."

President de la Huerta has told newspaper men that he does not consider the Lower California situation a military problem.

Governor Cantu has telegraphed a warning to the Provisional President that he will not be responsible for any occurrences which result if troops are sent against him. He says international difficulties will impend if such action is taken, because of the many foreigners in that part of Mexico.

Reports that the Mexican Government has ordered 200,000 rifles from Germany are denied by Miguel Alessio Robles, private secretary to the Provisional President, who says this country cannot afford to buy them.

Twenty passengers are reported to have been wounded when a passenger train was fired on by unidentified persons between Atananep and La Goleta, State of Michoacan, yesterday, according to advices to the Secretary of the nterior from Rafael Alverez, Governor of Michoacan.

Porfirio Garcis de Leon, candidate for the Governorship of Michoacan, was on board the train, and belief was expressed here that the attack was made for political reasons.

General Manuel Larraga and Leon Martines, the rebel leaders, have surrendered unconditionally, according to advices from General Alfonso de la Huerta, chief of operations in the State of San Luis Potosi, made public in a Government press bulletin.

Manuel Aguirre Berlanga, Minister of the Interior of the Cabinet of the late President Carranza, who was detained in connection with the disappearance of national funds, has been given a writ of habeas corpus because it is alleged he still enjoys immunity from arrest by virtue of his official position.

Efforts probably will be made on Monday to obtain his release under bond. This action, it is said, will be opposed by the Government.

Colonel Juan Barragan, Chief of Staff under the late President Carranza, who recently escaped from a Mexican military prison where he had been detained in connection with the death of President Carranza, will leave the United States for Europe shortly, according to a telegram sent by his father, a Mexican Senator who is in New York, to Provisional President de la Huerta.

The message adds that Colonel Barragan is leaving the country in order to avoid becoming involved in plots now being formed against the de la Huerta Government.

Former Minister Killed in Hotel.

Carlos Felix Diaz, former Mexican Minister to Bolivia, was found at the point of death from a bullet wound in a local hotel today. He died shortly afterward.

The manager of the hotel, hearing a shot, forced his way into Senor Diaz's room where, he afterward reported to the police, he found Diaz and a woman struggling for a pistol. Diaz already had been wounded in the breast. The manager took the pistol from the couple, sustaining a wound himself and inflicting a slight wound upon the woman in the struggle.

The woman was taken to a hospital, where she declared that Diaz had committed suicide. Before his death, on the contrary, Diaz accused the woman of having shot him, according to the police.

Dog Bites Bootblack.

Camellia Devito, 12 years old, a bootblack, was bitten on both legs by a dog yesterday in the home of Frank Demario, 86 Catharine Street. The Devito boy, who lives with his parents at 140 Cherry Street, set out yesterday morning with his bootblack outfit and was passing Demario's home when the latter called him in to get a shine. Dr. Litvak of Volunteer Hospital cauterized the wounds. The dog will be examined for rabies.

When Folks Quit Coffee because of cost to health or purse, they naturally drink INSTANT POSTUM "There's a Reason"

A man asks a question Here's the answer

Fluid or solid it's the "net" that counts

A CUSTOMER of ours who has been reading these food comparisons asks what we mean by water in chicken, lamb chops and potatoes. We mean just this. Everything you eat contains more or less water. Take your beef, lamb, eggs or vegetables and dry them out—evaporate them—and you have a very small part of what you started out with. What is lost is water. Take a hundred pounds of potatoes and dry all the water out and you have 23 pound left.

We know that you think of milk as a drink, whereas it is the same as any "solid" food. Nature made it easier to take for obvious reasons.

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Great Clearance of Men's Oxfords

900 PAIRS OF FINE QUALITY SUMMER LOW SHOES TO GO AT

Less Than Cost

$6.75

Many of our finer shoes are included.

Oxfords in genuine shell Cordovan; in black Vici kid; and in tan leathers.

All in good range of sizes.

Also included at this price are:
White Canvas Oxfords
Greatly Reduced

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Thirty-fourth Street Thirty-fifth Street

The Important August Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS

will begin to-day (Monday) and will be continued throughout the month

The prices quoted below represent values that it will be difficult, if not impossible, to duplicate later.

Mat-size Oriental Rugs, $19.50 & 22.50

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Extra Large Oriental Rugs, $975.00 to 1,700.00

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Tremendous Price Reductions

have been made in the entire remaining assortments of

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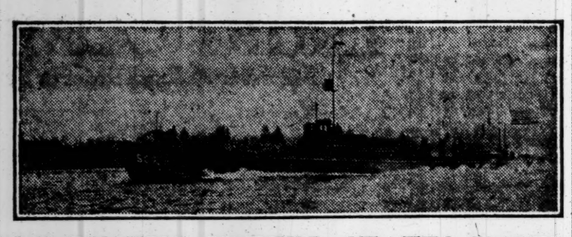

THE SALE BY THE UNITED STATES NAVY OF 110-FOOT MOTOR BOATS OFFERS A BIG COMMERCIAL OPPORTUNITY

THE U. S. Navy is selling one hundred and forty submarine chasers at various Navy Yards throughout the country. They are being sold at bargain prices, one-fifth of the original cost. Herein lies a tremendous opportunity for users or possible users of small boats.

These vessels have been successfully used as deep-sea fishing boats. They can be converted into seiners, trawlers or cargo boats. They make good halibut boats, and are particularly well adapted for use as cannery tenders.

The Seattle Fisheries Association recently purchased three of these boats. Those engaged in the fishing business, including the menhaden industry, will find a real opportunity here to get a good small boat on easy terms. These are described in the catalogue which will be sent at your request.

These boats have also been used as towboats, and can easily be converted into freight boats, ferry-boats or passenger boats. Plans to convert these boats into fishing and cargo boats have been drawn up for the Navy Department by experts and will be furnished free to all purchasers.

The original cost of the submarine chasers was about $80,000. They are offered to you at from five to sixteen thousand dollars. They are 110 feet long and have a beam of over fifteen feet. They are equipped with three standard marine engines which give a speed of 18 knots. Their cruising radius is 1200 miles.

They are ready for immediate delivery, berthed in the Navy Yards waiting purchasers. No delays, no red tape, no bids. **Definite selling prices.** Can be purchased at a reduction for cash or on a partial-payment plan over a three-year period.

An illustrated catalogue has been prepared giving further information and location and prices of individual vessels. You can inspect these boats at your convenience. Send the coupon at once or telegraph the

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Please send me the Submarine Chaser Catalogue No. 117.

BUY IT FROM THE NAVY

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YOUR reservations for Summer were doubtless made in the Spring. It is also wise to consider house furnishings for Fall, in Summer. Let us prevail upon you to set our designers to work now, evolving new schemes to reanimate old interiors. The extra time you give us simply means that we give that extra time to you, without extra charge.

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W. & J. SLOANE
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Announce Beginning This Morning

A Most Remarkable

Special Sale of 11,000 Pairs

Women's Hosiery

At Substantial Price Savings

Only first quality hose included, entirely worthy of your confidence and ours, each pair offered at a price so low it will be greatly to your advantage to put in a full twelve-month's supply.

At $2.15
3600 Pairs Pure Thread Silk Hose, full fashioned, with reinforced lisle garter top. In Black, White, Cordovan, Russia Calf, Beige and Navy.

At $2.95
800 Pairs Pure Thread Silk Hose, of heavy weight, with reinforced lisle garter top or all silk garter top. In black only.

At $3.15
300 Pairs Fine Quality Silk Hose, full fashioned with reinforced garter top. In black only with embroidered triple clock in white.

At $1.10
3300 Pairs Silk and Fibre Hose, with seamed back and reinforced garter top. Colors: Black and Cordovan.

At $1.35 3000 Pairs Openwork Silk Hose in very neat patterns, with fashioned leg and reinforced lisle garter tops. Colors: Black, Cordovan, Suede and Navy.

Cordon & Dilworth — Real — Orange Marmalade

REIS UNION SUITS
REIS
MAN'S CLOSEST FRIEND

SIGN OF HEALTH

High interest, like high temperature, is a sign of fever. When the investment market jumps from a 5% to an 8% basis, the unhealthy condition is reflected in a 30% depreciation of standard stocks and bonds. A thoroughly healthy security that doesn't yield to the contagion is worth owning. You will find it in Guaranteed Mortgages — now yielding 5½%—which alone have not depreciated.

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST CO.

160 Broadway, New York
188 Montague St., Brooklyn
44 Court St., Brooklyn
367 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.
383 E. 149th St., N. Y.
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn
160 Main St., W. Plains, N. Y.

President Suspenders
for comfort

Every pair guaranteed

Be sure the name *President* or Shirley President is on the buckle

MADE AT SHIRLEY MASSACHUSETTS

ORDER
Ballantine's GOLDEN GLOW
GINGER ALE

K. OF C. MAY EXTEND ITS WORK TO CHINA

Supreme Board Considering Proposal—Convention Opens Tomorrow.

WESTERN DELEGATES ARRIVE

Sessions to Begin After Pontifical Mass at Cathedral—Will End Thursday.

A request that the Knights of Columbus extend their organization to China was put before the Supreme Board of Directors yesterday, when the first of the conferences of the thirty-eighth annual supreme convention were held at the Hotel Commodore. Joseph E. Doyle of Shanghai made the suggestion, and the recommendation was taken under advisement.

Another item that came before the directors at their executive sessions was the revision of the national fiscal report and program for ratification at the first open sessions scheduled to begin tomorrow morning following solemn pontifical mass in St. Patrick's Cathedral, to be celebrated by Archbishop Bonzano, Papal Delegate to Washington.

Although it had been planned to have the convention continue until Saturday, decision was made by the directors to end it on Thursday so that the K. of C. delegates could leave on the steamship Leopoldina, which is to take them to France for the Lafayette statue ceremonies in Metz. In connection with the Lafayette statue, the Knights' gift to France, Marshal Foch has sent to Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty an autographed photograph inscribed: "To James A. Flaherty, Chief of the Knights of Columbus, who serve America and honor France."

During the day delegations from fourteen States arrived, California leading the other Western States by arriving first on special cars. Today the delegates, including a special from St. Louis gates from the mid-Western States are bearing the representatives from the Southwest.

RAID NEGRO HOTEL, TAKE 43.

Ten White Men Among Prisoners from Plandome Road Resort.

MINEOLA, L. I., Aug. 1.—Forty-three prisoners were taken today by eight troopers of the State Constabulary in a raid upon a negro hotel on the Plandome Road between Great Neck and Manhasset. Charges of disorderly conduct were made against seven negro women and Justice of the Peace Arthur Jones sentenced each to six months in jail, but suspended sentence. Thirty-six men paid fines of $10 each. Ten of the men were white.

Complaints had been made to the office of the Nassau County District Attorney by persons who have to use the Plandome Road to reach their estates in the neighborhood. A call was sent for the State troopers and detectives from the District Attorney's office co-operated in the raid.

MEANT TO DISFIGURE HUSBAND; KILLED HIM

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

woman, 28 years old, was said by the police to have admitted under examination that she had killed her husband, and to have followed her admission by giving the story in detail.

According to the detectives, Mrs. Sokolowsky blamed her husband's good looks for the tragedy. She described him as a handsome man and told the police she had come to hate his appearance after she had discovered what she believed to be his infatuation for another woman who she said lived in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Sokolowsky said she had been married for six years, and had lived happily with her husband until the last year. Her husband was employed in labor union organization work among foreign-born workmen, she said, and was absent from home a great deal. She stated that recently she began to suspect that not all his absences were in connection with his work.

The Sokolowskys moved to New Haven on June 3 last. On the following day, Mrs. Sokolowsky told the detectives, she found in her husband's coat a letter which seemed to her to be in a woman's handwriting. Not being able to read English she took the letter to a friend, she stated, and was told by the latter that it was a love letter. She said that she then felt impelled to disfigure her husband with carbolic acid, but lost her nerve.

Two weeks later, Mrs. Sokolowsky said, she came from New Haven to New York with her husband in an automobile he had just bought and was taken by him to call on the woman in Brooklyn. She said she did not let him know that she suspected their relations, but two days later on their return to New Haven found another letter which her friend told her was from the same woman.

Mrs. Sokolowsky said that she accused her husband of infidelity and a quarrel followed. He then went out, she said, and did not return until late in the morning.

It was then that Mrs. Sokolowsky determined to disfigure her husband, according to the police. She stated in her confession that she rose from bed and poured the carbolic acid from a vial into a glass. She said, the police say, that she threw it over her husband, who screamed frightfully when the acid bit into his flesh. She said, according to the police, that she realized she had injured him more seriously than she had intended and called a physician, who told her that he was dead.

Mrs. Sokolowsky said that she decided to leave New Haven at once, leaving behind her 5-year-old daughter. She came to New York first, she said, and then went to Canada, returning to New Haven for a brief stay, while the police were searching for her. For the last week, she said, she had been in New York and employed as a servant by a family in Harlem, whose name is withheld by the police.

Mrs. Sokolowsky will be held for extradition. At Police Headquarters she constantly repeated that she had not meant to kill her husband.

Young's Hats
NONE BETTER MADE

FURTHER REDUCTION SALE
of our entire Straw Hat Stock

33⅓% Off

$3.50 Straws *NOW* $2.33
$4.00 Straws *NOW* $2.67
$5.00 Straws *NOW* $3.33
$6.00 Straws *NOW* $4.00

This sale includes all Panamas, Bangkoks and Leghorns.

Stores:

6 B'way—at Bowling Green.
189 B'way—below Cortlandt St.
221 B'way—Woolworth Bldg.
605 B'way—corner Houston St.
849 B'way—at 14th St.
903 B'way—corner 20th St.
1197 B'way—below 29th St.
1361 B'way—below 37th St.

Bronx Branch: Third Avenue, So. of 149th St.
Heights Branch: 610 W. 181st St.
Only Brooklyn Store: 371 Fulton St. Opp. Borough Hall.
Newark Branch: 851 Broad Street.

Saks & Company

Announce Beginning This Morning

A SALE *of*
Men's Silk Shirts

Made of Imported Japanese Broadcloth, Crepe de Chine, White Silk Jersey and Shantung Silk

8400 in the collection—all at the remarkably low price of

$4.95

THIS is an extraordinary event in every sense of the word! It is an event no man should miss! All of these shirts were made expressly for Saks & Company according to our own specifications. The quality of the silks is exceptional and the tailoring is well in accordance with the high standard of Saks workmanship. A host of patterns to choose from in neat candy stripings of blue, helio, gold and old rose, against white backgrounds. Also included is a fine selection in all white.

The best values in fine silk shirts to be found anywhere in New York City

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** *At 34th* STREET

DREICER & Co°

Pearl Necklaces

FIFTH AVENUE AT FORTY-SIXTH

James McCreery & Co.

5th Avenue *34th Street*

August Fur Sale
Prices Are Amazingly Low

The outstanding features of this great annual event are these:

First, al the pelts from which our garments have been made came from the Far North. They are, without a doubt, the finest furs nature produces.

Second, there are Fur Stoles, Fur Sets and Fur Coats of every desired character, all of which have been made up according to authentic Fall and Winter styles. The Coats are lined with finest quality silk.

And the third and most important feature is prices—they are absolutely lower than we can possibly quote again this year.

The Coat illustrated is Hudson Seal; 36 inches long; trimmed with self-collar, cuffs and belt; made from selected skins.

***August Sale Price* 365.00**
September Price 485.00

Hudson Seal Wrap; very graceful model; 48 inches long, of selected pelts.
***August Sale Price* 645.00**
September Price 775.00

Hudson Seal Coat, with large collar and cuffs of Natura Squirrel; 30 inch model.
***August Sale Price* 295.00**
September Price 395.00

Hudson Seal Coat; 40 inches long, selected skins, with extra large co lar and cuffs of natural Skunk.
***August Sale Price* 785.00**
September Price 865.00

Natural Squirrel Wrap; 48 inches long, made of finest Siberian Squirrel.
***August Sale Price* 765.00**
September Price 965.00

Hudson Seal Coat of superior quality skins, 36 inches long; Skunk, Beaver or Squirrel collar and cuffs.
***August Sale Price* 585.00**
September Pric 750.00

Mole Skin Wrap made from ine quality skins, rich and handsome.
***August Sale Price* 465.00**
September Price 565.00

Hudson Seal Coat; sport model; made of choice skins, with self collar and cuffs.
***August Sale Price* 285.00**
September Price 385.00

Skunk Scarf. Large animal shape.
***August Sale Price* 110.00**
September Price 135.00

Skunk Muff, to match.
***August Sale Price* 85.00**
September Price 115.00

Fox Scarf, all shades.
***August Sale Price* 57.50**
September Price 85.00

Fox Muff to match.
***August Sale Price* 57.50**
September Price 85.00

Purchases will be stored until November, if so desired.

(Fourth Floor)

Macy's Macy's

A Message of Real Thrift To Business Men

Our Commercial Stationery Department is fully equipped to fill your every office stationery requirement at lowest-in-the-city prices.

Special for This Week

One more example of the worthwhile savings for you in this department.

Telephone Directory Covers
84c each

(Regular price $1.24 each)

The convenience of one of these covers has long been recognized, but it is a long time since a price as low as this has been seen. This is the price that ruled three years ago.

This cover is made of very strong cardboard and is covered with black cloth. Printed in gold. An exceptional purchase at the price of three years ago.

BUY AND SAVE IN
Macy's COMMERCIAL STATIONERY DEPT.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

To Close Out at Once

MEN'S HIGH SHOES

Reduced to

$6.75

The remainder of a large stock of reliable black and tan lace shoes, reduced to a price that will insure immediate selling. Broken lots.

These Also Must Go

MEN'S BLACK HIGH SHOES

Reduced to

$9.50

The quality of these shoes will appeal on sight. Made on a smart English last, wing vamp. A splendid value and a good range of sizes.

Fourth Floor

Lord & Taylor

38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street

HARRIMAN NATIONAL BANK
Fifth Avenue and 44th Street
NEW YORK

A Golden Prospect

From a wide territory, including what is known as the "Bread Basket" of the United States, come to the Harriman Nat onal Bank reports of golden grain prospects, but modified as the reader may learn for himself:

WICHITA, KANSAS—"A large portion of last year's crop is not yet moved because of inadequate transportation and credit facilities. People are ready to sell, but the grain buyers cannot secure sufficient transportation nor credit to move the grain and are forced to refuse any further purchases."

KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI—"If you bankers would simply open up your hearts a little bit and turn loose the money you have stored up, so that the farmers and business men would have money to do business on the balance of this year without having to wait to get it out of the present crop, which is going to be slow because of the car situation, we would have the greatest business in this part of the country we have ever known."

WATERLOO, IOWA—"Practically no legitimate business of any kind or description on account of suffering for funds to meet demands."

WACO, TEXAS—"Crop prospects are the best that have been known in years. However, there is plenty of time yet for the army worm and the local financiers to destroy the cotton crop. The banks are closing in very tightly on the merchants until crop conditions are further assured."

The responsibility for the condition indicated in our financial and transportation systems must be attributed in major part to the congestion of Liberty Bonds lodged with Federal Reserve Banks. These bonds exchanged for a new higher interest Anglo-French bond, representing the Allied debt, would relieve the situation.

BANKING HOURS FROM 8 O'CLOCK A. M. TO 3 O'CLOCK P. M.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TO MIDNIGHT

DOCTOR SELF SLAIN, AUTOPSY REVEALS

Jose A. Arenas, Who Wounded Girl and Youth, Was An Abnormal Type.

BULLETS REBOUNDED ODDLY

Medical Examiner's Aid Finds All Five—"Ruth Jackson" Wires for Husband.

An autopsy made yesterday by Dr. Benjamin Schwartz, first assistant to Dr. Charles Norris, Chief Medical Examiner, removed any mystery that surrounded the death on Saturday night by pistol bullets of Dr. José A. Arenas, and the wounding of "Miss Ruth Jackson", and Ignatio Marti.

Dr. Schwartz said that his post-mortem examination had convinced him beyond doubt that the dead physician-dentist had killed himself after he had tried to take the life of the young woman with whom he had lived and of the youth who was his successful rival.

"Besides that," Dr. Schwartz said, "my report to the police will include a statement from the young woman to me that she always had understood that Dr. Arenas had killed some one in Havana, Cuba, before he came to New York.

"The autopsy left no doubt that Dr. Arenas was a case of status lymphaticus. I made a most complete report because of the scientific value of the autopsy.

"This confirmed my first deductions after seeing the body on Saturday night in the doctor's furnished room with alcove bed room adjoining at 116 West Seventieth Street. You will remember that as soon as I had seen him I revealed that he was wearing corsets.

"These cases of status lymphaticus are intensely interesting. In them the blood vessels are very small, and the lymphatic element is greatly in excess. They die suddenly, as from ruptures of blood vessels. Many of them are degenerate. Most of them are criminals. All of them are liable to commit crimes of passion. Among them are found a large percentage of drug addicts.

"'Miss Jackson' in the hospital confirmed my scientic theory that the dead man was not normal. She was perfectly frank in her statement. She said she had left her husband, Elmer Schultz, an automobile salesman in Toledo, several months ago and had come to New York. She said she had lived with the doctor for some time.

"About ten days ago she left him to live with Marti, a healthy, normal lad. Before she went from the doctor's room she destroyed those colored collars that were found beside the body. She cut them with scissors. But that was after, so she states, the doctor had destroyed stockings of hers by cutting them.

"The woman is perfectly frank and apparently perfectly normal. It is easy to understand that she may have been disdainful in her attitude when she called with Marti at the doctor's rooms on Saturday evening and asked for her clothes.

"She told me in the hospital today, and with every appearance of truth, that she had met Arenas in the subway at the station at Seventy-second Street and Broadway on Friday night and that she had asked him when she could come and get her clothes. He said, according to her story:

"'Come to the house tomorrow afternoon—but come with Marti.'

"She said that she and Marti went there according to this invitation; that first the doctor showed her the cut collars and told her that she would get her clothes back in perfect condition, and that the next thing she knew she had been shot. She couldn't remember much after that.

"I believe that both she and Marti have told a perfectly straightforward story and the autopsy is proof of it.

"There were six bullets in the doctor's pistol to be accounted for. One, in an undischarged cartridge, still was in the weapon. That leaves five. One struck 'Miss Jackson' in the right chest squarely in front, and penetrated the flesh about one inch. If there had been any power at all behind the missile it would have gone right on through, pierced a lung, caused a hemorrhage, and the chances are that 'Miss Jackson' would have died. That leaves four bullets.

"One more struck Marti in the left upper chest. It passed through the pocket there and the shirt, grazed the skin, and then bounced over to the right hand side in front. It was a most amazing case of bounding bullet. I was particularly careful about examining its course because at first I was suspicious of the stories that were told by Marti and 'Miss Jackson.' Now I know they are true.

"But anyone might have been puzzled by the queer antics of the missiles from the pistol of South American manufacture that the doctor used. If it had had any penetrating power—or rather if the bullets that it sent out, had any real kick behind them—the chances are that both 'Miss Jackson' and Marti would be dead now.

"Two bullets, it will be remembered, entered the doctor's left chest, quite close together. Well, one nicked the heart and lodged between the lung and the heart. It didn't cause any more damage than a mosquito bite.

"The second bullet went through the soft flesh of the chest, but it struck a rib and bounded back out again. That bullet was picked up beside the body.

"After these vain attempts to send a bullet through his body to a fatal spot, the doctor apparently shifted the weapon to his right temple and pulled the trigger for the fifth time. Then the fifth bullet driven likewise by a very weak charge of powder, pierced his skull at a point where it was thin and tore into his brain. Its lack of power, however, is shown by the fact that I found it this morning in the brain tissue.

"In all my experience I have never seen anything so queer. It sounds almost like a dream—a man trying to kill with a pistol that shoots bullets that either stop after striking soft flesh or bound out of the body into which they are fired. But, it is true. I have had all of the bullets in my hand.

"They are all accountted for. They are all of the same sort. There is no reason to doubt that they are all from the same weapon—an instrument without manufacturer's name, and of a design that the police say is unfamiliar to them.

"But if the antics of the bullets from the pistol might be interesting to an expert in firearms or to a layman, it should be remembered that the autopsy of the body of the dead man will be of greater interest to the scientific. The dead doctor was a distinct type, and his tragic end was one that should not surprise any one who has any knowledge of such cases.'

During the day a telegram was received by "Miss Jackson" from Schultz, her husband in Toledo, asking her if he should come on here to get her. It was said at the hospital that she had wired back asking him to come, and that her husband was expected to arrive here today.

Both she and Marti were not expected to be laid up long from the bullets that had struck them with so little force on what, it was learned yesterday, was Marti's twentieth birthday.

In the light of Dr. Schwartz's autopsy little interest was had in the action of Magistrate Joseph Schwab in holding both Marti and Juan Maldonado, 17, of 157 West Sixty-seventh Street, as material witnesses, without bail for a hearing today. It was looked upon as purely a formality. The courtroom, however, was thronged with friends of the dead physician-dentist, who not only is reported to be of a wealthy family of Bogota, Colombia, but generally is credited with many charitable works in the uptown Spanish colony here.

Maldonado testified in court that he was in Dr. Arenas's quarters when "Miss Jackson" and Marti arrived. He said the doctor sent him out, locking the door after him. He heard the revolver shots after that.

José Linares, 140 West Sixty-seventh Street, a friend of Dr. Arenas said that the doctor first had met the young woman at a dance carnival several months ago. Earlier on Saturday, Linares said, he had luncheon with the doctor, who was in excellent spirits, and bought a suit of clothes for $65 on his way home.

Marti impressed every one who talked with him as a straightforward youth. "Miss Jackson" gave the idea that she was a most impressive young woman, who liked most to have a gay time.

THAT IS THE QUESTION

Is your building operation to be a training school for some contractor who wants to complete his education, or is it to be built out of the brick and mortar of experience?

Put it up to us to put it up for you!

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

'THE' MENNEN COMPANY

NEWARK, N.J.

Desires the services of an energetic young man to act as special representative to more thoroughly introduce KORA-KONIA in hospitals, clinics, etc.

A medical student of good personality and address, wishing a commercial experience, might qualify for this position.

Apply by letter only.

THO GROANING WITH BUSINESS

and compelled to omit pages from every issue

THE BILLBOARD

America's Great Weekly Theatrical Digest and Record of the Show-World will make room for Advertisements if you have something good to offer

ACTORS or SHOWMEN.

Your proposition or wares MUST BE GOOD, however, and specially germane to their peculiar needs and requirements, too.

The Billboard Publishing Co.
1493 Broadway, New York.
Tel. Bryant 8470.

Tight Money.

Realization of the predictions of early Summer is being deferred while traders eagerly seek light on the future speculative outlook. See The Annalist (out today). Published by The New York Times Co. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

Most others 3/8"

Thickness of wood in Sonora cabinet sides 3/4"

100% better!

MOST phonograph makers use wood 3/8-in. thick for the cabinet sides. Sonora uses wood 3/4-in. thick. Of course, wood 3/4-in. thick costs Sonora more than 3/8-in. No expense is spared, however, to secure the highest possible quality in

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

COMPARE the Sonora with other phonographs. Rap the cabinet sides with your knuckles. A dull, solid sound indicates thick, substantial, sturdy wood. A hollow sound tells you that *the wood is thin.* Sonora is unequalled in tone, in elegance of design, and in perfection of workmanship.

Minuet

Prices $60 to 2500

Sonora Phonograph Company, Inc.
GEORGE E. BRIGHTSON, President
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street 279 Broadway

Dealers Everywhere

Use Sonora Semi-Permanent Needles on all steel needle records; they play many times and sweeten the tone

J-H

SHIP BY TRUCK

LOCAL OR LONG DISTANCE

Our large fleet of modern motor trucks, coupled with a personnel of transportation experts and warehouse facilities, offers

A SOLUTION OF YOUR TRANSPORTATION PROBLEMS

Yearly or monthly contracts solicited.
A representative will call upon request.

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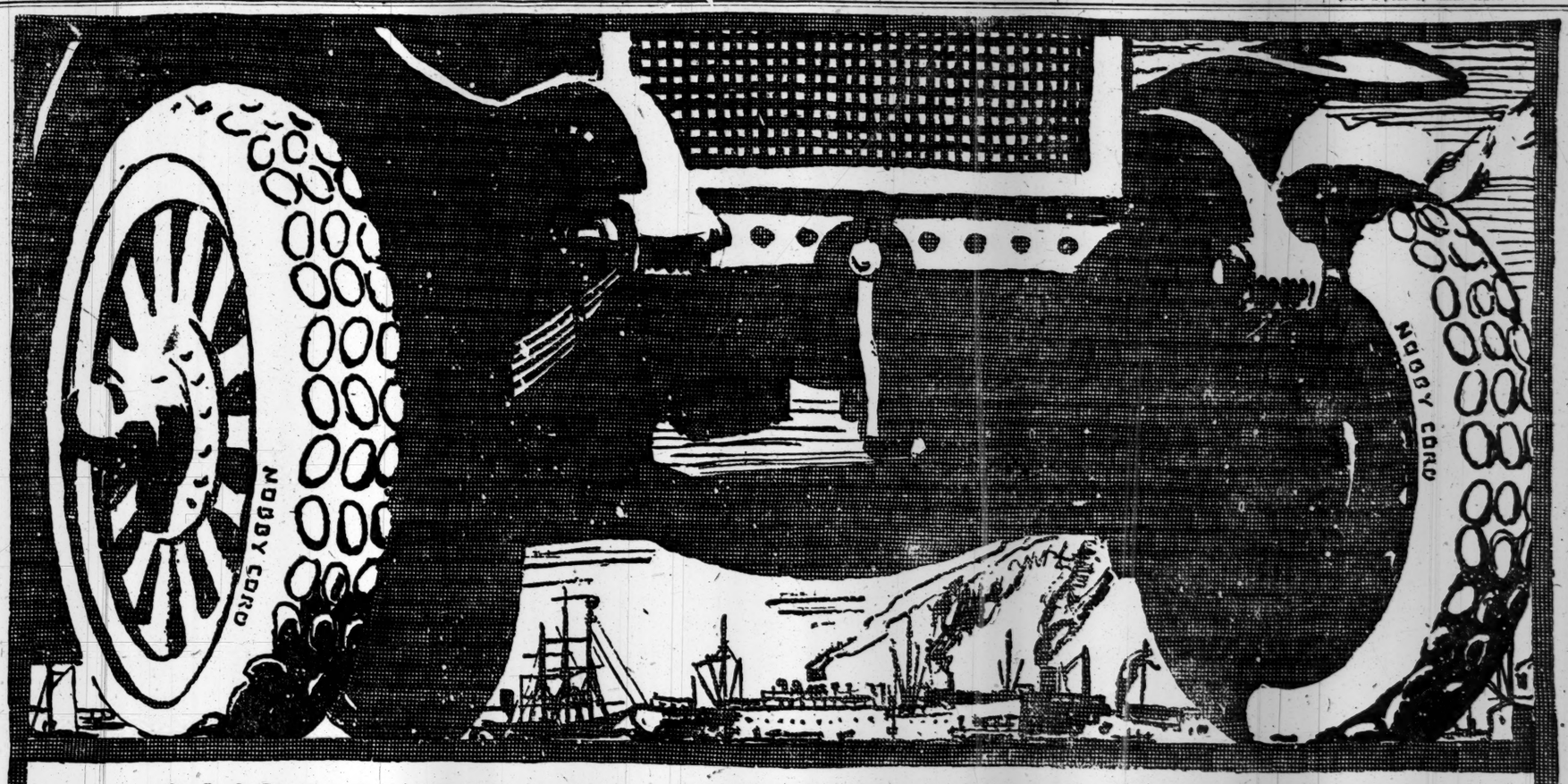


WHO PAYS FOR PNEUMATIC TRUCK TIRE EXPERIMENTS

WHEN an automobile owner's tire goes back on him he more or less cheerfully charges it off as a personal loss and tries to do better next time.

It is different with the motor truck owner.

Every tire must do exactly what is expected of it or be charged against *his business.*

* * *

Experimenting with tires is not the job of the truck owner.

The United States Rubber Company spent *two years* in developing the idea of putting a heavy truck on air before it brought out the *first pneumatic truck tires.* Even then it was not satisfied.

Even at that time it saw that you could not take an ordinary passenger car tire, enlarge it and make it do what truck owners expect of their tires.

It went back again to *first principles*—to the foundation—to the *bead* of the tire.

The car owner who seeks United States standard in tubes is well paid in more mileage for his tires. U. S. Red Tubes. U. S. Grey Tubes.

It created a *new type* of bead construction, *positively* anchoring the cords. It put in the *right number* of breaker strips, stronger side walls, a heavier tread.

The result was a pneumatic *truck* tire—not an enlarged passenger car tire. Created to fill a need—not padded and bolstered up to fill a market already created.

* * *

There are still some sizes of U. S. Nobby Cord Tires you cannot buy. The market is there, waiting for them.

But they will not be released until this company is satisfied that they will *do what truck owners expect of them.*

The United States Rubber Company has never asked truck owners to pay for its tire experiments.

U.S. Pneumatic Truck Tires

United States Rubber Company

Tire Division Branch, Broadway at 58th St.

U. S. Pneumatic Truck Tire Dealers in and around New York City:

NEW YORK CITY
SOLID TIRE SERVICE CO., Jerome F. Callahan, Prop., 302 W. 120th St.
H. RAY PAIGE CO., Inc., 1360 Ave. A.
SIMONSEN & DENKER Inc., 561 Washington St.
PHILLIPS RUBBER WORKS, 215 West End Ave.
M. D. CANCRO, 241 E. 136th St.
YORKVILLE AUTO SUPPLY DEPOT, 1235 Lexington Ave.

BROOKLYN
S. & M. LEVY, 35 Grant Square
TRAUTWEIN CORP., 587 Manhattan Ave.
JOHN J. O'HARA, 1038 Bedford Ave.

NEWARK
E. SCHOONMAKER CO., Inc., 230 Central Ave.

JERSEY CITY
L. J. TONNELE, Bergen Square

YONKERS
ALEX. J. WHITE

LONG BEACH BARS 1-PIECE BATHING SUIT

Girls Disport Without Shoes or Stockings, but Costumes Comply with New Rules.

ONLY 150,000 AT CONEY

Comparatively Small Crowd in Surf Gives No Real Test of Anti-Profiteering Act.

LONG BEACH, L. I., Aug. 1.—Pretty maidens in profusion donned dainty—but not one-piece—bathing suits today and enjoyed the beach, as did the spectators who flocked to this resort in large numbers. Approximately 25 per cent. of the fair bathers appeared stockingless, and perhaps half of that number were also shoeless.

The police were on the lookout for any violations of the new code of bath wear which became effective today, but not one arrest was made. The only girl to wear a one-piece suit was the four-year-old daughter of a Manhattan merchant.

But there were scores and scores of camouflage two-piece suits. Experts in bathing attire pointed out countless one-piece suits to which had been added a frill or tiny drop skirt, which saved their wearers from the police.

The men bathers gave the police far more trouble than the fairer sex. More than fifty men were forced by the police to refrain from tucking the shirts of their suits beneath the trunks.

Fifty motion picture bathing girls invaded Long Beach and held a parade along the waterway with the aid of a band.

More than fifty thousand persons spent Sunday here. Local authorities attributed the exceptionally large crowd to the conflicting stories circulated affirming and denying that female bathers would be allowed to wear one-piece suits.

By a new edict of the Police Department women vacationists may smoke cigarettes on the beaches.

ONLY 150,000 AT CONEY.

Comparatively Small Crowd Gives No Test of New Bathing Law.

Coney Island had a comparatively small crowd of visitors yesterday, estimated by the police at 150,000. There were only about 25,000 bathers and, in consequence, there was no real test of the new bathing ordinances, passed to prevent profiteering in bath houses on Sundays and holidays.

Two bathers were rescued from the surf. Mario Mario, a jeweler, of Sea Breeze Avenue and West Third Street, was rescued off the Parkway baths by Life Guards Daniel Howard and Samuel Slatow. Benjamin Fleigelman, a clothing cutter of 322 East Houston Street, was brought ashore by other guards off Cox's baths. Both were treated for submersion and sent home.

A trolley car of the Thirty-ninth Street Ferry line collided with a sightseeing bus at Sixty-eighth Street and Fifth Avenue, Brooklyn, last evening. Four of the passengers on the bus sustained slight injuries and were treated by Dr. Platou of Norwegian Hospital.

About 150,000 persons visited the Rockaways during the day. Only a few minor violations and accidents appeared on the police blotter. Joseph Connolly, of 148 Newport Avenue, Far Rockaway, was saved from drowning at Rockaway Beach by Martin Maloney, who lives at the same address. May Devereaux, 26, of 6,190 Boulevard, Rockaway Beach, was struck by an automobile at Beach Sixty-ninth Street and suffered minor injuries. Abraham Korngold, no address, was arrested on a charge of being a pickpocket on complaint of August Kinzinger, of 1,480 Second Avenue, Manhattan, who said Korngold had taken a wallet containing $200 from his pocket.

TWO ESCAPE ELLIS ISLAND.

Stowaways Swim to Jersey After Filing Bars—Concerts Revived.

Two aliens escaped from Ellis Island Saturday night by sawing through the iron lattice in a detention room window. The Assistant Superintendent did not know their names yesterday, but believed that they were stowaways. A third alien was trying to get out of the window when the watchman appeared and subdued him after a brief struggle. There was no sign of any boat having left the shore, and it is believed that the two aliens escaped by swimming to the Jersey shore.

Officials at Ellis Island yesterday denied reports of rioting among the anarchists detained there awaiting deportation, and said that the escapes on Saturday night were not made from the quarters where the radicals and anarchists are confined.

Immigration Commissioner Frederick A. Wallis revived the concerts at Ellis Island yesterday afternoon which were given every Sunday before the war. About 800 aliens were entertained on the lawn by a band, which played all the national anthems of the countries represented on Ellis Island, opening with "The Star-Spangled Banner." The refractory "Reds," who were not allowed out on the lawn, revenged themselves by booing the show. The Commissioner made a brief speech in English, which the majority of the aliens did not understand, and then introduced Maurice Schwartz, the Jewish actor, who spoke in Yiddish.

American Commission in Havana.

HAVANA, July 31.—The American commission appointed for the purpose of co-operating with Cuban officials in arranging plans for relieving freight congestion in Havana harbor arrived here today. It is headed by Ernest L. Bogart of the Department of State, and Major A. B. Clement, of the American Shipping Board.

The coolest way on a summer's day—

Philadelphia
via New Jersey Central

A few minutes on the river to cool you off.

Less than two hours on the train.

Dining car service a feature.

Fast trains with parlor cars and coaches from Liberty Street (15 minutes earlier from West 23rd Street) 8:00, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M. and 1:00 P. M., and hourly on the hour from 3:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M. Also 12:01 midnight (from Liberty Street only) with sleeper. (Daylight Saving Time.) For other trains and Sunday schedule see time tables.

New Jersey Central

Time tables and complete information at Consolidated Ticket Offices or Stations.

"For sick or healthy, young or old, Borden's milk makes strength twofold."

Written by Harold Feldman, 716 New Jersey Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

There is strength for you in every drop of BORDEN'S clean, pure, healthful, country milk. There is no single food which can take the place of good, wholesome milk. A glass of BORDEN'S MILK not only quenches your thirst on these warm days, but at the same time furnishes your body with a good amount of practical nourishment.

Phone for our solicitor and arrange for daily delivery or call the man on the wagon.

2891 conveniently located stores ready to serve you.

This is Prize Rhyme No. 35. Any boy or girl under 14 years can win $5 for each rhyme we use.

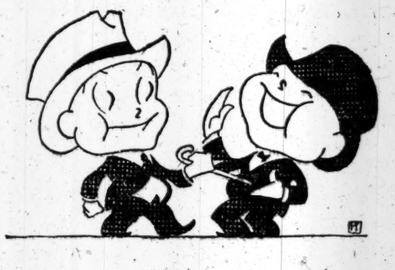
BORDEN'S FARM PRODUCTS COMPANY, Inc.

63 VESEY STREET PHONE: CORTLANDT 7961

With acknowledgments to K. C. B.

"All right, Bill— You can stop reading 'em"

BILL TOLD me.
HE HAD a good joke.
ON THE maker.
OF A well-known brand.
OF CIGARETTES.
LAST NIGHT, Bill said,
HE READ an ad.
OF THIS cigarette.
IN A magazine.
IT SAID "They Satisfy."
AND THIS morning.
IN HIS newspaper.
HE READ "They Satisfy."
AND ON a billboard.
AND ON a card.
IN THE street-car.
AND IN the dealer's window.
AND ON the counter.
HE READ "They Satisfy."
AND HE bought a pack.
OF THESE cigarettes.
AND I asked him.
"WHERE'S THE joke, Bill?"
AND BILL said.
"WHY THE darn fools.
SPENDING THEIR money.
PICKING ON me."
SO I said, "You bought 'em.
DIDN'T THEY satisfy?"
AND BILL said "Sure.
BUT HERE'S the joke.
FOR OVER a year.
I'D ALREADY been smoking.
THAT BRAND."



WE admit it, the joke's on us. And over three million other smokers are "in on it" with Bill. But the real joke is on anybody who looks for "Satisfy" anywhere but in Chesterfields—for the Chesterfield blend *can't be copied!*

They Satisfy **Chesterfield** CIGARETTES

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway at Ninth, New York *Telephone Stuyvesant 4700* *Store Hours 9 to 5*

Today the Wanamaker August FURNITURE begins to go out into People's homes

Spreading its own advertisement of Quality, Beauty, Utility and Economy

July Steps Down and Off

After all the wonderfulness of our effort to put a stop to rising prices by our "Patriotic Movement" of May and June, we had a more than normal July.

Now then for August—

A most favorable furniture offering—actually now on the floors.

Be It Remembered

that not merely this and that, but every piece of our guaranteed good quality of furniture now on the floors and as much more besides in our warehouses or on the rail coming along is

Set for the August Sale and lowered in price

The larger reductions have come from negotiations with manufacturers, growing out of our May and June patriotic movement efforts.

So it is to be seen here that we have made some progress in reducing prices in certain directions.

It is fair to say also that the furniture artists and builders are trying to impress upon us that all of the best woods are scarcer and the best workmen are fewer.

(Signed) John Wanamaker

Aug. 2, 1920.

Not anywhere in the whole world, except in our Philadelphia Store, is there a collection of furniture of this quality, scope, variety and volume offered in a sale that embraces every piece and suite of home furniture on three floors of the new Wanamaker Building—4th, 5th and 6th—including even those pure and lovely Belmaison reproductions of period furniture. A stock of furniture reaching more than a million dollars—all offered

at 10 to 40 per cent. less

For the past six months we have been buying furniture for this 1920 August Sale. We have sat in the offices of the greatest furniture manufacturers in the country and with them have worked out modifications and improvements, purifying and beautifying the designs of the furniture that they were to make for us—for our August Sale.

There is the most enthusiastic kind of competition in furniture sales. Ever since the August Sale was originated by Wanamaker's more than a quarter of a century ago, becoming a thing of great popularity, it has been imitated and emulated throughout the length and breadth of the land. It is estimated that more than 10,000 stores are holding August furniture sales in the United States today.

EVERY ONE OF THESE STORES IS HOLDING AN AUGUST FURNITURE SALE BECAUSE WANAMAKER'S IS HOLDING IT. THE CUSTOM WAS STARTED AT WANAMAKER'S AND THE PACE IS SET BY WANAMAKER'S.

Every one of these 10,000 or more Sales is an acknowledgment of the excellence of the idea, and all their advertising is, in effect, advertising of the Wanamaker Furniture Sale.

All these furniture sales bring excellent benefits to the people. They help all over the country to keep down old H. C. L., and they are doing a great service toward the improvement of homes.

Because of their leadership prices are made somewhat lower for good furniture nearly everywhere. But it is the customers of the Wanamaker Stores who receive the greatest benefits.

People who have compared prices elsewhere tell us we are selling at lowest prices

This is true because the combined purchasing power of the Wanamaker Stores is the greatest in the land. Our distribution is far ahead of the distribution of any other store or group of stores. The power of the magnitude of our operations enables us to get more furniture and better furniture and to sell it for lower prices than is possible elsewhere.

Come in today and bring with you your out-of-town friends—everybody is freely welcome at Wanamaker's to look and enjoy without obligation or even suggestion to buy.

Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Galleries, New Building.

Coming!

The 17th Semi-Annual Sale of Silk Packets

Remember the day, tomorrow, August 3rd.

Thousands of packets—more than 20,000 yards of silks of virtually every wantable kind and quality.

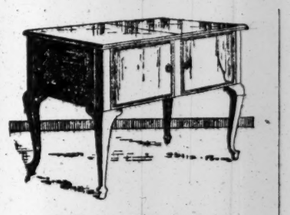
Today's afternoon papers will tell the complete story.

An Ideal Bungalow

Here is a canvas bungalow, strongly made and ready for immediate delivery. It is made in two sizes—one room, or two rooms, each room being 7 x 10 feet, with large screened opening protected from all kinds of weather.

The flooring is chestnut and the canvas roof has a two-foot extension. Prices for the one room, 7 x 10 feet, $180. Two room size, 10 x 14 feet, $265.

Third Gallery, New Bldg.



This Table Phonograph Special $150

Examine it on all sides. Note how nicely it is finished. How graceful it appears. And how ornamental it is.

Then hear it. Listen closely. Ask to hear all makes of records played.

A phonograph like this may be placed in the center of the library or living room and used for all purposes for which a library table is intended.

Ample space inside for records. Table itself is 4 feet long, 2.8 feet high and 2 feet 1½ inches wide.

First Gallery, New Bldg.

Women's New Baronet Satin Skirts, $9.75

Sports skirts of shimmering baronet satin, delicately tinted and infinitely becoming, are the very backbone of many a smart sports wardrobe.

They have such enormous possibilities for doing so many things. They stand the wear and tear of strenuous sports wear and are lovely enough to be worn on any summer day occasion.

Skirts in lovely shades of blue and green and rose and navy, shading from the darker colors to the lighter tints, are in both plain and figured baronet satin, made with little slit pockets trimmed with white pearl buttons. At $9.75 these skirts are truly remarkable.

As in all of the sports skirts in the Skirt Salon, the workmanship is beautiful and the width around the bottom exactly the width that a skirt of this material should have.

Belts, 25 to 30 in.

Second floor, Old Building.

Reducing Office Furniture

Chairs—typewriter stands—leather arm chairs and davenports—directors' tables and revolving bookcases—all at reduced prices now.

Standardized Office Furniture at Regular Prices

Desks, tables, directors' tables, chairs, settees, telephone stands, costumers, umbrella stands, filing devices, sectional bookcases, luxurious leather furniture and other necessary equipment—ready in our special section devoted to office furniture.

Seventh Gallery, New Building.

A New Shipment of De Ruta Pottery from Italy

Au Quatrieme

The lovely colors and the exquisite glaze of De Ruta pottery has made it much desired for table services and for gay informal vases for long-stemmed flowers.

From Italy, *Au Quatrieme*, has just received a shipment in three colors, a delicate blue green, mauve, and cream white.

This shipment includes many unusually delightful shapes, vases of slim grace, quaint water-jugs, lovely boat-shaped compotes and other enchanting things.

Twisted candlesticks are $3 each.

Large center-bowls for the table, $7.50.

Stemmed vases, made with graceful loop handles like those of old Italian water-jars, $3, $4 and $10.

Boat-shaped compotes with fauns' heads in relief, $12.

Tall water-jugs with loop handles, $4 each.

Dinner plates, $24 the dozen.

Bread and butter plates, $15 the dozen.

Soup plates, $24 the dozen.

Tea-cups and saucers, $24 the dozen.

After-dinner coffee cups, $21 the dozen.

Platters, $5 and $6.

Serving dishes, $5 and $6.

Fourth Floor, Old Bldg.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, AUGUST 2, 1920.

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Harlem...2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.

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Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn.....401 Fulton Street
Staten Island...93 Stuyv. Pl., New Brighton
Queens...317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
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Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25. THE ANNALIST (Mondays), per year, $5; Canada, $5.50; other countries, $6. Binder for 52 issues (one vol.), $1.25. THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2. TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), 1 year, $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25. TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $4; Canada, $4.50 (foreign $5). Per copy, 35c.

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THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8. THE NEW YORK TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes in the set—Illustrated—Cloth, $80; three-quarter leather, $100; full leather, $130—encyclopedic history European War.

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A GREAT PUBLIC LESSON.

Details and applications of the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission to raise railroad rates, both for freight and passenger traffic, will require endless study. There is ample material for managers and shippers, merchants and consumers to exercise their wits upon. The framing of the new schedules will involve heavy labor. They cannot be put into force without provoking disputes and complaints. The experts and the lawyers will be busy. Economists will be keen to detect the reflection of the higher rates in higher prices, and to debate whether it is just or not. But all this controversial and intricate matter may be put one side for the moment and attention fixed upon the larger aspects and the more immediate lessons of the commission's decision.

It ought to bite certain useful truths into the public mind. A great deal of ignorance and credulity has been afloat respecting railroads. Their business was somehow thought to stand apart from all other. Elsewhere it was admitted that if a service cost more you had to pay more for it. In any other buying and selling no one denied that if receipts steadily fell below expenditures bankruptcy was imminent. But the railroad business has been vaguely felt by the public to be "different." In it you could both eat your cake and have it. You could pile up overhead and forget all about income. There has seemed to be a current belief that the railroads were in possession of a Fortunatus purse, out of which any sums needed could magically be drawn. Raise the wages of the railway employés, of course; that is only right and just, and should have been done long ago. But when after that step, A, it is argued that the next step, B, must be an increase in rates, an angry outcry has followed. Let the roads find the money in some other way than by raising their charges for transportation. Let them "economize" urges the innocent Mr. GOMPERS. He is vague on ways and means, but would probably specify the high salaries of railway officials. Well, do not merely cut those salaries in half; abolish them altogether, and you would effect a saving of less than 1 per cent. of the amount that it is necessary to have in hand.

This is one great lesson now taught to the public. It might be called a lesson in simple arithmetic applied to the railroad business. Mathematical truth is said to be a matter of mental certainty. But one philosopher has contended that if men only had a strong enough personal interest in the case they would deny that two and two make four and contend that they really make three. Something very like that has been done in arguing the railroad question. Double wages and double the outlay for coal and cars and engines, and still, shippers and labor leaders have gravely contended, the roads can transport goods and passengers for the same rates as before. Thus the railroad two added to two has meant only three—or, at most, three and one-half. But all that nonsense is now forever ended. The commission appointed to protect the public, as well as to be just to the railroads, has thrashed the whole matter out and decided that the rules of arithmetic must prevail. The Interstate Commerce Commission has notoriously been reluctant to advance railway rates. It has hitherto delayed and compromised. But now, when finally brought face to face with the ultimate facts, it has refused any longer to make two bites of the cherry and has awarded to the railroads a scale of rates which is figured to be sufficient to absorb the $600,000,000 in higher wages recently granted, to provide the necessary new equipment and enlargement of facilities and to insure the reasonable return on their investment which the law undertakes to guarantee. It is a large and wholesome decision. Not only should it clear up railroad congestion; it should also clear the public mind of a deal of cant about railroads.

Another thing which it should help to clarify is men's ideas about public ownership of railroads. One member of the commission itself thinks it fitting to express regret that the period of Government control was not continued. In that case, he seems to believe, the rates need not have been raised. But the only reason why they would not have had to be is that the deficit might then have been paid out of the Treasury. The railroads could have been kept going by the proceeds of taxation; they are now to be kept going by a higher charge for their services. The money would have to be found just as inevitably under Government ownership as under private management. The decision of the commission should make this plain even to the wayfaring man.

The country may well take heart at the courage and broad views of the Commerce Commission in grappling with the big problem. The quibbling and niggardly policy of past years has now been given up for a clear and sound dealing with the fundamentals of the question. The railroads are to be given a chance to live. Upon the responsibility which the new outlook throws upon their managers we need not dwell. We believe that they will rise to it and that by prompt action in accordance with the verdict of the commission the return of the roads to private control may be signalized by marked public benefits.

ALTERED WHILE YOU WAIT.

This is evidently going to be the most obliging Republican campaign ever heard of. Its sole aim is to please, and if anything it does fails to please, alterations will be made while the people—the customers—wait. First we had the front-porch policy definitely fixed. Senator HARDING gave it to be understood that he did not consider it either necessary or dignified to tour the country. But as this didn't seem to suit, it presently appeared that the candidate would not object to speaking in two or three cities—say New York, Chicago, Minneapolis. But there would be no further yielding. The bulk of the speaking would be hammock talks in Marion. Soon, however, Senator PENROSE and Chairman HAYS discovered that this would not meet the popular taste at all. And now it is announced that Senator HARDING will go out and hustle for his election just as if he were a wretched Democrat. And the Republican Treasurer seizes the occasion to notify intending contributors that they need not keep their checks down to $1,000. That limit was virtuously proclaimed in advance, but as the money is not coming forward as needed, the maximum acceptable will be raised as high as you like. It is all most accommodating in the Republican managers. Perhaps they will soon be giving notice that money will be returned if the goods are not as advertised. A Bowery dealer in second-hand clothes could scarcely be more obsequious or insinuating.

A RUSSIAN BONAPARTE?

The rise of a Napoleon from the Russian revolution has been predicted for so long that it is well to be a little cautious in accepting the story that the army now marching through Poland is ignoring orders from the Soviet Government and that a Bolshevist army corps in the Caucasus has revolted. The former is a good deal more plausible than the latter, but either needs a good deal of confirmation. There is no doubt, however, that the war against the traditional enemy did much to arouse Russian national patriotism and military spirit. Whether or not BRUSILOFF and other famous Generals of the old régime are playing any prominent part in the Russian offensive, there is no doubt that great numbers of officers are willingly fighting for LENIN against Poland who have no love for Communism, or even for the revolution.

At any rate the situation lays one more burden upon allied statesmen. A powerful army which thinks of Russia rather than of LENIN might eventually upset or greatly alter the Bolshevist administration of the country. On the other hand, it might be as dangerous to Poland and other border States as the Bolsheviki. LENIN may quite possibly offer to let go of Poland on condition that the Allies recognize his Government. Mr. KRASSIN, to be sure, insists that the economic negotiations with the great Powers are entirely separate from relations with the border States and that Russia will make a peace with Poland without interference from other nations. But Poland is a hostage, and an extremely valuable one. The Allies must pay a high price if necessary to save the national existence of Poland, and LENIN, knowing this, is very likely to use his military advantage as a club to enforce his demand for recognition.

But suppose that, after the Allies agreed to recognize the Soviet Government in exchange for easy peace terms to Poland, LENIN's army got out of hand and swept through Warsaw anyway. The French Foreign Office believes that secret orders to the army from Moscow are giving the lie to Soviet professions to the Allies. The possible involutions and combinations of these divergent interests will call for statesmanship such as neither Mr. LLOYD GEORGE nor Mr. MILLERAND has hitherto displayed, while our own State Department has contributed nothing to the settlement of the Russian problem except for its entirely proper solicitude that the Japanese shall not cut off the eastern end of Siberia by way of compensation for the Nikolaievsk affair. The Polish nation cannot be killed; history has shown that. But it is by no means certain that all Russians realize it, and a new Russian occupation of Poland could put off the ultimate pacification of Europe for an indefinite term of years. But the foundation stone of all policy respecting Russia must be a frank recognition of the fact that there can be no secure and lasting peace in Europe until the Russians have got rid of Bolshevism.

LITCHFIELD'S BICENTENARY.

Thousands of motorists and "Summer people" have a kindly recollection of the Connecticut town of Litchfield, rich in parks, spacious of elm-fringed streets; of its old houses, its air of quiet leisure and distinction. Far from an ancient town in the Nutmeg sense, it is commemorating this week the two hundredth anniversary of its settlement, though it did not so early get its name, whose inserted "t" doesn't keep it from recalling the antique Staffordshire cathedral town, Dr. JOHNSON and JOE ADDISON and DAVY GARRICK. Litchfield is far from being one of those American villages where, as MATTHEW ARNOLD said, rather superciliously, nothing ever has happened and nothing ever will happen. It is prolific in historic memories and associations.

To Litchfield in 1776 a once distinguished figure of our Bowling Green, the statue of GEORGE III., traveled, only to be melted and turned into bullets for the old Continentals in their ragged regimentals by the women folk. Judge REEVE'S law school, the first of American law schools, established in 1784, had the art of producing much more than its quota of famous men. JOHN C. CALHOUN, LEVI WOODBURY, JOHN M. CLAYTON plunged into Blackstone there.

Litchfield is a delightful place to live in. It has been an auspicious place to be born in. There ETHAN ALLEN—a peppery baby, probably—first breathed the vital air; and the Rev. JOHN PIERPONT, whose verses used to be mouthed by boys of the '60s, nurtured on "School Speakers," and who was to be the ancestor of more golden numbers; and CHARLES LORING BRACE, the philanthropist, and the WOLCOTTS, variously renowned in many States and generations, and HENRY WARD BEECHER and HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Nobly has Litchfield played her part in the world; a little village, mother of sons and daughters unforgettable. Nor should her early share in advanced instruction for women be neglected. A hundred years ago the Litchfield Female Seminary, founded by SARAH PIERCE in 1792, was famous and excellent in art. The commemoration began yesterday and lasts four days. "We desire all our guests to "feel as much at home as if they were "on the premises," says The Litchfield Enquirer, "and promise them "that there will be no midway and "carnival features, and that they will "not be pestered by men wishing to "sell them all sorts of things in order "to fatten their own pockets." Litchfield is "old school," and has a proper sense of her historical and scenic dignity.

THE PAN AMERICAN COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

The Panama Legation at Washington has just made public a plan of the Government of Panama which promises to be fruitful in the increase of commerce and comity among the Central, South and North American Republics. On Jan. 1 the Pan American College of Commerce will begin its courses of thorough study, two of six months every year, in all branches of business and economic relation between the sister republics. The students, who might be called "graduate" or "advanced" students, will be members of Chambers of Commerce or other commercial associations, of colleges in both continents, of houses engaged in foreign commerce. The Government of Panama has generously housed the new institution in the Fine Arts Building on the Exposition grounds.

The Panamian Chargé d'Affaires, Mr. LEFEVRE, says aptly that the college "will be the first 'Plattsburg' "or training camp for the international field of business ever organized, and it is most fitting that it "should have its seat at Panama, "which is geographically, and on account of the canal, the point of contact between the two Americas." Indeed, there couldn't be a better site for an institution of such aims than that cross-roads of the world, where not only North and South, but East and West meet; almost an international college itself. Not merely international trade but international friendship, founded on understanding, should be furthered by this college.

Its administration is to be in the capable hands of Mr. JOHN BARRETT, lately Director General of the Pan American Union, who has been American Minister to three Latin American States and has done more than any other American to foster commerce and good feeling between the two Americas. He is to be President of the Administrative Council; and Dr. CLARENCE J. OWENS, sometime Economic Commissioner for Panama and a trained economist, is to be Executive Director. Well planned and well manned, the Pan American College of Commerce should have a long and widely useful life.

THE BEAVER EXONERATED.

Praise of the quaintly industrious beaver, lately brought back to the White Mountains, and especially the declaration that no forest reservation is complete without him, has evoked remonstrance from Dr. SINCLAIR TOUSEY, who remembers a statement that Castor yearly causes damage in New York State estimated at $2,000,000. As beavers are unknown in many parts of the Adirondacks and do not eat cone-bearing trees, the figure has an element of improbability. What Dr. TOUSEY has in mind is perhaps an article reprinted from The San Francisco Bulletin which states that in the Walla Walla Valley, Washington, where beavers are still plentiful, they cause an annual damage of $15,000.

Unquestionably the beaver does not commend himself as a neighbor to the Western fruit-grower. Though an aboriginal canal maker of the first water, and reputed to be otherwise humanly intelligent, he seems not to know the difference between a river and an irrigation ditch. In the reclaimed lands he builds his dams across the laboriously constructed canals, threatening the farmers below with drought, and, when his earthworks are irately and persistently torn out he is equally irate and persistent in building them up again. Though his favorite food is the most justly despised of woods, poplar, he will eat hardwood at a pinch. One of the bitterest wails from Walla Walla is that in a single orchard he got away with forty prune trees. If the beaver really enjoys the prune in any form the major portion of humanity will bid godspeed to him. Even the curious folk who set out and tend such orchards do not say that beavers should be exterminated. They recommend only that they be captured alive "if possible"—a formidable condition—and "removed to the national forest "reserves, where they can do no "harm."

Our forest rangers will scarcely miss the "popple" which Castor finds esculent. The trees that are killed by his artificial ponds can easily be cut down, leaving the landscape enriched by many a mirror of woodland beauty. If eventually he multiplies and swarms upon us, the game law can always be lifted. That would be a great relief to the ladies—who, it appears, can no longer afford to wear furs in midsummer. Even at the worst the beaver would insure some portions of this perturbed planet against the pervasive prune. Most people would welcome him anywhere, and, decidedly, no forest reservation is complete without him.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Demand Hard to Refuse.

New York's taxpayers are more than likely to wince as they note that the President of the Board of Education announces his intention to demand that the Board of Estimate include in the coming city budget appropriations for his department amounting to $38,690,910. He wants, among other things, eighteen new schoolhouses for children below the high school grade, and last on his list he places a new headquarters building and site to cost $3,000,000.

The wincing of the taxpayers will be the more pronounced because they are well aware that to calls upon their purses made in the name of education they can make but one response, and that it will not do to growl too audibly in granting what is asked. The children must be served, and it is American instinct as well as American habit to spend on public schools enough to give every child in any given community as much of elementary education as in that particular community is considered essential both to individual and general welfare and safety.

In New York, as in the rest of the country, the war stopped the building of the schoolhouses required for meeting the needs of increasing population, and now we must provide sittings all at once for the children for whom provision should have been made in each of the years since 1914. President PRALL, evidently to head off complaints over spending so much for schools this year, says we ought to find consolation in thinking about the years when we spent next to nothing for the increasing of school facilities.

That sounds like a good argument for enduring with resignation a rise of several points in the tax rate for meeting educational needs, but in looking back over the years he mentioned one doesn't remember any lowering of taxes because new schoolhouses were not built.

Schoolhouses Out in the Suburbs.

Among the questions raised by the President of the Board of Education in his statement of his department's needs is whether the new schoolhouses should be built, as first thought dictates, in the congested districts, where children on half time or less already are numbered by many thousands, or whether the buildings should be put in the outskirts of the city, where there is still much vacant land and, consequently, fewer children.

This doesn't seem much of a problem, or rather it seems a rather foolish one, until it is remembered that to build more schools in the crowded wards will tend to keep them crowded, with all the ills that go with crowding, while the opposite influence will be exerted if the dwellers in the congested areas are confronted with the alternative either of staying where they are, and finding it difficult and expensive to send their children to school, or of moving to parts of the city which, though distant from the places where the parents are employed, are easily, cheaply and rapidly reached by utilizing the subways in which the city already has invested so much money.

That consideration decidedly changes the aspect of President PRALL'S question, and at least throws doubt on what would probably have been most people's first answer to it.

His Field Was the World.

There were a good many people on and near this edge of our large country to whom WILLIAM MARION REEDY and Reedy's Mirror, the weekly political and literary journal which he had long published out in St. Louis, were unknown until last week, when they saw his death recorded in their own papers. That fact probably lends something of support to the charge that Eastern folk are a provincial, even a parochial, lot, and that their self-esteem would be better justified if they had as much information about the considerable part of the United States which is not on the Atlantic coast as the inhabitants of that part have about this part and its people and doings.

However that may be—and the charge is only half true, or only true in a way—neither REEDY nor Reedy's Mirror was provincial or parochial. Addressing particularly the Mississippi Valley, they were attentive to new art movements and new literary figures that appeared anywhere in America or in Europe, and occasionally claimed priority in discovering them.

Mr. REEDY had style and energy, and he was worth reading, whether he discussed Far Eastern diplomacy, Missouri politics or free verse. In manner, voice and dress he was unmistakably mid-Western. Intellectually he was a cosmopolite. His sudden death has evoked merited praise for the generous recognition he often gave young writers, and his service to American letters in that direction bulked large; but in the perspective of time his reputation probably will rest upon the larger trait.

A Delicacy No Longer Appreciated.

Terrapin, their present, past and future, are discussed at length and with much knowledge in the current number of The Scientific Monthly by Dr. R. E. COKER of the United States Bureau of Fisheries. These estimable, and very costly, reptiles are of angelic harmlessness and interesting habits, and it is surprising to read that they are found as far north as Buzzards Bay.

Not numerous anywhere nowadays, it is still in Delaware and Chesapeake Bays that they are oftenest captured, and there, too, they are of better quality—as food—than in the warmer waters further south. They can be reared in captivity without much trouble, and many are, but two things now threaten their fame as providing the choicest dish for stately banquets—the difficulty of getting the sherry supposed to be essential for their proper preparation for the table, and the asserted dying out of people who care enough about what they eat to spend for a single dish what terrapin long have cost.

A veteran dealer in the diamondbacks says that, as his old customers go one after another on the longest of journeys, their places are not filled by the rising generation. This statement is in strange contrast with what one hears so often about the luxury and extravagance of the rich in these days. They draw the line at terrapin!

Mrs. Robinson's Statement.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to correct an inaccurate statement made in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Wednesday, July 28, under the incorrect caption of "Mrs. Douglas Robinson Defends Senator Wadsworth in the Name of Theodore Roosevelt."

The facts are as follows:

At a meeting of the chairmen of the Women's Republican State Committee, Miss Collier quoted a criticism made of Senator Wadsworth by my brother, Colonel Roosevelt, six years ago in connection with "Big Business" (not woman's suffrage). I felt it fair to state that, while the quotation may have been correct, Colonel Roosevelt had spoken with approval during the two years before he died of Senator Wadsworth's stand for preparedness in the Senate. I also said that, were Senator Wadsworth the chosen nominee of the Republican Party for Senator from New York State, I believed my brother would have been behind him.

These are the actual facts of what took place.

CORINNE ROOSEVELT ROBINSON.
Mohawk, N. Y., July 29, 1920.

BOUNCING BETSY.

Once on a time, when the days they were young,
Dainty Queen Betty sate her to her throne;
Lovesome she was, like wild roses among
Thickets and lanes where drunk bumble-bees drone.
Fair was Queen Betty—and knew it, too!—
Laughed at herself in the pool, and blew
Kisses to herself as she danced and sung
Fairy-bell tunes in the garden, alone.

Came then gold slants of the long afternoon;
June time it was—motes a-flit in the sun—
Shadows tiptoeing in velvety shoon,
Cloud-laughter dimpling the face of the run.
Foolish she was—Betty knew it, too!—
But in her heart a wild longing grew—
Longing to be with the stars and the moon
There where white flax of the Three Wives is spun.

Oh, but to happy her with vagrant night!
Be a road vagabond, hair to the breeze!
Kirtle flower-filled, held up tight—this way!—tight!
Silver shoon tripping a go-as-y'-please!
Foolish was Betty—she knew it so!—
But, said she, old throne and crown they might—Go!
If only in gardens of Heart's Delight
For one little hour she might 'joy her ease.

So borrowed—think it!—Queen from maid!—
A pinky stuff gown with a fluty frill;
Cloaked her and stole in the dark, unafraid,
On to the gypsy road, all earth a-thrill,
T' songs she made up as she danced round about.
None but the King's jester knew she was out.
Never a one—and, what think you he played?—
Fool Cap-and-Bells . . . turned the key . . . powerful still!

Terrible still! . . . when she knocked and he let
Dainty Queen Betty stay . . . out . . . in the cold.
Sweet, foolish Betty, with dewdamps drenched wet;
Draggled pink frilly gown, tattered and old;
And—and (a body scarce mouths it for tears)—
Since then she's knocked and she's cried, years on years,
To be let in just to give to the poor maid
Back the pink gown changed for Queen's cloth-o'-gold.

OLLAH TOPH.

THE JEWS IN POLAND.

A Statement as to the Attitude of Their Co-Religionists Here.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My attention has been called to the fact that the publication in Thursday's TIMES in the form of a paid advertisement from The Day, of the complete British report on the condition of the Jews in Poland, may be construed as an attempt on the part of The Day to discredit Poland before American public opinion. Permit me, therefore, to clarify the position of The Day, as well as express my personal feelings with regard to this matter.

After official investigations by our own Government and by the Government of Great Britain have shown to the world what the Jewish people have suffered in Poland during the past few years at the hands of the Polish armies and Government officials, Prince Lubomirski issued a statement denying all the facts brought out in these investigations. This statement appeared in THE TIMES of July 27, while no word of the official reports which proved the contrary has been published in your paper.

[THE TIMES on Jan. 19 printed in full the report of Henry Morgenthau, the American Commissioner who was sent to investigate conditions in Poland, on the Jewish pogroms in that country.]

Prince Lubomirski's statement, if accepted by the American people, must necessarily put to naught all the efforts on the part of American Jewry to protect their brethren in Poland against further outrages, and brand as falsifiers and instigators the prominent Americans and Englishmen who have been intrusted with the investigating work.

The Day, as the national Jewish daily, exists for the purpose of defending the cause of the Jews wherever it is being unjustly attacked. In this instance, The Day felt that, since the American public has been given one side of the story, it is right and fair, in justice to the hundreds of massacred Jewish men, women and children, that it be given the other side and let the American people judge for themselves which is the truth.

The Day—and I might say the entire Jewish press—does not wish to cast any slur on Poland in its present crisis, and it will gladly render its support to the new Polish Government if it will show any tendency to give the Jews a square deal. We read with great satisfaction of the efforts of the new Government to establish friendly relations with the Jewish population by conferring with Jewish leaders, and we heartily wish and pray for the entire success of this attempt. We have no greater desire than to see peace and prosperity restored to the entire population in Poland, including the Jews, and we are willing to help to the limit of our means toward this end.

MORRIS WEINBERG,
President, The Day.
New York, July 30, 1920.

WHERE THE LEAGUE FAILS.

This Hope of the Whole World Has a Democratic Sponsor.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In her letter to THE TIMES Miss Victoria D. Ozier hits the nail smack on the head. Your conduct in attempting to "cram the League of Nations down the throats of the American public" has been most reprehensible. It matters not that the American public, in common with the whole world, hungers for some means of international co-operation by which war may be averted; nor that philosophers have dreamed and poets have sung of a "Parliament of Man, a Féderation of the World." It makes no difference that leading statesmen of both political parties have agreed that the League, substantially as it has been written and adopted by the majority of the nations, great and small, marks a tremendous advance toward world peace, and is the only means in sight for preventing the insane tragedy of war.

The point to be considered is that this League was sponsored and to no small degree molded by a Democrat, from whose party no good thing can come. Know you not that the Republican Party is the Lord's anointed, from whom alone proceed acts of merit and probity and measures for the public weal? And you have dared to criticise that party, have treated it with levity, and even with ridicule! And you have done this in good English, which makes it still more sacrilegious on your part! If your diction were not so unimpeachable, if it had, for example, more of the "normalcy" of Senator Harding's utterance, it might not have such dangerous potency in winning the reading public from the true faith.

In vulgar parlance, "Have a heart!" The Republican Party, after eight lean and hungry years, is striving pathetically and desperately to get back into power. It has just held a convention, amid great discomfort, and adopted a platform which is as hard to stand upon as the trick stairway at Coney Island. But they are doing their best. They are trying to get their forces together and soothe their various factions; patting the irreconcilables on the back and coaxing their statesmen of opposite beliefs to gather at the festal board of harmony. And one by one they are lining up and swallowing their knock-out drops. It is a tense and delicate situation. Stand back, I implore you, and give them air!

And for their dauntless standard bearer, Harding, how dare you insinuate that he is not the great original force that shall move mountains, and, if elected, bring about all the much needed legislation which the Republicans have deferred, with the twofold purpose of discrediting the present Administration and of supplying themselves with material for shining achievements in the coming Republican renaissance? Does not the nation know that where the Old Guard leads Harding is fearless to follow? Where others have paved the way and laid down the issues, Harding stands like adamant, steadfast for expediency.

In this solemn hour, when the G. O. P. is writhing and palpitating in its struggle to amalgamate; when its true statesmen are striving to look pleasant while having some of their highest convictions amputated; when the rank and file of "first voters" scramble for the elephant's back, with only one conviction—that at all hazards and at any sacrifice they must beat the Democrats and send Woodrow Wilson to oblivion—in this auspicious and fateful hour for you to stand unimpressed, marring the sanctity of the occasion with sarcasm and levity; for you to flout the will of the Old Guard and impugn the motives and the patriotism of our noble Senators; above all, for you to belittle the qualifications and cast reflections on the statesmanship of the most amiable candidate since McKinley—this is sinful and pernicious beyond utterance!

Words fail me, or I should say much more scathing things. But if, after this verbal slap on the wrist, you still persist, in perfect English, in lauding your "pet" project, the League of Nations, you are not merely "shocking," you are perfectly horrid!

HORRIFIED HANK.
New York, July 30, 1920.

OUR DIVIDED NAVY.

Questions of American Policy Brought to the Front by the Proposed Panama Manœuvres.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The glowing announcement given out from Washington on July 27 of the great feats that are to be performed near Panama when our Atlantic and Pacific fleets come together in January shows a conception of naval power that is not only deplorable but dangerous. It evidences a belief on the part of the persons who made the announcement that naval power consists mainly, if not wholly, in a large aggregation of large ships carrying large guns and torpedoes. If it does not evidence this state of mind, it evidences an attempt to persuade the people of the United States that such are the constituents of naval power.

The idea that mere aggregations of men and material constitute fighting forces is as old as history and is one of the most serious mistakes that history records. Under the influence of such ideas the Persians sent their enormous hordes to fight against Alexander; the savages of Gaul hurled themselves against the phalanxes of Caesar, and the Austrians and Piedmontese took the field against Napoleon. Under the influence of ideas exactly the reverse, Alexander, Caesar and Napoleon crushed the unskillfully trained hordes that came against them. Under the influence of such ideas as the announcement from Washington discloses, all the inefficiently trained and led forces in all the wars of history went down. Under the influence of ideas exactly the reverse, all the great commanders of history have led their armies and fleets to victory.

If there is any one fact that history proves more clearly than any other fact, it is that any fighting force, in order to serve the purpose for which its nation maintains it, must be drilled as a single fighting force. The reason that a club is so effective as a weapon is because it is not a loose aggregation of molecules, weakly held together, but a compact and coherent mass, all of whose particles are firmly held together, each part supporting every other part and forming together a single unit, which can be directed to a given definite purpose. The whole effort of organization and training is to make the various component parts of a fighting force to resemble a club as nearly as possible; to the end that in the hands of its commander it can be directed as a unit to a single definite purpose and inflict a definite blow at a definite point.

The smaller an organization is, the more easily this unity of purpose and directness of effort can be attained. But even with the nine men who constitute a baseball team or the eleven men that constitute a football team, a great deal of the most intensive effort is required, despite the fact that very few men are to be trained to act together, and that the material which they work with is of the simplest possible description, consisting merely of a ball and a bat. The greater the number of men in any organization and the greater the skill required to manage the mechanism, the greater the difficulty, of course, in accomplishing the unity of effort needed. Not only this, but the greater the difference in the ultimate results which an organization can accomplish, if it be well trained or not trained. This means that the larger and more important an organization becomes the greater are the difficulties met in achieving unity of effort, but the greater the necessity for achieving it.

The most powerful organizations in the world are fleets. Without doubt the British fleet is the most powerful military organization in the world. It is the most powerful not only because it has the greatest number of fighting ships and fighting men, but because the influence of Admiral Lord Fisher, reinforced by the effects of the great war, have made the British fleet so compact, so coherent, so thoroughly trained, that all its units are simply parts of one great unit that can be used as a veritable club against Great Britain's enemies.

In other words, the British Navy is an organization that was not thrown together haphazard and thoughtlessly, but an organism embodying not only mere material strength but brains. The direction of the British Navy has been able and skilful. Can this last remark be made about the United States Navy?

If any thoughtful man goes on board any of our ships and observes the skill and precision with which all work is done, he would surely declare in the affirmative. But the same thoughtful man, with further knowledge of the operations of the Navy Department itself, would surely answer in the negative. He would surely answer in the negative because he would see that, although the individual ships are good materially, and although there are many good ships of all classes, yet the ships are so deficient in personnel, and the personnel therefore have so little opportunity for really performing their work effectively, that the ships themselves are not effective fighting units. He would find also that the navy as a whole is weak in the place where it is most dangerous for it to be weak, that is, at the head. He would find (doubtless to his great surprise) that although the United States has a navy, it has no fleet!

This thoughtful observer would find that, instead of having one grand fleet, as Great Britain has, it has two fleets, neither of which is grand at all. He would find that not only are our naval vessels put into two divided fleets, instead of into one grand fleet, but that these two fleets are out of supporting distance of each other and are, in fact, in two separate oceans—the Atlantic and the Pacific. He would find that, despite the facts that the United States Navy was the first to establish a Naval War College, and that this Naval War College is admitted to be the best in the world, and despite the fact that the navy includes scores of officers who have graduated from this college and many other officers who have taken its correspondence course—yet nevertheless the teachings of this War College are openly and flagrantly violated in the management of the fighting force of the navy!

The most open and flagrant violation of the teachings of the Naval War College is the dividing of the American naval force into two fleets, unsupported by each other, unable to manoeuvre together continuously as one fleet, and unable, therefore, to fulfill the purpose for which they were created and are now maintained by the United States.

Experience has shown that a year is all too short a time in which to carry out the exercises and manoeuvres necessary to make a fleet efficient as a real fighting force; yet the Navy Department calmly announces that not only are the two fleets to remain separated, but that even their junction in January, 1921, is to be so brief that "exercises and drills will be simple and mainly of a competitive nature, including unofficial athletic competitions between representatives of the two fleets and of individual ships. The main object of the mobilization will be to give officers and men an opportunity to compare notes and meet for a few weeks of good-natured rivalry."

Such a naval junket is a senseless waste of Government money; and any attempt to persuade the people that it constitutes a useful mobilization is to make fun of naval training.

July 31, 1920. AMERICUS.

RAYMOND ROBINS ANSWERS.

Denial That Confidential Papers Were Supplied by Him to Trotzky.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The absurdities so frequently published regarding men and events in the Russian revolution are so insignificant and unimportant in the revolutionary struggle of a great people that one may well ignore such absurdly false and hearsay statements as that of Professor Milyoukoff, to the effect that I brought out of Russia a carload of platinum to finance a world revolution. This story is no more absurd than the false and ridiculous "conclusion" of Ambassador Francis to the effect that, if his informant was not mistaken, either I or one of my attachés must have given to Trotzky the confidential diplomatic message which was used by Trotzky as the basis of a most virulent attack upon the American Ambassador, the American Red Cross and Americans generally. This conclusion, which is stated in the introduction written by Mr. Francis to a book recently published, has been repeated at least twice in your columns.

Although I assume it was intended as an attack upon me, it carried a false and cowardly slur upon the integrity and loyalty of honorable men with whom I was privileged to be associated in Russia. I did not give this message to Trotzky, as the Ambassador sees fit to conclude upon hearsay evidence, nor did any of my associates. The message in question was filed in the regular way, long before Mr. Kolpaschnikoff's arrest, in the records of the American Red Cross in Russia. It was written on thin paper and pasted, with other messages, in a book which was constantly in the custody of the secretary of the mission, and was kept by him, with other records, in an iron safe. It can be produced today in its original condition, showing the date when it was received and filed. Upon it is the official note of the embassy, giving date of delivery, showing a week's delay.

The Ambassador's conclusion is based upon the hearsay statement of Mr. Kolpaschnikoff, to the effect that the copy of this message given to him was overlooked by the Bolsheviki who searched his apartment. The character of this search, as disclosed by Mr. Kolpaschnikoff in his own book, was such that it would appear most improbable that any such paper could possibly have been overlooked, and the fact is that the papers published by Trotzky consisted not merely of this telegram, but of many other papers equally embarrassing, which were not and could not have been at any time in my possession. Mr. Kolpaschnikoff's book was written to tell the story of his arrest and imprisonment. He does not hesitate frequently and most unjustly to attack the American Red Cross and me personally, but nowhere does he state that his copy of the telegram was overlooked by the Bolsheviki, and that consequently I, or one of my associates, must have furnished it to Trotzky, which forms the basis of the Ambassador's reckless charge.

Months after the Ambassador says he reached this so-called conclusion that either I or one of my associates had betrayed his confidence he testified fully before the Senate committee regarding my activities in Russia, but did not even mention this incident.

I have neither the time nor the inclination to answer the other absurd and foolish statements regarding the American Red Cross and myself which appear upon the pages of this book, to which the American Ambassador has seemed to give credence, except to say that the record of the Ambassador's testimony before the Senate committee, supplemented by documents bearing his signature, conclusively disposes of the possibility of any claim that I was engaged in a political plot to discredit the American Ambassador. On the contrary, the proofs establish that I was in continual co-operation with him upon terms of the utmost confidence during the period in question. The one man who knew more than any other regarding my relations to the Bolsheviki was David R. Francis, the American Ambassador. He has testified under oath that these relations existed with his official sanction.

So far as Mr. Kolpaschnikoff's statements involve the relief work of the American Red Cross, the records of that body abundantly disprove his charges. RAYMOND ROBINS.
New York, July 29, 1920.

Automobile License Refund.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Automobilists in New York City are wondering what Secretary of State Hugo is going to do about the extra dollar paid by them for their automobile licenses way back last January through an error of his office. THE TIMES said on Jan. 21, "Secretary of State Hugo has decided that the fee for renewing the license of an operator of a motor vehicle in New York City should be $1, instead of $2, as had been charged. Motor vehicle drivers who already have paid the $2 fee will have $1 refunded on application to the State Automobile Bureau." That was way back last January. It is now the first of August and the money has not yet been refunded. On May 11 Secretary of State Hugo wrote that "the matter of refunding the excess fee of $1 will be taken up in due course from our Albany office." Just what the Albany office considers "due course" is not evident. The question now is, When will that dollar be returned?

GRENVILLE HOWARD.
Douglaston, July 30, 1920.

French Marriage Laws.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In a recent article in your paper, headed "To Make Marriage Easier for French," your Paris correspondent affirms flatly that no Frenchman can marry without the consent of his parents.

I oppose to this fantastic statement the most formal denial. Consent of the parents is not demanded by French law, except for minors. After passing twenty-one years the French can do without this consent if they please. JEAN CERF.
New York, July 30, 1920.

ITALIANS MOB VILLA FOR AMERICAN GIRL

Case of Anna Wright, Aired in Florence Courts, Leads to Demonstration.

APPEASED ON VIEWING HOME

Week of Inquiry on Girl's Sanity Followed Her Cries for Aid from Window.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MILAN, Aug. 1.—For a week the people of Florence have been in a state of intense excitement over the mystery of Miss Anna Wright, a young American heiress, said to be worth $60,000,000, who was said to be kept prisoner in an upper apartment of the palatial Villa Bragiotti, in the environs of the city, on the plea of being afflicted with precocious madness. She is a tall, sweet faced, light-haired young woman, now 24 years old.

Two other persons figuring in the case, which is now occupying the attention of the judicial authorities, are the mother, formerly Mrs. Leila Wright, who is supposed to be nearing the 60's, and her second husband, Count Emilio Del Sela, who is 39. Some published reports of the inquiry caused a large and angry crowd from Florence to invade the villa gardens last evening. Preparations were being made to rush the house and carry off the young woman, when the King's Procurator appeased the mob by obtaining permission for a deputation to visit the victim and inspect her quarters.

In reports of the case the local press has openly disputed Count Del Sela's right to a title, and now says that, while in America some years ago, he began courting Miss Anna Wright, his present stepdaughter, after having striven in vain to win the favor of a rich widow, said to be a Mrs Mackay of New York.

It was Miss Anna Wright who introduced Del Sela to her widowed mother, whom he subsequently married in London in 1914. In the following March they brought Anna to Italy, where, it is declared, she has been held in rigid and solitary confinement ever since, though their place of residence has been often changed. The domestics have been forbidden to hold any sort of conversation with her.

To divers guests and to passers-by, attracted beneath the iron-grilled windows by her cries for deliverance, the girl has asserted that the real reason of her five years' captivity is the determination of her mother and stepfather that her fortune should not elude their control through her contemplated marriage, and that she is desirous of rejoining a wealthy married sister, Mrs. Pyne, who, she said, is living in New York.

The girl is under the perpetual vigilance of three nurses, each with an eight-hour turn. Moreover, it is charged that she is sometimes bound with thongs and never allowed to receive visitors, even those in the household, or to stir out from her locked and grated abode for exercise in the spacious wooded grounds around the villa.

According to the testimony of the gardener and domestic servants, the Count and Countess, who pass much of their time at the pleasure resorts of Viareggio and Vallombrosa, very rarely visit her, even when residing at the villa.

The Countess Del Sela, as Mrs. Eben Wright, was formerly prominent in society here, but has been absent from this country most of the time since her marriage to Count Del Sela in London on July 17, 1913. Miss Anna Wright is her younger daughter and her elder daughter is Mrs. Grafton H. Pyne of this city. Mrs. Pyne, with whom her sister is reported to desire to make her home, could not be reached last night at her home, 36 East Thirty-sixth Street.

Miss Henrietta Levy to Wed.

Chief Justice Aaron J. Levy of the Municipal Court announced the engagement of his sister, Henrietta Levy, daughter of Mrs. Anna Levy of 522 West 157th Street to Chester Siss of this city at a dinner Saturday evening at the Levy Summer place, Haines Falls, N. Y. The betrothal is the culmination of a seven-year romance, dating back to high school days, and the marriage is to be early in the Autumn. Mr. Siss served overseas during the war as a lieutenant, attached to the Air Service as a ground officer.

Connery—Kelley Wedding.

Timothy Francis Connery of the staff of THE TIMES and Miss Catherine Ann Kelley of Brooklyn were married yesterday afternoon at St. Paul's Church, Court Street, in that borough. The Rev. Father George Dawson performed the ceremony in the presence of the families of the pair and their friends. Miss Elizabeth Halpin attended the bride, and James A. Cullan was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Connery left town later to spend their honeymoon in the Catskills.

RAILROADS TO ASK INTRASTATE RISE

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

merce Commission to establish a revolving fund to be used for making loans to the carriers or for purchasing equipment to be leased to them.

The estimated net income to be received by the three groups of roads is fixed at 6 per cent. of the valuation placed on those groups by the commission. On a valuation of $8,800,000,000 the Eastern roads would receive $528,000,000. They asked for a return of $550,400,000 and are receiving a standard return from the Government of $354,700,000, or approximately $200,000,000 less than they sought.

The valuation of the Western roads, including those in the new Mountain-Pacific territory set up by the commission for the purposes of the rate decision, is placed at $8,100,000,000. The Western roads thus would receive an estimated net operating income of $486,000,000, or about $50,000,000 less than the $537,800,000 which they sought. The standard return they are now receiving is $401,000,000.

Southern roads were valued by the commission at $2,000,000,000, so their net operating income would be $120,000,000. This is $16,000,000 less than the sum they sought and $18,000,000 less than the standard return of $138,000,000. The commission explained that the financial condition of the Southern carriers as a whole was more favorable than that of the roads in the other groups.

WON'T ALLOW SELLERS TO MULTIPLY INCREASE

Department of Justice Will Check Up On Rises Following Rate Advance.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Officials of the Department of Justice were prepared today to take up the question of the increases in the costs of living which, it has been freely predicted, would follow the increase in freight rates granted yesterday to the railways by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

It was said by officials of the department that there was sufficient law to deal with any added price placed on a commodity in excess of the freight rate increase.

Investigators of the department, in connection with their inquiries into profiteering, have already established the base prices of most commodities and can easily determine when the producer, the wholesaler or the retailer is indulging in profiteering under the guise of increasing the price to absorb the increased freight rate.

An official said that Attorney General Palmer had already considered this situation and would get information which would enable the Department of Justice to act promptly if commodity prices were enlarged beyond the necessary increased freight rate charges. In the absence of Mr. Palmer, who is spending the week-end in his home in Stroudsburgh, this official in his office declined to explain the plans that would be followed by the department to prevent gouging when the freight rate increase becomes effective.

Experts Will Figure Added Costs.

Experts for the Interstate Commerce Commission have been ordered to work out wherever possible the exact amount of freight rate for different commodities in the several zones. This information will be made public about Sept. 1 and may prevent the retailer and others from increasing the prices on necessaries beyond the actual cost to him as represented in the freight rate increase.

In the opinion of those who have followed the investigations into high prices and profiteering only an aroused public sentiment will be effective in keeping the prices within justifiable limits.

Walker D. Hines, former Director General of the Railroads when the increases were discussed many months ago, estimated that the increase in the price of commodities to the consumer would be fivefold the freight rate increase. Subsequently, when his figures were attacked, he said that this increase had followed in many cases, and insisted that they would reach this height unless the Department of Justice acted promptly under the Lever act and prevented the producer, the wholesaler and the retailer from adding an amount in excess of the freight rate increase in each case. The increase might be kept down to threefold, he said, by rigid Governmental action.

Increases Multiplied by Five.

Mr. Hines pointed out that in 1903, when the price of coal was taxed 10 cents a ton at the mouth of the mines by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the operators increased the price 25 cents a ton to the dealer, who in turn raised the price to the consumer 50 cents a ton, a fivefold increase.

Another instance cited where this precedent was followed was in April last, when the coal miners were granted a wage increase of 40 cents a ton. Immediately the operators increased the price of coal $2 a ton—a fivefold increase to the consumer.

In the face of the present high living costs, there is great speculation here among economists and officials of the Government as to whether the economic rule that has been followed so religiously in such matters will remain true in the present instance. The present prices are so high, it is asserted, that to increase them to any great degree beyond the increased freight rate would cause great suffering and arouse the public to such a pitch as to demand the most rigid action by the Government. It is very difficult, it is pointed out by officials, to prevent the producer, the wholesaler and the retailer, each tacking on a profit in excess of the increased cost to him as represented by the freight rate increase.

CUYLER PRAISES AWARD.

Increases Will Meet All Requirements of the Roads, He Says.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 1.—T. DeWitt Cuyler, Chairman of the Railway Executives, said in an interview here tonight that he regarded the action of the Interstate Commerce Commission in the matter of rate increases to be broad-minded and patriotic, and that the increases granted were quite satisfactory, sufficient to enable the railroads greatly to increase and improve their service, with the hope and expectation of meeting every reasonable demand upon them.

There was no disposition or intention, Mr. Cuyler said, to ask for anything further than was granted in the new schedule, which he assumed already had been filed with the Interstate Commission.

WILL REDUCE PRICES, SAYS DANIEL WILLARD

Expects Higher Rates to be More Than Offset by Increased Business.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The $1,500,000,000 increase in rates granted the railroads will eventually lower the cost of living, despite increased charges to shippers, according to Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, who was in Chicago today.

"With rates and charges increased to provide $1,500,000,000 additional income annually the railroads of the United States will have the long awaited opportunity of buying new equipment, of extending service of new lines, of making railroad securities more attractive to investors and meeting increased wages," said Mr. Willard.

"I believe that the decesion, instead of increasing the cost of living, will have just the opposite effect. The rate decision will bring about renewed activity in the development of our railroads which will be reflected in the movement on an enlarged volume of business. The enlarged volume of business—the ability of the roads through added equipment and new branches of line to take care of more shipments—will mean a greater supply to the market and a consequent lowering of prices."

Mr. Willard expressed confidence in the future of the railroads under private management and declared the responsibility now rests upon the railroad managers, the Government bodies having "done their part."

The increases in rates are insufficient, in the view of Samuel O. Dunn, Editor of Railway Age. According to Mr. Dunn, the approximate increase of $1,500,000,000, or 31 per cent., merely is a temporary stay from ruin and is likely to put the railroads back approximately to the same state as they were in three or four years ago.

ROADS FIGURE NEW RATES.

Railway executives said yesterday that the amount of additional revenue for the railroads from the increases granted by the Interstate Commerce Commission could not be accurately determined until the completion of the new tariffs for passenger and freight service, although it was predicted that the total of upward of $1,400,000,000, as already estimated, would probably be found to be approximately correct.

Traffic managers will begin immediately the preparation of the tariffs, which will be filed by each of the roads with the commission. Experts were unable to say what time would be required for this work, but it is expected to have both the passenger and freight rates ready in time for the new law to take effect Sept. 1, when the period of the Government's guarantee to the roads expires.

"For some time tentative tariff plans have been in preparation, but considerable work remains to be done to complete them in accordance with the authorized rates by the commission," said a member of the Association of Railway Executives. "For instance, it will take quite a while to compute the rates and mileage for passenger fares for the hundreds of stations, and there are many other details to be disposed of, such as agreements with connecting roads in arriving at the resultant tariff schedules."

It is expected that all of the increases will be effective, the commuting rates with the others, on Sept. 1. The increase in passenger fares will amount to about six-tenths of a cent a mile, but on the basis of the lower commuting rate the thousands of commuters within the metropolitan district will not be required to pay more than a small fraction of a cent, it was estimated, as additional fare per mile.

The Railway Business Association at 30 Church Street announced yesterday that its President, A. B. Johnson, who is on vacation at Woodstock, Vt., had authorized the association to send a telegram to Chairman Edgar E. Clarke of the Interstate Commerce Commission expressing approval of the members of his organization of the rate advance decision.

Market officials in this city declared yesterday that the increase in freight rates authorized by the Interstate Commerce Commission would add materially to the cost of living. If the dealers followed their usual course, they said, the increase in food prices would be out of all proportion to the actual increase in freight rates.

Milk probably will be one of the first food items to reflect the increase in freight rates, it was said. None of the distributors could be reached yesterday to get their views, but a representative of the Dairymen's League, which represents the producers, declared that he believed the price of milk would be increased on account of the increase in freight rates. However, he said, it was more a problem for the distributor than the producer at this time, as the producer had already sold his milk supply to Oct. 1.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. NELLIE DUFFIE, mother of Mrs. Ernest Thompson Seton, died yesterday at the home of her daughter in Greenwich. Mrs. Duffie was 76 years old.

JOHN VANARDSDALE, engineer on the old Camden & Amboy Railroad, died last night at his home in Yardsville, N. J.

RICHARD E. HERRMANN, official searcher of Hudson County, died Saturday at his home in Westfield, aged 39.

The Rev. Dr. ISAAC J. LANSING, pastor of the Collegiate Presbyterian Church of Ridgewood, N. J., and lecturer on Americanism, died yesterday at his home in Ridgewood.

Dr. JAMES J. CONCANNON, a throat and nose specialist, died yesterday after a lingering illness at his residence, 203 West Eighty-first Street, at the age of 64.

WALTER BRUCE, former choir director of the Evangelical Lutheran Church of the Incarnation, is dead at his home, 736 East Ninth Street, aged 70 years.

THOMAS J. BURTON, author of a history of New York City churches and an authority on the history of Greenwich Village, is dead at the age of 61 at his home, 36 West Thirtieth Street.

WILLIAM FREDERICK WEEKS, formerly connected with James T. Talcott, Inc., died Saturday of paralysis at his home, 195 Claremont Avenue, aged 81.

Engaged.

SAQUI—LEVE—Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Leve of 306 West 94th St. and Far Rockaway announce the betrothal of their daughter Alma to Mr. William Saqui, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Saqui of Far Rockaway.

Died.

BRADSHAW—On Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, after a lingering illness, Samuel Peck Bradshaw, son of the late Hamilton Boyd Bradshaw. Notice of funeral later, at 86 Hawthorne Av., Nutley, N. J.

BRENNAN—On Saturday, July 31, Mary L., beloved daughter of the late Thomas and Mary L. Brennan. Funeral services Monday, Aug. 2, at 8:30 P. M., at her late residence, 624 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, N. J.

BRINCK—July 30, at Dingman's Ferry, Pa., Charles Franklin Brinck, husband of Mary E. Brinck. Funeral services at National Funeral Parlors, 14 East 39th St., 8 P. M., Monday. Veterans of Co. B, 7th Regiment, invited to attend. Jewelers 24-Karat Club invited to attend.

BURTON—Thomas J., son of the late Thomas and Sarah Burton, suddenly, July 31. Notice of funeral services later.

COHEN—On Aug. 1, at his residence, 949 West End Av., M. the 72d year of his age, Michael, beloved husband of Gussie Cohen and father of Moise K., May, Phillip S. and Mrs. Ernest E. Gallert. Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONWAY—On Sunday, Aug. 1, Mary A., beloved daughter of the late John and Mary A. Funeral from her late residence, 1,615 East 9th St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Aug. 4, 9:30 A. M. Thence to St. Brigid's Church, Avenue O and East 12th St. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

CORDTS—Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, Mary H., widow of Elbe D. Cordts, mother of Mrs. A. G. Park and Mrs. S. G. Carr. Services at her late home, 18 West 96th St., Tuesday, 8:30 P. M. Interment private.

CURTIS—At Bridgeport, Conn., July 31, 1920, Adeline S. Curtis, widow of J. C. Curtis. Funeral Aug. 2, 2:30 P. M.

DUDLEY—On Saturday, July 31, 1920, Wade, beloved son of Lotus and the late Charles Tarbell Dudley, aged 14 years, formerly of Greenwich, Conn. Funeral services will be held on Monday, Aug. 2, at 3 P. M., at the chapel of the New York and New Jersey Crematory, Hudson Boulevard and Humboldt St., North Bergen, N. J. Boston (Mass.) and Washington (D. C.) papers please copy.

EDDISON—At Irvington, N. Y., on Saturday, July 31, Mary Elizabeth Eddison, the beloved wife of Charles Eddison. Funeral from St. Barnabas Episcopal Church, Irvington, on Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 3:30 P. M.

ENGELKE—At Englewood, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, Adolph H. Engelke, formerly of Jersey City, in his 77th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 82 John St., Englewood, N. J., on Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 8 o'clock P. M.

EWALD—Frank H. Ewald, at Baltimore, July 31, husband of Cora Macy and son of Minnie and the late William Ewald. Notice of funeral later.

Born.

CONHEIM—Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Conheim (nee Edythe Morvay) announce the birth of a daughter, July 30th at the St. Mark's Hospital.

HARTMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Joel S. Hartman, nee Weinstein, of 2,291 University Av., announce the birth of a son on July 31.

LAUBER—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ea (nee Bertha T. Herz), of 1,321 Union St., Brooklyn, announce the birth of a daughter on Aug. 1, 1920, at Brooklyn Hospital. New Haven papers please copy.

Died.

FENWICK—Suddenly, on Aug. 1, 1920, Clennel P., in his 35th year, husband of Anna Fenwick, son of Frederick Bell and Elizabeth Fenwick; survived by a brother and sister. Funeral services will be held at 4,714 Fulton St. (91st Av.), near 120th St., Richmond Hill, L. I., on Tuesday at 8 P. M. Interment private.

FIELD—At Llewellyn Park, Orange, N. J., on Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, William Pierson Field of Newark, N. J. Funeral services will be held at the First Presbyterian Church, Newark, on Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

FLOOD—On July 29, Ellen, beloved wife of the late George W. Flood. Funeral from her late residence, 240 East 62d St., on Monday, Aug. 2, at 9:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, Lexington Av. and 66th St. Interment Calvary.

FRANK—On Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, Julia Frank, widow of Alexander Frank, dearly beloved mother of Leon, Henry, Bernard E., Milton, Lillian C. and Miriam F. Loeb. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GILLETTE—Safford Bruce, 20 years old, suddenly, by drowning, July 31. Services Monday, Aug. 2, 8 P. M., at 1,642 45th St., Brooklyn. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery. Funeral private.

GRAFF—Alfred A., beloved husband of the late Julia and dear father of Paul and Maurice. Funeral from his late residence, 54 East 80th St., Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 2 P. M. John A. Bendix Post, No. 402, G. A. R., are respectfully invited. London and Australia papers please copy.

GREEN—Suddenly, Aug. 1, 1920, Rev. Daniel P. Green of Highland Mills, N. Y. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HAIGHT—On Aug. 1, Emeline Haight, daughter of the late Jonathan and Jane Haight. Services at her late home, 748 St. Nicholas Av., Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 3 P. M.

HALL—On Saturday, July 31, 1920, Frances E. Hall of 765A Halsey St. Funeral services to be held at Lefferts Place Chapel, 76 Lefferts Place, near Grand Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 2 P. M.

HAMMELL—On Sunday, Aug. 1, Augusta, beloved wife of Lipman and darling mother of Cecille. Funeral from her late residence, 730 Beck St., Tuesday, 2 P. M. Dallas papers please copy.

HAUSCHILD—On Friday, July 30, 1920, Frederick Hauschild, late of 48 St. Mark's Place, New York, passed away. Funeral service will be held at his late residence, Sea Cliff, L. I., Monday, Aug. 2, at 6 o'clock P. M. Interment at Linden Hill Cemetery Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 11 A. M.

HEUER—Mrs. Edith Bate Heuer, widow of the late Clarence S. of Westwood, N. J., aged 36 years. Services to be announced later.

HOUSTON—Amelia D. (nee Duke), on July 31, in her 47th year, beloved wife of the late Alexander Houston of Chicago and dear mother of Stanley. Funeral from Wolff's Funeral Parlors, 340 Lenox Av., corner 127th St., on Monday, Aug. 2, at 2 P. M. Chicago and Charlestown papers please copy.

Died.

KLEIN—On Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920, at her residence, 138 West 91st St., Amelia Wittmann, aged 59, widow of the late John Klein. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LACEY—On July 31, Cyril A., beloved son of William J. and Mary J. Lacey. Requiem mass at St. Gregory's Church, West 90th St., between Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., on Tuesday, Aug. 3, at 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary. Auto cortege.

LANSING—The Rev. Isaac J., D. D., pastor of the Collegiate Presbyterian Church of Ridgewood, N. J., at his home, on Sunday, Aug. 1, 1920. Notice of funeral later.

LILIENTHAL—Alfred, in his 51st year. Funeral Tuesday, at 1:30 P. M., from his late residence, 510 West 143d St.

McKENNA—July 31, Catherine E., widow of William A. McKenna and beloved mother of William A., Charles J. and Arthur J. McKenna and Mrs. Alexander J. McDonnell, at her residence, the Nevada, Broadway and 69th St. Funeral Tuesday, Aug. 3. Requiem mass at Church of the Blessed Sacrament, 71st St. and Broadway, at 10 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MATHIASEN—Karl, of Keyport, N. J. Services 3 P. M., Wednesday, Aug. 4, St. Stephen's Danish Lutheran Church, Perth Amboy, N. J.

MOORE—On Saturday, July 31, at his residence, 44 West 77th St., Russell Wellman Moore, in the 59th year of his age, son of the late Alexander Thompson and Fidelia Leverett Moore. Services at his late home Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Princeton, N. J. Kindly omit flowers.

MURPHY—Thomas, beloved husband of Florence Murphy (nee Remmey), on July 29; services The Funeral Church (Campbell Building), Broadway, 66th St., Monday, Aug. 2, at 8 P. M.

NEILSON—On Aug. 1, Margaret Neilson, widow of Jason Neilson. Funeral services at her late residence, 428 72d St., Brooklyn, Monday, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

NEWELL—On July 31, Sue West, wife of E. S. Newell, St., passed away at her home, 115 Corlies Av., Pelham, N. Y. Funeral private.

SAMUEL—On Saturday, July 31, at her residence in Philadelphia, after a brief illness, Ella, daughter of the late David Salomon of New York and wife of Bunford Samuel of Philadelphia.

SCHAEFER—Otto Schaefer, Vice President of the Markt & Schaefer Company, New York, July 31. Funeral services at his late residence, 171 Christopher St., Montclair, N. J., Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

SCHWARTZ—Lottye, beloved sister of Henry, Maurice, George, Jack, Aaron, Mrs. Kestenbaum, Mrs. Aronstein and Mrs. Kolber. Funeral from her late residence, 1,863 Vietor St., near Morris Park Av., Van Nest, Bronx, Monday, Aug. 2, at 1 P. M.

SCHOENTHAL—On July 31, 70th year, Louis Schoenthal. Funeral services at his late residence, 215 West 146th, on Aug. 2. Interment at Cypress Hills.

Died.

SILK—Martin, beloved husband of Kate Silk; father of Adolph Silk, Joseph Silk, Rose Stone, Sarah Kaammer; funeral from his late residence, Monday at 2 P. M.; 300 East 32d St.

THOMAS—Oliver. Campbell Funeral Church, Monday, 11 A. M.

TRYON—At Hartford, Conn., July 31, 1920, Thomas Tryon, formerly of this city, aged 61 years. Funeral services at his late residence 901 Asylum Ave., Monday, August 2d, 5 P. M.

WAINWRIGHT — John W., of St. Louis, passed away at 4 o'clock Aug. 1, at 320 Pequot Av., New London, where he was spending the Summer with his family. Interment later. St. Louis papers please copy.

WEEKS—At his residence, 195 Claremont Av., Saturday, July 31, 1920, William Frederick Weeks, aged 81 years, beloved father of Mrs. Marie McDonough and the late A. Galusha Weeks. Funeral services will be held at St. Luke's Episcopal Church, 141st St. and Convent Av., Tuesday, Aug. 3, 2 P. M.

WILCOXSON—Suddenly, on July 31, at Lake George, N. Y., Emily R. Wilcoxson. Funeral arrangements later. City residence 360 West 21st St.

In Memoriam.

EPSTEIN—Isaac. In loving memory of my beloved husband and our father, who departed this life on Aug. 2, 1919.
Mother and Children.

KOENIG—In loving memory of my dear mother, Wilhelmina Koenig, who departed this life Aug. 2, 1917. Gone but not forgotten.
Anna.

Unveiling.

LEVINSKY—Unveiling of the monument erected to the memory of Samuel Levinsky will take place at Acacia Cemetery, Bayside, Brooklyn, on Sunday, Aug. 8, at 2 P. M. In case of rain postponed to following Sunday.

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Social Notes

New York.

The Rev. Dr. and Mrs. Karl Reiland, accompanied by their daughter, Miss Virginia F. Reiland, are motoring through New England and are staying at the Griswold at New London for a few days.

Lady Portsmouth, who attended the wedding of her nephew, Gerard Vernon Wallop, and Miss Mary L. Post on Saturday, will leave shortly for Newport to be a guest of Mr. and Mrs. James Stewart Cushman.

Darwin P. Kingsley, Jr., of 50 East Sixty-eighth Street sailed for Europe on Saturday.

Mrs. George F. Shrady and Mrs. Lydia C. French are at Ardsley for the Summer.

Major Gen. George O. Squirer, U. S. A., was at the Astor over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. William M. V. Hoffman are spending the Summer at Tuxedo Park.

Mrs. Frank Jameson of London, after a three months' visit with her son, Arthur M. Blake, of this city, sailed Saturday on the Aquitania. She will pass the remainder of the Summer at Dinard.

J. Edgar Bull of 34 Gramercy Park is stopping at the Hotel Lafayette, Washington, while visiting in that city.

Lenox.

In the putting tournament at the Stockbridge Golf Club Saturday afternoon the first prize for women was won by Mrs. John A. McCreery, and second prize by Miss Louise Osborne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Loyal Allan Osborne. Machlin Davis won the men's prize, with Norman N. Davis, Amory Ellen and William R. Ellis tied for second.

Miss Mary B. Polhemus of New York is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Rodman Glider in Tyringham. Miss Francesca Glider is with Miss Mary D. Herter at Wilson, Conn.

Among those recently arriving at Stockbridge were Mr. and Mrs. John P. Tilden, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Bisset and Mrs. George B. Fowler of New York.

Mrs. William B. Osgood Field and her son, Frederick Vanderbilt Field, returned to Highlawn House from their salmon fishing trip on the Cascapediac River in the Province of Quebec.

Bretton Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Fritz Achelis of New York have arrived for their customary Summer visit. Other newcomers include Cecil B. Landale, Mrs. Frederick Sayles of Irvington-on-Hudson, Mrs. Norris W. Mundy, Dr. and Mrs. Edmund D. Chesebro, Henry B. Gayley, Joseph H. Brownhead.

Former United States Senator William Murray Crane of Boston is at the Mount Washington with a party for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Rowland of Baltimore will be there for August.

Others at the Mount Washington are Mr. and Mrs. George W. Reynolds of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Dudley of Youngstown, and Mr. and Mrs. Walter C. Hartman and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Dabley of Detroit.

Newport.

The new Art Gallery, a memorial to the late Howard G. Cushing, was officially dedicated Saturday and formally presented to the Art Association of Newport with exercises that were attended by many members of the association and Summer colony. Robert Burnside Potter of New York made the presentation address, to which Harrison S. Morris of Philadelphia, President of the association, replied. One of the rooms of the building contains a permanent exhibition of paintings by Mr. Cushing.

Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice entertained at dinner last night at Miramar for thirty guests.

Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer and Miss Julia Berwind were among yesterday's luncheon hostesses.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie are to give a large dinner party on the evening of August 6.

Recent arrivals include Mr. and Mrs. F. Ferguson Walker, Miss E. L. Blakeslee, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maunson, all of New York City; Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Herdaway of Columbus, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. F. Segar of Philadelphia.

Hot Springs.

Among those who arrived yesterday from New York were Mrs. John G. Luke, Mrs. P. Joel D. Parker, Mrs. Charles F. Berry.

Mrs. Jay Cooke, Jr., of Philadelphia is here with Miss Alice Gardner Bush of New York.

Justice Francis Key Pendleton of New York, who returned yesterday, went to the Oaks with Miss Pendleton for luncheon.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. Rives and their family have arrived from Cobham, Va., and have rented a cottage.

Among yesterday's newcomers were Mrs. John Jay Edson and J. Low Harriman of Washington, Mr. and Mrs. Robert D. Hopkins of Baltimore, Mr. and Mrs. Henry S. Turner, Mrs. L. V. S. Ames and the Misses Pauline P. Carson and Juliette A. Pomeroy of St. Louis.

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GOODYEAR

HUGE THRONG SEES YANKEES SHUT OUT

Chicago Goes Baseball Crazy with Advent of Ruth et Al. and 40,000 Storm Park.

CROWD SETS NEW RECORD

Greatest Gathering Ever Seen at Pennant Game Watches Sox Win by 3 to 0.

HUGGINS WILL PROTEST IT

Jackson's Mysterious Catch of Ruth's Fly Is His Reason—Bleachers Are Filled at Noon.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The season's most sensational demonstration of baseball's popularity jammed Comiskey Park this afternoon with a crowd of 40,000 spectators which soared into noisy realms of enthusiasm when the White Sox shut out the Yankees, 3 to 0. It was a record-breaking crowd for Chicago or any other place, outside of a world's series contest.

A pitcher's battle between Eddie Cicotte and Bob Shawkey developed into a victory for the White Sox flinger, but not before the game furnished sensational plays, which had the over-flow assemblage wrought up to a high pitch of excitement.

A hair-raising play by Joe Jackson in the fourth inning, when he backed into the left field crowd to get Ruth's fly, furnished the basis of a protest by Manager Huggins and he will ask President Johnson to have the game thrown out and played over again.

Shoeless Joe backed into the crowd and disappeared from view. When he was swallowed up in the surging mob his arms were raised on high and he was falling backward. Then he was lost from sight. Ruth had reached second base and remained there, being held up by the ground rule that provided that a hit into the crowd was limited to two bases.

The Ball Disappears.

Then half a dozen spectators carried Jackson out of the crowd and he walked in to Umpire Nallin and informed his majesty that he had caught the ball. Jackson didn't have the ball with him when he came out of the crowd. Where was it? No one knows. Anyway there was a long wrangle at the plate between Umpire Connolly and all the Yanks, including Ruth. After vocal energy to the amount of many horse power had been expended, Connolly stuck to his interpretation and agreed with Jackson that he made the catch and Ruth was out.

Manager Huggins made the protest on two grounds, first that the ground rules provided that a hit into the crowd was limited to two bases and, second, that the ball was not put back into play after Jackson alleged that he caught it.

Toward the end of the game spectators brought a ball to the Yankee bench and gave it to the players, saying that it was the ball that Ruth hit and that Jackson had not caught it. Eye-witnesses in the mob in the left field also said Jackson didn't get near the ball at all. From the grand stand it was impossible to see whether or not Jackson caught it. That argument didn't exhaust Huggins, and in the seventh, when Umpire Connolly decided that Duffy Lewis had fanned when he took a bad swing at a third strike, the Yank manager put up such a terrific howl that Connolly banished him from the lot.

Babe Ruth the Maghet.

The outpouring of fans this afternoon was an astonishing tribute to the drawing powers of Babe Ruth and his home run record of thirty-seven circuit drives. On the streets, in the restaurants and on the cars Ruth is the one topic of conversation. At a hotel in the fashionable Hyde Park section of the south side, where the Yanks are stopping, there was a scene this morning to see Babe when he went forth to church. No baseball player of the past has ever worked up the interest that centres on Babe Ruth in Chicago at this moment. The 40,000 spectators impaired the Harlem catapult to smash out a home run every time he came to bat. The fact that it might beat the White Sox didn't seem to occur to the populace. But Eddie Cicotte was at his best this afternoon, and he pitched to Ruth every time he came up. He fanned him in the second inning. Ruth hit the ball into the crowd and caused all the trouble on his second trip to the bat. Then he walked in the sixth, and Eddie Collins threw him out at first in the eighth. The Yankee wrecking crew did no damage to Cicotte today. He held them to five hits while the Sox got nine off Shawkey in the six innings he was on the mound. Mogridge pitched the last two innings and held the Sox in check.

The gates were opened at 10 o'clock and the bleachers were filled up at noon. The crowd spread onto the field and were jammed five or six deep on the runways and promenade decks of the grandstand. The park was so full that the sale of tickets was stopped, and when it was decided to let no one else in the game started at 2:45, a quarter of an hour ahead of schedule time.

Fans Scale Ten-Foot Wall.

The disappointed fans outside of the gates refused to disperse. The police tried to send them away, and they refused to go. In the first inning hundreds of fans scaled a brick wall ten feet high and poured into the park. Thousands waited outside on the streets until the game was over, and the first question they asked when the crowd started to come out was, "Did Babe get a home run"?

Bob Shawkey got into a heap of trouble in the first, but nobly extracted himself from a bad hole. Leibold bounced a single over Bob's head, but when Eddie Collins lined to Ward and Leibold was doubled at first, Weaver singled to centre, and Joe Jackson, making his reappearance after a few days' layoff, rapped a single to right and sent Weaver to third, Joe taking second on the throw-in. Shawkey settled down to business, and when Hap Felsch sent him a roller, Bob tossed the runner out at first.

The first hit off Cicotte was made by Peck in the third, with two gone. Pipp was hit by a pitched ball, and it was up to Pratt. With Babe coming after Del, Pratt tried hard, but his best at this important moment was a strikeout. The Sox put over their first run in the third on Leibold's walk, E. Collins's sacrifice and Jackson's single.

Ruth was the first Yank up in the fourth, and hit the fly into the left field crowd which caused all the commotion. Jackson was completely cut off from view, but the umpires decided that he caught the ball. The Yank players crowded around Umpire Tommy Connolly and started a spirited argument. A policeman walked onto the field, presumably to help out the umpire, but Connolly told him he didn't need any help and chased the cop away. Profound mystery completely surrounded Jackson's claim that he made that catch.

Felsch Makes Fine Throw.

Meusel singled to centre and Bodie shot one to the same place, but Felsch made a fine throw to third and Meusel was out. Weaver chucked Ward out and ended the troublesome inning.

John Collins opened the fourth with a three-base smash to centre. It was an ordinary single, but Bodie ran in to catch it off the clover and it rolled to deep centre. Risberg fanned and Schalk tried to bunt, but popped to Ward, who doubled John Collins at third.

Joe Jackson made a wonderful catch when he grabbed Pratt's liner out of the lawn in the fifth. Shawkey filed to Felsch and Peck shot a drive to left centre, which Felsch clutched with his bare hand. This was nothing less than grand larceny.

After Cicotte fanned in the fifth, Leibold sent a single to Ward and went to second on the third baseman's bad throw to first. Eddie Collins boosted a two-bagger over Meusel's head into the left field populace and Leibold counted. Peck tossed out Weaver, and Shawkey walked Jackson intentionally, while the crowd roared its disapproval. Felsch resented this reflection on his hitting by bounding a hit off Ward's knees, Eddie Collins scoring. John Collins hoisted a foul to Ward.

With two down in the sixth, Ruth got a pass and went to second on Meusel's hit, which bounded off Eddie Collins's feet. Ping did his best to park the ball into the crowd, but Leibold caught his fly just in front of the right field crowd.

Ward got a hit to short in the seventh and Ruel walked. Lewis, batting for Shawkey, was called out on strikes. Lewis pulled his swing on the third strike and claimed he didn't intend to wave at it. Manager Huggins kicked so hard that Connolly put him off the field. Peck fouled to Weaver and Jackson got Pipp's rocket.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Leibold,rf	3	2	2	1	0	Peck,p'gh,ss	4	0	1	0	3
E.Collins,2b	3	1	2	0	0	Pipp,1b	3	0	0	12	0
Weaver,3b	4	0	1	2	2	Pratt,2b	4	0	0	1	2
Jackson,lf	3	0	3	4	0	Ruth,rf	3	0	0	0	0
Felsch,cf	4	0	1	3	1	Meusel,lf	3	0	2	3	0
J.Collins,1b	4	0	2	11	0	Bodie,cf	3	0	1	4	0
Risberg,ss	3	0	0	1	4	Ward,3b	3	0	1	4	1
Schalk,c	3	0	0	6	1	Ruel,c	3	0	0	4	1
Cicotte,p	3	0	0	0	2	Shawkey,p	2	0	0	0	3
						aLewis	0	0	0	0	0
						Mogridge,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bGleich	1	0	0	0	0
Total	30	3	11	27	11	Total	31	0	5	24	12

a Batted for Shawkey in seventh.
b Batted for Mogridge in ninth.
Error—Wood.

Chicago	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hit—E. Collins. Three-base hit—J. Collins. Stolen base—Jackson. Sacrifice hits—Risberg, E. Collins. Double plays—Ward and Pipp, Ward (unassisted). Left on bases—New York 9, Chicago 7. Bases on balls—Off Cicotte 4, Shawkey 2. Hits—Off Shawkey 9 in 6 innings, Mogridge 2 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Cicotte (Pipp). Struck out—By Cicotte 7, Shawkey 2, Mogridge 2. Losing pitcher—Shawkey. Umpires—Messrs. Connelly and Nallin. Time of game—Two hours and six minutes.

BROWNS WIN EASILY.

Drive Two Pitchers from Box and Defeat Mackmen, 12 to 3.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 1.—St. Louis hit hard in the early innings today, driving Moore and Bigbee from the box, and defeating Philadelphia 12 to 3. Jacobson led in the attack with three doubles and a single in five times at bat. F. Walker scored one of Philadelphia's runs and drove in the two others.

The score:

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Gerber,ss	4	1	1	1	3	Welch,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Gedeon,2b	2	3	1	4	1	Dykes,2b	4	1	0	1	4
Sisler,1b	4	3	2	8	3	C.Walker,lf	4	1	1	5	1
Jacobson,cf	5	2	2	2	0	F.Walker,cf	4	1	2	1	0
Williams,lf	5	1	1	2	0	Dugan,3b	4	0	1	0	1
Smith,rf	5	1	1	2	0	Shannon,ss	3	0	0	1	2
Austin,3b	2	1	1	2	0	Perkins,c	1	0	0	2	0
Severeid,c	3	0	1	2	0	Myatt,c	2	0	1	2	0
Collins,c	1	0	0	0	0	Griffin,1b	3	0	1	9	1
Davis,p	4	0	0	2	0	Moore,p	1	0	0	0	0
						Bigbee,p	1	0	0	1	1
						aHasty	1	0	0	1	0
						aGalloway	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	12	12	27	13	Total	33	3	7	24	11

a Batted for Hasty in eighth.
Errors—Gedeon, Dykes (2), Myatt.

St. Louis	4	3	1	2	2	0	0	0	0—12
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0—3

Two-base hits—C. Walker, Jacobson (3), Williams, Sisler. Stolen bases—Smith (2), Sisler. Sacrifice—Griffin. Double play—Austin and Gedeon. Left on base—Philadelphia 7, St. Louis 8. Bases on balls—Off Moore 2, Bigbee 3, Hasty 4, Davis 3. Hits—Off Moore 5 in 2 innings, Bigbee 5 in 2, (none out in fifth), Hasty 2 in 4. Struck out—By Moore 1, Davis 2. Wild pitch—Hasty. Losing pitcher—Moore. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

McINNIS SAVES GAME.

Sensational Stop Kills Tiger Rally and Red Sox Win by 4 to 2.

DETROIT, Aug. 1.—Hoyt outpitched Ehmke and Boston won the opening game of the series from Detroit, 4 to 2. McInnis made a remarkable stop of a drive off Jones's bat when the Tigers had the bases filled in the third. After that Hoyt was never in danger.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A	DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Vitt,3b	4	1	0	1	2	Young,2b	5	1	2	1	4
Foster,2b	3	1	1	1	3	Bush,ss	4	0	1	3	1
Menosky,lf	3	0	1	4	0	Cobb,cf	4	0	1	4	0
Hooper,rf	4	0	0	6	0	Veach,lf	3	0	1	2	0
Schang,c	3	1	1	3	1	Hollmann,1b	3	0	1	12	0
McInnis,1b	3	0	1	11	0	Fagstead,rf	2	1	0	2	0
Scott,ss	4	1	2	2	3	Jones,3b	2	0	0	2	3
Bailey,cf	3	0	1	3	0	Stanage,c	3	0	0	5	1
Hoyt,p	4	0	1	0	3	Ainsmith,c	0	0	0	0	0
						Ehmke,p	3	0	1	2	5
						aShorten	1	0	0	0	0
						bHale	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	8	27	12	Total	31	2	6	27	14

a Batted for Stanage in eighth.
b Batted for Ehmke in ninth.
Srrors—Foster, Young, Stanage, Ainsmith.

Boston	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0—4
Detroit	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Three-base hit — Foster. Stolen bases—Foster, Scott, Menosky. Sacrifice—Bush, McInnis, Jones, Bailey. Double plays—Ehmke and Hollmann (2). Left on bases—Boston 6, Detroit 9. Bases on balls—Off Hoyt 4, Ehmke 4. Hit by pitcher—By Hoyt (Flagstead). Struck out—By Hoyt 3, Ehmke 4. Passed Balls—Schang, Ainsmith. Umpires—Messrs. Friel, Chill and Moriarty. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

American Association.

Kansas City 5, Columbus 2.
(First game.)
Columbus 11, Kansas City 6.
(Second game.)
St. Paul 6, Indianapolis 0.
Milwaukee 1, Louisville 0.
Toledo 6, Minneapolis 3.
(First game.)
Minneapolis 8, Toledo 7.
(Second game.)

Eastern League.

Albany 4, Springfield 3.
(First game 10 innings.)
Springfield 5, Albany 0.
(Second game.)
Bridgeport 8, Hartford 3.
Pittsfield 3, Waterbury 2.
New Haven 6, Worcester 2.
(First game.)
New Haven 6, Worcester 0.
(Second game.)

Southern Association.

New Orleans 2, Chattanooga 1.
(First game.)
New Orleans 3, Chattanooga 2.
(Second game.)
Birmingham 6, Nashville 3.
Little Rock 2, Mobile 0.
Atlanta 4, Memphis 3.

Yankees Greatest Drawing Card in Baseball History

Baseball attendance records have been shattered in five of the eight cities of the American League during the current season, and in another a record was almost equaled. In each instance the New York Yankees took part in the game. On May 29 one of the greatest crowds in Boston's baseball history turned out to see the Yanks and Red Sox, but it was not a record breaker. A new high mark was set at Cleveland on May 13 and at St. Louis on May 20, during the first Western trip of the Yanks. On July 5 Washington's banner crowd looked on while the Senators defeated the Hugmen. On July 14 a throng of 38,823 fans saw the Yanks and Browns in a double-header at the Polo Grounds, and yesterday Chicago's greatest crowd viewed the game between the White Sox and Yankees. With pleasant weather prevailing next Sunday, Detroit may be added to the list. Babe Ruth, of course, has been the main factor in drawing the crowds, but Babe can hardly be classed as a novelty, as he has been in the American League since 1915. The Yankees, as a team, have established themselves as the greatest drawing card in the history of baseball.

GIANTS SAVE GAME IN ROARING NINTH

Four Solid Smashes After Two Are Gone in Final Inning Defeat Reds, 3 to 2.

THRONG FRANTIC WITH JOY

Spencer's Blow Settles Issue, and Happy Fans Carry Him Off the Field on Their Shoulders.

"Some finish" is a pretty strong expression, but it may be unhesitatingly applied to the performance of the Giants in the ninth inning of their game with the Reds at the Polo Grounds yesterday. Indeed, one is almost inclined to make use of the stronger phraseology "a razmataz," or the more euphonious "sockdologer." As excuse for this squandering of fiery words, it should be observed that the Giants, after trailing miserably and pitifully through eight and five-sixths unhappy innings suddenly, with two out in the ninth, lunged forward with a series of solid welts which gave the game a respectable destination by a score of 3 to 2 after it had seemed certain to be headed for Cincinnati.

A lot of people were grateful for this—about 30,000 of them. In fact, they were quite demonstrative in their joy. Every last manjack and womanjill of them exuded bliss in vocal and acrobatic forms for several moments after the game was over. Young Spencer, the Giants' recent acquisition from Toronto, who delivered the final telling blow, was carted off the field to the clubhouse aboard as many shoulders as could be inserted beneath him—there would have been 28,000 of them if his bulk had been sufficiently great.

It was a rough ride for little Spencer, although the intention of his assailants was entirely pacific. He heaved a deep groan of relief upon being deposited at the clubhouse and remarked to his grinning mates, "Men, you may be some rough riders, but if you never rode a crowd you haven't ridden anything."

Yes, there was quite a good deal of enthusiasm over that ninth inning festival. Even the scribes lost their poise momentarily a bit. They never get really bla-azay, anyhow. Other critics may sour if not scalded, especially in the summer time, if they have to deal with folderol-like plays or art or music. But not these lads who write of rarer, finer things, such as home runs and winning rallies. They're ready to bubble with pleasure at any minute.

Luque in Great Form.

There wasn't much bubbling anywhere, however, before that final outburst. Up to that stage things just simmered gently. Luque had rings through the Giants's nostrils and they climbed poles clumsily at his behest. Douglas, king of the lifesavers, who came to the rescue after Barnes had passed an unhappy five minutes in the box at the game's outset, was plowing an even furrow, too, but the Giants couldn't produce a punch behind him. Douglas made way for a pinch hitter in the eighth and Toney wound up the proceedings for the local warriors.

Anyhow, the point is that at no stage of the matinée until that final scene did the Giants remotely resemble winners. Then their climax drove the great crowd into a frenzy. It was just one of those things—those things that make baseball the nation's game. It was such an episode as causes papa, who has left the game in charge of the eighth, to rise from his chair at the breakfast table next morning, when he reads of what he has missed, and solemnly kick himself around the table while the family chorties gleefully.

Yesterday's game wound up with the rain, which began to fall as the eighth inning opened. For a time it appeared as if the game would have to be called before its normal expiration and the fans, blue and almost hopeless, would hardly have protested energetically. Mr. Quigley, far-sighted arbiter that he is—not near-sighted, as many fans have been heard to declare—kept the athletes at work until the silvery gong sounded.

The Giants got into a mess of gloom—or to whatever is the opposite of a blaze of glory—right away in the opening inning. To begin with Young muffed Groh's fly and the Red got to second. Rath beat out a hit to Barnes. It was intended as a sacrifice bunt, Barnes's intended as a sacrifice bunt, Barnes's throw beat Rath, but O'Day ruled otherwise. Daubert singled to centre and scored Groh. Roush sacrificed, Barnes to Kelly, and advanced both runners. This was sufficient to score McCraw that he had made a mistake when he selected Barnes, and he removed him. Douglas took his place. Duncan flied to Burns, who made a great catch and then made a greater throw to the plate to get Rath, who attempted to score after the catch. It was a superb bit of outfielding.

Duncan Makes Fine Catch.

Duncan staged a spectacular catch in the Giants' half to rob George Burns of a hit. Neale attended to Bancroft's high one, and Young was called out on strikes. He didn't care much for Quigley's decision on the third one and expressed a certain amount of disrespect for the umpire's judgment. He was just beginning to offer to rearrange Quigley's features entirely, without, however, guaranteeing to make them any funnier, when he caught a cold glare in the arbiter's eye and abstained from further remarks.

The second inning was brief for both sides, Kelly's little infield single being the only break in the one-two-three order.

The third session passed in a hurry, too, with both twirlers putting a cork in the blush for steadiness, and the Reds fell in straight array in the fourth. The Giants put on a revolt in their half of that period, but it didn't get them anywhere at all.

Groh threw out Burns after he had let the ball get away from him. Bancroft flied to Roush. Young singled to left for New York's second hit. The crowd did not like Luque's repeated attempts to get Young off first and jeered him. Frisch banged a single to centre, Young going to third. Frisch stole second. It looked as if he were trapped between first and second, but Young strted for home and drew a throw. He jumped back to the bag. It was up to Kelly to put the Giants into the game. He struck out.

In the fifth the Reds drew one notch further ahead. Douglas gave Kopf four wide ones. Neale and Wingo were easy outs. Kopf got down to second on Neale's demise and scored on Luque's single down the first base line.

Daubert and Duncan singled in the next inning, but Roush forced the former on an attempted sacrifice. Roush and Duncan reached third and second respectively on Kopf's sacrifice. Neale, after fouling several balls into the stands, where they promptly disappeared into bulging coat pockets, drove a fly to short centre. Spencer galloped in and made a crackling catch of it on the run.

Both clubs maintained their ironclad defence in the seventh, and only singles by Roush and Smith disturbed the calm of the following inning.

In the ninth, with Toney twirling for the Giants, the champions made a futile bid for more runs, although it then looked as if they already had plenty. Kopf singled to right and went down to second on a passed ball. That was the extent of his progress, for Doyle attended to Neale's grounder, Wingo popped to Bancroft and Spencer absorbed Luque's fly.

Now Comes the Climax.

Last call for the Giants! George Burns smashed a sharp bounder to Groh and found the ball waiting for him at first base. Bancroft smashed a long fly to centre and Roush robbed him of a hit by taking it on the dead run. Well, anyhow, they're hitting it, those fellows. They're dying game! Young sent one skipping to Roth and barely beat the throw to first by an eyelash.

Some of the fans thought it was the third out, and they began to pile onto the field on their way out. There was a slight pause while they were herded back into the stands.

Frank Frisch singled sharply to right and Young sprinted all the way around to third. Well, well, well! What have we here? Man on first and third and Kelly at the bat. Let's sit down again.

Kelly whanged a double to left centre and Young crossed the plate, while Frisch stopped at third.

Can there be a chance? There is a chance! There comes Vernon Spencer, fresh from Canadian wilds. He's green, but how he glares at Luque! If Matthew, Mark and John were beside Luque, Spencer wouldn't be afraid.

Spencer lined out a sharp single that cut the grass blades in centre field and Frisch and Kelly tallied. Enter pandemonium!

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A	CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	P	A
Burns,lf	4	0	0	3	1	Groh,3b	4	1	0	1	3
Bancroft,ss	4	0	0	3	1	Rath,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Young,rf	4	1	3	0	0	Daubert,1b	4	0	2	9	2
Frisch,3b	4	1	2	1	3	Roush,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Kelly,1b	4	1	2	10	0	Duncan,lf	4	0	1	2	0
Spencer,cf	4	0	1	3	0	Roth,rf,ss	4	0	1	2	0
Doyle,2b	2	0	0	2	1	Neale,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Smith,c	3	0	1	3	1	Wingo,c	4	0	0	3	2
Barnes,p	0	0	0	0	1	Luque,p	4	0	1	2	1
Douglas,p	2	0	0	0	4						
aKing	1	0	0	0	0						
Toney,p	0	0	0	0	0						
Total	32	3	9	27	12	Total	33	2	7	26	12

*Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Douglas in eighth inning.
Errors—Bancroft, Young.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3—3
Cincinnati	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Kelly. Stolen bases—Frisch, Roush. Sacrifice hits—Roush, Kopf. Double plays—Burns and Smith; Rath and Daubert. Left on bases—Cincinnati 7, New York 4. Bases on balls—Off Luque 1, Douglas 1. Hits—Off Barnes 2 in 1-3 inning, Douglas 1 in 7 2-3, Toney 1 in 1. Struck out—By Luque 3, Douglas 2. Passed balls—Smith (2). Winning pitcher—Toney. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and O'Day. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

MORAN TO MEET BECKETT.

Pittsburgh Heavyweight Is Matched for London Bout Sept. 24.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 1.—Frank Moran, the heavyweight pugilist of this city, who came home yesterday to visit his sister on the north side, was greatly pleased today when he received a cablegram from London, signed by Charles B. Cochran, the well-known fight promoter, telling him that he had been matched with Joe Beckett, the English ex-champion, at the Sporting Club in London on the evening of Sept. 24.

"I have long desired to get a crack at Beckett, and have no fears of the result, even if he did put away Ed McGoorty," said Moran.

LYNCH TO MEET LEDOUX.

Will Be Opponent of French Fighter at Jersey City Tonight.

Joe Lynch, west side bantamweight, who is clamoring for a title bout with Champion Pete Herman, will undergo a severe test this evening at the Armory A. A. of Jersey City when he clashes with Charley Ledoux, European bantamweight champion, in the principal twelve-round bout.

Two eight-round bouts and a six-round contest complete the card which Matchmaker Jennings will offer his patrons tonight. The principals in the eight-round bouts will be Harlem Eddie Kelly versus Sammy Baker of Binghamton and Willie Spencer of Brooklyn versus Johnny Sullivan of Weehawken. The six-round scrap will bring together Harlem Jimmy Carroll and Mickey Brown.

Brower Brings $15,000.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 1.—The purchase of First Baseman Brower by the Washington Americans for $15,000 from the Reading club was announced here today. Brower is to report at the end of the International League season.

Curves and Bingles

Somebody threw a ball back onto the field after it had been fouled into the stand and indignant citizens booed the stranger in New York for his honesty. How did they know he was a stranger in New York? Because he didn't slip the ball into his pocket.

In the seventh inning big Shufflin' Phil Douglas thought he had sneaked over a third strike on Heinie Groh, but Rigler didn't think so. Douglas was so grieved that he advanced to the plate prepared to argue the matter, but the umpire's silence was so much weightier than words and so ominous that he retreated to his previously prepared position in the box.

The crowd turned out yesterday prepared to do its part. There were outbursts of applause whenever the occasion warranted and, altogether, more enthusiasm than the home fans have shown for the Giants in previous games this season. Now that they're up there fighting all is forgiven. But the throng lost hope as the end drew near, only to be lifted from the doldrums into Paradise by that eleventh hour outburst.

Luque and Douglas had remarkable control. The latter was curving them over in great style and the Cuban could clip the plate almost at will. He clipped it several times too often in the ninth.

Luque and Daubert played pass for several minutes in the fourth, owing to the former's keen desire to catch Young napping off first. Young wasn't even sleepy and the crowd got tired of the time-consuming interchange. Remarks almost entirely devoid of courtesy were made to the twirler.

"I'd sit through twenty games to get five minutes like that," remarked one fan, husky of voice and red of face, to another as they tramped happily from the field. That's the way they all felt.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York 3, Cincinnati 2.
Brooklyn 6, St. Louis 1.
Other teams not scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Chicago 3, New York 0.
Washington 8, Cleveland 5.
Boston 4, Detroit 2.
St. Louis 12, Philadelphia 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	57	42	.576
Cincinnati	52	40	.565
New York	48	45	.516
Pittsburgh	47	45	.511
Chicago	49	50	.495
Boston	40	47	.460
St. Louis	44	52	.458
Philadelphia	38	54	.413

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	65	33	.663
New York	64	38	.628
Chicago	61	38	.616
Washington	45	47	.489
St. Louis	46	49	.484
Boston	41	52	.441
Detroit	35	59	.372
Philadelphia	29	70	.293

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Chicago.
Washington at Cleveland.
Boston at Detroit.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

ROBINS GAIN FULL GAME ON THE REDS

Defeat Cardinals, 6 to 1, While Cincinnati Is Losing—Grimes and Kilduff Star.

Brooklyn baseball fans received a choice morsel for breakfast this morning. Over their steaming coffee they read the glad tidings that Squire Ebbets's Robins were out in front by a clear margin in the National League race, blazing the trail with an advantage of slightly more than one full game on the tenacious Cincinnati Redlegs.

It all happened this way: At Ebbets Field yesterday the Robins beat the raindrops and then, by way of diversion, administered another beating to the St. Louis Cardinals, taking the second game of the Flatbush series by a count of 6 to 1. While this bit of baseball history was being recorded on the Flatbush ballyard, the Giants, in true neighborly fashion, were burying the Reds in the depths of defeat with a volcanic closing outburst at the Polo Grounds. The brace of metropolitan successes aided Brooklyn in its flight pennantward, sending the Robins to the peak in the National League mathematics by the clear margin of one full game and a little more.

Brooklyn's "little more" is slight, almost to the point of insignificance. The excess margin falls short of half a game, in reality, although the cold figures would indicate a safe margin of a game and a half for the team on the wrong side of the bridges.

The threat of rain did not dampen the ardor of Brooklyn's baseball populace. A crowd of 20,000 dared the elements for the chance of viewing the struggle which was to land Brooklyn on top. The importance of the occasion was evidently appreciated by the Cardinals also, for the Missourians, with a demonstration of just how the game should not be played, aided materially in the Brooklyn triumph. A concerted Robin attack, in which two of Rickey's pitchers were abused, supplied the artillery momentum necessary to bring about victory.

Grimes at His Best.

Burleigh Grimes, Manager Robinson's hurling ace, suppressed the Cardinals, while his team mates, led by Pete Kilduff and Jimmy Johnston, provided the batting accompaniment. Grimes, twirling in superb form, held the visitors completely under his spell, yielding but four hits. Two of these were mixed with a pass in the seventh and gave the Cards their only tally. In the second frame, when Ivan Olson unburdened himself of an accumulation of loose playing, the Rickey clan threatened to score, but Grimes worked doggedly and overcame the handicap. In the end Grimes was satisfied with his sixteenth victory of the season and the distinction of having twirled the team to the lead.

Ferdinand Stubblefield Schupp, who once attracted attention as a Giant, was the object of the Robins' attack. Ferdie's left-hand service was savagely pounded when hits were essential, and after experiencing a shattering attack in the fifth Manager Rickey became convinced of Schupp's ineffectiveness. The Cardinal manager removed Schupp for a pinch hitter in the seventh, and Kircher, a new comer, finished the game.

Kilduff Leads the Attack.

Kilduff, with three solid smashes, which aided in the manufacture of three Brooklyn runs, was the leader in the attack. Johnston also connected for three hits, which figured prominently in the Brooklyn total. Zach Wheat accounted for only one hit, but this thump, in the fifth inning, with the bases loaded, delivered two runs and served the game up for the Robins. In addition to this timely stick work Wheat contributed the fielding piece de resistance, a glittering catch of a hard-hit line drive off the bat of Austin McHenry in the eighth, which seemed destined for three bases. Wheat, off like a sprinter with the crack of the bat, raced frantically to get under the fast-traveling pill, and just had time to stick out his gloved hand and spear the ball in one of the most spectacular catches ever made at Ebbets Field. The play brought forth thunderous applause. Heathcote also made a brilliant catch, going back almost to the right field fence for a hard drive by Hy Myers in the fourth.

The Robins, after dying in order in the first, started scoring in the second, aided considerably by a crumbling Cardinal defense. With two down, Konetchy got a life on Kornesby's fumble, and Kilduff followed with a single to right. Konetchy reached third and, when Heathcote's heave sailed over Stock's head to the stand, the Big Train dug for the plate. Stock recovered the ball quickly and rifled to cut down Konetchy at the plate, but his throw was high and wild and Big Ed scored, while Kilduff reached third. Miller dumped a single in centre, scoring Kilduff, and Grimes fanned.

The Robins didn't score again until the fifth, when they pounded Schupp consistently. After Miller had ground him out, Grimes drew a pass and was forced by Olson. Johnston singled to left, Olson lumbering to third, and both runners advanced a sack on a passed ball. Neis, playing right field in Griffith's absence, was hit by a pitched ball, filling the bases. Wheat then lined out his only hit of the fray, a single to right, which chased Olson and Johnston home and sent Neis to third. Myers crashed a single through short to left, scoring Neis and sending Wheat to third. Myers stole second, but Konetchy ended the inning with a fly to McHenry.

Grimes Knocks In a Run.

Brooklyn made its sixth marker in the eighth off Kircher. Myers opened with a single to right and raced to third on Kilduff's blow to centre. After Miller had fouled out, Grimes skinned Lavan's shins with a single, which sent Myers home.

Olson performed a juggling act in the first on Fournier's grounder, but nothing happened to mar Brooklyn's chances, and the play was forgotten. Starting the second, however, Olson committed another blunder, which came near being disastrous, and for the remainder of the afternoon he drew sarcasm for applause whenever he accepted a chance. Olson became bewildered on McHenry's grounder, and before the Brooklyn shortstop recovered McHenry was perched on first. Grimes threw wild to Konetchy when Heathcote dropped a sacrifice on the green carpet, and both runners were safe. Lavan's sacrifice advanced the runners, and then McCarty was purposely passed. Schupp fanned and Smith grounded out.

Thereafter the Cardinals were held in check until the seventh, when they pushed over a run. McCarty drew a pass, and then Manager Rickey made some changes. Knode was sent to bat for Schupp and Dillhoefer to run for McCarty. Knode singled to centre and Dillhoefer pulled up at second. Smith crashed the ball to the right-field fence, ordinarily good for two bases, but when the St. Louis base-running signals jammed Smith was held on first and a chance to score tossed aside. Fournier followed with a sacrifice fly which registered Dillhoefer, and then Grimes applied the brakes.

The score:

| BROOKLYN (N

HAGEN AND BARNES TROUNCE BRITONS

America's Crack Golf Pros Beat Vardon and Ray on Hollywood Links by 4 and 2.

HAGEN CUTS COURSE MARK

So Does Ted Ray, but Former's Feat Is the Better by Margin of a Single Stroke.

VICTORS TAKE EARLY LEAD

Finish Morning Round of Best Ball Four-Ball Match 4 Up, and Hold Advantage to End.

It's dollars to doughnuts that when Harry Vardon and Ted Ray make their reports on Judgment Day they are going to forget there ever was a Hollywood, N. J., or that there was a beautiful championship golf course there. For on yesterday morning and afternoon, so as to make it unanimous, this pair of English golfing marvels got one fancy little trimming which will certainly detain them for a brief period.

They can stack up against America's amateurs and get away with it, but when facing the greatest pair of shotmakers on this side of the ocean it is a different story altogether. Walter Hagen and Jim Barnes, good friends again after their meeting on Saturday at Greenwich, got together yesterday morning and led the Britons by 4 up on the morning round, and then held this margin throughout the hot, sultry afternoon, to win ultimately by 4 and 2. It was a glorious revenge for the victory of Vardon and Ray over them a week ago today at New London, when the visiting pair triumphed by a solitary hole.

For Hagen the day was one of the grandest in his brilliant career as a professional. Walter saw a notice at Hollywood offering a prize for any one breaking the course record of 72. The trophy was a hundred bucks, and Hagen figured that a hundred dollars was a hundred dollars, even if changed into Soviet rubles. In the morning he actually tied the record, but refused to accept congratulations for this, and after tucking a good luncheon under his belt he went out in the afternoon round and cut two strokes from the record, circling the Hollywood links in 70 strokes, all putts holed out. It was a tough afternoon for Ted Ray, who also broke the record with a 71.

Hagen in Excellent Form.

In the flesh Hagen was only half of the American team, but in achievements for the day he was the greater fraction. Walter likes to beat Barnes and does it without any provocation at all, even when paired with him as yesterday.

Hagen, not satisfied to be on the winning team, to better the score of Barnes, and to corral most of the other loose honors, wound up his match with the kind of shot one often reads about but hardly ever sees. By halving the fifteenth hole of the afternoon round the Americans were done three. Playing the sixteenth, a long uphill hole, Big Ted Ray was the only one who gained the green on his second shot, and even it rolled to the far edge. Hagen was off to the right in rough grass. Course marshals with difficulty divided the crowds to give Walter a lane about three feet wide to play through. It was a good thing the path was no wider, for it kept him straight. He called for his mashie, chipped the ball fairly ten feet high so that it would clear a bunker which guarded the fringes of the green, and then stretched a smile from ear to ear as he saw the little white pellet skid across the velvety grass and sink in the hole for an eagle 3.

It seemed as though half of the 5,000 spectators—one business man even came from Pittsfield, Mass., to see the day's exhibition—wanted to pat Hagen on the shoulder affectionately and say "Good boy, Walter." The others stood awkwardly about, mouth open and speechless, as they measured with their eyes the distance of that hole-out. It was seventy-five feet if it was an inch.

Hagen Takes Chances.

Hagen and Barnes stood four up at the end of the morning round. Vardon had had bitter experiences with his putter, and Barnes, too, had had a continuation of the streak of luck which has kept him from sinking them lately. Hagen was a bold golfer if nothing else. He tried for birdies and not for pars, rolling his balls firmly up to the cup and seemingly more satisfied to have the overrun the hole than stop short. It paid, this courage of his, for his individual ball of 72 in the morning beat the combined efforts of the Britons, their best ball being 73. In the afternoon Vardon had his share of luck. On the twelfth and thirteenth holes he pitched his approaches too far and they were headed for traps off the green when on both occasions they struck a woman spectator and bounded to the green. On the thirteenth when the rebound brought him to less than ten feet from the hole, one nag with a real sense of humor shouted, "Some back spin, Harry." It sure was, and it kept him from naving to play one or more getting out of a sand pit.

The exhibition was conducted under the auspices of the Professional Golfers' Association as a benefit for their benevolent fund. Alex Pirie, National Secretary of the P. G. A., was director in charge, and deserved all the credit that spectators heaped upon him for staging one of the greatest exhibitions in this country. At the end Pirie announced that the net proceeds would exceed $2,000 for the fund, after the individual purses of $250 for each of the four players had been presented.

Hagen Has Poor Start.

Hagen got off to a bad start. He carried the first green in the morning on his second shot, along with the others, but needed three putts. Vardon also took a five, but Barnes and Ray halved it.

The Britons drew first blood and went to one up by winning the third. Here is a 426-yard hole, which might have been just half that distance, for all Ray cared. Big Ted whacked his second, played with a cleek, straight for the pin, the ball stopping about twenty feet from the cup. Ray rolled this down for the birdie and for the first win of the day. Hagen getting his four and Barnes and Vardon fives.

After Hagen had halved the next three, Barnes doing the same on two of them, both the Americans came through with a wallop on the long seventh, a hole 562 yards long, the longest on the Hollywood circuit. Hagen and Barnes both did this one regularly in par fives, but both foreigners took sixes and the match became squared. Putting was Ray's weak suit here, for he used up three taps going down. Vardon sent his second shot into a yawning trap and didn't reach the green until his fourth.

If Walter Hagen showed especial ability with any of his clubs yesterday, it was his mashie niblick. One of his typical performances with it came on the eighth. His drive to this 360-yard hole was no better than the others, but he laid a mashie niblick approach to four feet from the hole and putted down for a birdie 3. This put the Americans 1 up.

They retained this lead until the twelfth, where the tired, battered and fatigued Britons slipped and lost another. Both Hagen and Barnes played this in par figures, but Vardon flubbed his approach and took a five, as did Ray, who needed three putts.

Barnes won the thirteenth outright to put the home team three up. For once Jim's putter behaved well and he sank a 20-footer to get a birdie 3. The Americans' final of the morning was on the short seventeenth, where Hagen again gained a stroke on the field in the race for low score. He sank a long putt for a par 3 when all others took fours. Hagen's four on the home hole, the same as taken by Barnes and halved by Ray, gave him his record-tying total of 72 and put the Americans 4 up.

The best ball and individual cards of the morning match follow:

Out—									
Hagen-Barnes	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	3	4—35
Vardon-Ray	4	4	3	3	4	4	6	4	4—36
In—									
Hagen-Barnes	5	4	4	2	4	3	4	3	4—34—69
Vardon-Ray	5	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	4—37—73
Out—									
Par	4	4	4	3	4	4	5	4	4—36
Hagen	5	4	4	3	4	4	5	3	4—36
Barnes	4	5	4	4	3	5	4	4	3—36
Vardon	5	4	5	4	4	3	6	4	4—39
Ray	4	5	3	3	4	4	6	4	4—37
In—									
Par	5	4	4	4	3	5	3	4	4—36—72
Hagen	5	4	4	4	5	3	4	3	4—36—72
Barnes	5	4	4	3	4	5	4	4	4—37—76
Vardon	6	4	5	4	4	3	4	4	5—39—79
Ray	5	4	5	4	5	5	5	4	4—40—77

Whereas six holes were won on the morning circuit, five by the Americans and one by Vardon and Ray, only two were won on the entire afternoon play. The round was every bit worthy of a tussle between America's greatest pair and the two English shotmakers who are known wherever golf is played. Sixteen of the eighteen holes were halved. Judging the afternoon match alone, it ended all square, since the Britons won one hole and the Americans the other. Of the sixteen halved holes Hagen's work saved four of them, Barnes's two and they played alike on the other ten. For the English side Ray halved four, Vardon two and they were alike on ten.

Barnes got an inkling of the luck he was to meet playing the first hole after lunch. He hooked his drive, but made a magnificent out and reached the green six feet from the cup on his third. He missed his try for the four, but Hagen halved with the Britons. On the second Barnes put his second nearest of all to the cup, but only rimmed it on his third. Strangely enough, both Hagen and Ray also missed threes by a half's breadth.

Three of the Quartet Get a Two.

Only Ray spoiled a chance for an extraordinary achievement on the short fourth. He took a regular par three on this 162-yard hole, the tee and green of which are raised, making it a tricky one to play properly. The three others got birdie twos. Hagen on a twelve-foot putt, Vardon with one of eight feet and Barnes, who had put his tee shot the closest, with a seven-footer.

Vardon's birdie three on the 392-yard sixth was the Britons' only win of the round. All four gained the green on their seconds. Hagen and Barnes further away. It looked like a certain half, however, until it came Vardon's turn to putt, for Harry sank a twenty-five-foot roll for the win. The next two were halved and so was the ninth, although Barnes deserved to win it. Again it was an aggravated attack of that new disease which has kept him from holing long putts for the last three days. His first tap went in and then hopped out.

Barnes played a wonderful recovery, certainly one of the greatest of the day, on the eleventh. His second was in a wide sand pit, but he niblicked his ball out and dead to the hole, hardly a foot away. This shot enabled him to halve with both Englishmen, for Hagen had hooked his drive to a clump of trees and ultimately took five to putt down.

Hagen immediately set about to pick this lost stroke up, but even he himself was amazed at the way he did it on the sixteenth.

The hole is 470 yards long. Only Ray put his second on the green and it rolled to the far edge. Barnes was short and to the left. Vardon holed high and in rough at the left. Hagen was slightly short and in rough on the right. In chipping on with his mashie he had to play through a narrow lane between the crowds, and, what was as bad, had to scale a bunker which rises up from the edge of the green. His chip seemed to sink, but roll, across the putting surface. It was strong, and when it went down it hit the bottom of the cup with a resounding rattle. That shot, a good seventy-five feet long, ended the match, although all four played out the bye holes.

The afternoon cards follow:

Out—									
Hagen-Barnes	4	4	4	2	4	4	5	4	4—35
Vardon-Ray	4	4	4	2	4	3	5	4	4—34
In—									
Hagen-Barnes	4	4	4	4	4	3	3	3	4—33—68
Vardon-Ray	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3	4—34—68
Out—									
Hagen	4	4	4	2	4	4	5	4	4—35
Barnes	5	4	7	2	5	4	5	4	4—40
Vardon	4	4	4	2	4	3	5	4	4—34
Ray	4	4	4	3	5	4	5	4	4—37
In—									
Hagen	5	5	4	4	4	3	3	3	4—35—70
Barnes	4	4	5	4	4	3	5	3	4—36—76
Vardon	5	4	6	4	4	5	5	4	4—40—74
Ray	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	3	4—34—71

ANDERSON AND LETSON WIN.

Beat Hammett and Henderson in Sunningdale Tennis Final.

Fred C. Anderson and Ben Letson, State tennis champions of New Jersey, in doubles yesterday won the team event of the Sunningdale Country Club by defeating their old rivals, Alfred D. Hammett and Embree B. Henderson, of the University Heights Club, in three out of four sets, scored 5—7, 7—5, 6—4, 6—3. These same pairs met in the final round for the New Jersey title at the Montclair Athletic Club early in the season, and on that occasion the victory of the younger team was won by an even closer margin, in five sets.

Yesterday it looked for a time as if the veteran lobbers might upset calculations and reverse the result of their last meeting. Having won the opening set by breaking through Letson's service, they ran into a lead of 5—2 in the second, and again had Letson in the hole at 15—40. This time, however, the former boy champion pulled out of danger by some remarkable hitting, and started a pullup which resulted in five straight games for the set, 7—5.

Having lost this opportunity, Hammett and Henderson never again got the upper hand, although they fought hard for both of the remaining sets. Henderson's delivery was upset in the third session for the game that gave the youngsters their decisive lead, and in the last it was Hammett's service that proved the vulnerable spot.

Anderson's play was easily the feature of the entire match, his hitting being both severe and accurate all the way. Letson was wild at first, but steadied down later and gave his partner splendid support. The losers scored largely on their opponents' errors in the early stages, but were generally on the defensive in the latter half of the match, and had not enough aggressive shots to stem the tide, once Anderson and Letson got their eyes on the ball overhead.

Fisher in Two Victories.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 1.—Carl Fisher of Cynwyd today won the Eastern Pennsylvania clay court tennis championship by defeating Isadore S. Cravis, Cynwyd, 2—6, 6—3, 6—1, 6—0. Fisher and his brother, Herbert, won the doubles title from Paul Vannaman and John Haines, Cynwyd, 6—1, 7—5.

Comment on Current Events in Sports.

YACHTING

Another series of races for the historic America's Cup has come and gone. That old trophy remains here to await another attempt to wrest our laurels from us as the leaders of the world in designing, building and sailing yachts.

In this last attempt, Sir Thomas Lipton with his fourth Shamrock came nearer accomplishing the chief object of his life than he or any other challenger ever did before. He took the first two races. On only one occasion did any other yacht ever take even a solitary race, and that when the Livonia was declared the victor in 1871 after the Columbia met with a mishap. Sir Thomas might have won had the two yachts raced on that memorable day, one week ago last Saturday, when there was a blow and heavy sea off Sandy Hook, for it was the general belief that the challenger had a better chance of holding together than the defender. In addition, the challenger permitted of a reef, and she carried one that day, while that was not possible with Resolute's mainsail.

However, as they both made the most of the Race Committee's intimation that it might not be any day to race off Sandy Hook, no one can say what might have happened, but most followers of the sport agree that if America's Cup yachts as at present designed and constructed are unsuited to encounter such a blow as existed off the Hook that day, then it is time conditions be changed so as to insure seaworthy, serviceable craft.

Unfortunately, the reason given for calling of the race was that the men were in danger of being washed overboard. That indicates a certain personal fear. Most of those who sailed aboard the contestants have been out in worse weather and in greater personal danger than they would have been aboard either Shamrock IV. or Resolute on that day. As one thoroughly experienced American sailorman said, the crew had little occasion to be down to leeward and if they had to go there they could have lines attached to them to insure against any possibility of being washed overboard.

It is safe to say that had the 23-meter Shamrock been in the race she would have been out, and would have ridden the storm like a duck, while the crew would not have thought anything of it, and yet she has not much greater protection against being washed overboard than the other two yachts. It was the flimsy hulls or freakish rigging that the officials may have feared. Were some conditions embodied which called for heavier scantlings—a sturdier yacht, and one with a saner rig—then it is probable that there would be many who would be glad to build cup defenders which would have some useful purpose after they had served their initial duty of defending or defending for the cup.

At the same time, there should be all the chance in the world for naval architectural skill to triumph, for it requires quite as much skill, if not more, to design a sturdy craft within certain restrictions than it does to go the limit regardless. Some will say that the purpose is to build the speediest craft possible. Very good; then why impose any restrictions at all, as regards length, sail area or anything else? Go to it, then, boat for boat.

That subject of handicap is one which has come up for its full share of comment and condemnation during the races so recently ended. A great majority of yachtsmen believe that it might be possible to inject some terms into the Cup conditions which might make it possible to get satisfactory races on a scratch basis, as is the case in all other lines of sport in international championship contests.

GOLF

Walter Hagen has redeemed every bit of his temporary loss of prestige among golfers in this country. His magnificent victory in the Metropolitan open last week, giving him his third championship in succession, was just the kind needed to efface all the blemishes on his record which came as a result of his disappointing showing in the British open. Hagen did not win the Metropolitan title, an honor among golf pros second only to the national, in an ordinary way, although it was a typically Hagen way. He came from behind—Hagen seems to delight in these surprises—to tie the field, pass it and finally finish in a deadlock with the lanky Jim Barnes, who had looked like the winner from the start. And then in a perfectly fair and square play-off with Barnes, a meeting of America's two greatest golfers, Hagen slapped a smacking defeat on the St. Louis marvel by four strokes.

It was a pity that the press associations sent so little to this side in cable dispatches about Hagen's victory in the French open championship some three weeks ago. At that time one only knew that Hagen had defeated LaFitte in a play-off for the title. It developed, however, that the criticisms in this country that the French victory was not a deserving one were highly unfounded. In typical style, Hagen trailed the field for the early rounds, then caught and passed Abe Mitchell and finally caught the native Frenchman. Even George Duncan, winner the week before of the British open, was passed and humbled in Hagen's march to the fore. It was a victory well worth any striving and one which fits well with Hagen's lengthening string.

As for his placing so far down in the British open, Hagen explains it in a way that will be satisfactory to all. "I had an off time," said he, not as an alibi, but as a statement of fact. Every golfer knows what an "off time" means. Even the greatest of the great have been through the experiences, excepting no one. The next twelvemonth is going to roll around too slow for Hagen, for he is already planning for a second invasion of England in search of Duncan's crown. Those thousand of spectators who have seen him in action since his return, those who followed him at Greenwich and yesterday at Hollywood, have every faith in the young champion. Even Vardon and Ray, who have met him twice on their present tour, said the other day that he was one of the really great golfers of all time. Their appraisal is getting to be general.

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BASEBALL

The week just ended brought some startling changes in the pennant races of the major leagues. In the American League the Yankees figured in a long overdue slump, which caused them to lose some ground to the pace-setting Indians and at the same time slip close enough to the advancing White Sox to make a drop to a lower position loom unpleasantly near. In the National League the Giants made the spurt which the fans have been expecting so long, and as a result the McGrawmen are now regarded seriously as pennant contenders, a condition which has arisen only in the past few days.

It is hardly to be expected that the misfortunes of the Yankees will endure for any length of time, and the team may be relied upon to come through with a string of victories that will win back the ground recently lost. The Hugman had gone through more than two months of play, or from May 19 to July 26, without experiencing a shutout, which is an unusual record for any ball team. Then, within the space of seven days they were blanked by Sam Jones, Urban Shocker and Eddie Cicotte. One day the team would fail to score, and then it would come back with a flock of runs, showing that there was no marked slump in any particular department, but simply a failure to co-ordinate good pitching and good hitting. Coming so closely after the seven victories in ten games against the Indians and White Sox, the loss of five games in a stretch of seven must be regarded as only one of those slumps which fall to the lot of every team.

The Giants have imbued their followers with the idea that the team will yet be a strong contender in the pennant race, possibly a pennant winner. There is yet a considerable handicap to be overcome, as both the Robins and Reds hold a margin of several games over the McGrawmen, but the Giants are coming along at a clip that cannot be denied. The team is getting consistent pitching after a long spell of ineffective work on the mound, and victories are piling up as a result. Two weeks ago even the most optimistic followers of the Giants did not concede much of a pennant chance to the McGraw men. Now there is a disposition by both Robins and Reds to regard the Giants as a real pennant menace, and when the leaders feel that way the feeling reaches the point of unanimity.

With Greater New York's other major league representatives—the Brooklyn Robins—showing the way in the National League the city may be said to be fed with pennant prospects that was not before. There remain two long months of play before the curtain is rung down on the season. The Yankees have 52 more games to play, the Giants 61 and the Robins 55. For each team the season is about two-thirds gone, with plenty of opportunity remaining for winning streaks that will gain the heights. Each race is shaping up as one that will endure almost to October, so it is safe to presume that the peak in excitement and enthusiasm is yet to be reached.

TENNIS

So far as significant competition is concerned in its effect on the year's ranking, the lawn tennis season of 1920 is just about to begin. Thus far the majority of the tournaments have been conducted on clay courts, but throughout August every big event is staged on turf, leading by easy stages up to the supreme test of the national championships.

The opening of the annual invitation event at Seabright today marks the traditional start of the "grand circuit," which culminates in the first week of September at Forest Hills, Long Island. Newport, Longwood and Southampton follow in order, the first still the de luxe tournament of the season, the second deciding the national doubles title and the third a final tuning-up for the all-comers' singles.

The return of the victorious Davis Cup team from England will give an added interest to the three tournaments immediately preceding the national. While the absence of Johnston, Tilden, Williams and Garland has not appreciably affected the early season, since they would in any case have appeared in few of the preliminary events, their significance in American tennis has increased tremendously through the clean sweep that they made in the international competition as well as the most important English tournaments. All four have attained their full share of honors, with a fairly equitable division: Tilden is champion of the world; Johnston is the London title holder; Williams and Garland share the world's highest honors in doubles, and Williams also has the credit of defeating both Johnston and J. C. Parke in a minor English event. The natural rivalry between Tilden and Johnston, in particular, will be intensified as a result of the recent happenings abroad. With the prestige of his Wimbledon triumph, Tilden will be a hard man to stop on his way to the American championship this year, but there are still plenty of tennis followers who will back Johnston to retain his honors if the two ever meet in a crucial match.

It has been, and will continue to be, the biggest season in the history of American tennis. Tickets are already on sale and going fast, for the national championship, which begins at Forest Hills on Aug. 30. From now until that date the excitement of the court following is fairly sure to be a cumulative affair, with no limit as yet in sight.

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TURF

It is a good many years since a race meeting has opened on the New York circuit facing such bright prospects for success as the one which begins at Saratoga today. Circumstances have favored this meeting to the extent that it seems safe to say the best sport that has been witnessed on the turf this year will be seen during August at the Spa. If the meeting comes up to expectations, it should do much to aid racing and make the patrons forget the unpleasant experiences that have cropped up at some of the other tracks. The long meeting amid the beautiful surroundings of Saratoga will attract a small army of lovers of the horse and followers of racing, and the little city of bubbling springs will be a gay spot.

Racing will gain its stimulus, however, from the great number of really high class horses and the large number of stake events which will be run during the meeting. Seldom has there been more good horses at the Spa than at present, and there should be excellent contests in all divisions.

The two-year-old division particularly is interesting at this time because as yet no one horse has gained an outstanding place above the others of this age. No Man o' War has been found.

On the contrary, there are a dozen or more youngsters which have yet to settle the question of superiority, but it is not at all improbable that the season's champion will come to the fore before the meeting comes to a close.

While the prospective champion is being developed all eyes will turn to the races of Man o' War and to his efforts to set a few more new records. The fastest mile that was ever run in this country was run over the Saratoga course when Roamer ran against time in 1:34 4-5 two seasons ago. It is expected that Man o' War will endeavor to lower that mark in competition, as well as one or two other marks at distances which he has not yet tried.

More interesting than even his record-breaking prospects is the fact that Man o' War may be seen in action against older horses before the close of the meeting. He may be a starter in the Saratoga Cup race, in which he would meet older performers at scale weights, each carrying weight for age, and then the champion will have a chance to show his full ability.

COLLOM CAPTURES GREENWICH FINAL

Wins Singles Honors from Von Bernuth in Open Tennis Tourney by 6-3, 6-2, 1-6, 6-4.

VETERANS TAKE DOUBLES

Alexander and Rosenbaum Defeat Anderson and Major in Five Evenly Contested Sets.

John Collom of the Stamford Yacht Club completed his series of surprising tennis victories at the Greenwich Country Club yesterday by winning the final match of the open singles from Anton Von Bernuth, former Columbia University Captain, by scores of 6—3, 6—2, 1—6, 6—4, thus getting the first leg on the new Morse challenge cup, in addition to the handsome first prize donated by N. R. Sinclair. The doubles event was won by Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum, who defeated Frank T. Anderson and Cedric Major in a thrilling five-set final, scored 4—6, 6—1, 3—6, 6—3, 6—4.

Collom's victory in the singles was well earned, as he had defeated three of the best men in the tournament previous to the final round in Fred C. Anderson, Fred H. Harris and Dr. William Rosenbaum. Von Bernuth had rather less opposition to overcome on the other side of the draw, his strongest rival, Frank T. Anderson, being unexpectedly eliminated by Herbert C. Bowman, whom he himself defeated in a three-set semi-final.

Yesterday the former Dartmouth champion was in top form, and in only one of the four sets did Von Bernuth show any superiority. Most of the match was played in a drizzle of rain, but this did not appreciably affect the tennis of either contestant. Both hit hard from the outset and there were few long rallies, a single shot being often enough to win or lose a point. Collom's forehand drive once more proved a powerful weapon of offense, and he rarely neglected to put away the ball with this stroke if anything like a set-up was offered. Von Bernuth, on the other hand, depended more upon net play than ground strokes, and too many of his volleys lacked the finality necessary to justify this dangerous method of attack. In service and all-around defensive play they were fairly equal.

Collom Breaks Through.

Collom started the service and, after alternating on the first three games, broke through for the lead, which assured him of the opening set by a 6—3 margin. Von Bernuth then braced and took two games in a row to start the second session. Before further damage could be done, however, Collom had struck his stride again and by moving along at top speed he took six games in succession for the set, 6—2.

The third, set represented Von Bernuth's best effort of the day, and a corresponding slump on the part of Collom. The ex-Columbian realized that he could do nothing against Collom without speed and began to hit the ball harder without losing control of his direction. Some very fast and accurate shooting brought him an immediate lead, which ran up to 5—0 before he was stopped. Collom then captured one game, but the set was Von Bernuth's at 6—1 after a brilliant display of racquet and head work.

Von Bernuth had a good chance to win the final set also, leading at 3—2 and 4—3, with a service break in his favor. But Collom gathered all his resources for a final spurt, and after tying the score forged ahead, twice upsetting his rival's delivery, to win the set and match at 6—4.

Spectacular Doubles Match.

The doubles final offered even more spectacular tennis than the windup of the individual event. All four of the survivors were setting a high standard, with streaks of truly dazzling play, but throughout the match it was the work of the veteran Alexander that stood out most prominently. His court tactics were above reproach, and frequently he saved a difficult situation by a sensational shot, either off the ground or on the volley. Rosenbaum was erratic, but thoroughly impressive whenever his best intentions were realized. He was never afraid to hit the ball, and while he contributed his full share of errors his killing shots played an important rôle in the victory of his side.

Frank Anderson was the more consistent performer for the losers, hitting recklessly at times, but keeping a high average of cleanly earned points. His service was always aggressive and he punished the ball severely overhead. Major was again noticeable in the persistency of his returns from hard smashes, and in many cases he was able to transform a desperate get into a winning lob.

Margin of Victory Slight.

The younger pair got away to a good start and after an early break in service claimed the opening set at 6—4. Alexander and Rosenbaum came right back to tie up the match in whirlwind style, with the loss of only one game in seven.

This sensational effort, however, took much of the speed out of the veterans, and in the third bet they had to bow to their younger rivals once more with the games scored 6—3 against them. A short rest brought them back to top speed and after the best played and best fought set of the match everything was square again with a reversal of the 6—3 count.

The rubber was a toss-up most of the way, but Alexander and Rosenbaum had just enough in reserve to achieve the one necessary break through the opposing service and eventually came out on top by the close margin of 6—4.

CHEVROLET SETS RECORD.

Driver Shatters World's Mark for 100 Miles Over Dirt Track.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 1.—Gaston Chevrolet set a new world's record for 100 miles over a dirt track here today when he covered the century without a stop in 89 minutes and 23 seconds. The former record of 91 minutes and 30 seconds was set by Tom Alley at Minneapolis in 1914.

Tommy Milton, record-holder for the straightaway course, finished second today. He trailed four laps behind Chevrolet, who at no time was in danger of being headed. Ralph Mulford also started, but was forced to the pit in the first lap owing to a broken valve.

STODDART-KELLEY TEAM NET VICTOR

Captures Manhattan Doubles Title by Defeating Krugler and Pianisani.

Robert O. Stoddart and S. G. Kelley of the Amackassin Club, Yonkers, yesterday became the Manhattan tennis doubles champions for this season, defeating Dr. Wallace Krugler and Fred Pianisani in straight sets in the postponed final round on the losers' hon courts at the New York Tennis Clu 238th Street and Broadway. The score were 6—3, 8—6, 6—4.

Although the winners were clearly the better team all the way through the match, their victory was by no means a one-sided affair. Especially in the second session did Krugler and Pianisani put up a real fight, and the difference of a few points here might easily have changed the entire complexion of the struggle.

Stoddart was the star of the quartet, his net play being exceedingly accurate, while in general he showed a splendid command of the finer points of doubles play. He was admirably supported by Kelley, who was generally able to finish off the points after winning openings had been forced by his partner, excelling in overhead hitting when killing shots were needed.

Krugler also was effective overhead, and his sense of anticipation at the net enabled him to kill off many a well-intended shot.

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No exception to *this* rule!

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MISS BALLIN TAKES LONG ISLAND TITLE

Wins Net Championship from Miss Wagner in Sensational Battle at Woodmere.

Miss Florence Ballin, of the West Side Club, yesterday won the women's tennis championship of Long Island at the Woodmere Club, dethroning Miss Marie Wagner, the former titleholder, in the final round by scores of 4—6, 6—1, 9—7. First honors in the mixed doubles were won by Miss Margaret Grove and J. Harry Steinkampf, who defeated Mrs. Edward V. Lynch and Walter J. Toussaint in the finals in straight sets, 6—1, 8—6.

The windup of the singles saw the most sensational tennis battle that has ever been staged on the Woodmere courts. Never has the tide of victory changed its course so suddenly and decidedly as was the case on several occasions yesterday, and never has feminine courage been put to so severe a test as both contenders were forced to undergo by the curiously varying fortunes of the match. At first Miss Wagner looked like a certain winner, taking four of the opening five games, and annexing the set, 6—4, after a splendid pull-up by her rival. Then Miss Ballin suddenly came into her own, and, after losing one game of the second session, swept through six straight to square the match by a 6—1 count.

Not satisfied with this remarkable winning streak, the West Side girl kept right on for five more games, increasing her successive total to eleven, and it seemed that only a miracle could save Miss Wagner. The ex-champion, however, instead of giving up an apparently lost cause, began a rally of her own, which did not end before the games had been tied at 5—all, and it was anybody's match again.

Losing her service for the odd game, she got it back immediately, and after winning her delivery for a lead of 7—6 seemed to have completed her triumph, with a score of 0—40 standing against Miss Ballin. The latter, however, had still another uphill effort in reserve, and actually saved this game, after three match points, and took the next two in succession for the championship at 9—7.

Miss Ballin Hard to Stop.

Not only was the score in points, games and sets about as close as possible in yesterday's play, but the tennis itself was of the highest standard all the way. Miss Ballin, as usual, trusted to hard hitting to accomplish results, and, while she required the better part of the opening set to get her eye on the ball and gauge her distances correctly, she was very hard to stop once the control of her shots had completely asserted itself. Even in the pinches, when an error would have been fatal, Miss Ballin's confidence did not desert her, and some of her finest drives were made in the rallies, whose loss would have meant the match.

Miss Wagner mixed up her game somewhat more than her opponent, and had much better control at the start. She drove well at all times, and indicated a willingness to come to the net when the opportunity offered, although this temerity cost her dear on several occasions, when she was beaten or thrown into error by good lobs. All through the first set, however, Miss Wagner had clearly the better tennis at her disposal.

She broke through service early in the match, and was soon enjoying a lead of 4—1, with Miss Ballin trying desperately to keep the ball within the limits of the court. Here, however, the first turn of the tide occurred, and Miss Ballin, coming from behind with a game display of fast driving, proved her ability to hold her own by taking three games in a row and tying up the set at 4—all. This was her limit at the time, however, and Miss Wagner, getting a fresh start and increasing the speed of her shots, closed out the set at 6—4.

It looked like a possible straight set victory when Miss Wagner won the opening game of the second session also, but Miss Ballin suddenly came to life again and began her most irresistible winning streak of the day. She had taken six games in a row and equalized the set score before Miss Wagner could find any means of defense whatever. Even then the relentless hitting did not let up, and in spite of much stronger opposition Miss Ballin continued to pile up the points until she led at 5—0 in the rubber. Then Miss Wagner made her great bid for victory.

Miss Wagner Comes Up.

By the steadiest of play she gradually caught up, taking two love games in succession and losing only one point in another, then taking a long deuce session for a final break through Miss Ballin's service and a score of 5—all. She lost her own delivery for the next, but immediately equalized by a parallel upset, and then went into what seemed a commanding lead on service at 7—6.

The gallery was ready to call it a match when Miss Ballin trailed at 0—40, but two lobs in succession were smashed just out of court by the overanxious defender of the title. Miss Ballin, encouraged by these breaks, put everything she had into the next few drives, and a series of clean placement shots pulled out the game in heart-breaking fashion. Before Miss Wagner could recover her poise she had lost her own service and was again on the defensive. Deuce was called three times, however, before the argument came to an end. In each case Miss Ballin needed only one point for victory, but her fighting rival refused to give up. After fourteen spectacular rallies the fatal error came, and Miss Wagner went down to defeat by the narrow margin of 9—7, completing a court struggle that will go down in history as the most remarkable ever fought by two well-matched feminine stars for the Long Island championship.

Mrs. Lynch and Walter Toussaint put up a good fight against the experienced mixed doubles team of Miss Grove and J. H. Steinkampf, and came very near to pulling out the second set, which went against them by a score of 9—6. Toussaint has had little tournament practice of late, and was consequently slow in getting started. Both Miss Grove and Mrs. Lynch played with surprising steadiness against the hardest shots of the men.

Johnson to Consult Specialist.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 1.—Walter Johnson, veteran star pitcher of the Washington American League baseball team, left here tonight for Rochester, N. Y., to consult a specialist. He has been troubled with a sore arm.

U. S. TRIUMPHS IN TARGET SHOOTING

Leads Olympic Rivals by 15 Points—Gains Second Place in 600-Meter Event.

BEVERLOO, Belgium, Aug. 1.—America again won a decisive victory in today's Olympic rifle target shooting, according to the final results, leading its nearest competitors by 15 points. In nine events, all with high power rifles, the following scores were recorded: The United States 22, Norway, Denmark and Sweden 7 each, France 4, Switzerland 3, South Africa 3, and Finland 1.

The Americans expect to make as good a showing in the small bore rifle, pistol and revolver matches on Monday and Tuesday.

Americans added two more points to their Olympic total today by gaining second place in the shoot off of the tie in the 600-meter team event, with a score of 281. South Africa was first, with 283, and Sweden third, with 275.

The winning by Sergeant Fisher, United States Marine Corps, of the individual championship in the rifle target matches and the victory of the American team in yesterday's classic free-for-all rifle competition were established today by the official scores, which confirm the unofficial results of yesterday. In the team shoot the official scores show the United States was first, with 4,876; Norway second, 4,743, and Switzerland third, 4,697. The United States also got third place in yesterday's individual shoot, with Commander Osburn's 978; Larssen, Denmark, was second, with 985.

TENNIS TITLE FOR JAMES.

Saratogan Wins Hoosick Valley Singles Final from Ostendorf.

Special to The New York Times.

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., Aug. 1.—R. L. James, the Saratoga expert, captured the Hoosick Valley tennis championship in the final day's play at the Hoosick Falls Country Club today. In the semi-finals, James disposed of R. B. Snow of Springfield in a hard-fought three-set match by 6—1, 7—9, 8—6, and then in the final he defeated A. J. Ostendorf of New York in one of the closest four-set matches ever seen on the local courts. James dropped the first set 2—6, but made a brilliant rally and captured the next three sets by 6—3, 6—2, 6—4. Both players were heartily applauded by the large gallery.

In the semi-final round of the doubles, D. P. Robinson, Jr., and E. E. Frost defeated A. J. Ostendorf and R. L. James in a fast three-set match by scores of 2—6, 12—10, 8—6. In the final of the doubles, Carleton Y. Smith, the Southern champion, and W. L. Cary defeated Robinson and Frost in an exciting five-set match, 1—6, 5—7, 6—2, 6—2, 6—3. James, the new singles champion, was winner of the Canadian doubles last year and runner-up this year.

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$45 to $53 Suits reduced to $37.50
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Much importance attaches to the fact that the sale is of our regular stocks exclusively—Suits made under the rigid standards and specifications responsible for the respect in which our clothing

NEW WALL ST. PLAY AT HUDSON THEATRE

A. H. Woods Presents the "Crooked Gamblers," with Triple Scenic Novelty.

HAS AN IMPOSING CAST

Production Contains Several Dramatic Flashes and a Minimum of False Touches.

CROOKED GAMBLERS, a play in four acts by Samuel Shipman and Percival Wilde. At the Hudson Theatre.

Bob Dryden.....Purnell Pratt
Bobbie.....Tommie Meade
Jim O'Neill.....Leonard Doyle
Janet Granville.....Doris Kelly
Mrs. Robertson.....Helene Laekaye
Fred Robertson.....Robert McWade
Henry Van Arsdale.....Edward Fielding
Mrs. Van Arsdale.....Louise MacIntosh
John Stetson.....Taylor Holmes
Evelyn Van Arsdale.....Maude Hanaford
Turner.....Felix Krembs
Williams.....George Lyman
Randall.....William B. Mack
McIntyre.....Edmund Abbey
Graham.....Don Merrifield
Mr. Stone.....Charles Mather
Mr. Brown.....William S. Ely
Mr. Lorimer.....Martin Alsop

There is the hand of the good playmaker in "Crooked Gamblers," which A. H. Wood brought to the Hudson Theatre on Saturday night as a sequel to Mr. Brady's production of the night before. The two plays—rushed to town, it will be remembered, because both have to do with Wall Street and the gambling fever—are markedly similar in their denouements, but in the circumstances which lead up thereto they vary widely. Mr. Woods emerges from the contest a rather handy victor, for "Crooked Gamblers" is in nearly all respects a better play than "Opportunity." It is presented, moreover, by an imposing cast and it contains a triple scenic novelty which roused Saturday night's audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm.

So contagious was the excitement of this scene that not even the premature entrance of a group of supers—one of those unfortunate and unaccountable first-night accidents—could lessen its effectiveness. The preceding scenes had shown two tiers of offices overlooking the Curb Market, with the hero, fighting a falling market, buying vigorously in a scene of mounting excitement. The lower and upper office lighted alternately as the action shifted from one to the other, until finally the scene changed magically to the outside of the building, with the seething curb market flanking it the while Stetson Tire went up and down.

Although this scene, coming at the end of Act III., marked the high spot of the play theatrically, "Crooked Gamblers" is a well-knit and interesting play for most of the distance, with several dramatic flashes and a minimum of false touches. It is the best work to date of Samuel Shipman (and Percival Wilde), for despite the theatricalness of its story it manages to get away from the merely theatrical in the handling of many of its incidents. The layman may find it a little too full of Wall Street jargon to be always understandable, but he will be unable to resist the power of a number of its scenes, even though some of the technical side evades him.

"Crooked Gamblers" departs from "Opportunity" at the outset by taking as its hero a youth who tries to avoid Wall Street, instead of one infatuated by it. He is a young business man, a manufacturer of automobile tires, who finds himself drawn into the Wall Street maelstrom by the insistence of his partner and the arguments of a suave promoter. His decision to enter the Street is reached in an excellently built first act, and the second act finds himself and his friends full in the enjoyment of their prosperity. There follows the third act clash with the suave manipulator, the seeming defeat, and, as in "Opportunity," the sudden reversal of the situation with the discovery that the opponent has oversold, a la Stutz. It is, of course, a solution which might quite easily have occurred to more than one playwright.

The cast is long as well as imposing. Taylor Holmes, although he is hardly an ideal choice for the young tire manufacturer, gives a vigorous performance once he gets into the swing of it. He marred many of his scenes, however, by an overindulgence in facial play. Felix Krembs, as suave as ever, played the crooked gambler to perfection, right up to the gentlemanly exit which Mr. Krembs's villains are always accorded. Maude Hanaford was a personable heroine, and Purnell Pratt did first-class work as the partner who favored Wall Street. Robert McWade and William B. Mack played characteristic rôles characteristically, but both were entitled to better treatment. Mr. Mack's rôle, in particular, was stuck onto the play rather than worked into the fabric of it.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Certificate of stock No. 302, representing one (1) share of the capital stock of the Bryant Park Bank, No. 220 West 42d St., the transfer of which has been stopped. All persons are hereby ordered to show cause to the bank on or before August 23, 1920, why a new certificate should not be issued in lieu thereof.

LOST—Black bag containing among other articles 2 keys, 2 automobile licenses, 1 letter, 2 stock certificates, $70 cash, in Mirror Candy Shop, 34th, near Waldorf; liberal reward. Room 4005, Woolworth Bldg.

LOST—On train or at Grand Central Station, card case containing railroad pass, $50 Liberty bond and $20; reward. F. J. Monroe, 15 Ward Place, West Haven, Conn.

LOST—Pass book No. 56763 of West Side Savings Bank. Any person having claims upon said book is called upon to present same to bank within thirty days from date.

LOST—Black bag, 137th St., Broadway, containing jewelry and money; reward. Goodyear, 602 West 137th, Apt. 56.

Jewelry.

LOST—Diamond and sapphire bar pin, Sloane's Tavern, Ocean Parkway, or Dominick's or Beau Rivage, Sheepshead Bay, or vicinity Foster Av. and East 16th St.; liberal reward. H. K. Mackenzie, 1,611 Foster Av.; Mansfield 5104.

LOST—Large diamond horseshoe pin, on Sunday, Aug. 1, at Oakland Beach, Rye, N. Y., near entrance to ferry to Oyster Bay; liberal reward for return. F. H. Leggitt, 2,473 Grand Concourse, N. Y. C. Telephone Fordham 6054.

LOST—Lady's diamond brooch, Saturday afternoon, July 31, between Rialto Theatre, 42d St. and Broadway, and Hotel Belmont, Park Av. and 42d St.; liberal reward. Return cashier, Hotel Belmont.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, also wedding ring, Wednesday night, Fox's Audubon Theatre (wash room); liberal reward; no questions. Geiger, 1,136 St. Nicholas Av. Wadsworth 5483.

LOST—In Alfred Fanti's office, man's watch, Elgin movement, open face, monogram A. E. L., chain and locket with flower on locket. Liberal reward for return to 120 West 32d.

LOST — Manhattan Beach, diamond and sapphire circular pin; liberal reward; no questions asked. D. Levin, 35 West 21st; Gramercy 6582.

LOST—Cuff link, vicinity 7th Av, Clarkson St.; $5 reward. McDermott, 41 18th Av., Long Island City.

LOST—Gold brooch, oval, 2 long rings, 1 pearl, between Wall and West 85th; reward. Hanover 4421.

$2,000 REWARD.

Lost, July 25, at Morl's, Bleecker or 30th St., 5th and Madison Av., platinum diamond bracelet; no questions asked; above reward on return to Cartier, 653 5th Av.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Reward will be paid for the return fur neckpiece taxicab early Saturday morning, between Stroll's Restaurant and East 77th St. Hedderton. Lenox 604, 175 East 79th St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Esquimaux dog, resembles chow; answers to name Tookie; reward. Midwood, 1,432 East 3d St., Brooklyn. Phone 5308.

PERSONAL.

SEEK INFORMATION AS TO THE WHEREABOUTS of Nelle Degraft. Address Mrs. Elizabeth Donovan, 675 Broadway, Pawtucket, R. I.

THE SCREEN

Let the movies be moral. Let them please every one, if possible—the simple and the sophisticated, the gay and the gloomy, the young and the old—but let them in the end, and above all, give moral offence to no one. They may go far from the Puritanical path; they may roam freely 'mid pleasures and palaces, but, at the final fade-out, let them return to the humble home and declare that, no matter what the hero and heroine may have done, no matter how natural and right their conduct may have seemed to the younger generation of egoists and social free-thinkers, the ways and ideas of the older generation of conventional moralists are the best. And so, while the sons and daughters have something to approve, the mothers and fathers have nothing to condemn. Thus all are satisfied, if they take the pictures at their face value.

Something like this must have been in the minds of the makers of "Hairpins," the photoplay at the Rialto this week. It begins with Muriel Rossmore (Enid Bennett) and her husband, Rex (Matt Moore), in their home. Muriel is dowdy. She slops around the house in a kimono, with a trail of hairpins behind her. Rex is a rising young lawyer who likes to go out in the evening. He wishes he had a smart young wife to go with him, but, as he hasn't, he takes his stenographer. So far sympathy is with him. No wife has a right to be a sloven. The younger generation surely approves of Rex's interest in the stenographer, while the older generation wails, knowing well what's coming in the end. Muriel learns of her husband's affair and the reason for it. So she reforms—that is, she gets advice from a "woman of the world," buys a new wardrobe, fixes up her hair, learns to smoke and joins a crowd of gay revellers. She will win her husband back by being smart. And again the younger generation approves. Undoubtedly, that's the way to do it. But the older generation waits for the end.

Rex is horrified to learn what Muriel is doing. He goes to one of her parties, and in the middle of it notifies her sternly that she is "going home—now!" At home everything is explained, Rex understands, and Muriel is happy. But is she thereafter to be the kind of wife her husband had desired, his smart companion, out evenings? Not at all. That would offend the moralists. It would have exceedingly questionable means justified by an undoubtedly happy end. It would give the younger generation a chance to turn on their elders and say, "You see; there, now"—and the elders, who also patronize the movies, would sternly disapprove. So, the younger ones having had their inning, the elders are now allowed to score. Rex and Muriel realize the error of their ways, decide that home life is the best, after all, and when Rex says, "I love you for yourself alone—and I'll buy you an expensive kimono," Muriel smiles angelically. They are happy—and the conventions have been upheld. Logis adapts itself to the individual.

"Hairpins" is an ince picture directed by Fred Niblo, from a scenario by C. Gardner Sullivan. Therefore, it contains many well-made scenes and is interesting in separate parts. Enid Bennett is attractive in any rôle, and as convincing in Muriel's as the story and too much makeup permit. William Conklin, as the heroine's instructor in "smartness," is the most genuine person in the story, though there can be no complaint of the acting of Matt Moore, Aggie Herring and most of the others in the cast. All of which means that "Hairpins," if it had been bold enough to assert positively and consistently that the conventional moralists are right, or that they are wrong, could have been an entirely enjoyable production.

The Rialto program also includes "The Enchanted Valley," a scenic, and "An Overall Hero," a comedy saved over from last week's bill at the Rivoli.

"The Jack-Knife Man," for which King Vidor is responsible, is at the Strand this week. Mr. Vidor, whose work has been knocking at Broadway doors for some time, is a cinematician of ability and promise. A number of the scenes in "The Jack-Knife Man," which is adapted from a story by Ellis Parker Butler, are examples of excellent direction, and the setting of the story as a whole has been carefully and intelligently arranged. But the photoplay gives the impression that Mr. Vidor said, before starting it, "Now I will be wholesome and optimistic," and kept his declaration in mind in the making of every scene. The public should be glad that Mr. Vidor is wholesome and optimistic. There is certainly no objection to the purpose of his work, but surely it should not give the impression that it has no purpose, aside from setting forth an entertaining story and interesting characters. Spectators do not want to be aware of the missionary intent of what they go to enjoy, and in many scenes of "The Jack-Knife Man" they are aware of little else. For this reason the photoplay does not hold the interest as it might.

Those in the principal parts are Fred Turner, as a self-consciously lovable Mississippi River character; Bobby Nelson as a deliberately cute little fellow whom he adopts, and Harry Todd as a studiously amusing tramp who adopts them both.

A Chester scenic, "King Budha's Maze," and a "Snub" Pollard comedy, "Run 'Em Ragged," are also at the Strand.

"The Mutiny of Elsinore," from Jack London's story, is at the Capitol this week; "A Dark Lantern," with Alice Brady, is at the Rivoli, and "Under Crimson Skies" is the offering of the Astor. "Humoresque" goes into its tenth week at the Criterion, and "Up in Mary's Attic" into its second at the Broadway.

FRIARS HAIL DOUG AND MARY

Film Actress Is Acclaimed as the "World's Sweetheart."

Tessa Kosta sang "Mary" as Mary Pickford arose to answer the plaudits of the 600 Friars and their guests who attended a dinner to Miss Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks at the Hotel Astor last night. Theatrical and motion picture people, nearly all of whom had known the celebrated pair in the days before they acquired their fame, joined in paying tribute to the guests of honor, and addresses were made by William A. Brady, who was Fairbanks' manager years ago; Thomas A. Wise, co-star with Fairbanks in "The Gentleman from Mississippi"; Raymond Hitchcock, Frank McGlynn, Frank Bacon, Dr. Royal S. Copeland and others.

"Mary Pickford," said Mr. Brady, "is one of the greatest artists who has ever been seen, either upon the stage or the screen—and I speak as a man who has grown up in the theatre, and who has seen all the great players of his time. She is truly the world's sweetheart, and the only woman in the world who has ever earned that title."

Tom Wise referred to Fairbanks as "My boy," and declared that "he has the greatest personality of any person in the world."

"He practiced his first acrobatics on my shoulders while I was making up," Mr. Wise continued. "He has grown since then, but he is just the same fellow he was in the olden days. He is one man of whom I'll never be jealous. The higher he climbs, the further he goes, the better it will please his old-time partner."

Fairbanks, in acknowledging the numerous addresses, described the recent trip of himself and Miss Pickford through Europe, and concluded by giving an exact transcript of an address of welcome made to the visiting stars in Holland.

The addresses were preceded by the showing of an early Mary Pickford film, and were followed by an entertainment and a dance.

Hippodrome to Reopen Next Week.

The Hippodrome will be reopened for the season on Monday night of next week, when "Good Times," Charles B. Dillingham's sixth annual production at that playhouse, will have its première showing. The production is the work of R. H. Burnside, with music by Raymond Hubbell. The seat sale at the Hippodrome will open Thursday morning.

WANT AMERICA TO PAY FOR SHIPS

Allies Seek Settlement for Part of German Tonnage Seized by United States.

PLEDGE MADE BY WILSON

He Promised, Congress Willing, to Pay for Seizures in Excess of American Losses.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—Under the arrangements made by President Wilson, the United States—subject to the approval of the claim by Congress—owes the Reparation Commission for some 300,000 tons of German shipping now held in America. If a settlement had been made last year the obligation would have been much larger than now. If the United States should refuse to honor the President's agreement to the arrangement for the division of the former German ships there would be no way in which it could be forced to make the payment.

The Allies have just decided to liquidate the shipping situation, and they would like to know what Washington is going to do about America's share.

When the question of the German ships came up at the Peace Conference there were with regard to America two conditions which appeared to be conflicting. It had been decided by the allied peacemakers that Germany should be made to replace, so far as she could, the shipping which she had sunk by her submarine campaigns. To do that the ships owned by Germany were to be distributed among the Allies in proportion to their sea losses in merchant ships. This was one condition. The other was that each nation was conceded to have a right to the enemy ships seized in wartime.

Wilson-Lloyd George Agreement.

Because America had seized German ships much in excess of the number she had lost, and because the other Allies, notably England, had seized much less tonnage than they had lost, there was a certain inconsistency in these two conditions. Recognizing this, President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George set about to make a mutually satisfactory arrangement. In May, 1919, they signed an agreement which in effect said: First, that the question of shipping reparation should be separated from other reparation accounts; second that, while the principle of ton for ton and class for class replacement should stand, nevertheless the United States should keep all the German ships it had seized, but should pay to the Reparation Commission the value of all enemy tonnage it held over and above what it had lost in the war. It was specified by President Wilson that this agreement was subject to the approval of Congress.

Not Yet Approved by Congress.

This arrangement has not been approved by Congress. The allied plans for the settlement of the ship account have been several times delayed because of the American factor. At Spa it was decided that the account would have to be liquidated, and that the Allies would proceed to do so by the sale of the former German ships at current prices. This so-called sale is merely a matter of bookkeeping for fixing the value of the ships. They will be assigned to the various Allies in proportion to the latter's war losses, and the American-held ships will be left out of the accounting for the present.

Roughly speaking, America seized 600,000 tons of German shipping. While she was at war with Germany she lost something like 300,000 tons. That would leave 300,000 tons to be paid for, according to the terms of the Wilson-Lloyd George agreement. At the time the arrangement was made shipping was worth in the world market about $180 per ton, which would have made the bill about $54,000,000. At the present price of about $80 per ton it is about $24,000,000.

Bill May Run to $80,000,000.

At any rate, the fact remains that if the Wilson-Lloyd George agreement is lived up to America owes from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000 to the Reparation Commission.

It is the allied view that it is no valid argument to say that America might offset this amount by her claims against Germany. For, the allied experts say, the Wilson-Lloyd George agreement expressly separates shipping from other reparation items, and it was President Wilson's understanding that any claims of American nationals against Germany could be settled out of the accounts of property seized by the American Alien Property Custodian, and that America would have no claim upon the general allied reparation fund. This view gains force from the fact that in the recent final apportionment of German reparation payments America did not figure at all.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Blue Bonnet," by George Scarborough, will be placed in rehearsal immediately by the Shuberts. Ernest Truex will have the leading role.

Two additional companies of "Irene" will be sent on tour Aug. 16, one to open in Boston and the other to play week stands. The New York company will continue indefinitely at the Vanderbilt.

The cast of "Pitter Patter," the musical version of "Caught in the Rain," will include William Kent, Jane Richardson, Helen Bolton, John Price Jones, Jack Squires, Mildred Keats, Walter Ware and Hugh Chilvers.

The Gleason-Block musical comedy, "Maid to Love," will go into rehearsal next week. Tom Lewis and Dolly Connolly will head the cast.

Frank Moulan will have the principal comedy role in "Little Miss Charity," which will open at the Belmont Theatre on Labor Day.

MUSIC NOTES.

Ruth Ray, the violinist, returns from Lake George today to appear as soloist with the National Symphony Orchestra at the Stadium tomorrow night. She made her debut in Carnegie Hall last November and later played with the Chicago Orchestra in Illinois, her native State.

Goldman's Band has postponed a concert announced at Curtis Field, S. I., tomorrow evening to play at the public testimonial to Sir Thomas Lipton in Central Park, where the program includes a fantasy on British airs and Goldman's "A Bit of Syncopation."

CANADIAN TO RACE FOR AMERICA'S CUP

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

the report of the prospective contest next year is only a day old, all details are already receiving consideration, and Mr. Nicholson as the prospective designer has been mentioned.

The fact that the vessel would be built on this side of the Atlantic and would not have to cross the ocean is believed to be a point greatly in favor of any challenger from Canada over one built across the Atlantic.

The Royal Canadian Yacht Club of Toronto challenged in 1876 with the Countess of Dufferin and she met the Madeline, owned by John S. Dickerson, then Commodore of the Brooklyn Yacht Club, but also a member of the New York Yacht Club. The Countess of Dufferin was owned by a syndicate headed by Major Charles Gifford, then Vice Commodore of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club. In the first race the Yankee craft won by a margin of 10 minutes 59 seconds, while in the second race the Canadian challenger was beaten by the Madeline by 27 minutes 14 seconds, while the old America also in that contest, finished ahead of the challenger.

Jarvis May Captain Challenger.

TORONTO, Aug. 1. — Commodore Aemilius Jarvis of Toronto, who was one of Sir Thomas Lipton's advisers, conferred here today with Mr. Ross and intimated his willingness to be the skipper for the next race. Sir Thomas Lipton had been informed of the Canadian challenge, Mr. Ross said, but nothing had been heard from him.

SHAMROCK IV. SEEN BY 35,000 VISITORS

Crowds Swarm About Challenger, Which Goes to City Island Today.

Shamrock IV., Sir Thomas Lipton's unsuccessful challenger for the America's Cup, attracted, according to police estimates, 35,000 visitors yesterday at her berth alongside of the Municipal Pier in the Hudson River at Ninety-sixth Street, where the Irish baronet had her brought so that all who wished could inspect her.

The crowds came afoot, in taxis, by motor boat and in private touring cars and limousines, many of them bearing license numbers of New Jersey, Connecticut, Massachusetts and other States. It took a score of police reserves from the West 100th Street Station to handle the visitors and keep them from swarming onto the frail deck of the green sloop in such numbers that there would be danger of the deck's collapsing.

No part of the "mystery boat" was closed to the visitors. They handled the wheel, pulled on the halyards, tramped all over the deck and even went below decks, where they poked into the piles of once cherished Ratsey sails. There was none of the rules that usually apply to public exhibitions. Umbrellas and canes were taken aboard and even dogs were allowed. Before night the once spotless deck was littered with mud, but nobody seemed to care.

The 23-meter Shamrock, brought here to take part in the trial races with the cup challenger, lay astern of Shamrock IV., but no one was allowed to board her. The smaller Shamrock is beautifully appointed and has bright, varnished decks. It is said that Sir Thomas Lipton is considering several offers for her.

This morning both Shamrocks will proceed to City Island to be dismantled and those who are on the city pier early enough may have a chance to see them partially dismantled. The lofty topmasts of both sloops will have to be lowered to permit them to pass under the East River bridges on their way to City Island, where the challenger, it is believed, will be scrapped.

The only disappointment the visitors had was that they failed to get a glimpse of Sir Thomas Lipton, who spent a busy day at receptions and dinners in his honor here in Brooklyn. Early in the afternoon the Irish Baronet with a party of eight, motored to the Atlantic Yacht Club in Sea Gate, where they dined. Then they motored through Coney Island to Brighton Beach, where the Royal Ulster yachtsman and his friends took a walk on the beach, with Policeman Thomas Craddock as their guide. Sir Thomas was soon recognized, and he was immediately the centre of a handshaking throng.

Last evening Sir Thomas and party were guests at dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Stuart Blackton, at 213 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Blackton is a former Commodore of the Atlantic Yacht Club, and his friendship with Sir Thomas dates back to 1899, when Commodore Blackton painted a picture of the Shamrock. Following the dinner the entire party left for Manhattan to attend the reception to Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks by the Friars Club at the Hotel Astor.

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The Melodrama of Marriage, Morals and Money
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WITH
JAMES CRANE
It May Give Him New Ideas

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"Thrills audience—ought to delight all admirers of melodrama."—*Lawrence Reamer, Sun-Herald*

"An Owen Davis melodrama of the better sort—well written and played to hold the attention of the audience through to its denouement."—*Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail*

"The real 'kick' of the old melodramas—a welcome one to New York theatregoers."—*The Playgoer, Eve. Sun*

"James Crane was especially effective—mounting steadily in his performance he reached a high point of dramatic power."—*Charles Darnton, Eve. World*

"A good and popular melodrama. Mr. Crane distinguished himself."—*George S. Kaufman, Times*

"Mr. Davis is not in the habit of disappointing one—'Opportunity' tells a story simply, even broadly, with no nuances."—*Eve. Post*

"'Opportunity' is a play in the Tolstoian manner."—*Kenneth MacGowan, Globe*

"As an expose of high finance it is interesting; as a genuinely entertaining play it is a huge success. It has life, action, thrills to satisfy the most exacting."—*Commercial*

"From the standpoint of sheer entertainment there isn't any play we can recommend that will fill the bill better than 'Opportunity.' It has human interest, romance, thrills."—*Leo A. Marsh, Telegraph*

"To New Yorkers the play is one which brings up a stage picture of what they see regularly in their daily life, and to visitors from the country it presents a phase of New York life that they all want to see—will be on the New York boards for a long time this season."—*Brooklyn Standard Union*

"The difficult role of the hard headed business man was very well portrayed by young Mr. Crane, and he was even better as the care-free happy youth in the broker's office. The contrast between the two characters was decidedly well drawn."—*Brooklyn Citizen*

"Coises on perfidious Wall Street!
"Coises on its mushroom millionaires!
"Coises on its vamps that lurk in the uptown apartments and
"Coises on its stenographeresses!
"Triple coises on those luncheons that the stenographeresses eat with married men! Oh!
"Coise it all."—*Alan Dale, American*

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Hal Skelly, Mary Milburn, Jas. B. Carson, Ben Forbes, Johnny Dooley, June Elvidge, Minerva Grey, John Hendricks
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A Brigade of Sub-Principal Beauties.

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JOHN GOLDEN presents
FRANK BACON LIGHTNIN'

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN CRINKWATER'S
ABRAHAM LINCOLN

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE, 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
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DELAY CONFRONTS THE SHIPPING ACT

Study of Treaties Likely to Postpone Many Changes Beyond Sept. 3.

THREATS OF RETALIATION

Japanese Steamship Companies Talk of Boycotting American Ports and Using Canadian.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1 (Associated Press).—The task of studing the more than a score of commercial treaties which must be amended or cancelled under the recently enacted Jones Shipping act has been found so formidable by the State Department that the belief was expressed by department officials today that it would be impossible to complete the work by Sept. 3, the expiration of the ninety-day period permitted by the act.

In addition to ascertaining the extent to which existing treaties must be amended in order to reclaim for Congress the right to enact legislation imposing discriminating duties and charges in favor of American shipping, the State Department will find it necessary to enter into more or less extensive correspondence with the foreign Governments affected to develop their views and learn whether they are willing to make the changes desired.

Therefore, it is probable that recourse must be had to the plan of dating back any action that the Government must take when it appears that the action could not be taken within the legal period of ninety days after the signing of the Shipping act.

The attempt will be made to obtain amendments of the existing commercial treaties in the spirit of the Shipping act rather than to resort to denunciation of whole treaties, for in that way it will be possible to avoid the automatic application of the 5 per cent. differential duties in favor of American shipping contained in the Underwood Tariff act, which it has been found would otherwise apply. But there is grave doubt among officials as to the acceptance of such a procedure by some of the more important foreign Governments, which may decide to adopt retaliatory measures instead of submitting to the imposition of discriminatory duties on their products imported into America.

Thus far, while there have been many inquiries from embassies and legations in Washington as to the disposition of the State Department, there have been no formal exchanges, and consequently no official threats of retaliation.

Japanese steamship companies, however, have been prominent in their protests and have threatened to divert their Pacific steamers from Western American to Canadian ports, or to carry their freight through the Panama Canal to Atlantic ports near the places of consumption of their freight, thus meeting the threat to impost heavy compensating charges upon rail transportation of Japanese goods under the amended Interstate Commerce act.

These threats have had the effect of attracting attention in Canada, where the railroads are asking why they should be punished for something that the Japanese companies or the Japanese Government has done, thus foreshadowing later protests from the British Government.

FATHER AND SON WOUNDED.

Deny Knowing Assailants, but Police Suspect Business Feud.

John Magliacco, 62 years old, of 646 Union Street, Brooklyn, and his son, Joseph, 22, were shot while in their soft drink establishment at 502 Fourth Avenue about midnight Saturday night by two men who they say are unknown to them. The police believe, however, that they know the men and that the shooting was the result of a business feud.

The elder Magliacco has a bullet wound in the chest and the son one in the stomach. They are in the Methodist Episcopal Hospital.

The two men told Detectives Blank and Duffy that as the two assailants entered the place one of them said, "Stay where you are," and then both fired from revolvers. After the shooting the men ran down Twelfth Street and escaped.

Miners Quit Spain for Ohio.

NERJA, Spain, July 31.—More than 3,000 of the best traction hands, engineers and other important workers of the Rio Tinto mines, near here, have left Spain since the outbreak of the strike there, a large number going to Canton, Ohio. Living conditions have become so bad that the municipality and private societies are distributing food to families of strikers.

WOMEN'S SUICIDES INCREASE

Save-a-Life League Attributes It to Growing Complexity of Lives.

The semi-annual report of the Save-a-Life League, devoted to the prevention of suicide through the quick and quiet relief of acute distress, shows that in the first six months of this year there were 2,771 suicides in the United States, of whom 1,810 were men and 961 women. There were 2,063 in the same period last year. The report says there has been a marked increase in the suicides of women, which it attributes to the growing complexity of their lives owing to entrance into business and political life.

In New York, says the report, there were 341 suicides in the first six months of the year, compared with 385 in the even period of 1919. Of these 234 were men and 109 women, a decrease of forty-two men and an increase of one woman. Nearly two-thirds, 214, were between 25 and 50 years old. The most frequent means employed was illuminating gas, 141 having died that way.

"Nothing should cause more real alarm than the suicide of children," says the report. "In our own country, with its boasted institutions for human betterment, during the past six months 88 boys and 137 girls committed suicide, an increase of fifty over last year's report for the same length of time. The average age of boys is 16, girls 15. Boys most frequently use a gun and girls take poison. These terrible facts urgently call for strictly enforced laws to suppress the sale of all poisons and firearms."

25,000 NEGROES CONVENE.

International Gathering Will Prepare Own Bill of Rights.

The first convention of the Universal Negro Improvement Association began a two-day session yesterday in Liberty Hall, 114 West 138th Street. The upper portion of Manhattan, between Cathedral Heights and the Harlem River, was practically taken over by the delegates during the day. The convention is advertised as of an international character, and it is estimated that 25,000 delegates are in attendance.

The convention, it was announced, will prepare a bill of rights for the negro race and decide upon plans to protect them in all parts of the world. A large hand bill announcing a mass meeting to be held in Madison Square Garden tonight proposed the election of a "President of Africa, a leader for the negro people of America and a leader for the negro people of the world."

Yesterday's proceedings were exclusively of a religious nature, divine services being held in Liberty Hall three times. The afternoon services were preceded by a parade of all the delegates and members. This parade, headed by a band of fifty pieces, and preceded by a platoon of police, marched from the association's headquarters at 54 West 135th Street.

BADGES FOR NAVY WOUNDED

Ten New York Sailors Get First Silver Victory Buttons.

Ten navy silver victory buttons, the first issued by the Bureau of Navigation, have been received at the local Navy Recruiting Station, 34 East Twenty-third Street, for New York men wounded in action with the enemy while serving in the navy. The names of the sailors who will receive the buttons are:

George Dapoles, 172 Lexington Avenue; Thaddeus H. Fellows, 1,232 Clay Avenue; Harry J. Fink, care of Navy Recruiting Station; Bernard D. Frank, 900 East 167th Street; Frederic E. Lehman, 219 East Eighteenth Street; Joseph Moll, Bardonia, N. Y.; William H. Monahan, 290 East Seventy-third Street; George D. Perschke, Mamaroneck, N. Y.; Patrick Rutledge, 431 West Thirty-first Street, and Oscar L. Tagmose, 80 Washington Place.

CAR JUMPS RAILS, 20 HURT.

Two Seriously Injured in Accident on DeKalb Avenue Line.

Twenty passengers were injured, two of them seriously, yesterday afternoon when a DeKalb Avenue trolley car run by Motorman Patrick Kraft jumped the tracks on a curve at Fresh Pond Road in Ridgewood, Queens Borough.

Agnes Brown, 54 years of age, of 20 Strong Street, Ridgewood, sustained two fractured ribs and possible internal injuries, and Dora Holtzbach, 28, of 197 Arnold Street, Ridgewood, was injured about the arms and legs.

27th Division Reunion Sept. 12.

The first reunion of the Twenty-seventh Division, which was to have been held on the anniversary of the battle of the Hindenburg Line, Sept. 27-30, will be held at Saratoga Springs on Sept. 12-14 instead, it was announced at National Guard headquarters in the Municipal Building yesterday. The change in dates is made to avoid conflict with the dates of the National Convention of the American Legion, at Cleveland, Sept. 27-29, and to take advantage of the State Convention of the American Legion, which is to be held in Albany on Sept 10.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—There has been a considerable fall in temperature since Saturday in the Middle Atlantic States, the Ohio Valley and the region of the Great Lakes.

The outlook is for fair weather Monday and Tuesday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the region of the Great Lakes.

The tendency will be toward higher temperatures Monday and Tuesday in Tennessee, the Ohio Valley and the region of the Great Lakes and Tuesday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States. There are no indications, however, of a return to abnormal high temperature in any section east of the Mississippi River during the next three days.

FORECAST TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Monday and Tuesday; rising temperature Tuesday.

Southern New England, Eastern New York, New Jersey, Eastern Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy Monday; Tuesday fair, with rising temperature.

Winds off Atlantic Coast—North of Sandy Hook, Sandy Hook to Hatteras, gentle to moderate, variable, overcast weather.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	67	67	4 P. M.	72	86
6 A. M.	67	69	9 P. M.	68	72
9 A. M.	70	74	9 P. M.	68	72
12 M.	70	74	11 P. M.	68	69

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 73; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 74.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 67; at 8 P. M. it was 60. Maximum temperature 77 degrees at 1:45 P. M.; minimum 66 degrees at 4 A. M. Humidity 82 per cent. at 8 A. M., 85 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.83 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.86 inches.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—Ill. and Miss.—Fair with moderate temp.; Tues., fair, warmer.

Wis.—Fair, continued cool Mon.; Tues., probably fair, warmer.

Minn.—Fair, moderate temp. Mon.; Tues., probably fair, warmer.

Iowa—Fair Mon., wormer; Tues., probably fair, warmer.

N. Dak.—Fair Mon. and Tues., except possibly scattered thunder showers in West; warmer Mon., cooler Tues.

S. Dak.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; warmer Mon. and in East and Central Tues.

Neb.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; warmer Mon. and in East Tues.

Kan.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; moderate temp. Mon., warmer Tues.

Mon.—Fair Mon and Tues., except scattered thunder showers in South; cooler Tues.

Wyo.—Fair Mon. and probably Tues.; not much change in temp.

N. C., S. C. and Ga.—Local thunder showers, not quite so warm Mon.; Tues. probably fair.

Fla., Extreme N. W. Fla., Ala. and Miss.—Local thunder showers Mon. and probably Tues.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair Mon. and Tues.; rising temp.

Ind., Ohio and Mich.—Fair weather and rising temp. Mon. and Tues.

Fire Record.

A. M.	Loss.
12:40—2,300 B'way; Violet Remmals	Slight
12:40—310 6 St.; Dr. G. Kleeman	Slight
1:15—700 E. 9 St.; not given	Slight
3:35—840 Courtlandt Av., Bronx; O. H. Dyke	Slight
6:55—Pier 11, N. R.; Central Railroad of N. J.	Slight
11:20—22 W. 34 St.; Queen Quality Shirt Co.	Slight
P. M.	
1:00—534 Broome St.; Kate Kider	Slight
1:15—590 Wales Av., Bronx; J. Cammel	Slight
7:30—470 E. 161 St.; Y. M. C. A.	Slight
7:50—278 E. Houston St.; not known	Slight
8:50—36 Avenue B; J. Gelman	Not given

DENIES SHOOTING WOMAN.

Prisoner in Goshen Jail Says Italian Wounded Hotel Keeper's Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 1.—Joe Roasch, who is alleged to have shot Miss Nettie Loud of Washingtonville five times Saturday night in front of her home, was captured early this morning near Monroe by Deputy Sheriff Osterhaut, and has been locked up in Goshen Jail.

Miss Loud, who is a daughter of Mrs. Minnie Loud, proprietor of Turner's Hotel at Washingtonville, is in St. Luke's Hospital, Newberg, where it was said today she might recover.

The shooting is believed to have been the result of a love affair. Roasch insists an Italian who fired the shots gave the revolver to him. Miss Loud says Roasch shot her.

GUARDSMEN GO TO CAMP.

Twenty-Third Infantry, 1,000 Strong, Off for Upton.

One thousand men of the 23d Regiment of Infantry, New York National Guard, under command of Colonel Thomas Fairservis, left the 23d Regiment Armory, Atlantic and Bedford Avenues, Brooklyn, at 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, for Camp Upton, where they will spend two weeks in Summer training.

Relatives and friends crowded Pacific Street and cheered as the soldiers made their way to the Long Island Railroad Station, where they entrained. More than 90 per cent. of the men served with the 27th Division overseas.

Next Sunday will be visitors' day.

Current History

A Magazine of History of Today.

Published by
The New York Times Company

August Issue Out Today

The August issue gives the important news events that have occurred in the past 30 days in fifty different countries; everything is obtained from authentic sources. It is a world-wide survey of the facts at this most interesting juncture.

In addition, there are numerous important special articles, among them:

A Thrilling First-Hand Story by an Eye-Witness of the Tragic End of the Kolchak Revolution, Which Meant the Triumph of Bolshevism.

The Official Account of the Final Great Triumph of Italy Over Austria—Italy's Greatest Battle.

The Extraordinary Blunder of How Sarrail's Army of 700,000 Was Made Useless During the War.

How Our Army Was Saved from Typhoid.

The Democratic National Convention—the Platform.

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THE BLUEBIRD PACKING CO.,
379 Washington Street, New York.

Phone Canal 4061.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.
High water	10:04	10:15	10:23	10:25	12:07	12:21
Low water	4:04	4:12	4:39	4:44	6:10	6:26

THE SUN.

	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
	5:53	8:11

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Castle Point	Belfast	July 18
Bushong	Halifax	July 28
Tulca	Colon	July 26
Lake Fontana	Preston	July 18
Clan Mackellar	Norfolk	July 28

DUE TODAY.

Philadelphia	Southampton	July 24
Savoie	Havre	July 24
Re d'Italia	Genoa	July 16
Western Plains	Avonmouth Dock	July 11
Mar Blanco	Hamburg	July 26
Wells City	Bristol	July 14
Vigilia	London	July 15
Montoro	Porto Rico	July 24
West-Katan	Liverpool	July 17
Vasconia	Liverpool	July 17
Michigan	London	July 15
Liberty Bell	Dunkirk	July 18
Mar Rojo	Bilbao	July 13
Lake Farquier	Lisbon	July 17
Morro Castle	Havana	July 27
Iroquois	Turks Island	July 24
Michigan	London	July 15

DUE TOMORROW.

Nieuw Amsterdam	Rotterdam	July 23
Hellig Olav	Christiania	July 23
Duca degli Abruzzi	Naples	July 22

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Caracas	Curacao	July 29

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Westport, Capetown	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa, Rhodesia.
Columbia, Glasgow	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	
Jekir, Sierra Leone	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Liberia, West Africa.
New Rochelle, Danzig	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Poland.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Kermit, Bremen	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany.
Zacapa, Savanilla	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Jamaica, Colombia.
Fauna, Haiti	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Dutch Guiana.
Advance, Cristobal	12:00 M	2:00 P.M.	Haiti.
Floridian, B'nos Aires	12:00 M	2:00 P.M.	Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay.
Manco, Para	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	North Brazil, Iquitos.

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Olympic, Southampton	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Great Britain, France.
Noordam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Holland, Germany, England.
Cristobal, Colon	12:00 M.	4:00 P.M.	Central America.
Maracaibo, Curacao	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	West Indies.
Britannia, Lisbon	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Azores, Gibraltar.
Susquehanna, Bremen	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Germany, Poland.
Haddon, Constanza	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Bulgaria, Rumania.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Bovic, Manchester	Aug. 3	12:00 M.
Tamaqua, Tripoli	Aug. 3	12:00 M.
Vitellia, Glasgow	Aug. 3	12:00 M.
Tarantia, Genoa	Aug. 3	12:00 M.
Bristol City, Bristol	Aug. 3	12:00 M.
Hagno, Buenos Aires	Aug. 3	10:00 A.M.
Sarcoxie, Rotterdam	Aug. 4	12:00 M.
Muncaster Castle, Hongkong	Aug. 5	12:00 M.
Port Napier, Melbourne	Aug. 4	11:00 A.M.
Vesla, Turks Island	Aug. 5	12:00 M.
West Avenal, Santos	Aug. 5	10:00 A.M.
Carib, Havana	Aug. 5	11:00 A.M.
St. Bede, Para	Aug. 6	12:00 M.
Cataluna, Havana	Aug. 7	12:00 M.
Anglo-Egyptian, Rotterdam	Aug. 7	12:00 M.
Hambleton Range, Leith	Aug. 7	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.
Caronia	Liverpool	Aug. 1
Ebro	Colon	Aug. 1
Buford	Colon	Aug. 1

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Montevideo	Cadiz	July 30
Quernstad	Panama	Aug. 1

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Luriline	Aug. 2
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, via San Francisco	Persia Maru	Aug. 5
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	Aug. 6
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver, B. C.	Tahiti	Aug. 11
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia Siam, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Japan	Aug. 12
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and specially addressed mail for Australia, via San Francisco	Tofua	Aug. 15
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	Aug. 19

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY

AMERICAN LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Philadelphia. 12 Noon Aug. 7 Sept. 4 Oct. 2
New York . . 12 Noon Aug. 21 Sept. 18 Oct. 16
St. Paul . . . 12 Noon Aug. 28 Sept. 25 Oct. 23

NEW YORK—HAMBURG

Mongolia . . . 5 P.M. Aug. 14 Sept. 25 Nov. 6
Manchuria . . 4 P. M. Sept. 11 Oct. 23 Dec. 4

RED STAR LINE

N. Y.—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP

Kroonland . . . . . 11 A.M. Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Lapland . . . . . 4 P.M. Aug. 21 Sept. 25
Finland . . . . . 4 P.M. Aug. 28 Oct. 2
Zeeland . . . . . 2 P.M. Sept. 4 Oct. 9

WHITE STAR LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON

Olympic . . . 12 Noon Aug. 4 Aug. 28 Sept. 18
Adriatic . . . 11 A.M. Aug. 14 Sept. 15 Oct. 16

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL

*Mobile . . . . 3 P.M. Aug. 21 Sept. 25
Celtic . . . . . 3 P.M. Aug. 28 Oct. 2 Nov. 6
Baltic . . . . 2 P.M. Sept. 4 Oct. 9 Nov. 13
(*Formerly Cleveland)

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR
NAPLES—GENOA

Canopic 3 P.M. Aug. 31 Cretic . 3 P.M. Sept. 16

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River.

CUNARD-ANCHOR

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Columbia	New York	to Londonderry and Glasgow	Aug. 2
Imperator	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 12
K. A. Victoria	New York	" Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 14
Calabria	New York	" Hamburg and Danzig	Aug. 17
Caronia	New York	" Queenstown and Liverpool	Aug. 21
Aquitania	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Aug. 28
Pannonia	New York	" Naples, Dubrovnik and Trieste	Aug. 28
Mauretania	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Sept. 2
Imperator	New York	" Cherbourg and Southampton	Sept. 9
K. A. Victoria	New York	" Queenstown and Liverpool	Sept. 11
Columbia	New York	" Londonderry and Glasgow	Sept. 11

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DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME.

North Bound	Through Service	P'k'p'sie Service	Sat. Special
New York	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Desbrosses St.	8:40	9:40	1:40
West 42d St.	9:00	*10:00	2:00
West 129th St.	9:20	*10:20	2:20
Yonkers	9:50	*10:50	2:50
Bear Mountain	....	†12:30	....
**West Point	....	†12:50	....
**Cornwall	....	†1:20	5:20
Newburgh	†12:20	†1:40	5:40
Poughkeepsie	†1:20	†2:30	6:30
Kingston Point	2:15	....	7:30
Catskill	3:30	....	9:00
Hudson	3:50	....	....
Albany	6:30	....	....

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METROPOLITAN LINE
All the way by water, via
CAPE COD CANAL
Steamers leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St.
PHONE BARCLAY 5000
Daily at 5 P. M. (Daylight Time)

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Three Trips Daily To ATLANTIC HIGHLANDS
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MUSIC, DANCING, REFRESHMENTS
*9:30 Trip Omitted Mons. FARE 50c Each Way (Inc. War Tax)
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HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES.
Daily from Pier 32, N. R., at Desbrosses St., week days, 6 P. M. & 7 P. M.; Sundays and holidays, 6 P. M. & 9 P. M.; West 132d St., half hour later (daylight saving time). Due Albany 6 o'clock following morning. Troy 7:15 A. M. Direct rail connections to all points.

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Sailing Daily, including Sunday

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Cool, Comfortable Staterooms
Schedule—Eastern Standard Time

Daylight Saving Time, One Hour Later. Fall River Line, daily at Pier 4, N. R. (Fulton St.), 4:30 P. M. Due Boston, South Station, 7:25 A. M.

New London (Norwich) Line, daily, except Sunday, Pier 40, N. R. (Houston St.), 4:30 P. M. Pier 70, E. R. (22d St.), 5 P. M. Bridgeport Line, daily except Sunday, Pier 27, E. R. (Catharine St.), 1 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R. (22d St.), 1:15 P. M.

New Bedford Line (New Bedford, Cape Cod and Buzzard's Bay points, Martha's Vineyard and Nantucket) leave Pier 40, N. R. (Houston St.), except Sunday, 5 P. M.

THE NEW ENGLAND STEAMSHIP CO.

BEAR MT.

AND RETURN

On Steamers Operated by the Commissioners of the Palisades Interstate Park

Daily, including Sundays.
Daylight Saving Time.
Effective Aug. 1, 1920.

Str. Clermont leaves Pier B, Penn. R. R., Jersey City, 8:30 A. M.; Pier A, Battery Park, North River, N. Y., 9:00 A. M. Returning leaves Bear Mountain 4:30 P. M.

Str. Onteora leaves Recreation Pier, W. 129th St., N. Y. C., 9:30 A. M. Returning leaves Bear Mountain 5:30 P. M.

Fare 60c. Round Trip
Sat., Sun. and Holidays 85c.
Children Under 12 Half Fare. Cafeteria Lunch

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Str. "Grand Republic" LEAVES BATTERY, 9 W. 132d St., 9:30 A. M.

ROUND TRIP Fare 60c CHILDREN 30c (Incl. War Tax)
SATS. & SUNS. 85c Children 55c

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Telephone, Bowling Green 7675.

Iron Steamboat Co.
CONEY ISLAND

Lve. W. 129 St.	Pier 1, N. R.	Coney Island
9:30	10:15	5:45
10:40	11:25	7:25
11:40	A. M.	8:25
A. M.	12:25	9:25
12:40	1:25	10:30
2:00	2:45	P. M.
3:00	3:45	12:25
4:00	4:45	1:25
5:00	5:45	2:25
6:20	7:00	3:45
7:30	8:20	4:45
8:30	9:30	

ROCKAWAY BEACH
Lv. W. 129 St., 9:30 A. M.; Pier 1, N. R., 10:15 A. M.; Rockaway, 5:30 P. M.
TELEPHONE WHITEHALL 1278.

RED BANK LINE
FOR HIGHLANDS, OCEANIC and RED BANK Daily
Lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 6:30 A. M., 2:45 P. M. Battery, 8:55 A. M., 3:15 P. M. SUNS. Franklin St., 8:30, 9:25. Battery, 8:55, 9:45 A. M.

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LEOPOLDINA	AUG. 5
LA SAVOIE	AUG. 6, SEPT. 3
	OCT. 1, OCT. 30
NIAGARA	AUG. 17
LA LORRAINE	AUG. 20, SEPT. 17
	OCT. 15, NOV. 13
ROCHAMBEAU	AUG. 21, SEPT. 23
	OCT. 28, DEC. 4
LAFAYETTE	AUG. 27, SEPT. 24
	OCT. 23, DEC. 18
FRANCE	SEPT. 8, OCT. 6
	NOV. 3, DEC. 1
LA TOURAINE	SEPT. 14, OCT. 12
	NOV. 20,

NEW YORK—BORDEAUX

CAROLINE ..... Aug. 19

COMPANY'S OFFICE, 19 STATE ST., N. Y.

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NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
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NOORDAM	Aug. 4 Sept. 8
NEW AMSTERDAM	Aug. 10 Sept. 14
RYNDAM	Aug. 18 Sept. 22
ROTTERDAM	Aug. 28 Oct. 2

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BOSTON By Boat & Rail $4.67
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ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00 TO $4.00
Above prices include war tax.
Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River (foot West Houston St.), daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. (Daylight Saving TIME).
Phone Spring 9491.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHANGE OF NAME OF WINSTON & LIVINGSTON, INC., TO NATIONAL CONCERTS, INC.

The following resolution was duly adopted at a meeting of the stockholders of the above corporation held at the office of the corporation July 30, 1920: "RESOLVED, That the name of this Corporation be changed from its present name, Winston & Livingston, Inc., to National Concerts, Inc., and, RESOLVED, That the officers of this corporation be and they hereby are authorized to make, sign and acknowledge the certificates required by law for the changing of the name of a domestic corporation and to file the same as required by law and do all other acts and things and execute all other instruments necessary and proper for the carrying out of the above resolutions."

JOHN BROWN, President.
HAYWARD CLEVELAND,
Secretary-Treasurer.

FELIX ROSE IS NO MORE A PARTNER to the Liberty Ink Co., 25 Scholes, Brklyn.

PERU VIA CHILE
PANAMA CANAL
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(Ex S. S. Moltke)
From New York
September 1st and October 30th.
First Cabin $220 up—

ASKS MOTOR CHANGE TO SAVE GASOLINE

Secretary of Petroleum Institute Would Also Cut Down Horse Power of Cars.

PLEA TO 5,000 ENGINEERS

Suggests Curb on Demand for Racing Engines for Machines Operated at Ten Miles an Hour.

Changes in engine construction with the idea of obtaining more miles per gallon of gasoline are advocated by R. L. Welch, secretary and general counsel of the American Petroleum Institute, in a memorandum addressed to the members of the Society of Automobile Engineers, setting forth the seriousness of the gasoline situation. As another means of conserving the rapidly dwindling supply of gasoline, Mr. Welch suggests that the horsepower of heavy cars be cut down.

Mr. Welch believes that the remedy for the present fuel shortage lies in the following steps:

"First, the Government of the United States must co-operate with the oil business and with the automotive industry at home and abroad.

"Second, the greatest possible efficiency must be obtained by the automotive industry and by the consumer from motor fuel.

"Third, the oil industry must be more efficient and must get more gasoline from each barrel of crude."

The statement, which has been mailed to more than 5,000 automotive engineers, reads in part as follows:

"The automobile industry and the public have been asking for years what kind of gasoline or motor fuel we were going to have in the future and whether it would be necessary to abandon gasoline and to use kerosene or some similar product of petroleum.

"The time has arrived when, so far as ordinary foresight can go, we can answer the first question by stating that the motor fuel of the future will probably be substantially the same product known as motor gasoline today. But it seems equally clear that there will not be enough of it to go around unless the automotive engineers co-operate to conserve gasoline.

"The time has now come when, from the oil man's standpoint, it would seem as though the problem of the automotive engineer is to build engines that, instead of making from seven to twelve miles, a gallon of gasoline will make twenty or thirty miles on the same amount. The problem is not to build engines to burn refined oil, but some product of petroleum other than the present motor fuels. At the present time there is not enough petroleum to meet all requirements.

"With the speed limits of automobiles fixed at about twenty-five miles an hour, and with the crowded condition of our city streets and roads today, making it unsafe to drive very much faster, why is it not advisable and practicable to cut down materially the consumption of gasoline by all types of automobiles, by the more efficient use of fuel?

"Should not the horsepower of the heavy cars be cut down, and could not the cheaper and lighter cars be so equipped as to get all the speed desirable from a very much smaller amount of gasoline than is now used? There is need to curb the present demand for motor cars with motors developing 70 to 80 horsepower which are operated generally at twenty miles an hour.

"The logic of the situation is such that automotive engineers should plan to use and conserve the present-day motor fuels. The only fuels possibly available aside from the present-day motor fuels are kerosene and perhaps a distillate similar to the fuel which is used in Diesel engines, that is, something approximating gas oil.

"The price of kerosene and gas oil is rising more rapidly than the price of gasoline. With the great demand for these two products, it is difficult to see where the kerosene is going to come from to enlarge the motor fuel supply."

Open New All-American Cable.

The All-American Cables announced yesterday that a new cable had been opened between Santa Elena, in Ecuador and Chorillos (Lima), in Peru, providing a triplicate cable from the United States to points in South America as far south as Lima and promising to shorten communication time between New York and Central and South American ports. The new cable was made necessary by a 75 per cent. increase in traffic to South America the last year, the announcement says.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Unwarranted or exaggerated claims rejected.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

HAVE $3,000 with 8 years' experience as credit man and bookkeeper to invest in business that will stand strictest investigation. H 334 Times.

WILL invest few thousand dollars, with active service, for half partnership in well-established business showing profits today. Y 2019 Times Annex.

$1,000 AND SERVICES; preferably export or shipping business; experience this line. G 954 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PARTNER with $8,000 for an established business of artificial flowers and feathers; handle your own money; big income guaranteed; concern doing now over $50,000 a year business, but want to enlarge. D 201 Times.

ACTIVE money man wanted; have new $20,000 plant and china toy orders, Al; must ship immediately; established four years; principals; export. P 514 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

RELIABLE men of standing without capital requirements, known in their communities, New York or vicinity, who can devote all or portion of time to introduction of an established high-grade manufacturing proposition. Call Company Building, 151 Grand St., corner Lafayette.

I AM leaving for Europe and would like to get in touch with several manufacturing concerns to act as agent for their goods in that territory. For appointment address A. Mapon, Hotel Belleclaire, Broadway and 77th St.

LARGE machine shop in Brooklyn desires production work which would utilize its up-to-date equipment, consisting of automatic and hand screw machines, cylindrical grinders, milling and gear hobbing machines, drill and punch presses, lathe; this is an excellent opportunity for a big company to have additional manufacturing resources. X 3429 Times Annex.

GARAGE wanted on Long Island; prefer one with repair shop and sales station; storage space for 60 to 80 cars; price about $10,000; give particulars. Albert H. Stoek, 53 W. Jackson Av., Corona, N. Y.

SHOP for rent, furnished, 57th St., at Park Av.; suitable for wearing apparel, dressmaking, tea room; reasonable. Box 877, 209 Cable Bldg.

FOR SALE.

GARAGE business for sale with Cadillac tow-car and accessories, oils, greases and store fixtures, $700. Workshop in rear, with room to store nine cars. Store is in front. Located at 1,210 Gates Av., Brooklyn. Telephone Richmond Hill 9815.

NEW B. R. T. LINES OPEN.

Broadway-Brighton Trains, on Holiday Schedule, Have Light Traffic.

Trains on the new Broadway-Brighton subway extension, the new East River tunnel from Whitehall Street, Manhattan, to Montague Street, Brooklyn, and the East Sixtieth Street underwater route to the Bridge Plaza, Long Island City, which were put into operation without a hitch at 2 o'clock yesterday morning by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, ran smoothly all day. The trains on the Broadway-Brighton line were run on a holiday schedule, but the traffic on the new route was not quite as heavy as was expected.

At the B. R. T. offices it was said the comparatively light travel probably was due to the fact that the traveling public had not had time to familiarize itself with the new routes.

The Brooklyn Bridge had to accommodate yesterday a much heavier Sunday travel than usual because of the suspension of train operations on the Williamsburg Bridge, following the fire on Thursday night. The trains of the Ridgewood and Jamaica lines, the regular route of which is across the Williamsburg Bridge, were using the Brooklyn Bridge, and there was much confusion and congestion at the Park Row terminal. Officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company asserted, however, that they had moved larger crowds across the old bridge without serious delay and that operation had been much better than was anticipated.

Many complaints from daily riders that the air in the B. R. T. subway cars, particularly during the rush hours, was stagnant and foul, have led to the installation of electric fans in about 100 B. R. T. cars. The company expects to have 250 more of the cars equipped with fans before the Summer season ends.

GERMANS INVOKE AMERICA.

Ask Aid to Secure Vistula Area Under Versailles Treaty.

BERLIN, July 31.—Resolutions appealing to the people of the United States for aid in "obtaining a just interpretation of Paragraph 97 of the Treaty of Versailles" (relative to Germany's title to the Vistula River) were adopted today at a mass meeting held at Marienwerder, West Prussia. At the meeting it was said this paragraph was formulated with the active participation of America.

"The populace of the Vistula region," the resolutions said, "is gravely concerned over the fate of the people's homes, and appeals to the people of the United States for help in an effort to prevent a false construction from being placed upon this paragraph. This construction would cede to Poland sections of the banks of the Vistula in contravention of the undisputed result of the recent plebiscite."

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

AFRICAN CLOTH Wanted—Black only. Scott, 79 5th Av.

BATISTE Wanted—15,000 yards, 96 by 92, 39-inch mercerized; soft finish. Canal 1776.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens 6140, also American 112 and Buckley & Cohen 715 velour. Chelsea 8467.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens's, all colors; American 16015, 344 shade. Vanderbilt 4685.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Jobs in bolivia effect, coatings. Hirsch & Bros., 153 West 27th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens's 6140, brown and reindeer. Call Watkins 4089.

BROADCLOTHS Wanted—American 115, Pekin, brown, Burgundy; also Botany or Jullliard's 110, all colors, cash. Sternberg Bros., 38 West 18th.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—112 American and 315 Botany; also 718 tinseltone, 5935 yalama and 1229 Dobson's tricotine. Penn. 772.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—112, navy, brown and black; also navy tricotine 09077, Stevens's velour 4314, Pekin. Chelsea 4126.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Jullliard's 2002, also lightweight velours, all colors. 48 West 21st St. (12th floor). Chelsea 9917.

BROADCLOTH Wanted — American 112 or similar, large quantity, all colors. Murray Hill 7658.

BROADCLOTH and Silvertones Wanted—American 15032 and 112. Phone Watkins 4089.

BROADCLOTH Wanted — American 112, brown, navy. Madison Square 4152.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—112, navy. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th.

CHAMBRAY Wanted—Range 19000, patterns 19042, 19048, 19043, for cash if price is right. Beeno Berheim, 19 West 31st St.

CHAMBRAY Wanted—Imperial, rose, cadet, green. Call Watkins 9856.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted—721 H. & L., also 2002 Jullliard's and 102 Parkside silvertone. Penn. 772.

CHAMELEON CORD Wanted—Holden, Leonard's; all colors. Watkins 2241.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—White, $2.25 or less; submit samples. Republic Textile Co., 22 West 32d.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Open to buy for cash, Duplans 2322 or Empire 1513; immediate delivery. Murray Hill 7808.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted—Cheneys, all shades. Phone price. 3313 Madison Square.

CHINCHILLAS Wanted—127 Raritan; also cotton plushes, all colors. Gramercy 2165.

CLOTH, Palm Beach, Wanted—All colors. Stuyvesant 1028.

COATS Wanted—Jobs, 1,000 cotton plushes; cash. Seventh floor, 48 West 25th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on wraps and coats; call with samples. Rosing & Cohn, Inc., 1,333 Broadway.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Immediate or future delivery; 46½ inch, 1.60, double filling enameling duck; 46½ inch, 1.60, single filling enameling duck; 46½ inch, 2.00, single filling enameling duck; 46½ inch, 2.90, single filling enameling duck; 46½ inch, 2.75, single filling enameling duck; 46½ inch, 3.50, single filling enameling duck; 20 inch, 7, 8 and 10 oz., single filling ounce duck; 20 inch, 7, 8 and 10 oz., double filling ounce duck; seconds, B. K. or R. S., acceptable S, 645 Times Downtown.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Open for quantity $4-60, 68-72, 30-inch, flesh, nainsook. Undergarment Co. Phone 2571 Intervale.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—We buy peggy cloth for cash. Samuel Berstein Sons, 20 West 20th St.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Amoskeag, 19045, 19043. Jaymor Mills, 465 Broadway.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—3, 4 and 5 thread, in all colors, for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Three and four thread, 68 or 72 picks; spot cash. B. Jaffin, 151 West 30th St.

CREPE METEORS Wanted—In all colors, for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

CREPE METEOR Wanted—Must be exceptional quality. Hyman W. Ginsburg, 25 West 31st.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—3, 4 and 5 thread, spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Open for 3 thread; also wash satin. Phone Stagg 1075.

DRESSES AND SUITS Wanted—Will pay cash for 5000 satin, charmeuse, tricotine dresses; also serge and tricotine suits; no lot too small, none too big; entire stocks bought for cash. Watkins 5154. 48 West 27th, Room 401.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing quantity orders on satin; beaded tricotine, ranging $8.75 to $16.50; only those making good snappy models need call. 14 East 27th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors making high-class tricolettes, charmeuse and tricotines; call between 10-12, Harris Blouse, 2 West 33d, Waldorf Building, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on tricotine, serges, Charmeuse, satins and other materials. Call with samples between 1-5, 22 West 30th St., 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satins and charmeuse dresses only. Call all week, 4 and 5 P. M., 163 West 26th St., 4th floor, rear elevator.

DRESSES Wanted — Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 15 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber interested in high-grade dresses, all materials, from contractors only, will look all week. 40 West 34th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on charmeuse, serge, jersey and tricotines; call all week. Melrose Dress, 25 West 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on silk and cloth; better kind only. Call between 3 and 5, 135 West 20th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors for charmeuse dresses of better grade only. Geo. Kuhn, 148 West 24th, 7th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs serge, tricotine, charmeuse, satins, any quantity; spot cash. Stuyvesant 2662.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new numbers, serges, tricotines, satins. 31 West 31st, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on tricotines, serges and silks, in new styles. Scharfman Bros., 39 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on high-class charmeuse dresses. Glasser & Weinstein, 38 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on popular priced silk and cloth dresses, your materials. 141 West 36th St., 17th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers open for Fall dresses, including stouts. 116 West 29th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Looking at Fall dresses; call between 8-11 A. M. 34 West 32d St., 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses, in all materials. 116 West 29th, top floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall dresses, all materials; call afternoons. 39 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses in all material. 12 West 32d St., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders, tricotines, serges, satins. 19 Madison Av. (16th floor).

DRESSES Wanted—Placing orders, also buying jobs for cash. Chic Made, 17 East 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobbers buying new silk dresses; 44 East 32d (4th floor).

DUVET DE LAINES Wanted—Lightweight velours, all colors. Dryer, Senft & Ginns. Fitzroy 1773.

DUVET DE LAINE Wanted—F. & H., all shades. Sprayregen & Marks, 158 West 20th. Chelsea 5753.

DUVETYNE SILKS Wanted—All shades. 44 East 32d, 5th floor.

FURS Wanted—Placing orders on nutria, Australian, opossum and squirrel. Alpert-Schultz, 1,140 Broadway.

FUR Wanted—Natural and black opussum collars. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

FURS Wanted—Open for kit coney and sealine coats for cash. 9th floor, 32 East 31st.

GABARDINES Wanted—At price; open quantity Garfield's 4066, 2003 shade. Vanderbilt 4684-1389.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open for very large quantity georgette, at a price, for cash. Swaybill & Miller, 3 West 30th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Plain; also printed; spot cash. N. Y. Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Will buy 100 pieces 36, 8 off cash. 3d floor, 31 West 31st.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open to buy 3x3. H. Lieberman, 135 West 17th.

GOLDTONES AND TINSELTONES Wanted—All shades. Desmonde, 1,180 Broadway. Madison Square 6535.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted—Assorted colors; must be Keystone 1961 or similar makes. Stuyvesant 7804.

JERSEY WOOL Wanted. Seggerman Bros., 93 Hudson St., South American Department.

JUILLIARDS Wanted—Will buy 2842 navy crepe de chine in any quantity. Miller, Madison Square 1457.

NAINSOOK Wanted—U. S. Textile Co., Gramercy 6895.

PEACHBLOOM, Duvet de Laine, Trieofina Wanted—All Forstmann, Huffmann, Mendelson & Vogel, 51 West 24th. Watkins 3981.

PEACHBLOOM Wanted—F. & H. brown 674, Copen. 997 and Pekin 40, for cash. Schulman Bros., 104 West 27th. Watkins 5440.

PLAIDS Wanted—Gavey's; cheap. Watkins 602.

PLUSHES Wanted—B5 and B7 velour, De Nord. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th.

PLUSHES Wanted for cash. David Zimmerman, 127 West 26th St.

PONGEE Wanted—12, 14 and 16 momme for cash. Bassers Silk Clearing House, 34 East 29th.

POPLINS Wanted—Rookie American, Brightwood or similar. Karpas, 22 West 26th.

SATINS Wanted—36 and 40 inch satin charmeuse; also quality 2322, at the price for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SATINS Wanted—Baronette, white and flesh, for cash. M. Zonis, 50 West 15th St. Phone Chelsea 5432.

SATINS Wanted—Charmeuse, any color or width; spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SATINS and Charmeuse Wanted — For spot cash. Posnick, Nonas & Co., 18 West 21st.

SATINS Wanted—36-40 inch charmeuse, at a price. Feller, 30 West 32d.

SATINS and Charmeuse Wanted—M. Kirschner & Song, 16 East 33d St.

SERGES Wanted—Quantity, 7120, for cash; must be cheap. National Garment, 1 East 28th St.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—10854, 5054, 107, 123, 129, 3304, 5932, 9, 104, 7120, 7512. Longacre 5877.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—54288, 7120, 7614, 7301, 09077, 907, 3304; cash. Madison Square 1540.

SERGES Wanted—7301 or similar in black only. Phil Herzog & Sons, Pennsylvania 6906.

SERGES Wanted—Open for any quantity French serges. Dortman & Wiesen, 16 West 25th.

SERGE Wanted—Quantity for cash; 7301, 104, WPX, 87, 7120, MFL, Stats, 151 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy a quantity of MFL, or similar; price must be right; terms 60 days. Modern Cloak, 15 West 26th.

SERGE Wanted—Whitman's 87; any quantity. Third floor, 244 5th Av.

SERGES Wanted—American 681 or similar at a price. Gramercy 6174.

SERGES Wanted—9, black and navy; can use quantity. Watkins 7798.

SERGES Wanted—7120, black only; 104519, navy; cash. Watkins 2843.

SERGES Wanted—780, 11433, 4061 and 87; spot cash. Watkins 9130.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman's 87 at a price. May Bur Dress, 132 West 27th.

SERGES Wanted—Can sell your 7614, 3192, 94; also others. Spring 2359.

SERGES Wanted—CSC, colors OSH, PEN, 7120 black, 87. Horowitz, Stuyvesant 2153.

SERGES Wanted—Open to buy quantity of Whitman's 87 for cash. Orchard 9757.

SERGES Wanted—Open for 1213-1210 navy for spot cash. J. & S. Post, 115 West 29th.

SERGES and TRICOTINES Wanted—7120, 7512, 9, 09, 104, 54289, 4061, 2999, 107, 907, 0388, 3304, 09077, PPL. Stuyvesant 8534.

SERGES Wanted—7120, for cash; also tricotine 9708, 9541. Louis Berkowitz, 24 East 21st. Stuyvesant 8466.

SERGES Wanted—No. 9 Whitman's, navy and black, or similar. Max Goldstein, 48 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted—7301, 15 to 20 pieces, at $1.50; cash. L. Feinberg, 43 West 24th St.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Crepe de chine, radium tubalik, in any quantity, for spot cash; call with samples. Bassers Silk Clearing House, 34 East 29th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted — Tub, radium, crepe, spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for cash odd lots of silks, satins, velvets and drapery velours in any quantity; can use seconds. Spring 7934.

SILKS Wanted—Radium, plain and printed; also novelty silks, in any quantity, spot cash. Call with samples, Store, 34 East 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Taffetas printed and plain, radium, foulards, novelties, tricolettes; spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Crepe de chine, georgettes, taffeta and satins, all shades; regular terms. Capital Textile Co., 215 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity of navy blue, peau de cygne; good quality. E. D. Winter & Co., 129 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Messaline, peau de cyne, crepe meteor, crepe satin, spot cash. New York Silk Exchange, 337 4th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Printed Jap and fancy silk linings; bring sample pieces. Jos. L. Cahn Co., 1,161 Broadway.

SILKS, Crepe de Chine and Wash Satins Wanted—All shades, any quantity; spot cash. Third floor, 244 5th Av.

SILK LINING Wanted—Radium, pussy willow and satin de chine. Call 29 West 35th (1st floor).

SILK Wanted—Artificial, quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 339 5th Av., New York. Vanderbilt 7586.

SILK (Artificial) Wanted—Quantities. H. S. Meritzer, 339 5th Av., N. Y. Murray Hill 2899.

SILK Wanted—Jap habutai, cargo; quantity 4½ to 5 mme. Schlang & Co., 151 West 26th.

SILK JERSEY Wanted—All colors, cheap, in quantities. Lauretta, 3 West 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Printed Japs, any quantity. Mr. Kurash, Longacre 5183.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Arthur Joel's cotton warp silvertones in Pekin, brown, taupe, Copenhagen, at a price for cash. Madison Square 2804.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Light weight for suitings, any quantity; all shades. Mr. Kurash, Longacre 5183.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Raritan's 852, navy and brown. Diamond, Fereng & Schatzberg, 95 5th Av.

SILVERTONES Wanted—Suitings and coatings; large quantity. S. Bernstein & Co., 34 West 33d.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Stevens's 4318, in all colors; also navy 09077. Phil Moskowitz & Sons, 3 East 28th.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032, copen, or will exchange reindeer for same. Longacre 4022.

SILVERTONES Wanted—15032 American, all shades. Fit Best Cloak Co., Watkins 4963.

SILVERTONES Wanted — Deering-Milliken 5795, brown and navy. Fitzroy 4376.

SILVERTONE Wanted—Stevens 4330. Phone Chelsea 2840.

SUEDINE Wanted—American 13058, black, navy, brown; American silvertone 15032, brown. Madison Square 1969.

SUEDINES Wanted—American 13058, all shades. Phone Watkins 4089.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at new styles in coats and suits. Call between 4 and 5 P. M., 4th floor, rear elevator, 163 West 26th St.

SUITS Wanted—Leaders, only popular priced, for quantity business; jobber placing order. 8th floor, 35 West 31st.

TAFFETAS Wanted in all quality, black, navy; also light shade; for spot cash; call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th. Madison Square 4941.

TAPE Wanted—50,000 yards white cotton, No. 25, at a price. Stuyvesant 7880.

TINSELTONES Wanted—Must be Holden-Leonard, in all colors. Call Madison Square 7080, Extension 12.

TINSELTONES Wanted—Holden, Leonard, Fall shades. Frank & Frank, 141 West 28th. Watkins 602.

TINSELTONES Wanted—All shades; also 115 velour checks, shade 3 and 6. Watkins 2874.

TRICOLETTES Wanted—Fancy, navy, black, brown and taupe. Derby Waist Co., Inc., 40 West 32d St. Telephone Longacre 5524.

TRICOTINES Wanted—3304, 5035, 0977, 0388, 4718, 5732, 10854, 907, for cash; also serges and lightweight velours. Madison Square 2804.

TRICOTINES and Mignonettes Wanted—In all colors; must be at a price, in any quality, for cash. Bassers Silk Clearing House, 34 East 29th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Will pay spot cash; call Brightwood 5036, Goss 3304, Empire 5799; all similar; price must be right. Chelsea 5887.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Dobson's 107, 123, 129; Stoney and Starkey's 100, 117, also other makes. Longacre 5626.

TRICOTINES Wanted—American 6710, Goff's 3304,; Dobson's tricotines, light weight velours, cheap. Watkins 2423.

TRICOTINES Wanted—3259 Botany, quantity, cash; also other qualities. M. Kirschner & Sons, 16 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Brightwood, American and Cleveland, black and navy; cash. Stuyvesant 8672.

TRICOTINE Wanted—At price; 907, 9708, 9541, 10854, or similar. Manufacturer, Vanderbilt 4684-1389.

TRICOTINE Wanted—09077, 907, 817B, 0388. George Hoffspiegel, 46 East 21st. Stuyvesant 8954.

TRICOTINE Wanted — Rookie, reindeer, navy; also velour. Sonners & Levine, 1,161 Broadway.

TRICOTINES AND SERGES Wanted—All kinds, also job lots, any quantity. Madison Square 4758.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Will buy for cash any quantity at a price. Scharfman Bros., 26 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Duvet de Laines, Foreign's, Read's, Garfield's Dobson's. Madison 6028.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Reed's 9092, Andrew's 5782, Garfield's 4718; reasonable. Mad. Sq. 3780.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Dobson's, 107, navy and black; any quantity, at a price. Longacre 4190.

TRICOTINES Wanted—907, 4718, 10854, 107, 123, 129, 3304, 09077, 5034, 87, 4314, Stevens. Madison Square 842.

TRICOTINE Wanted—907, 5036 and 9541; can use quantities, in navy only. Longacre 4787.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for navy, Read's, Andrew's, F. & H., or other good qualities. Engel Costume Co., 31 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American 0388, also MFL, 136 serge. Spring 7243.

TRICOTINES and Serges Wanted—For spot cash. Posnick, Nonas & Co., 18 West 21st.

TRICOTINE and Serges Wanted—At low prices. Chic Made, 17 East 33d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Goff 3384, or similar. 48 West 21st, 12th floor. Chelsea 9917.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Dobson's 107 and U. S. 907, at price. 31 West 31st, 3d floor.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Black only, sell with samples. Brooks, 37 West 20th St.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open, for large quantity. Weisman & Sons, 34 West 32d St.

TRICOTINES Wanted—All wool, 32-42 inch; cheap. Feller, 30 West 32d.

TRICOTINE Wanted—0388, 4718, black, navy and brown. Murray Hill 3912.

TUSSAH, Canton and Poplin Wanted—Plain and changeable. 33 Union Square, Room 114.

VALDINES Wanted—Open for large quantities F. & H., all colors. 4061 Watkins.

VELDINE Wanted—Forstmann & Huffmann's style 10723, shade 66 and 62, at market price. Call Louis, Fitzroy 5142.

VELDYNES Wanted—Forstmann & Huffmann, all colors. D. Bloomberg & Co., 38 East 30th. Madison Square 3601.

VELDYNES AND PEACH BLOOMS Wanted—Steven's velours, navy, chameleon. Madison Sq. 8508.

VELDYNES Wanted—Forstman & Hoffman, all colors. D. Bloomberg & Co., 38 East 30th.

VELDYNE Wanted—All shades. Harry Eidlinger, 20 West 27th St.

VELOURS Wanted—Light weights, brown and reindeer for suitings. Mr. Kurash, Longacre 5183.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavy weight, all wool reindeer; also brown, for cash. Phone Watkins 5749.

VELOUR Wanted—Large quantities in heavyweights. Zimmerman & Carner, 314 5th Av.

VELOURS Wanted—Heavy weight and silvertones. Samuel Sternberg, 88 University Place.

VELOUR Wanted—Stevens's 4314, all shades. Haberthal & Bodler, 40 West 27th.

VELOUR Wanted—Merrimac or similar quality, all shades. Murray Hill 2567.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens 4314 or similar. Longacre 5422.

VELOURS Wanted—Wyandotte 600 and Buckley & Cohen 715. Call Watkins 4089.

VELOURS Wanted—Duvet de laine, brown, navy. Madison Square 4152.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens. Schwartz Bros., 150 West 22d St.

VELOURS Wanted—Brown, reindeer 4314 or similar. Karpas, 22 West 26th.

VELOURS Wanted—4314 Stevens, 0360 and K344 American; also 4318 Stevens and 15032 American silvertone. Penn. 3250.

VELOURS Wanted—Light and heavyweight, any make; large quantity at a price. Siplin & Gorchen, 15 East 26th.

VELOUR Wanted—Stevens's 4314, all shades; also Andrews's silvertone, or similar. Watkins 554.

VELOURS and Tricotines Wanted—715, 0360, similar, 16854, 5954, 907, 09077. Gramercy 6174.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens 4314, navy only. Chelsea 9546.

WAISTS Wanted—Will buy several hundred dozen silks, spot cash; also placing orders for future delivery. 31 West 31st, 3d floor.

WAISTS Wanted—Open to buy for cash 1,000 dozen cheap cotton waists. Kirschner & Hendler, 119 West 24th.

WOOLENS Wanted—BPNL blacks, Sturnsberg, McKenny overcoatings, mackinaws. West 98th. Spring 2559.

WOOLENS Wanted—Checks, plaids, 40 to 56 inches; spot cash. Call with samples. Orchard 2749.

YALAMA AIND BROADCLOTH Wanted—112 American; spot cash. Madison Square 6057.

YALAMAS. Botany Wanted—All shades. Harry Eidlinger, 20 West 27th St.

YARNS Wanted—Quantities; artificial silk. H. S. Meritzer, 339 5th Av., New York. Murray Hill 2899.

ZIBELINE Wanted—Raritan 852, brown, green; cash. Wasserman, 30 West 21st.

Contracts Wanted.

COMMISSION Work Wanted—On 40 box looms; silk mill in Pennsylvania. X 2445 Times Annex.

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AMERICAN GOLDTONE, 21221. Pekin and taupe. Telephone Gramercy 6576. Ask for Mr. Riefberg.

APRONS, House Dresses, Bloomers—Suitable for special sale; also jobs of children's dresses and rompers. Simon Kahn, 911 Broadway.

APRONS AND HOUSE DRESSES—Closing out prices. Keystone Garment Co., 38 West 18th St.

BATHROBES—Men's, plain and corded, well made, low prices, good assortment. L. Greenberg & Co., 7 West 22d St. Gramercy 1660, 1661.

BATHROBE MATERIAL—Beacon, Whitman and Lawrence in Indian and plaids. Watkins 3073.

BEADED BAGS, finest quality genuine amber and ivory necklaces, close out at low price. Fitzroy 5220.

BEADED BAGS, Combs, Necklaces—High grade, imported line to close out at low prices. Watkins 7626. Mr. Walden.

BEAVERS, Pearson's Alto beaver; broadcloths, American 112 Burg; Jullliard's 118, brown and navy; silvertone, Raritan 852, all shades; Dexter 6020, all shades; also ¾ meltons to sell cheap. Watkins 2254.

BEAVER—Dobson J 36. Fitzroy 6172.

BOTANY YALAMA—Deer, taupe; American 16007, plaid, brown; Raritan, brown, navy; Pekin, 1215. Mendez, 33 West 35th.

BROADCLOTH, Joel Plumettes, Velours and Velour Checks—American 112, Gers Mills Jupiter broadcloth, also Merrimack 3020, 115; American C348, 21227. Henry Samson, 656 Broadway. Spring 2716.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 362, Saxonia silver-down 2786, cotton warped poplin, De Land's, 9600, pekin, cheap. Phone Penn. 2535, Ext. 1.

BROADCLOTH—Deering Milliken 1587 in brown, black and mahogany, at a price. Spring 4975, Extension 42.

BROADCLOTH — American 112, reindeer, Pekin and navy. Hiller Bros & Hiller, 12 West 27th St. Chelsea 6091.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 315, 362, all colors; Deering-Milliken 1683 brown, navy. American Coat Co., 9304 Watkins.

BROADCLOTH—Botany 315, all shades; Botany 362, reindeer and brown. Watkins 7528.

BROADCLOTH 112, black 329, 317, and tricotines 09077, 9708, 3304. Stuyvesant 8838.

BROADCLOTH—Gera's, 2 navy, 2 burgundy and 1 reindeer. Watkins 3073.

BROADCLOTH—American 112, all shades. Fitzroy 6172.

CAPS, Baby—To close out, all assortments. Abramson, 543 Broadway.

CASHMERE SUITS—Boys', small sizes, $5; other bargains. National Clothing Exchange, Inc., 80 Bleecker St.

CHARMEUSE, Peau de Cygnes, Satins, Shirtings, Georgettes, Crepe de Chine and Wash Satins, below market. Sol Rosenfield, 31 East 27th. Madison Square 2287.

CHARMEUSE, 8155, 2322, 801, all colors, below market. Stuyvesant 8805.

CHECKS—34-inch; will sell cheap. Watkins 3073.

CHEVIOT — Lymansville, navy and brown 33-2, 33-6. Madison Square 1781; ask for Morris.

COLLARS—Big job men's and ladies'; great sacrifice. Jacobs, 312 Canal St.

COATINGS—American reversible, No. 19809; will sell reasonable. L. Goldstein Co., 11 East 26th St., or Madison Square 10170.

COATS—Plush coatees, 36-inch collars, cuffs and 11-inch bottom, $19.75; plush coatees, large, brown coney shawl collar, cuffs, $18.95. Lark Co., 25 West 27th St.

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COATS, WRAPS—Our usual standard make, high class, smart effects, made in the season's finest materials, moderately priced. Mezeritzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS—Jobs infants' and intermediates; sacrifice prices; silvertone, bollvia, velour. Fischer-Ashkenazy, 19 West 21st.

COATS AND SUITS — Several hundred misses' and stout sizes at a sacrifice. Charlop Bro., 151 West 26th.

COATS—2,000 on racks, for immediate delivery, at your own price. Watkins 449. Supreme Garment Co., 109 West 26th St.

COATS—All wool velour, full silk lined, large sealine collar, $15.50. Tannenbaum & Bloom, 6 West 20th.

COATS—Children's, juniors' ladies' coats to close out cheap. Weinstein, Diamond & Cohen, 141 West 21st St.

COATS—Sport, tricolette; neatly trimmed; to close out at a great sacrifice. Mezentzky & Stollerman, 28 West 27th.

COATS—Silk and cotton plush, on rack for immediate delivery; also new models; low prices. Ulin Bros. Stuyvesant 3046.

COATS—Jobs in ladies', juniors' and children's; cloths and plushes; low price to cash buyers. Henry A. Tovin, 290 5th Av.

COATS, SUITS—Tricotines, silk lined, $19.75; other incomparable values. Bernstein, 31 West 31st.

COATS—Fur coats, all sizes, reasonable prices. Reliable Cloak Co., 35 East 8th.

COATS—Job in Winter coats to close out. Schwartz & Schwartz, 38 West 26th.

CORDUROY—Men's wear, style 724, dark drab, 36 inches, at 80c; net cash; original tickets. Phone Spring 7156.

CORDUROYS—9000, 613; all colors; also remnants. Stuyvesant 1404.

CORDUVEL—F. and H., Fall shades, for cash. Vanderbilt 9706.

COTTON GOODS—Five cases Bloomfield corded checks, five cases Jeanette plaids, ten cases security checks and plaids; also 64 percales for immediate delivery. Miller Bros., 118 West 22d St., Watkins 2348.

COTTON GOODS—We offer for sale a quantity of 36-inch white cambrics and shirtings in several grades; all first quality goods; special low prices. Write for interview, H. B., 520 Presbyterian Building.

COTTON GOODS—Will sell below market, fine selection of plaids in Bates, Tresfan, Kinkeag and Amoskeags and Simpson's 45-16. Jean Kay Gee Co., Inc., 77 Grand St. Phone 8159 Canal.

COTTON GOODS—All white, oxfords, satins, batistes, cambrics, nainsooks, twills, piques, &c.; low prices. M

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Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

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ALBERT LEA, Minn.—Skinner, Chamberlain & Co.; Miss B. Olson, women's garments; Miss H. Will, Miss A. Tuttle, millinery; Cumberland.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; C. W. Smith, millinery; 621 B'way.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Ellis Millinery Co.; Mrs. Ellis, millinery; McAlpin.
ATLANTA, Ga.—M. Rich & Bros. Co.; H. C. Bass, upholstery goods, carpets; 332 4th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—J. M. High Co.; W. H. Brittain, mdse. manager 120 W. 32d.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Keely Co.; J. Morris, dress goods, linings; 1,170 B'way.
BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. Co.; N. Schloss, woolens; 230 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—J. Gutman & Co.; E. J. Gutman, cloaks, suits, furs, corsets; Pennsylvania.
BALTIMORE—American Wholesale Corp.; F. Quellmalz, cotton piece goods; H. Messersmith, remnants; P. L. Beck, toys, fancy goods; 354 4th Av.
BEAUMONT, Texas—Hemphill, Fain Co.; B. A. Fain, genl mdse; 395 B'way; The Annex.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; S. Halperin, millinery; 621 B'way.
BOSTON—Star Raincoat Co.; L. Stein, raincoat materials; 1,20 B'way; Continental.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss E. Keltner, basement, muslin underwear, corsets, brassieres; A. Cohen, basement, wash suits, Spring coats, skirts, dresses, bathing satinettes; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Irving Dress Co.; I. Blumberg, dresses; Breslin.
BOSTON—Winslow & Morse; C. E. Morse, woolens; Algonquin.
BOSTON—Emporium World Millinery Co.; E. A. Barnum, millinery; 621 B'way.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; W. A. Edwards, millinery, ribbons, laces; 1,164 B'way.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—J. N. Adam & Co.; H. P. Bartlett, millinery; 2 West 37th.
CHARLESTON, W. Va.—H. H. Noel Co.; H. H. Noel, jobs cotton dresses; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—L. Simon & Co.; L. Simon, cloaks, suits; 44 E. 23d.
CHARLOTTESVILLE, Va.—Miss L. Zimmerman, millinery; Park Av.
CHATTANOOGA, Tenn.—C. Rosenthal Co.; C. Rosenthal, ready-to-wear, millinery; Room 602, 235 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
CHICAGO—Kingly Shirt Co.; E. J. Levy, silks, cottons; Brozteil.
CHICAGO—Wheeler & Co.; G. A. Wheeler, women's ready-to-wear; 149 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—Eiseman Mfg. Co.; R. Eiseman, children's coats, dresses, boys' wash suits; 18 W. 33d.
CHICAGO—Marshall, Field & Co.; Mrs. M. Williams, women's neckwear; Mrs. F. Skinner, women's waists; Miss E. Bergh, women's apparel; M. V. Merriman, women's hosiery; R. E. Doonan, muslin underwear; G. A. Gates, notions; Miss H. Duggan, muslin underwear; Mrs. O. Thomson, misses' suits; Miss R. McInerney, women's, misses' sport wear; Mrs. F. Willis, English, automobile millinery; Miss I. Anderson, millinery; Miss M. Schaffer, millinery; Miss M. Stapleton, millinery; W. W. Peasley, women's neckwear; W. H. Alexander, women's suits; Mrs. M. Moore, women's waists; 1,107 B'way.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; J. Gapinski, jewelry, leather goods; P. Breen, N. Notty, piece goods; W. S. McEdwards, silks and velvets; N. Koritzky, linens; F. L. Millington, curtains; Mrs. E. Freedman, furs, umbrellas, trimmings; Miss H. O'Conner, corsets; K. Trilling, boys' and men's clothing; Miss M. McGrath, millinery; Miss M. Kelly, silk underwear, infants' wear; Mrs. Tuch, dresses, waists, suits, coats, basement; Mrs. F. Elsendrath, dresses, coats and suits.
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CHICAGO—Newbrook Bros.; H. Myer, sporting bags, canteen boxes; 945 B'way, Room 1612.
CHICAGO—Chicago Mercantile Co.; Miss Smith, Miss Neilsen, trimmed hats; 621 B'way.
CHICAGO—C. A. Stevens & Bros.; Mrs. M. O'Connell, women's cloaks, suits; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—The Harry B. Lower Co.; millinery; Biltmore.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Fair Store Co.; H. C. Alexander, domestics, flannels, linens; 23 E. 26th.
CINCINNATI—The Denton Co.; F. X. Owens, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
CINCINNATI—H. & S. Pogue Co.; Miss I. Zinn, corsets, muslin underwear, skirts; 366 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—Reins & Meiss; I. Reins, laces, embroideries, notions; 17 Madison Av; Pennsylvania.
CINCINNATI—Reins & Meiss; Leon Meiss, white goods, draperies; Max Levi, muslin underwear, ready-to-wear; 17 Madison Av.
CLEVELAND—Hirsh Co.; Miss Cohen, jobs silk, cotton dresses; 1,261 B'way.
CLEVELAND—The Bailey Co.; J. Kaplan, fur coats, jap minks, Kolinsky, marmot stolls, canes, jobs silk dresses; 37 W. 26th.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus Co.; M. H. Simons, women's hosiery, men's furnishings; 225 5th Av.
DALLAS — The Fashion; M. Iskowitz, women's ready-to-wear; 1,182 B'way.
DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; Miss E. Schumacher, women's underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 225 5th Av.
DECATUR, Ill.—W. Gushard Dry Goods Co.; N. C. Vill, notions, fancy goods, laces, hdkfs.; 103 Grand.
DECATUR, Ill.—Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co.; C. A. Gilie, genl. mdse.; 1,164 Broadway; Wellington.
DES MOINES, Ia.—Harris-Emery Co.; J. F. Nichols, gloves, umbrellas, jewelry, leather goods; G. Schwager, notions, toilet goods, ribbons; 352 4th Av.
DULUTH, Minn.—Silberstein & Bondy; J. T. Johnson, silks, velvets, woolens; Pennsylvania.
DULUTH—Duluth Glass Block Store, Inc.; H. A. Bentson, linens, flannels, white goods, embroidery, handkerchiefs; F. C. Deery, laces, trimmings, neckwear, vellings, ribbons, jewelry, leather goods; T. A. Reynolds, representing; 200 5th Av.
EL PASO, Texas—Brockwig-Felix Co.; R. Lujan, E. Jackson, cloaks, suits, dresses, basement; 354 4th Av.; Bristol.
FAIRMONT, W. Va.—Osgood's; D. M. Osgood, cloaks, suits; Pennsylvania.
FALL RIVER, Mass.—E. S. Brown Co.; A. F. O'Malley, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; Miss M. V. Coffey, corsets and accessories; Miss Susan Baker, infants' wear; 6 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.
GAINESVILLE, Ga.—G. P. Estes; G. P. Estes, Mrs. A. B. Odell, genl. mdse.; Herald Square.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; A. C. Marsh, millinery; 621 B'way.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—D. T. Patton & Co.; D. T. Patton, wholesale men's furn. goods; Prince George.
GRAND RAPIDS—Herpolsheimer Co.; Miss F. Hagan, art goods; 1,170 B'way; Pennsylvania.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Stern, coats, suits, furs; Pennsylvania.
HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Brown's Smart Shop; G. F. Hoffman, jobs, silk, cotton waists; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
HARRISBURG, Pa.—Bowman & Co.; T. P. McCubbin, mdse. manager; 1,270 B'way; Penn.
HARRISBURG, Pa.—J. Claster, women's coats, suits, dresses, children's coats; 1,261 Broadway, 10th floor.
HARTFORD, Conn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; H. L. Isenberg, millinery; 621 B'way.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—H. P. Wasson & Co.; Miss B. E. Fishman, waists, Miss A. Simon, women's dresses; 116 W. 32d.
JACKSON, Tenn.—Holland D. G. & Clothing Co.; C. M. Gates, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 38 W. 32d; the Annex.
JOPLIN, Mo.—Newman Merc. Co.; D. Barthelemew, dry goods; 145 W. 33d; Great Northern.
LINCOLN, Neb.—Rudge & Guenzel Co.; Miss E. Hamilton, ribbons, laces, jewelry, trimmings, gloves; Mrs. A. B. Cummings, coats, muslin underwear, hosiery; G. R. Mullen, representing; Broztell.
LOS ANGELES, Cal.—Cooper, Coate & Casey D. G. Co.; A. T. Roman, men's furn. goods; J. S. Hayman, women's ready-to-wear; 377 B'way.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—H. Straus & Sons Co.; A. I. Straus, fur coats, scarfs; 140 W. 33d.
LOUISVILLE, Ky.—Kaufman-Straus Co.; Z. Jacoby, leather goods, books, stationery; 220 5th Av.; Broztell.
LOWELL, Mass.—Gilday Gown Shop; Miss Gertrude G. Gilday, coats, dresses; Pennsylvania.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—C. M. Guggenheimer; Mrs. McGehee, millinery; 352 4th Av.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—J. M. Finkel, women's ready-to-wear; 38 West 33d, The Annex.
McKEESPORT, Pa.—The Famous Co.; Mr. O'Hern, china, house furnishings; 3 W. 29th, Room 605.
MEMPHIS—Bry-Block Mercantile Co.; H. T. Kordenbrock, jobs muslin underwear, camisoles, silk bloomers, rompers, gingham band aprons, hosiery; 1,261 Broadway, 10th floor.
MILWAUKEE—Gimbel Brothers; Miss L. Langenkamp, skirts; Broadway and West 32d.
MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Goll-Frank Co.; C. H. Schroeder, underwear, hosiery, gloves; Cumberland.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld, Philipson Co.; N. B. Goldstein, toilet goods, leather goods, ivories; 1,164 Broadway.
MINNEAPOLIS—Portsmouth Clothing House; C. P. Brown, men's clothing; The Annex.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind.—L. S. Ayres & Co.; Miss J. Vallier, misses' ready-to-wear; 225 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
MOBILE, Ala.—L. Hammel D. G. Co.; Miss A. Stiller, Miss F. Ettleson, millinery; S. Presberg, women's ready-to-wear; B. L. Strauss, women's neckwear, hdkfs; J. Slaughter, men's furn. goods; 1,150 B'way.
NEW HAVEN, Conn.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; A. H. Smith, millinery; 621 B'way.
NEW ORLEANS—Krauss Co., Ltd.; H. Blatnikoff, millinery; 3 W. 29th, Room 605.
NEW ORLEANS, La.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; J. Cohen, millinery, 621 B'way.
OSKALOOSA, Iowa—Frankel D. G. Co.; C. C. Alsop, ready-to-wear; 1,270 Broadway.
OTTUMWA, Iowa—S. C. Cullen Co.; P. J. Donelan, mdse. manager; J. Benneson, ready-to-wear; 352 4th Av.
PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; Miss N. Brown, Mrs. White, muslin underwear, corsets; Miss A. Lidwinoski, jewelry, neckwear; R. Wolfe, piece goods; 1,164 B'way; Prince George.
PEORIA, Ill.—Clarke & Co.; A. H. Wissman, genl mdse., basement; 1,164 B'way.
PEORIA, Ill.—P. A. Bergner & Co.; Miss M. Daniels, jewelry, leather goods, ivory, silverware; 220 5th Av.; Prince George.
PINE BLUFF, Ark.—J. Dreyfus Co.; J. Dreyfus, dry goods, notions, men's furn. goods; 43 Leonard, Breslin.
PINE BLUFFS, Ark.—Froug Co.; I. S. Solomon, linens, white goods; 220 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; A. B. Kuehn, suits, Miss Anderson assisting; 1,261 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; Miss B. Wallace, women's coats, wraps; 404 4th Av.
PROVIDENCE—Shepard Co.; H. L. Jacobs, ready-to-wear millinery; 220 5th Av.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Hirsch Co.; S. Hirsch, jobs, Fall ready-to-wear silk sweaters; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
RICHMOND, Va.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; W. Warshauer, millinery; 621 B'way.
ROANOKE, Va.—S. H. Heironimus Co.; H. D. Gray, hosiery, infants' wear, stationery; 1,150 B'way; Collingwood.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; L. C. Nance, millinery; 621 B'way.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co.; J. Engler, upholstery goods; 432 4th Av., Broztell.
SALISBURY, Md.—D. Oesterreicher, dry goods; Marie Antoinette.
SAN ANGELO, Texas—Baker, Hemphill Co.; S. E. Hodges, gen. mdse; 395 B'way; The Annex.
SAN FRANCISCO—R. Weill & Co., Inc.; M. F. McNamara, men's clothing, furn. goods; Miss L. Peiser, skirts, sporting suits; 15 East 26th; Pennsylvania.
SAN JOSE, Cal.—M. Blum & Co.; M. Blum, dry goods, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 32d; Bristol.
SEATTLE, WASH.—S. M. Wilzen; Bolivar fur coats; 1,204 B'way.
SCRANTON, Pa.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; F. W. Conklin, millinery; 621 B'way.
SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Emporium World Millinery Co.; W. E. Conway, millinery; 621 B'way.
SIOUX CITY—Weinberg's; Mrs. Bickinson, dresses; 1,182 B'way, Room 401.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D.—Emporium World Millinery Co.; H. Shuman, millinery; 621 B'way.
SOUTH BOSTON, Va.—Century Mfg. Co.; R. J. Fowlkes, President; Room 911, 1,270 B'way.
SPOKANE, Wash.—Culbertson, Grote, Rankin Co.; G. Seacrest, hosiery, underwear, drugs, ribbons, neckwear, handkerchiefs, vellings; 120 West 32d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—A. Steiger Co.; J. B. Dorey, draperies, millinery; 404 4th Av.
STAMFORD, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; M. Harris, jobs. Fall suits; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—J. S. Brittain D. G. Co.; E. A. Sanders, coats, waists, men's furn. goods; 320 B'way.
ST. JOSEPH, Mo.—Townsend, Wyatt & Wall D. G. Co.; Mrs. F. W. Baker, representing; W. Burns, notions; F. C. Holzschue, upholstery goods, toys, carpets; 1,261 B'way.
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ST. LOUIS—T. W. Garland; Miss Frank, women's, children's coats; Miss K. Woods, waists, skirts, furs; Pennsylvania.
ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; M. S. Jelenko, silverware, leather goods, hair ornaments; Mrs. O. M. Thornton, waists, sweaters; Miss Kearney, infants' wear, silk, muslin underwear; 1,107 B way.
ST. LOUIS — Scruggs - Vandervoort - Barney D. G. Co.; Miss G. Brisolari, skirts; Miss R. W. Lewis, notions, parasols, umbrellas; 225 5th Av.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; H. M. Blank, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Varno, millinery dept.; 37 W. 28th.
ST. LOUIS—Emporium World Millinery Co.; C. Husch, millinery; 621 B'way.
ST. PAUL—The Macey Co.; L. Silverstein, misses', women's coats; 100 W. 32d, 5th floor.
TERRE HAUTE—May Corset & Novelty Shop; Miss K. M. May, dresses, blouses; Prince George.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—May Shop; Miss K. M. May, dresses, blouses; Prince George.
TOLEDO—Emporium World Millinery Co.; M. Moses, millinery; 621 B'way.
UTICA—J. H. Williams, millinery; Park Avenue.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; E. C. Gatchell, men's furnishings; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Woodward & Lothrop, Inc.; F. E. Woodward, books, periodicals; 334 4th Av.; Pennsylvania.
WATERVILLE, Iowa—Crawford Co.; L. C. Maisner, jobs, silk, cloth skirts; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
WAUSAW, Wis.—Winkelman Dept. Store; Miss A. G. Benedixon, millinery; 44 E. 23d.
WILKES-BARRE—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; Mrs. M. Van Why, infants' wear; 23 E. 26th.
WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; H. Krueder, jobs, silk, cloth dresses; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Hartzell Bros. Co.; E. M. Hartzell, carpets; Pennsylvania.
ZANESVILLE, Ohio—H. Weber, Sons & Co.; S. Weber, waists, muslin underwear, infants' wear; Miss M. Pfeifer, millinery; 132 W. 27th.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

BIDDLE MOTOR CAR COMPANY—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Biddle Motor Car Company, manufacturing automobiles, at 1 West 142d Street, by those creditors: Walter H. Lippincott, $42,000; Van Horn Ely, $12,500, and N. Myers Fiter, $42,000. It is alleged that the company has in writing admitted willingness to be adjudged a bankrupt. Judge Knox has appointed J. Clarence Wilson and Louis Jerswit receivers in $25,000 bond. It is stated that the company manufactured the Biddle automobile, but that it is not actively manufacturing at present owing to shortage of capital. It is also alleged that the liabilities are approximately $375,000, with assets of a book value of $275,000 and a nominal value of not over $50,000, consisting, for the most part, of material and parts used in the manufacturing of the Biddle car. It is further stated that on July 29 the Sheriff of New York County levied an attachment on the assets of the company in a suit brought in the Supreme Court upon an alleged claim for $1,700.

MONTAGUE E. FOOTE of 233 Broadway has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $9,729 and assets $2 cash in bank. Among the creditors are Philip Wolf, Inc., $2,500, and George Cohen, $2,500.

HEITEL & LIPSHITZ—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Harry Heitel and Isidore Lipshitz, copartners, trading as Heitel & Lipshitz, manufacturing furs, at 15 West 26th St., by these creditors: Reliable Silk Mfg. Co., $1,600; Morris Brod, $1,000, and Morris Holdman, $1,000. It is stated that the liabilities are about $140,000 and the assets about $45,000.

ARTHUR A. MacGREGOR, a salesman, residing at 40 West 83d St., has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $7,347 and assets of $28, cash in bank. There are only three creditors—Coleman, Cohen & Co., $5,756, on judgment recovered May 20, 1914; Sargent & Co., $1,273, on judgment recovered Feb. 16, 1914, and Manhattan Commercial Co., $318, on judgment recovered March 7, 1914.

COMET CHEMICAL COMPANY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Comet Chemical Company, Inc., wholesale alcohol and chemical dealers at 504 First Avenue, by Dr. Alfred Goodman, a creditor for $750. Frank Drucker stated that the liabilities are $2,500.

UNITED EYE GLASS SHOPS CORPORATION, optometrists, operating a chain stores, with headquarters at 1,893 Broadway, has filed schedules in bankruptcy with liabilities of $89,405, of which $18,873 is said to be liability on notes drawn by the company on March 1, 1920, and assets of $41,471, consisting of cash, $61; stock, $4,000; fixtures, &c., $32,310; accounts due, $4,889; equity in insurance, $100, and deposits in bank, $171. Among the creditors are J. M. Simpson Company, Inc., $1,858; Madison Carpet Company, $1,117; Strauss & Co., $1,067, and Cox & Nostrand, $1,048.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed Saturday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Armstrong, Wm S.—Croll-Reynolds Co., Inc. $665.88
Adelson, Edw. J.—Sacred Associates Realty Corp. 205.00
Baker, Wm A.—M. Reifer et al. 188.05
Cattano, Sebastiane—Harlem Tile Co., Inc. 226.85
City of N. Y.—Booth & Flinn, Ltd. 13,149.53
Corrigan, John—H. Roth 137.80
Cole, Rex J.—Toledo Chandelier Co. 7,352.39
De Menchara, Juan—Clark & Kendrick, Inc. 170.20
Dolan, Bessie—J. M. Kyle, costs 107.53
Diamondstein, Wm. B.—Lampert Mfrs.' Supply Co. 2,235.42
Franklin, John J.—M. Josephson 125.00
Gioia, Paoli—J. J. Siegel 252.77
Homcy, Daniel—H. Miller et al. 280.65
Hallmark Pictures Corp.—Ritchey Lithographing Corp. 5,980.48
Jacobs, Nathan—Lamport Mfrs' Supply Co. 2,140.67
Luzzi, Arthur E.—R. M. Krause 146.69
Manhattan Metal Hose Co.—Gutta Percha & Rubber Mfg. Co. 115.47
Porto Rico Gas Co.—Berwind White Coal Mining Co. 8,812.65
Steinfeld, Harry N., and Jerome Jacobs—J. Meyers 128.22
Schaffer, Abraham—H. Krasnoff 120.65
Scherer, Bertha—O. J. Chase, Jr., et al. 3,017.66
Todd, Wm. S.—Economical Tire & Supply Co., Inc. 139.05
Tavanciotti, John A. (Egyptian Art Studios)—J. Kahak et al. 112.33

In Bronx County.

Elgenfeld, Henry—G. J. Tugeu $215.48
Serbacher, Lulu—Pleasant Spring & Distillery Co. 391.31

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

United Phosphate & Fertilizer Co.—Royal Ribbon & Carbon Co., July 20, 1920. $278.50
Warr.n, Herbert B.—R. Werther; Mar. 25, 1920 ..... 127.95
Cozzens, Leonard—P. H. Medbury; Sept. 25, 1916 ..... 682.22
Reynolds, Geo. E.—Keystone Natl. Bank of Manheim, Pa.; Nov. 24, 1919 ..... 332.95
Wilkes, Nathaniel R., and John G. Gifking—L. A. Cook; Aug. 27, 1912 ..... 1,297.29
Parks, Frank J.—C. W. Munger, et al.; Nov. 17, 1911 ..... 942.18

In Bronx County.

Kirwin, John—Hannis Distilling Co., June 7, 1920 ..... $616.84
Roemer, Louis—Hannis Distilling Co., Feb. 10, 1916 ..... 111.91
W. T. C. Holding Co.—J. Silvestri; May 12, 1920 ..... 217.00

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VALUE IN DRESSES WAISTS BLOUSES

See Them Before Your Competitor Does

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TO LIVE JOBBERS
Selling Better Class
CLOAKS and SUITS
New Creations Daily
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38 West 21st St.
Tel. Watkins 2840

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FOR THE FIRST TIME in FIVE YEARS

The American Woman Tourist

WILL RETURN FROM EUROPE

AND AGAIN THE INFLUENCE OF

PARIS

WILL BE FELT TO THE FULL EXTENT

Our New Line of

IMPORTED NOVELTY COTTONS

IS NOW ON EXHIBITION AND WE CORDIALLY INVITE YOUR EARLY INSPECTION

N. ERLANGER BLUMGART & CO., Inc.
354 Fourth Ave., New York

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TO CLOSE OUT!

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SMART WAISTS

50 styles of Georgette — Long and Short Sleeves — 150 styles in Domestic and French Voile

(Regular and Stout Sizes)

An opportunity you can't afford to overlook to secure wonderful values for Mid-summer Sales.

THE AMERICAN LADY WAIST CO.
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NEW YORK

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The H.S. MEINHARD CO. Inc.
DRESSES
129-133 WEST 27TH STREET

Style At Cost, Plus 10%

OUR ABILITY to produce popular-priced dresses of real style distinction to sell at only 10% over the actual manufacturing cost, justifies a shifting of contacts by hard-headed buyers. Fall models are ready for inspection.

This Guarantee Is Stamped On Every Meinhard Invoice

"We hereby guarantee that the garments covered by this invoice are billed at not more than 10% above cost of manufacturing."

The H.S. Meinhard Co. Inc.

DRESSES—WHOLESALE ONLY—DRESSES

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This Guarantee Is Stamped

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WORKMANSHIP
and a
RITE-PRICE GUARANTEE

The H.S. MEINHARD CO. Inc.
DRESSES
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MAX I. SCHLEIFER JOINS JAMES E. GAFFNEY CO.

(To be incorporated)

In the latest Fifth Avenue office building—the former Holland House at 276 Fifth Avenue is located the new corporation of **JAMES E. GAFFNEY CO.**, (To be incorporated). Here are their well appointed show rooms, and the wide experience and splendid past reputation of **MAX I. SCHLEIFER** is an assurance of a very successful future.

At 438-440 East 91st Street, their factory is located in an up-to-date building possessing all desirable improvements. Here an exceptionally fine line of children's popularly priced, 6 to 14, serge and gingham dresses is being made.

Within a week their fall line of gingham and serge dresses will be on display and as it is brand new it will contain many features of interest to buyers.

JAMES E. GAFFNEY COMPANY (To be incorporated.)
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WANTED SALESMAN

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Conservative Investments

TO YIELD ABOUT

6% to 8%

Special circular describing numerous issues of well diversified investments, including practically all of the recent offerings of railroad, equipment and corporation bonds, both long and short term.

Write for Circular No. 1290 "Conservative Investments."

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Long Time Bonds

The amount and variety of long time bonds available at present low prices is limited, owing to the fact that most of the new issues are of short or medium duration. Corporations are unwilling to pay present burdensome rates of interest on new issues, except for a relatively short period.

Those desiring long term investments must depend largely upon old seasoned issues, and many experienced investors are now buying this class of security.

We can supply a limited amount of long time bonds at prices yielding around 7%, and we recommend the purchase of such bonds at the present time. We shall be glad to send details and circulars to those interested.

Ask for A-111

Harris, Forbes & Co.

Pine Street, Corner William

NEW YORK

Augusta, Me., 4s
Aug. 1931
To Yield 5.35%

Cleveland, O., 6s
(School District)
1922 to 1934
To Yield 5.60%

Dallas, Texas, 5s
1925 to 1937
To Yield 6% to 5½%
according to maturity.

Massachusetts 3½s
1933 to 1943
To Yield 5.10%

Providence, R. I., 3½s
May, 1939
To Yield 5.30%

Our complete list of Municipal bonds will be sent to investors on request.

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Using Your Idle Canadian Funds

American owners of idle funds in Canada who wish to transfer their money to the United States are at present confronted by unusual rates of exchange.

This situation may be turned to advantage by the purchase of Canadian Government or Provincial Bonds which yield an exceptionally attractive income and find always a ready market.

Complete particulars T8-2 on request

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FINANCIAL SITUATION

Rail Rate Increase Opens Way to Profitable Operation—Decline of Prices.

In its decision on the freight and passenger rate applications the Interstate Commerce Commission has supplied the railroads not with the maximum increases asked for, but with about as much as was expected. Whether or not the award contains exactly the 9.13 per cent. advance over the original request, as the result of the recent wage increase of more than $600,000,000, is a matter of slight interest. The roads did receive the 20 per cent. passenger fare increase for which they pleaded specifically, and in the general treatment of the vastly important rate situation the Commerce Commission has evidently met the railroad managers in a full spirit of co-operation. Now it is, in common phrase, "up to" the roads to apply the increases in a fashion to get the best results. That will not be merely the adjustment of freight and passenger rate schedules to a higher basis on the new percentages. The rates are based on current traffic figures. The movement of freight and passengers three months hence may be greater, it may be less than it is now. Many of the best equipped and strongly managed carriers will doubtless find it not difficult to make their 5½ to 6 per cent. on investment; others will have some trouble, especially if traffic should recede in volume. What will be as necessary as the collection of increased tariffs for the majority of the railroads is the application of economies wherever the opportunity offers, and a strict zeal in promoting the most efficient use of car space and train movement. The Commerce Commission, with its greatly enlarged powers under the Transportation act, may be expected to insist that factors supplemental to higher rates be made the most of in all railroad territory.

A better survey was obtained outside the stock market than in of readjustment processes at work last week. It was clear enough that something profound was happening to the inflated price structure of 1919 vintage. Quite generally, to paraphrase the Federal Reserve Board's discussion of business conditions in June, there was a tendency to settle down to a readjusted basis and proceed with business upon a new level of prices and demand. What the Reserve agents found under way in June continued into July and seemed to pass over into August, gathering headway all the time. If the reasoning is permissible that the break of stock market quotations last November and again in May forecast some of the most recent developments in the other markets, then it may be believed that last week's further fall discounted events yet to come. Thoughts of seasonal slackening of industry were entirely submerged in statements and rumors of lessened operations because of a decline of buying orders. But the movement back to a new order was hardly betokened so much by industrial and other business occurrences as by the fall of the grain and cotton markets. December wheat, which left off the preceding week around $2.55 per bushel, sold at the end of last week under $2.20. Cotton, corn and provisions lost ground throughout the trading days. The prices of some meat products in the wholesale market gave way. The index number of The Annalist, derived from prices of a selected list of food materials, receded sharply to the lowest point touched since Nov. 8 last year. Truly, the stronghold of the cost-of-living dragon was attacked both from the front and flank, and in that lies hope for a vast public relief which goes far to offset possible business disturbances which may grow out of a fall of prices.

The decline of commodity prices resulted from obvious reasons, although others less prominent doubtless had something to do with the movement. Enough is known in advance of Government reports, due this week, to indicate that a really remarkable improvement occurred in the grain and cotton outlook during July. The June estimate of the Department of Agriculture mentioned 800,600,000 bushels as the probable yield of wheat this year. Now private reports of a reliable nature suggest a return nearer 830,000,000 and perhaps 850,000,000 bushels. Whereas the outside cotton estimate early in the Spring was 10,500,000 bales, favorable growing conditions now cause the cotton sharps to favor a prediction of close to 18,000,000 bales. The corn outlook has been improved and the shrinking potato price noted in the last few days speaks of an enlarged output when the crop has been gathered. Unless the entirely unforeseen happens before the end of next month the country will have in hand a wealth of products for home use and a tidy surplus for sale abroad.

The promise of large crops ought to supply stimulation to the security markets. The price tendency of late has shown, however, that the beneficent effect of favorable news from the farms is coming upon a situation quite different from that of pre-war years. Good crop prospects and their ultimate addition to the country's wealth are effective when the prices of stocks and of goods are average or low. It is seen that they are not effective for business expansion when prices are high, especially when a shortage of credit has been caused, in part, by high prices. And it has been made evident in recent weeks that when prices for goods are so high as to discourage buyers from buying at all if they can avoid it, that the promised abundance of food materials is actually a handicap upon business for a period whose length may not be mentioned. The falling process of grain and cotton quotations, the result of prospective large yields, has tended to unsettle further a mercantile price structure which had been disturbed previously. Somewhere ahead a demand will spring up, probably aided by agricultural results, which will stem the tide of receding goods' prices, but at present the various markets are headed in a single direction, the fall of one furthering the fall of others.

The Federal Reserve Banks possess, as John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, called to public attention last Saturday, an unused lending power of $750,000,000 which could be extended in an emergency to $2,500,000,000. That is a reserve which the Reserve officials have well in mind, but they evidently have no intention of using it. Rather, it is found preferable to keep hammering home the need for borrowers to reduce their current loans, and an instrument to force a movement to this end has been high money rates. Mr. Williams does not like the stiff call money rates which have been charged on occasion at New York, but if he has opposed the advance of Reserve Bank discount rates and the high rates for discounting mercantile paper, his position has not been known by New York bankers. The latter were under the impression that the Reserve Board and Treasury officials were agreed that high rates were an effective obstacle to prevent an expansion of the loan structure.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 31, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,378,616	135,316,710½
Same period a year ago	5,382,871	174,729,720

	Last Week. High.	Low.	Year to Date. High.	Low.
Average price 50 stocks	81.09	78.27	94.07	75.45
Same period a year ago	92.11	88.22	93.56	69.73

Sales.	COMPANY.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,200	ADAMS EXPRESS	34¼	31⅛	32	— 1½
600	Advance Rumely	33	29	29½	— 4
500	Advance Rumely pf	64	61¾	64	+ ½
7,400	Ajax Rubber	50⅝	45	45	—14⅝
5,900	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅝	1⅛	1¼	— ⅛
5,100	Alaska Juneau	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
160	All-America Cable	103	103	103	— 2
5,000	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	36	33	33	— 2
900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg. pf.	76½	75	75	— 1½
1,600	Am. Agricul. Chem.	84⅝	80½	81¼	— 3½
600	Am. Agricul. Chem. pf.	85½	85	85½	— 1½
700	Am. Bank Note	44	42¾	43	— ⅞
6,500	Am. Beet Sugar	87½	83	84	— 2½
7,600	Am. Bosch Magneto	96⅞	89	90	— 2⅞
1,200	Am. Brake Shoe & Fdy.	60	58	58¾	— ¾
500	Am. Brake Shoe & F. pf.	89½	88½	88¾	— ¾
9,400	Am. Can	39½	37	37½	— 2
300	Am. Can pf.	90⅞	89½	90¼	— 1⅛
8,500	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	136	131	132½	— 1⅛
3,200	Am. Cotton Oil	42¾	40	40⅝	— 3½
6,900	Am. Drug. Syndicate	11	10¼	10⅜	— ⅞
600	Am. Express	134	132	133	— 4½
2,200	Am. Hide & Leather	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
9,800	Am. Hide & Leather pf.	82½	77⅞	78	— 4½
700	Am. Ice	41¼	40	41¼	— ⅛
100	Am. Ice pf.	58½	58½	58½	— ¾
14,100	Am. International	82	77	77⅞	— 5
700	Am. La. F. Fire Engine	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	— ⅛
1,800	Am. Linseed	75	72½	73	— 1
300	Am. Linseed pf.	89½	88	88	— 1½
23,200	Am. Locomotive	96	91¼	93½	— 2⅜
100	Am. Locomotive pf.	100	100	100	— ⅛
7,000	Am. Safety Razor	15	13½	13½	— 1⅛
13,700	Am. Ship & Commerce	23½	20⅜	20⅜	— 2⅛
9,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	58⅝	55⅝	56¼	— 2⅝
700	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	90½	88½	88½	— 2
5,300	Am. Snuff	101¼	101¼	101¼	— ¾
100	Am. Steel Foundries	37	35	36⅞	— ⅞
7,200	Am. Steel Fdys. pf.	87	87	87	— ⅝
500	Am. Sugar Ref.	123⅞	117⅜	119	— 4⅝
6,200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	109	106	106	— 4
100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	85½	82⅝	82⅝	— 3⅝
4,530	Am. Sumatra Tob. pf.	85	85	85	— 4
1,500	Am. Tel. & Tel.	95½	94⅜	95⅜	— ¾
1,500	Am. Tobacco	210	198	200½	— 9½
200	Am. Tobacco, Class B	200	197½	199½	— ½
24,600	Am. Tobacco pf.	87½	87¼	87⅜	— ⅛
300	Am. Woolen	80⅝	80	80⅝	— 1½
3,500	Am. Woolen pf.	92½	92	92	— ¾
900	Am. Writing Paper pf.	49¾	44	49¼	+ 2
200	Am. Zinc, L. & S.	13⅜	12¼	13	— ⅜
16,600	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf.	44⅝	44⅜	44⅜	— 2⅝
100	Anaconda Copper	55⅞	52⅝	53¼	— 2⅝
1,200	Ann Arbor pf.	26½	26½	26½	— 2½
473	Assets Realization	2¾	2¼	2¾	— ⅜
100	Associated Dry G. 1st pf.	32	31	31	— 2¼
200	Associated Oil	59	59	59	— 3
7,500	Atch., Top. & S. F.	80⅝	78⅞	79⅛	— 1⅛
905	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	73⅞	72⅝	72⅝	— 2⅛
400	Atl. Birm. & At.	7	6	7	— ⅛
400	Atl. Coast Line	85¼	84½	85½	— ⅜
10,100	Atl., Gulf & W. I.	153⅜	148	151	— 3½
500	Atl. Refining pf.	105	104	104	— ⅞
200	Austin, Nichols & Co.	21⅜	21¼	21¼	— ⅝
100	Auto Sales	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
100	Auto Sales pf.	15	15	15	— 8
191,000	BALDWIN LOCO.	115⅝	106¼	110½	— 4⅜
13,900	Baltimore & Ohio	33½	30⅝	32⅞	+ ⅛
2,300	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	43½	42½	43½	—
100	Barnsdall, Class A	40	40	40	—
100	Barnet Leather	55	55	55	—
7,300	Barrett Co.	140¾	133¼	140	+ ½
400	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	—
9,700	Bethlehem Motors	21	18	18½	— 1⅞
300	Bethlehem Steel	85	83½	83½	— 1½
56,400	Bethlehem Stl., Class B.	87½	82⅜	82⅝	— 5⅜
1,000	Bethlehem Steel 8% pf.	105¼	104	105¼	+ ¼
200	Booth Fisheries	8	7½	8	— ⅛
2,500	Brooklyn Edison Elec.	86⅜	86¼	86¼	— ¼
1,000	Brooklyn Ran. Tran.	10⅞	10¼	10¼	— ⅝
380	Brooklyn Un. G. t. c. of d.	7¼	6⅝	7	— ⅛
700	Bruns. Term. & Ry. Sec.	48¾	48¾	48¾	—
800	Burns Brothers	5½	5¼	5¼	— ¾
1,100	Butte Copper & Zinc	10⅞	100	103	— 7
3,600	Butte & Superior	8½	7½	7½	— ⅝
100	Butterick Co.	22½	20	20	— 2½
4,500	CADDO CENT. O. & R.	12⅝	12⅜	12⅜	— ⅛
4,100	California Packing	68½	66	67	— 4
1,400	California Petroleum	30⅝	27	28	— 2½
200	California Petroleum pf.	69	68¼	68¼	— 2
11,500	Canadian Pacific	122¼	118⅜	121⅝	— 1⅝
200	Case (J. I.) Plow	11	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
100	Case (J. I.) Plow pf.	94	94	94	—
23,200	Central Leather	61⅝	53	53⅞	— 7⅝
200	Central Leather pf.	99	98⅜	98⅜	— ⅝
4,300	Cerro de Pasco Copper	44	41⅛	42	— 1½
18,300	Chandler Motor	97	86½	88½	— 8½
5,500	Chesapeake & Ohio	56⅛	53	55⅛	— 1⅛
700	Chi. & E. Ill. pf. Eq. T.r.	73	71	71	— 2⅛
1,000	Chi. Great Western	8¼	7⅞	8	— ⅛
2,400	Chi. Great West. pf.	22	20½	22	+ ⅝
9,100	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	34	32	34	+ ⅝
2,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul pf.	50	47⅝	50	— ⅝
100	Chi. & Northwest.	69¼	67¼	69¼	— ⅝
1,600	Chi. & Northwest. pf.	99¼	99¼	99½	— ⅛
39,900	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	83¾	79¾	81½	— 2⅛
400	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	36⅝	33⅜	35¼	— 1½
700	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 7% pf.	72⅝	72	72¼	— 2⅜
300	Chi., R. I. & Pac. 6% pf.	62¾	61½	62½	—
9,600	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf. s. 6 f.	80	80	80	— 2
3,300	Chino Copper	15	14	14⅝	— ⅝
900	Clev., Cin., Chi. & St. L.	29¼	27⅝	29⅛	—
100	Cluett-Peabody	56	53	56	+ 1
4,100	Coca-Cola	75	73	75	— 2
1,000	Colorado Fuel & Iron	37¼	35	36	— ½
300	Colorado Southern	32	31⅛	32	— 1½
100	Colorado South. 1st pf.	23¼	23	23¼	— ⅛
3,450	Columbia Gas & Elec.	47	47	47	+ 1
20,100	Col. Graphophone	55¼	53¼	54	+ 1
1,100	Columbia Grapho. pf.	20¾	24½	26	— 2¾
100	Comput. Tab. Record	82	80½	81¼	— 1¾
2,800	Consol. Cigar	48	48	48	— 1
100	Consol. Cigar pf.	65¼	59	64⅞	— ⅛
5,000	Consol. Gas	80	80	80	— 2
4,300	Consol. Int. Cal. Min.	78	73½	76	— 2
8,100	Consol. Textile	11½	10¾	11	— 1
900	Continental Can	32	29¾	30¼	— 1⅝
100	Continental Can pf.	83	80	80	— 2½
8,600	Continental Candy	98¾	98¾	98¾	+ 1
44,900	Corn	12⅜	11	11	— 1⅜
200	Corn Products Ref.	93½	89½	90	— 2⅝
2,500	Corn Prod. Ref. pf.	102¼	101	102¼	+ 1⅜
42,300	Crucible Steel	37¼	33¾	35½	— 1½
28,500	Cuba Cane Sugar	15²⁄₄	14¼	147	— 4½
3,000	Cuba Cane Sugar pf.	48½	47	48¾	— 1½
16,800	Cuban-Am. Sugar	79¼	77	78¼	+ ¼
100	Cuban-Am. Sugar pf.	47	42¾	46	— 1
100	DEERE & CO. pf.	100	100	100	—
2,400	Delaware & Hudson	94¾	94¾	94¾	— 1¼
600	Del., Lack. & West.	89¾	85¾	89½	—
3,400	Den. & Rio Grande	208	200	204	— 5
8,600	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	5¼	4¼	4¾	— ⅛
500	Detroit United Rys.	10	9½	10	—
2,000	Dome Mines	90	85	88	— 4
800	Duluth, S. S. & Atl.	10⅜	10	10	— ⅝
100	Duluth, S. S. & Atl. pf.	4¾	4	4¾	+ ⅛
200	ELEC. STORAGE BAT.	8	8	8	—
900	Elkhorn Coal	115	115	115	—14
100	Emerson-Brantingham	21	20	20	— 3
100	Emerson-Brant. pf.	15¾	15¾	15¾	— 4¾
9,100	Endicott-Johnson	73½	73¼	73¼	— 4¾
800	Endicott-Johnson pf.	80¾	74¾	76⅞	— 5⅝
4,000	Erie	95	94	94	— ⅞
3,000	Erie 1st pf.	12½	11⅜	12	— ⅞
1,500	Erie 2d pf.	19⅝	18⅝	19¼	— ¾
		13½	12½	13	— ½
6,800	FAMOUS P.-LASKY	74½	71	73¾	— ½
1,400	Famous P.-Lasky pf.	85¾	83½	84	— ½
200	Federal Min. & Smelt.	12	12	12	— 1½
13,700	Federal Min. & Sm. pf.	34½	33½	34½	— 2½
2,900	Fisk Rubber	30⅝	28¾	28¾	— 1⅝
	Freeport-Texas	22	21¾	21¾	
1,700	GASTON, W. & W.	12	10⅝	11	— 1
3,600	General Am. Tank Car	77	72½	73½	— ½
25	General Chemical	169¼	169¼	169¼	
100	General Chemical pf.	93	93	93	— ½
1,900	General Cigar	62	60½	60½	— 1½
1,900	General Electric	143½	139½	141½	— 2⅜
181,100	General Motors	24¼	20¾	22¼	— 1½
200	General Motors pf.	76	75	75	— 1
600	General Motors 7% deb.	81	81	81	— 3½
1,100	General Motors 6% deb.	71½	70	70	— 1½
14,600	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	50⅜	55¼	58¾	— 2⅛
700	Goodrich pf.	87	86½	86½	— ⅝
200	Granby Consol.	36	36	36	— ¾
4,100	Gray & Davis	23½	21¾	22	+ ⅜
8,600	Great Northern pf.	70⅝	67¾	70¼	+ ⅝
5,000	Gt. Nor. ctfs. for ore p.	35	34¼	34¼	— ⅝
1,500	Greene-Cananea Cop.	29½	28	28	— 2
2,500	Gulf States Steel	58½	53¼	55	— 5¼
500	Gulf, Mobile & Nor.	12½	11½	11½	— ½
300	HARTMAN CORP.	80¼	80	80	— 1
10,700	Haskell & Barker	71½	66	68¾	— 3⅜
800	Hendee Mfg.	30½	28	28	— 2
12,800	Houston Oil	106⅜	97½	100	— 3½
7,300	Hupp Motor Car	14⅞	14¼	14½	
1,200	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	83¼	82	82¾	+ ¼
1,500	Indiahoma Ref.	7¼	6¾	7	— ⅛
6,400	Inspiration Copper	50	47¾	49½	— ½
2,200	Interborough Con.	3½	3⅛	3¼	— ⅛
6,600	Interborough Con pf.	10½	9¾	9	— ⅛
700	Internat. Agricul.	22	18	18	— 1½
600	Internat. Agricul. pf.	80¾	80¾	80¾	— 4½
2,000	Internat. Harvester	127¼	124¾	124¾	— 3½
400	Internat. Harv. pf., new	108	105	105	— 3½
8,700	Internat. Mer. Mar.	29⅝	26	27¼	— 2½
8,700	Internat. Mer. Mar. pf.	81⅝	77¾	78¼	— 3¼
1,700	Internat. Motor Truck	55¾	52	53¾	— 3
700	Internat. M. T. 1st pf.	81	80	80½	+ ½
12,330	Internat. Nickel	18⅝	17¼	17¾	— 1⅜
20,900	Internat. Paper	82½	76½	80	— 2⅜
330	Internat. Paper pf. stpd	73½	72¾	73½	
55,700	Invincible Oil	44¾	41⅛	42¾	— 2⅛
3,700	Iron Products	45¼	44	44½	+ ½
32,100	Island Oil & Transp.	6⅝	6	6⅜	— ⅛
100	JEWEL TEA	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
3,000	KANSAS CITY SOUTH.	18½	16	18	+ ¼
300	Kansas City South. pf.	45	43	44¾	— ⅞
7,600	Kelly Springfield Tire.	93	80¾	83½	—12⅞
500	Kelly Spring Tire 8% pf.	98	94½	94½	— 5½
9,300	Kennecott Copper	25⅝	23¾	24¼	— 1¼
14,600	Keystone Tire & Rub.	26⅞	21½	21½	— 5¼
10,600	LACK. STEEL	72¼	65¼	66¾	— 5⅛
300	Laclede Gas	37	37	37	— 1
300	Lake Erie & Western	11	10	10	— ⅛
200	Lake Erie & West. pf.	19	17½	17¾	+ ⅛
700	Lee Rubber & Tire	24	23⅝	23½	— 4½
1,300	Lehigh Valley	42½	41⅞	42¼	— ⅛
100	Liggett & Myers	135	135	135	— 5
29,400	Liggett & M., Class B	130¼	129¾	129¾	— 8
1,400	Loew's, Inc.	22⅝	19	21⅝	— 1½
200	Loose-Wiles Bis. 1st pf.	15	14½	14½	— ½
1,300	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼	+ 1⅜
5	Lorillard (P.) Co.	136	134	134¾	— 1¾
800	Louisville & Nashville	99	97¾	98	— 1⅛
300	MACKAY COS.	62	61¾	61¾	— ⅜
500	Mackay Cos. pf.	60	59¾	59¾	— ⅜
100	Mallinson & Co.	20	20	20	—
600	Manati Sugar	108	101	107	— 1
300	Manhattan Elevated	42	40¾	42	— ⅜
300	Manhattan Shirt	26	24¼	24¼	— ⅜
200	Martin-Parry	24¾	24	24	— ½
3,300	Mathieson Alkali	33	33	33	— 1
700	Maxwell Motors	17	13	16	+ 1⅛
200	Maxwell M. c. of d.	12	11	11	+ ⅛
1,500	Maxwell M. 1st pf.	25	25	25	— 8½
300	Max. M. 1st pf. c. of d.	25¼	24	25	— 7½
200	Max. M. 2d pf. c. of d.	12	11¾	12	— ¾
200	May Dept. Stores	76½	76¼	76¾	— 3½
79,500	Mexican Petroleum	190	176¼	180	— 9½
3,100	Miami Copper	20½	19¾	20	— ⅜
45,200	Middle States Oil	21	20¾	20¾	— ⅜
12,600	Midvale Steel	50	49¾	49¾	— ⅜
10,500	Minn. & St. Louis, new	15	13½	13¾	— 1⅛
625	Minn. St. P. & S. S. M.	70	67	70	+ 1½
1,400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	6¾	6	6¼	— ⅛
600	Mo., Kan & Tex pf.	11¾	9¼	11¾	+ ¾
13,900	Missouri Pacific	26	24	25⅜	— ⅛
8,200	Missouri Pacific pf.	42½	40¾	42¼	+ ½
300	Montana Power	60	59	60	+ ½
3,300	Montgomery Ward	95	95	95	
300	Mullins Body	32	30	30¾	— 2¼
100	NASH. CHAT. & ST. L.	36¼	35½	35½	— 1⅝
700	National Acme	104	104	104	+ 1
12,850	Nat'l Aniline & Chem.	35¼	34⅜	34⅝	+ ⅛
1,000	Nat. Aniline & Chem. pf.	82	74¾	80¾	+ 2½
100	National Biscuit	107	87	89½	— ⅜
2,400	National Biscuit pf.	107	107	107	— 1½
1,900	Nat. Cloak & Suit	105	105	105	— 1
1,800	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	56½	48¼	48¼	— 8¾
2,800	Natl Conduit & Cable	95	94	94	— 2
500	Natl Enam. & Stamp.	8	7½	7⅝	— ⅜
2,300	National Lead	66½	57¾	59⅜	—10½
300	National Lead pf.	93	91	91	— 2½
100	Natl Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	76	72¼	73¾	— 1½
2,600	Nevada Consol. Copper	5	5	5	— ⅛
3,000	New Or., Tex. & Mex.	12½	11⅜	11⅝	— ⅝
1,400	New York Air Brake	38	33½	37½	+ 2
10,200	New York Central	96	94	96	— 3¾
1,300	N. Y., Chi. & St. Louis	80	80¾	68¾	+ ¼
1,600	New York Dock	31¼	27½	31¼	— ¾
—800	New York Dock pf.	32	26	26	— 1¼
19,200	N. Y., N. H. & H.	48	48	48	— 2
200	N. Y., Ont. & West.	30¼	27⅝	29½	— ¼
100	Norfolk Southern	17	16¾	17	— 1
1,600	Norfolk & Western	19	19	19	— 3
100	Norfolk & Western pf.	89	88¼	88¾	— ½
100	North American	65¼	65½	65½	
7,900	Northern Pacific	53	53	53	— 3¾
2,100	Nova Scotia Stl. & C.	72	70	71¾	— ¼
300	Nunnally Co.	51¼	48¾	49	— 6
200	OHIO BODY & BLOW.	15⅞	15	15	— ½
500	Ontario Mining	25⅞	24½	24½	— 2½
16,200	Okla. Prod. & Ref.	6	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
500	Otis Elevator	4⅜	3⅞	4	—
5,000	Otis Steel	125	120	120	— 5
1,100	Owens Bottle	23⅝	21¾	22	— 2
		49	47¼	49	— 2
1,400	PACIFIC DEVELOP.	44	40	40	— 6
500	Pacific Gas & Electric	46¾	46	46¾	— ¼
300	Pacific Mail	30	28½	28½	— 1¼
109,820	Pan-Am. Pet. & Trans.	40	40	40	— 2
12,500	Pan-A. P. & T., Class B	101¼	92½	95½	— 6¼
700	Parish & Bingham	31⅜	20½	29½	— 3
12,600	Penney (J. C.) pf.	90⅝	90	90	
3,600	Penn. Seaboard Railroad	39⅞	39¼	39⅝	— ⅛
2,800	People's Gas, Chicago	23	20⅞	20⅝	— 2⅜
100	Peoria & Eastern	32	30½	30½	— 2
6,000	Pere Marquette	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅝
3,400	Phillips Petroleum	24½	22⅝	24½	+ ⅝
2,100	Philadelphia Co.	39	36½	38	+ ¾
29,100	Pierce-Arrow	34¼	33¼	34¼	
300	Pierce-Arrow pf.	48¾	48¼	45¼	— 3¾
8,700	Pierce Oil	92	90	90	— 3
500	Pierce Oil 8% pf.	15	11½	12¾	— 2½
2,900	Pittsburgh Coal	82½	81	81	— 1¼
100	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	59⅞	57¼	59¾	— 1
100	Pittsburgh Steel pf.	85	85	85	— ½
4,000	Pittsburgh & West Va.	85	85	85	
100	Pittsburgh & W. Va. pf.	28¾	26⅝	27	— 2½
600	Pond Creek Coal	76	76	76	+ 2½
3,700	Pressed Steel Car	16	15¼	15¼	— 1
400	Pressed Steel Car pf.	99	94¼	97	— ⅞
900	Pullman Co.	99⅞	96	99¾	+ 2⅞
18,300	Punta Alegre Sugar	114	112⅝	•113	— 3
15,100	Pure Oil	91

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The bulk of the heavy oil produced in the United States until recently was used as a fuel oil and merely topped for gasoline and lubricants. Now all the oil in this country is refinable oil, manufacturers squeezing by-products out of practically every barrel of crude oil. This explains the recent advances in crude, and consumption being in excess of production, a still further advance is expected. A distinct adjustment of values not at all related to the inflated tendencies of the times is taking place.

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SAYS AMERICA MUST HELP.

Self-Interest to Avert Austria's Collapse, Declares E. A. Filene.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, July 31.—Edward A. Filene, the well-known American merchant, says in an interview in the Neue Freie Presse that the Austrian situation is so dangerous that all nations, including America, are concerned. He declares that, while Austria is bound to do her utmost in self help, a careful study of the situation shows that even with the best will to do so, Austria cannot solve the problem alone.

"The problem, in the first place," says the interview, "is based on a coal supply sufficient to keep workshops and factories going, labor employed and a sufficient quantity for heating one room to every family and for cooking one meal daily. This supply is not in sight.

"Women and children are dying now and the death rate exceeds the birth rate. The economic breakdown in Austria will have such serious political consequences for all nations that they cannot in self-interest stand aside."

Manufacturer Commits Suicide.

Nathan Silverstein, 67 years old, a cigar manufacturer, living at 757 Kelly Street, the Bronx, committed suicide yesterday by inhaling gas. He had been released a week ago from a hospital, where he was under treatment for nervousness.

1,000 Strike in Denver; Tie Up Cars

DENVER, Col., Aug. 1.—One thousand street railway employes went on strike at 5 o'clock this morning. No street cars were running later in the day. The car barns were picketed by the strikers.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED JULY 31, 1920.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	$56,638,700	$2,239,990,450
Same period a year ago.	62,545,250	1,883,282,439

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds.	66.79	66.55	72.51	65.57
Same period a year ago.	77.15	76.75	79.05	76.60

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
17	10	1	ALAS. G. M. cv.6s,B	10	10	10	..
99¾	92	3	Am. Ag. Ch. deb. 5s	92½	92	92	— ⅝
98⅝	96½	3	Am. Dock & I. 5s..	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	— ¼
86½	74	94	Am. S. & R. 1st 5s.	77	75½	76½	— ⅛
90⅞	92	89	Am. T. & T. cv. 6s..	94¼	92⅝	93	— ⅛
80½	78	16	Am. T. & T. col. 4s.	76	75⅝	75⅝	— ⅝
83⅝	72⅝	116	Am. T. & T. col. 5s.	76⅝	75½	75⅝	— ⅝
85	77½	8	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s.	78	77⅝	78	— 2
58	48½	1	Ann Arbor 4s.....	48½	48½	48½	— ⅜
83⅜	74	28	Am. Writ. Paper 7s.	76	75	75	+ 2
84½	73⅞	120	Armour P. Co. 4½s.	75½	74½	75¼	+ 1¼
82⅜	69⅞	154½	A., T. & S.F. gen. 4s	74¼	73½	74⅛	+ ⅜
71⅛	62	5	A., T. & S.F. adj. 4s	65½	65½	65½	+ ¼
71⅛	62	53	A.,T.&S.F.adj.4s,stn.	66	64	65½	+ ⅜
69½	60	2	A.,T. & S.F.cv.4s,'55	63¾	63¾	63¾	— ⅜
80⅜	70	1	A.,T. & S.F.cv.4s,'60	70½	70½	70½	+ 2
76½	62	20	A.,T. & S.F.tr.s.l.4s	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	+ 1
85⅝	81⅝	9	At. & C. A. L. 1st 5s	83½	82	82	— ⅝
80	69⅞	31	Atl. Coast L. 1st 4s	72	71	71⅛	+ ⅜
98	95½	97	Atl. Coast Line 7s.	97⅜	97	97½	..
78	68	24	Atl. C. L. unif. 4½s.	69	68½	69	..
72	60¾	10	At.C.L., L. & N. c.4s	62⅜	62	62½	..
97	91⅝	2	BALD. LOCO. 5s...	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	+ ⅛
70	57½	78	Balt. & O. gold 4s..	59⅝	58⅜	59	— ⅛
66	57⅛	98	Balt. & O. conv. 4½s.	58⅝	57⅛	58	..
69	51⅜	64	Balt. & Ohio ref. 5s.	58½	58	58½	..
84½	78	19	B. & O. pr. lien 3½s	79¾	79½	79½	— ⅜
92	81½	158	Balt. & Ohio 6s....	85½	84⅜	85½	+ ⅜
77	67⅞	16	B. & O. S. W. 3½s..	68½	67⅞	68½	+ ⅜
61	51⅞	22	B. & O.,P.,L.E.&W.5s	56	55	55½	..
53	44¾	33	B. & O., T. & C. 4s	46	44¾	44¾	— ¼
90	84	5	Beth. Steel ext. 5s..	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅜
88	77	14	Beth. Steel ref. 5s..	79¾	77⅞	79½	+ ¼
86⅞	77⅝	7	Beth. Steel p. m. 5s	78⅝	78¼	78⅝	+ ¼
93	84	5	Braden Copper 6s....	86½	86½	86½	— 1½
50	35	3	B. R. T. 7s, 1921...	36	35½	35⅝	+ ⅛
45	31½	4	B.R.T. 7s, c. of d. s.	35	34	35	+ ⅛
28	21¼	5	B. R. T. Ref. cv. 4s	22	22	22	— ⅛
82	71	4	Bush Term. 5s.....	71	71	71	..
79⅞	65	1	Bush Term. 4s.....	67	67	67	..
82⅞	71	6	Bush Term.Bldgs. 5s	71½	71	71½	— 1½
90¼	79½	9	CAL. GAS. & E. 5s.	83¼	83	83¼	— ½
87	77¼	8	Canada Sou. con. 5s.	78	77¾	77¾	— ⅛
94	84	5	Cent. of Ga. 6s.....	84⅞	84¾	84⅞	+ ⅛
97¾	90	71	Central Leather 5s..	92¼	90½	90½	— 1½
100	90	8	Cent. of N. J. gen.5s	93	92¾	92⅞	— ⅛
99½	89¼	2	C. of N.J.gen.5s,reg.	90½	90½	90½	..
78	65½	86	Central Pacific 4s...	70	69	70	+ ½
82¾	75¼	1	Central Pacific 3½s	75¾	75¾	75¾	..
70	60¼	5	Cent. Pac.,Th.S.L.4s	65½	65½	65½	+ 1¾
90	84	5	Ches. & O. con. 5s..	88	88	88	+ 1½
81½	70	111	Ches & Ohio cv. 5s.	74⅞	73½	74⅞	+ 1¼
77	66¼	46	Ches. & O. cv. 4½s..	71½	70½	71	..
77	60⅝	48	Ches. & O. gen. 4½s.	70½	70	70¼	— 1⅛
65	58½	2	C.&O.,R.&A.2d con.4s	58½	58½	58½	— ½
73	61¾	6	C.&O.,R.&A.1st con.4s	62⅝	62½	62¾	— ¼
38	20¾	17	Chicago & Alton 3½s	34	32¾	32¾	— ⅜
81¾	67	71	C., B. & Q. gen. 4s..	75¼	74½	75½	+ ¼
96	92½	265	C., B.' & Q. joint 4s	93⅜	93	93¼	— ⅛
76	64	10	C.,B.& Q., Ill.Div.3½s	67⅜	67	67	— ⅛
92	83¾	2	C.,B.& Q., Neb.Ext.4s	85	85	85	..
84	73	5	C., B. & Q. IllDiv4s	75	74	75	— 2¼
83	66½	1	Chi & Erie 1st 5s..	71½	71½	71½	— ½
57⅞	50⅝	22	Chi. Gt. West. 1st 4s	52	50⅝	50⅝	— 1⅜
60⅞	53¼	6	C., M.& St.P.gen.3½s	53½	53½	53½	— 2½
73	67⅞	17	C., M.& St.P.gen 4½s	69	68¼	68½	— ½
61¼	52¼	38	C., M.& St.P.ref4½s	55¼	54	55¼	+ ⅜
57	53	6	C., M. & St. P. 4s,'34	55⅞	55¼	55¾	+ ⅜
72	59⅝	24	C., M. & St.P.gen.4s	65½	64¼	64¼	+ ⅜
73	61	72	C., M. & St.P.cv.4½s	63	62	63	+ ¼
72½	59⅞	75	C., M. & St.P.cv.5s,B	63¾	61½	63½	+ ⅞
98⅞	94	14	C., M. & St. P., C. P. & W. 5s.....	96	96	96	— ½
79⅞	70	27	C., M. & St. P.4s,'25	72½	72½	72½	+ 2
98	65	10	C. & N. W. gen. 4s.	72½	72½	72½	+ ¾
68½	59¾	15	C. & N. W. gen. 3½s	64½	62⅜	64½	+ 1¼
99	94½	10	C. & N. W. gen. 5s..	90	90	90	— ½
90⅞	84⅝	2	C. & N. W. d. 5s,'33	86	86	86	..
106½	90⅜	136	C. & N. W. 7s.....	100	99⅜	99⅝	..
97¼	96	4	C. & N. W. d. 5s,'21	98	97	98	..
87⅞	79	1	C. & N. W., St. L., P. & N. W. 5s....	81	81	81	+ 1
70	57½	1	Chi. Rys. 5s.....	61	61	61	— ⅝
76½	65	19	C., R. I. & P. gen.4s	69	67⅞	67⅞	— ⅛
67⅜	60¼	158	C., R. I. & P. ref.4s	65⅝	64½	65¼	+ ⅝
105	98	1	C., St. P., M. & O.6s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	+ ¼
83	70½	9	Chi. Un. Sta. 4½s..	75½	73½	75	+ 1½
103	100	71	Chi. Un. Sta. 6½s, Interim ctfs.....	103	102⅞	103	+ ⅝
61	53	11	C. & W. I. con. 4s..	53⅜	53½	53½	— ¾
86	72	112	Chile Copper 6s.....	73	72	72	— ⅝
108½	95	48	Chile Copper 7s....	96	95	95	— 1½
77	69	9	C.,C.,C.&S.L.deb.4½s	71	69	69	— 2
66½	60¾	2	C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. Div. 4s..	63¾	63¾	63¾	+ 1
88½	74	1	Cleve. Sh. L. 4½s.	77	77	77	+ 2
75	66¼	16	Col. & South.ref.4½s	67	66¾	66⅞	+ ⅛
89	81	2	Col. Gas & El.1st 5s	81	81	81	..
101¾	97	81	Con. Gas cv. 7s.....	98	97	97	— ⅝
100	94⅝	222	Cuba C. Sug. cv. 7s	96¼	94⅝	95	— 1¾
98⅛	94⅜	5	DEL. & H.ln.eq.4½s.	94¾	94⅜	94¾	— 1¼
101¾	99⅝	42	Del. & Hud. 7s.....	100⅞	100	100¼	+ ⅛
81	67	42	Del. & Hud. ref. 4s..	74	72	74	+ 2
85½	72	7	Del. & Hud. cv. 6s..	78½	77¼	78½	+ 3½
80	69	3	Det. Riv. T. 4½s....	69	69	69	— 1½
67⅞	58	62	D. & R. G. con. 4s..	63	62¼	62½	+ ⅛
70½	63	11	D. & R. G. imp. 5s..	69½	69	69	..
49	39	84	D. & R. G. 1st ref.5s	45	44	44¼	— ¾
69	59⅞	8	Det. United 4½s...	60	59⅞	59⅞	— ¼
83	75	2	Distillers Sec. 5s....	77½	77½	77½	+ 1½
91	79½	1	E.T.,VA.& GA.con.5s	81	81	81	+ 1⅞
56	47	49	Erie 1st con. 4s....	48	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅜
47	38½	23	Erie gen. 4s.....	39½	38½	39¼	— ¼
98	93½	6	Erie con. 7s.....	97½	96⅝	96⅝	+ 3½
41⅝	36¼	12	Erie conv. 4s, A....	35	34½	35	+ ¼
51	30	15	Erie conv. 4s, B....	36	34⅜	36	+ ¼
44	34	77	Erie conv. 4s, D....	36⅝	35½	36	— ⅝
92	86	2	Evans.& T. H.con.6s	86¼	86	86	— 4
80	74	2	FLA. E. COAST 4½s	74	74	74	— ½
91	89	7	GEN. BAKING 6s...	89	89	89	..
97	82	9	Gen. Elec. deb. 5s...	84¾	84¾	84¾	— ½
99½	95¾	45	Gen. Elec. deb. 6s...	99¼	98¾	99	..
85½	70	7	Gt. North. ref. 4½s.	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	..
88⅝	81	1	Ga., Car. & N.1st 5s	81	81	81	— 5⅝
104	101¼	1	H'DERSON BDG. 6s	104	104	104	+ 2½
73	59⅜	20	Hocking Valley 4½s.	66	64½	66	+ 3
60	54	54	Hud. & Man. ref. 5s.	55½	54½	54½	— ¾
23¼	13	65	Hud. & Man. adj. 5s	17½	17	17	— 1
72¼	62	6	ILL. CENT. 4s, '52.	68	67½	68	+ 2⅝
72⅜	59⅝	8	Ill. Cent. 4s, '53.....	64½	63¾	64	— ½
76½	65	4	Ill. Cent. ref. 4s....	71	70¼	71	..
62½	62½	8	Ill. Cent. 3½s, '52...	62½	62½	62½	— 6½
83¼	70¼	5	Ill. C. & C., St. L. & N. O. joint 5s.	74	74	74	+ ¼
93½	83	12	Ill. Cent. temp. 5½s.	85	83¼	83¾	— 1¼
84	72¾	42	Ill. Steel 4½s.....	75½	75	75¾	+ ⅛
93⅞	83½	12	Indiana Steel 5s....	87	86½	86½	— 1
19¾	11	75	Inter.-Met. 4½s	13	11	11	— 1½
19¾	11¼	33	Int.-M. 4½s, c. of d.	12½	11¼	12	— ¼
51⅜	43¼	474	Int. Rap. Tran. 5s..	45	43¼	43⅝	— 1⅛
44¼	42¼	2	Int. R. T. 5s, reg...	44¼	42½	42½	..
95⅜	83⅜	75	Int. Mer. Marine 6s.	84½	83¾	84¼	— ⅛
44	36¼	22	Iowa Central ref. 4s	37¼	35½	37⅜	+ ⅞
71	69	1	Iowa Cent. 1st 5s...	70	70	70	— 1
70	59	8	K. C., FT. S. & M.4s	60⅝	59½	59½	— 1⅛
75¼	63¼	14	K. C. Southern 5s...	67⅛	65	65	— 2½
59	49⅞	7	K. C. Southern 3s...	53	52¼	52¾	+ ⅝
75⅝	62½	30	Kan. City Term. 4s..	66¼	65½	66	..
73	65	1	Keok. & D. M. 1st 5s	66	66	66	..
55	50¾	2	Kings Co.Elev.4s,sta.	50¼	50¼	50¼	— 2¾
97¼	90	1	LACK.STEEL 5s,'23	90½	90½	90½	— ⅝
84½	74¼	26	Lake Shore 4s, '31..	77	76⅜	76⅝	— ¼
70	63	6	Lake Shore 3½s.....	66	66	66	..
87⅛	76	5	Lake Shore 4s, 1928.	79¾	76½	79⅜	+ ¼
103	92	23	Lehigh Valley 6s ...	96	95	95½	+ ⅛
72	60	2	Leh. Val. cons. 4s.	61½	61½	61½	+ ⅛
80¼	69	12	Leh. Val. con. 4½s.	71	71	71	— ½
80⅞	81½	1	Lex. & East. 1st 5s	79¾	79¾	79¾	— 2¼
111	99⅝	8	Liggett & Myers 7s.	102½	102	102½	+ 1¼
80½	77	8	Liggett & Myers 5s.	77½	77	77	— ½
69½	60	1	Long Isl. Ref. 4s...	61½	61½	61½	— 1½
110	100	2	Lorillard 7s.....	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	+ ⅛
88	76	28	Lorillard 5s.....	77¼	77¼	77¼	+ ¼
101½	99¼	28	L. & N. 7s, rcts....	101¾	100⅞	101¼	..
81½	72	42	L. & N. unified 4s..	77⅜	76⅞	77⅜	+ ⅝
84	84	7	L. & N. col. tr. 5s.	84	84	84	..
100	82	6	Louis. & N. gold 5s	89	89	89	— 1
51⅞	46	6	L. & N., St.L. Div.3s	47	47	47	+ 1
100	96⅝	6	L. & N., St. L. D. 6s	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛	— ⅝
65	58	8	L. & N., So. Ry.jt.4s	59½	58½	58½	— 1½
60	49⅞	8	MAN. CON. 4s.....	50	49⅞	50	..
60½	49⅜	14	Man. Con. 4s,tax ex.	50	49⅜	50	— 1
85½	76½	42	Midvale Steel 5s....	77⅜	76	76	— 1½
72⅜	70	2	M. Sp. & N. W. 4s.	71½	71½	71½	+ 1½
43⅜	34⅞	5	Minn. & St. L. ref.4s	37½	36⅜	37½	+ ⅛
82¼	70½	11	M.,S.P.&S.S.M.con.4s	72¼	72¼	72½	..
92⅜	85	5	M., S. S. M. & A. 4s	85¾	85¾	85¾	..
36	33½	1	Mo.,Kan. & T. 1st 5s	33½	33½	33½	— 2⅜
60⅞	50¼	13	Mo., K & T. 1st 4s.	53½	52½	52½	— 1½
32	26½	10	Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s..	27¾	27¾	27¾	..
28	23¼	1	Mo.,K. & T. s.f. 4½s	24	24	24	— ½
59	51¼	229½	Mo. Pac. gen. 4s...	52	51¼	52	+ ⅛
91½	84	16	Mo. Pac. 5s, '23....	85½	85	85	— 2¾
83½	77	5	Mo. Pac. 5s, '65....	78	77	77	— 1
98	96½	1	Mo. Pac. con. 6s....	97¾	97¾	97¾	— ¼
59	51⅞	2	Mobile & O. gen. 4s.	56	56	56	+ 1
70⅝	63	3	Morris & Essex 3½s.	66	66	66	+ ⅝
97⅝	91	3	NAT. EN. & ST. 5s.	91	91	91	..
65	58	30	New Orl. Term. 4s..	58¾	58	58½	— ⅜
55½	46	12	N. O. T. & M. inc.5s	50	47¼	49	+ 1½
93¼	86	124	N. Y. Cent. deb. 6s..	86¾	86	86½	..
70	61⅜	40	N. Y. Cent. gen. 3½s	64½	63½	63¾	— 1
73	69½	17	N. Y. Cent. ref. 4½s.	72	71	71¾	+ ⅜
82½	69	45	N. Y. Cent.deb.4s,'34	70⅞	70	70⅝	+ ⅝
67	67	5	N. Y. Cent.deb.4s,'42	67	67	67	..
71	63	4	N. Y. Cent.cons.4s..	68½	66	66	+ 2
62	53	9	N.Y.C. L. S. 3½s.	59	57¾	57¾	— ⅜
75	64	1	N.Y.C.& St.L.deb.4s.	64	64	64	— ½
63¾	59	4	N.Y.G.,E.L.,H.&P.4s.	60¼	59	59	— 1

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
100¾	93⅞	1	N. Y., L. & W. 6s...	99¼	99¼	99¼	+ ⅛
50	39½	15	N.Y.,N.H. & H.cv.3½s	40	39½	39½	— 2
76½	65	13	N. Y., N. H. & H. con. deb. 6s.....	70¼	70¼	70¼	..
55	45	2	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '56	47	46¾	46¾	+ 1⅜
55	44½	7	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '55	47⅛	45½	45⅝	+ ⅛
51	45	2	N. Y., N. H. & H. non-cv. deb. 4s, '47	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	+ 2⅜
61	51	19	N. Y., O. & W.ref.4s	55½	51	54½	— 2
32½	19½	16	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s..	20½	19½	19⅝	— ⅜
7¾	5	5	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s.	5	5	5	..
31	20	1	N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s, ctfs. of deposit....	20	20	20	— 1½
52	49	7	N. Y., S. & W.ref.5s	49¾	49	49	— 3
7½	5	2	N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s, ctfs. of deposit....	5	5	5	— ⅜
96¾	84	26	N. Y. Tel. 6s.....	86¾	85⅜	85⅝	— 1⅜
81½	73	47	N. Y. Tel. 4½s.....	73½	74⅜	74⅝	— ⅜
44	34½	3	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	40	39¾	39¾	..
56½	49	5	Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s	54	54	54	— ⅛
80	67¼	218	N. & W. con. 4s....	74½	71½	74	+ 2
80	72½	2	N. & W.,P.,C.& C.4s	73½	73½	73½	..
102⅝	94⅛	51	N. & W. cv. 6s.....	97⅞	97	97	— ⅛
108	103⅞	1	N. P. Term.1st 6s..	108	108	108	+ 4½
56	49½	77	Northern Pacific 3s.	53	51½	53	+ 1
81½	69	4	N. P. ref.& imp.4½s	71	70	71	+ 1
80⅞	69	89	Northern Pacific 4s.	73⅞	72⅜	73½	+ ⅝
85	70	7	Nor. States P. 1st 5s	74	73	73⅝	— ⅝
93⅞	85½	9	ORE. & CAL. 1st 5s	86	86	86	..
81	63⅞	16	Ore. R. R. & N. c.4s	71	70⅝	70⅝	— ⅛
101	96⅜	1	Ore. Sh. L. 6s.....	97½	97½	97½	..
93	82	5	Ore. Sh. L. cons. 5s	86	86	86	+ 2½
85	74½	34	Ore. Sh. L. ref. 4s..	76	75½	76	..
72½	61⅜	47	Ore.-W. R.R. & N.4s	65⅝	64½	65¼	+ ¼
83	73	8	PAC. GAS. & EL. 5s	74⅜	74	74½	— ⅛
88¼	76⅞	20	Pac. Tel. & Tel. 6s..	84	80	80	— 4
70¾	70	7	Pac. of Mo. 1st 4s...	71	70¾	70⅜	+ ⅜
84⅞	73	59	Penn. gen. 4½s.....	75⅝	75	75½	— ⅜
94	82	164	Penn. gen. 5s.....	82⅞	82	82½	— ¼
97¾	95⅝	5	Penn. gtd. 4½s.....	97	97	97	+ ¼
103⅜	100⅝	302	Penn. 7s	102½	101¾	102¼	— ¼
92½	83	5	Penn. con. 4½s.....	86½	86½	86½	— 1½
56	47	6	Peoria & E. 1st 4s..	56	54⅝	54⅝	— 1½
27	16	1	Peoria & E. inc. 4s.	20¼	20¼	20¼	+ 4¼
67	58	12	Peo. Gas Chi. ref.5s	60	58½	58½	— 1½
87⅜	75⅝	31	Pere Marq. 1st 5s..	77	75⅝	75⅝	— 1¼
74½	58	7	Pere Marq. 1st 4s..	59	58⅝	58⅝	+ ⅝
89	85	10	Phila. Co. con. 5s,'22	86	85⅝	86	..
90	79⅝	1	P.,C.,C.&St.L.4½s,A..	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅜
90	79½	2	P.,C.,C.&St.L.4½s,B.	79½	79½	79½	— ⅞
40	32	1	Prov. Sec. deb. 4s..	32	32	32	— 8
66	58⅜	16	Pub. Serv. N. J. 5s..	60⅜	60	60	— 1
82¼	77	70	READING gen. 4s..	79	78½	78⅝	— ⅛
90⅞	80½	2	Rep. I. & S. 5s, '40..	83⅞	86	86⅞	+ 1⅜
52	48	11	Rio Gr. W. col. 4s..	49½	48½	49½	..
67	58	3	Rio Gr. W. 1st 4s..	64½	64	64	— ½
64	60½	53	R. I., A. & L. 4s....	63	62½	63	— ⅛
94½	80	10	St.L.,I.M. & S.gen.5s	82½	82	82	..
76	66	23	St.L.,I.M.& S.u.& r.4s	69	68	69	+ ⅝
72	69⅞	11	St. L., I. M. & S., River & Gulf 4s...	64⅞	64	64⅝	— ⅝
102	93	1	St.L.& S.F.Ry gen 6s	93	93	93	— 1⅝
74⅜	62½	24	St.L. & S.F. pr. ln.5s	67	65¾	65⅞	— ½
59	52	244	St.L. & S.F. pr. ln.4s	54½	54	54¾	+ ⅝
87½	81	13	St.L. & S.F. pr. ln.6s	83½	83	83½	..
66	56⅜	104	St.L. & S.F. adj. 6s.	61	60¼	60⅜	— ¼
50½	36⅞	606	St.L. & S.F. inc. 6s.	47⅝	47½	47⅝	+ ¼
64½	60	25	St.L. & S.W. 1st 4s	64	62½	64	+ ½
56¾	48⅝	51	St.L. & S.W. con. 4s	53	50	52	+ ¾
66½	58	7	St. P. & K. C., St. L. 4½s	61	60	60½	..
56	49	136	St.L.&S.W.1st Ter.5s	52¼	50¼	52½	+ 2½
83¼	76½	3	S.P.,M.&M.,MonEx4s	77¼	77¼	77¾	— 1¼
92	83¾	5	St. P., M. & M. 4½s.	84¼	84¼	84¾	+ ⅜
105⅝	96½	2	St. P., M.& M.con.6s	99½	99	99	+ 1
62	55½	2	San An. & A. P. 4s..	58	58	58	..
40¼	39	2	Seab'd A. L. ref. 4s.	40¼	39	39	— 1
60⅝	55	1	Se

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BANK SEES RECOVERY FROM WAR'S EFFECTS

National City Predicts Gradual Readjustment Toward Lower Price Level.

CITES INCREASE IN IMPORTS

Only Wise Policy for the Public, It Says, Is One of Ready Adaptation and Co-operation.

A general recovery from the effects of the war is noticeable, and a situation has been created which is favorable for lower prices of most commodities, in the opinion of the National City Bank, as expressed in its monthly circular for August. Conditions seem to favor a gradual readjustment of prices toward a lower level, the bank thinks, and during the period of this change it is convinced that the only wise policy for the public is one of ready adaptation and co-operation all around. Commenting on the situation, the letter says, in part:

"The general situation is favorable to lower prices. A good crop of foodstuffs has been raised, and as it is likely that Europe will require less than during the last year, it is probable that the prices of these will be somewhat lower than they have been, although a return to normal conditions is out of the question until Russia resumes exportations on the old scale.

"The growth of importations from $3,095,720,003 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1919, to $5,238,746,580 in the year ended June 30, 1920, and from $343,746,170 in July, 1919, to $553,600,000 in June, 1920, is significant of the recovery of productive power outside of the United States and of the influence of high exchange rates on the United States in directing goods to this market. The influence of these importations will be for lower prices.

"One of the chief factors in high prices is conceded to be the inadequacy of transportation facilities. Grain would be lower in the central markets, coal would be cheaper and manufacturing costs generally would be lower if the congestion on the railroads was cleared up. But this is only a temporary difficulty, and will be gradually overcome.

"A general recovery from the effects of the war is going on. The replacement of shipping is well on the way to accomplishment: ocean freight charges are declining and shipbuilding operations are diminishing, releasing workmen to other employments and reducing the demand on the steel mills. The great business which is in sight for the steel works and the electrical companies is in enlarging the productive capacity of the industries.

"In short, conditions seem to favor a gradual readjustment of prices toward a lower basis. This is what everybody should desire, because it means keeping the industries in balance, with continuous employment for wage-earners, a continuous turnover in trade, a gradual reduction of inventories and indebtedness and a safe re-establishment upon the foundation of normal solid values.

"The wise policy for the time is one of ready adaptation and co-operation all around. Changes are impending and it is no time for any group to take an arbitrary position and say that it will have things its own way. The problem is to lower the whole level upon which the exchanges of industry are being made without disrupting the organization and interrupting production. If, as seems probable, the farmers must accept a gradual reduction in the prices of their products, as Europe becomes more self-sufficient, some impairment of their purchasing power will result, and they will buy less of the products of other industries unless these are correspondingly cheaper. It will be useless for the producers in other industries to insist that they shall have the same money income if the great agricultural population has less."

HOW CITY GETS ITS FOOD.

Motion Pictures Will Show Marketing and Distributing System.

Work on a motion picture film to show how New York receives and markets its food, which the State Division of Farms and Markets is to exhibit in the schools throughout the State, and also at meetings of farmers' organizations, was begun in the freight yards of the Erie Railroad in Jersey City yesterday under the direction of Herschel H. Jones, director of the New York office of the Department of Foods and Markets.

Pictures were made of the arrival of freight cars with produce, of their transfer to floats, of the floats as they crossed the Hudson River, and of the landing of the floats on the Manhattan side.

Beginning at midnight, the cameramen were engaged until about 6 o'clock this morning in taking pictures of food being unloaded at the Pennsylvania piers. From 6 to 7 o'clock they will be at the Erie piers, and at 9 o'clock they will obtain pictures of the food auction at Pier No. 20. Pictures will also be taken of the farmers' markets, the wholesale and jobbing section, and of retail stores.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

JULY, 1920.

RAILROADS (25 SHARES).

Date.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
July 1	52.85	52.53	52.75	+ .08
July 2	53.06	52.84	52.97	+ .22
July 3	Holiday.			
July 5	Holiday.			
July 6	53.46	52.99	53.31	+ .34
July 7	54.09	53.46	53.80	+ .49
July 8	54.68	53.93	54.37	+ .57
July 9	55.28	54.42	54.96	+ .59
July 10	55.31	54.73	55.22	+ .26
July 12	55.85	54.76	55.02	+ .30
July 13	55.39	54.50	54.72	- .30
July 14	55.04	54.57	54.70	- .02
July 15	54.71	54.15	54.18	- .52
July 16	54.22	53.86	53.86	- .32
July 17	54.04	53.83	53.97	+ .11
July 19	53.95	53.50	53.72	- .25
July 20	54.19	53.55	53.86	+ .14
July 21	54.53	54.09	54.28	+ .42
July 22	54.43	53.98	54.19	- .09
July 23	54.53	53.79	53.85	- .34
July 24	54.05	53.76	53.93	+ .08
July 26	53.91	52.70	52.83	-1.10
July 27	53.00	52.23	52.80	- .01
July 28	53.11	52.45	52.62	- .18
July 29	53.55	52.76	53.46	+ .84
July 30	53.75	53.17	53.31	- .15
July 31	53.94	53.40	53.78	+ .47

INDUSTRIALS (25 STOCKS).

July 1	112.43	111.71	112.20	+ .60
July 2	113.42	112.13	112.96	+ .76
July 3	Holiday			
July 5	Holiday			
July 6	114.40	112.85	114.05	+1.09
July 7	115.89	114.23	115.37	+1.32
July 8	116.88	115.38	115.91	+ .54
July 9	116.85	115.28	115.72	- .19
July 10	115.72	114.88	115.22	- .50
July 12	114.77	112.19	112.33	-2.89
July 13	115.07	111.47	112.33	..
July 14	113.23	111.72	112.05	- .28
July 15	111.96	110.20	110.40	-1.65
July 16	110.60	109.93	110.18	- .22
July 17	111.00	110.31	110.76	+ .58
July 19	110.97	109.63	110.64	- .12
July 20	111.63	110.55	111.08	+ .44
July 21	111.65	110.44	110.72	- .36
July 22	111.29	110.15	110.82	+ .10
July 23	111.24	109.18	109.37	-1.45
July 24	109.73	109.00	109.44	+ .07
July 26	109.27	106.29	106.48	-2.96
July 27	106.91	104.82	106.35	- .13
July 28	106.79	104.72	105.28	-1.07
July 29	107.40	106.55	107.20	+1.92
July 30	107.59	105.64	105.93	-1.27
July 31	106.21	105.44	105.66	- .27

COMBINED AVERAGE (50 STOCKS.)

July 1	82.64	82.12	82.47	+ .34
July 2	83.24	82.38	82.96	+ .49
July 3	Holiday			
July 5	Holiday			
July 6	83.93	82.92	83.68	+ .72
July 7	84.90	83.84	84.58	+ .90
July 8	85.74	84.65	85.14	+ .56
July 9	86.06	84.85	85.34	+ .20
July 10	85.51	84.80	85.22	- .12
July 12	85.38	83.47	83.67	-1.55
July 13	84.23	82.98	83.52	- .15
July 14	84.13	83.14	83.37	- .15
July 15	83.33	82.17	82.29	-1.08
July 16	82.41	81.24	82.02	- .27
July 17	82.52	82.07	82.36	+ .34
July 19	82.46	81.56	82.18	- .18
July 20	82.90	82.05	82.47	+ .29
July 21	83.09	82.22	82.50	+ .03
July 22	82.86	82.06	82.50	..
July 23	81.88	81.48	81.61	- .89
July 24	81.70	81.38	81.68	+ .07
July 26	81.59	79.49	79.65	-2.03
July 27	79.95	78.27	79.57	- .08
July 28	79.95	78.58	78.95	- .62
July 29	80.52	79.15	80.33	+1.38
July 30	80.67	79.40	79.62	- .71
July 31	80.17	79.42	79.72	+ .10

July Range.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Last.
1920	55.85	12	52.23	27	53.78
1919	63.58	17	63.38	1	63.13
1918	61.57	10	60.52	15	60.98
1917	71.69	18	69.21	5	70.38
1916	81.68	6	77.97	28	78.34
1915	71.19	2	67.05	9	69.67
1914	79.01	7	66.35	30	66.78
1913	82.73	28	78.66	9	81.51
1912	93.75	3	90.90	12	93.49

INDUSTRIALS.

1920	116.86	9	104.82	27	105.66
1919	119.13	15	109.00	1	112.52
1918	84.43	6	80.44	15	82.36
1917	93.04	2	88.34	19	90.62
1916	92.41	6	86.60	13	90.43
1915	80.51	29	66.82	10	77.41
1914	59.29	9	48.48	30	48.76
1913	57.75	28	52.94	9	57.18
1912	71.78	3	68.53	11	70.11

COMBINED AVERAGES.

1920	86.06	9	78.27	27	79.72
1919	93.56	17	86.19	1	88.82
1918	72.76	6	70.48	15	71.67
1917	82.44	2	97.55	19	80.50
1916	87.04	6	82.91	14	84.38
1915	75.34	29	66.96	10	73.58
1914	60.08	7	57.41	30	57.77
1913	70.24	27	65.80	9	69.34
1912	72.76	3	79.75	12	81.80

Year's Range.

RAILROADS.

*1920	60.19	Mar. 24	49.49	Feb. 13	53.78
1919	68.78	May 27	40.49	Feb. 13	56.87
1918	70.75	Nov. 12	56.94	Jan. 15	62.65
1917	82.22	Jan. 2	52.06	Dec. 26	59.81
1916	85.70	Nov. 8	74.83	Apr. 22	80.57
1915	82.85	Mar. 4	66.13	Feb. 24	82.33
1914	89.94	Jan. 23	66.35	July 30	68.04
1913	91.42	Jan. 9	75.82	June 10	79.79
1912	97.28	Oct. 4	88.39	Dec. 16	90.27
1911	90.61	June 26	84.40	Sep. 23	91.37

INDUSTRIALS.

*1920	120.83	Apr. 8	101.60	Feb. 25	105.66
1919	138.12	Nov. 5	80.37	Feb. 10	123.23
1918	91.55	Oct. 16	71.31	Jan. 15	84.14
1917	99.74	Jan. 4	62.81	Dec. 20	71.95
1916	119.30	Nov. 20	86.60	July 15	85.83
1915	100.97	Oct. 23	51.85	Feb. 24	100.78
1914	61.68	Jan. 31	48.48	July 30	52.56
1913	67.08	Jan. 9	50.27	June 10	56.34
1912	74.00	Sep. 30	71.74	Feb. 1	66.18
1911	69.76	June 5	54.75	Sep. 25	63.83

COMBINED.

*1920	94.07	Apr. 8	75.45	Feb. 13	79.72
1919	90.50	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69
1918	80.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88
1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.39	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.25	Jan. 9	63.00	June 10	68.00
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.75	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.11	June 24	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

*To date.

Stock Dividends and Living Cost.

Little considered consequences of the resulting limitation of the industrial investment field are discussed by a California economist in The Annalist (out today). Published by The New York Times Co. Ten cents a copy at news stands; $5.00 a year by mail.—Advt.

STOCK EXCHANGE TRADING IN JULY.

The following table gives the amount of the dealings in the stock from which the averages are computed as well as the total dealings in the rails and industrials and the combined trading in both classes of issues and the number of the latter appearing in the daily and weekly transactions:

July.	Stocks in Averages. 25 Rails.	25 Industrials.	50 Stocks.	Total Day's Dealings. *All Rails.	†All Indus.	All Stocks.	No. of Issues.
1	26,760	79,100	105,860	40,460	217,310	257,770	228
2	46,410	139,750	186,160	60,010	395,383	455,393	265
3	Holiday						
5	Holiday						
6	57,300	206,100	263,400	80,800	477,591	558,391	271
7	91,700	269,400	361,100	123,000	699,648	823,548	308
8	119,680	230,500	350,180	171,280	603,001	774,371	318
9	193,750	180,000	374,750	239,775	659,811	899,586	322
10	77,500	80,400	157,900	114,925	215,955	330,880	231
Week	540,930	986,400	1,507,330	730,680	2,656,096	3,386,776	418
12	227,500	181,100	408,600	304,800	464,816	769,616	307
13	128,615	210,500	339,115	167,515	481,817	649,332	281
14	75,315	179,000	257,315	106,155	400,976	507,131	236
15	51,000	114,310	165,310	72,800	312,195	384,995	249
16	67,800	169,100	236,900	92,205	469,348	561,553	265
17	20,700	43,000	63,700	28,548	103,466	132,014	171
Week	573,930	897,010	1,470,940	772,023	2,232,618	3,004,641	408
19	20,700	43,000	63,700	28,548	283,935	312,483	249
20	52,710	85,100	137,810	78,465	237,868	316,333	240
21	83,800	68,600	152,400	102,700	201,877	304,577	243
22	71,600	87,650	159,250	92,910	224,831	317,741	244
23	72,100	144,000	216,100	106,800	381,733	488,533	250
24	22,993	51,000	73,993	30,343	142,110	172,453	183
Week	323,903	479,350	803,253	439,806	1,472,314	1,912,120	394
26	89,000	189,700	278,700	114,035	503,935	617,900	281
27	115,100	425,100	540,200	138,805	925,826	1,064,631	329
28	54,500	213,600	268,100	76,700	498,284	574,984	287
29	73,000	197,400	270,400	117,700	449,773	567,563	300
30	43,400	137,600	181,000	81,700	299,803	381,503	263
31	36,600	42,900	79,500	59,800	112,145	171,945	211
Week	411,600	1,206,300	1,617,900	588,830	2,789,786	3,378,616	427
Month	1,923,533	3,767,910	5,691,443	2,631,800	9,763,507	12,395,316	490

*Including tractions. †Including all other stocks except rails and tractions.

The following table gives the par value of the daily and weekly dealings in the various classes of bonds:

July.	Corporations.	Liberty.	Foreign.	State.	City.	Total. All Classes.
1	$1,940,500	$13,242,250	$1,010,000	.....	$2,000	$16,194,750
2	1,881,000	8,334,300	791,500	.....	10,000	11,016,800
3	Holiday					
5	Holiday					
6	1,621,500	8,803,000	$42,000	.....	10,000	11,076,500
7	2,289,500	11,373,300	1,475,000	.....	5,000	15,142,800
8	2,353,000	7,869,500	963,500	.....	4,000	11,180,000
9	2,021,500	5,529,650	1,021,500	.....	3,000	8,575,650
10	992,500	3,247,050	443,000	.....	1,000	4,683,550
Week	$9,278,000	$36,622,500	$4,735,000	.....	$23,000	$50,658,500
12	2,037,000	6,256,950	914,000	.....	.....	9,257,950
13	1,745,000	9,370,850	1,210,000	$5,000	12,000	12,351,850
14	1,909,500	7,030,500	844,500	1,000	1,000	9,792,500
15	2,147,000	7,009,850	714,500	2,000	10,000	9,883,350
16	1,807,000	7,745,100	978,000	.....	3,000	10,533,100
17	1,063,500	3,373,000	303,000	.....	10,000	4,749,500
Week	$10,759,000	$40,801,250	$4,964,000	$8,000	$36,000	$56,568,250
19	1,737,000	5,673,300	1,030,500	.....	3,000	8,452,800
20	1,711,500	5,904,500	810,000	21,000	1,000	8,448,000
21	1,430,000	6,947,100	626,500	44,000	7,000	9,054,600
22	1,517,500	5,621,000	635,000	137,000	7,000	7,916,500
23	1,670,500	7,841,850	812,500	10,000	13,000	10,047,850
24	662,500	1,811,900	437,500	48,000	1,000	2,960,900
Week	$8,728,500	$33,499,650	$4,356,000	$260,000	$32,000	$46,879,150
26	1,269,000	6,334,850	768,000	30,000	6,000	8,407,850
27	1,886,500	11,140,500	764,500	18,000	1,000	13,810,500
28	1,956,000	8,137,000	622,500	6,000	$1,000	10,803,000
29	1,842,500	6,686,750	741,500	10,000	.....	9,280,750
30	1,768,000	7,920,100	839,000	10,000	2,000	10,550,100
31	886,000	2,547,500	320,000	5,000	1,000	3,768,500
Week	$9,628,500	$42,625,700	$4,064,500	$79,000	$41,000	$56,638,700
Month	$42,215,500	$175,525,850	$19,924,000	$347,000	$144,000	$237,956,150

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Foreign Exchange

Closing Rates—

	Cable.	Check.	Currency.	
Engl'd	$3.73¼	$3.72⅛	$3.87	Sterling
France	7.72	7.71½	8.75	Francs
Belgium	8.22	8.21½	8.90	Francs
Italy	5.37	5.36½	5.65	Lire
Germany	2.38	2.37	2.45	Marks
Switz'd	17.01	17.00½	18.20	Francs
Spain	15.45	15.44½	16.00	Pesetas
Greece	12.25	12.24	12.85	Drachmas
Roumania	2.56	2.55	2.75	Lei
Czecho-S.	2.02	2.01	2.40	Kronen
Jugo-Sla.	1.36	1.35	1.90	Kronen
Austria	.61	.60	.70	Kronen
Hungary	.62	.61	.90	Kronen
Russia	....	....	1.75	Rubles

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AUGUST, 1920

457TH MONTHLY LIST OF PAYMENTS TO INVESTORS

THE attention of bondholders is called to the following list of payments of principal and interest due in August on first mortgage bonds safeguarded under the *Straus Plan*. All these bond issues are amortized by annual serial payments of principal. In addition, we require each borrower to make monthly deposits in advance from the earnings of the mortgaged property, thus automatically providing the cash to pay both interest and principal on the days due. Funds, therefore, are now ready to meet the following semi-annual interest coupons and principal maturities:

Interest and Final Principal Payments Due, Paying the Entire Bond Issues in Full.

Thedwall Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Hyde Park Blvd. Bldg (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Woodlawn Ave. Apts. (Chicago) 1st 6's

Interest and Serial Principal Payments Due.

Atwood Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Ft. William Bldg. (Detroit) ..... 1st 6's
Engsura Bldg. (Chicago ..... 1st 5½'s
Division St. Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Buena Park Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Woodland Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Cheltenham Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Berg Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Florient Apt. Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Stanford Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Shank Warehouse (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Astor Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Central Park Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Bigelow Bldg. (Detroit) ..... 1st 6's
Becklen Bldg. (Chicago) 1st 6s

Interest Coupons Due.

Lathrop Bldg. (Kansas City) ..... 1st 6's
Hurley-Wright Office Building (Washington) ..... 1st 6's
Watson Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Chiniquy Mercantile Building (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Hadleigh Apartment Building (Washington) ..... 1st 6's
The Sisson (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Frank & Seder Department Store Building (Pittsburgh) ..... 1st 6's
Thos. Cusack Co. (Various Cities) ..... 1st 6's
Dorchester Apts. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
New Washington Hotel (Seattle) ..... 1st 6's
Monida Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
990 Lake Shore Drive (Chicago) 1st 6's
W. F. Hall Printing Co. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Oliver Properties (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Fifth Ave. Apt. Bldg. (New York) ..... 1st 6's
Bryn Mawr Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Shank Annex Warehouse (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Buena Terrace Bldg. (Chicago) 1st 6's
Santa Barbara Hotel (Santa Barbara) ..... 1st 6's
Westgate Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
The Oliver Hotel (South Bend) 1st 6's
Lake Park Bldg. (Chicago) ..... 1st 6's
Greenview Ave. Bldg. (Chicago) 1st 6's

Coupons due in August should be sent to our office for payment at once. Every investor should post himself on the *Straus Plan* of safeguarding invested funds. The above statement is our 457th monthly table of interest and serial payments on which there has never been a single day's delay in payment for 38 years. Our Current Investment List describes an attractive selection of these sound bonds. Write for it today. Ask for

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Alexandria, La., Imp.	5s	Montana Power Transmission Co.	5s
Ashe Co., N. C., Road	5½s	Moseley Hotel 1st	5s
Asheville, N. C.	4½s	New Canaan, Conn., Funding	4s
Bell Co., Ky., Rd. & Bdge (Aug. 5th)	5s	N. Y. Dock Co. 1st	4s
Bergen Co., N. J., Bridge 4s, Bldg. 4½s		Oswego, N. Y., (Aug. 15th)	4½s
Bergen Co., N. J., Road (Aug. 15th)	5s	Pacific Pow. & Lt. Co.	5s
Camden Co., N. J., Battery, Armory, Road Imp. & Asylum	4½s	Paducah, Ky., Renewal	4½s
Caswell Co., N. C., Road	5½s	Palace Hotel Co. of San Francisco	6s
Deal, N. J., Pavement & Imp.	4½s	Pleasantville, N. Y., Street	4s
Dunn, N. C., Funding	6s	Reidsville, N. C., Funding Imp. Sewer	6s
Durham, N. C., Funding	5s	Rensselaer Co., N. Y., Hospital	4½s
East Rutherford, N. J., Sewer (Aug. 15th)	4½s	Ridgefield Park, N. J.	5s
Elyria, O., Paving	4½s	Rutherford, N. J., Funding	4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Park	3.65s	St. Lucie Co., Fla.	6s
Essex Co., N. J., Park	4½s	Sandy Hill, N. Y., Sewer	3½s
Essex Co., N. J., Court House	4s	Sandy Hill, N. Y., Paving	4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Passaic River Bridge	4½s	School City, Ft. Wayne, Ind. (Aug. 14th)	4s
Essex Co., N. J., Hospital 4s &	4½s	Sierra & San Francisco Pow. Co. 1st	6s
Essex Co., N. J., Road

Legal Investments For

Estates---Trust Funds
Savings Banks
Bonds of States
Municipalities
Counties

List of Current Offerings Mailed Upon Request.

BARR AND SCHMELTZER
Members New York Stock Exchange.
14 WALL ST. NEW YORK

Bankers Trust Co.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Hanover Fire Insurance

McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway Phone 3321 Rector

Bonds for Investment
Hambleton & Co.
Baltimore Philadelphia New York Washington

William R. Compton Co.
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Chicago
Cincinnati New Orleans

New Jersey Securities
Outwater & Wells
15 Exchange Place. Tel. 20 Montgomery. Jersey City, N. J.

LYMAN D. SMITH & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
34 PINE STREET
Telephone: John 4100
Branch Office: 527 Fifth Ave.
Telephone: Murray Hill 3700

HELLWIG & REUTTER
Members of N. Y. Stock Exchange
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
25 Broad Street, New York
Telephone Broad 6230

Prudden & Company
Municipal Bonds
Toledo, Ohio

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.
59 Wall Street
New York

LISTED SECURITIES
Bought and Sold
for
Investment or on Conservative Margin Account.
B. H. & F. W. Pelzer
Members New York Stock Exchange.
12 Broadway, New York City
Phone Broad 6037.

F. M. Dyer & Co.
High-Grade Investment Securities
27 William St., New York City
Telephone Broad 5985
Boston New Haven

UNLISTED SECURITIES
GEO. A. HUHN & SONS
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 5340
1418 Walnut St. Philadelphia, Pa.

BOOKLET
COFFEE—SUGAR
UPON REQUEST
H. HENTZ & CO.
22 William Street New York

W. G. Souders & Co.
Investment Securities
31 Nassau St., New York
Chicago Detroit Grand Rapids Milwaukee

Portland Gas 1st 5s, 1951
So. Calif. Ed. Gen. 5s, 1939
Pacific Gas & Elec. 1st Pfd.
Trading Department
John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway, New York.
Telephone Bowling Green 6840.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Nat'l City Rights Eastman K. Cm.
Nat'l Park Bk. Curtiss Aero Pfd.
Telephone 1111 Broad

LOCOMOTIVE PROFIT RISES; OUTPUT LESS

American Earns $2,777,199 in Six Months Despite 65 Per Cent. Cut.

AN INCREASE OF $200,028

Equal to $7.61 on Common Stock, Against $6.81 Last Year—Foreign Business 13 Per Cent.

The American Locomotive Company reports that, despite an average tonnage production of no more than 35 per cent. of capacity, a profit of $2,777,199 was earned in the six months ended June 30,, an increase of $200,028 over the result in the preceding half year. Gross earnings totaled $21,769,679, a gain of $1,139,595, and expenses of $18,633,768 were $1,101,580 larger than in the six months ended Dec. 31, 1919. After providing for United States and Canadian income taxes and paying the preferred stock dividend, a balance remained of $1,902,199. This was equal to $7.61 per share of common stock, against $6.81 in the last half of 1919.

Andrew Fletcher, President, states in his report that of $44,073,632 unfilled orders as of June 30 last, $38,347,711 were for domestic account. Foreign business, which accounted for 13.2 per cent. of the whole, was derived mainly from Cuba, South America and Far Eastern countries. The strong position of the company is emphasized in the report by the statement that no loans were outstanding at the end of the half-year and investments included $11,500,000 United States Treasury certificates and $5,919,950 United States and Canadian war bonds. Working capital amounted to $36,350,489 and inventories on June 30 were valued at $12,853,418 compared with $7,364,147 at the close of 1919.

"The production was necessarily small during the first few months of the period," says Mr. Fletcher, discussing the six months' operations, due to the small amount of business on hand at the first of the year, and as business increased the production was materially affected by the great difficulty in obtaining materials of all kinds because of the most trying operating conditions of the railroads due to strike troubles and the poor condition and inadequate amount of their rolling stock. It has been justly stated recently by the President of one of the largest railroad systems that the equipment of cars and locomotives of the railroads of the United States has not kept pace with the natural growth and development of the country.

"The freight congestion on the roads serving our plants has been somewhat relieved, and we are hopeful of a greater production by the plants for the last half of the year, now that the long deferred decision regarding railroad wage increases has been announced, and the stimulating effect on the railroads which will result in greater service if they are awarded increased rates for passenger and freight service commensurate with their absolute needs for cost of operation, maintenance and development."

JULY TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of July aggregated 12,395,316 shares, an increase of 3,197,905 shares as compared with the previous month, but a decrease of 21,775,575 shares as compared with the corresponding month last year, when a new high record for July trading was created. The dealings on the 27th were 1,064,631, the largest day's trading since May 20, when the total was 1,083,982. This was the only million-share day of the month, whereas in the same month last year there were twenty-one. The smallest day's trading last month was 257,770, on the 1st. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was 330,880, on the 10th, and the minimum 132,014, on the 17th.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for July and the seven months of this year, as compared with the corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS (SHARES).

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1920	12,395,316	135,316,710½
1919	34,170,891	173,754,043
1918	8,347,851	81,516,202
1917	15,127,745	114,465,001
1916	9,184,441	94,189,823
1915	14,326,813	76,586,468
1914	7,890,599	45,989,158
1913	5,123,894	51,194,885
1912	7,169,868	76,564,826
1911	5,441,555	59,081,158
1910	14,295,325	111,696,870
1909	12,811,144	111,920,040
1908	13,872,335	98,372,197
1907	12,797,738	129,256,299
1906	16,300,558	164,390,078
1905	13,019,538	150,659,420
1904	12,134,845	62,770,441
1903	14,780,826	96,988,752
1902	16,317,957	103,885,277
1901	15,920,898	101,719,331
1900	6,274,439	72,220,650
1899	8,024,706	108,487,322
1898	4,784,803	57,199,882
1897	7,011,657	32,368,885
1896	5,542,770	30,964,210
1895	5,848,040	87,119,804
1894	2,817,182	27,769,112
1893	5,889,183	52,917,188
1892	3,468,063	49,192,622
1891	3,440,651	82,488,794
1890	3,030,257	31,306,644
1889	5,584,762	36,921,370

Transactions in bonds aggregated $237,956,150, a decrease of $81,785,200 as compared with the previous month and of $25,542,600 as compared with the corresponding month last year. Last month's total was divided as follows: Corporations, $42,215,000; Liberty paper, $175,325,650; foreign Governments, $19,924,000; State securities, $347,000; New York City issues, $144,000. The heaviest day's trading was $16,194,750, on the 1st, and the lightest $7,915,000, on the 22d. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $4,749,500, on the 17th, and the minimum $2,960,900, on the 24th.

Bond dealings for the month and the seven months of this year made the following showing:

BONDS.

	July.	Jan. 1 to July 31.
1920	$237,956,150	$2,239,990,450
1919	263,498,750	870,367,000
1918	120,489,000	870,367,000
1917	63,836,100	572,773,950
1916	67,650,000	609,362,950
1915	56,489,500	451,690,200
1914	51,897,100	425,661,100
1913	34,601,800	317,443,300
1912	51,917,500	455,726,000
1911	60,404,000	520,494,500
1910	38,366,250	405,731,500
1909	94,384,500	820,840,200
1908	57,120,500	502,492,020
1907	25,348,700	263,395,100
1906	26,510,500	433,013,500
1905	54,346,000	636,156,200
1904	62,070,960	368,262,960
1903	57,513,600	399,370,450
1902	71,962,200	550,284,900
1901	49,477,000	686,471,720
1900	23,708,900	313,990,260
1899	46,692,410	601,575,080
1898	73,917,360	470,132,980
1897	53,966,770	295,409,630
1896	21,576,350	233,743,900
1895	42,827,320	303,376,270
1894	17,324,400	199,412,220
1893	19,921,000	222,905,900
1892	28,076,500	341,515,210
1891	16,036,400	174,360,800
1890	22,776,450	220,918,660
1889	23,182,400	230,201,274

CURB MARKET OF THE WEEK

WEEK ENDED JULY 31

Trading by Days

	Industrials	Oils	Mining	Bonds	German Bds Marks
Monday	52,250	103,460	94,530	313,000	883,315
Tuesday	52,450	87,660	130,222	193,500	950,000
Wednesday	37,940	87,420	125,380	229,000	775,000
Thursday	49,400	66,110	130,410	223,000	1,520,030
Friday	48,870	86,750	113,615	246,000	517,985
Saturday	33,350	34,650	54,175	217,000	274,000
Total	254,280	465,990	648,332	1,421,500	4,919,350

INDUSTRIALS

Range, 1920 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
4½	1¼	11,400	*Acme Coal	2½	2	2¼	— ¼
113¾	73¼	3,000	*Aetna Explosives.	11	10	10½	— ⅝
40	20	700	Alum. Mfg.	24	22¾	24	..
97	79½	600	*Alum. Mfg. pf.	90	79½	90	+ 1
56	15	230	Allied Packers.	15	15	15	..
50	39½	900	*Am. Chicle	40	40	40	..
69	58	300	*Am. Chicle pf.	63	60	60	+ 1
18	15¼	300	*Armour Leather.	15¾	15¾	15¾	..
94½	90⅜	200	*Armour Lea. pf.	94⅝	93¾	93¾	— ½
61	51	700	*Automatic P. & G.	60	58	58	— 2
390	340	90	Bliss (E. W.), old.	390	340	340	..
42	40	200	Bliss (E. W.).	40	40	40	..
65	60	600	Bliss (E. W.) rts.	62	60	60	— 3
4	2	1,350	Bliss (E.W.)pf.rts.	3	2	3	— 1
105	97	300	Borden Co.	104	97	98	— 4
91	80	425	*Borden pf.	85	81	82	— 5
52	48	600	Brit. Emp. 7% pf.	52½	48	48	— 3½
28	22	700	Brit. Empire Co.	24	22	23	— 2
28	14¾	200	Br.-Am. Tob., reg.	14½	14¼	14¼	— 2
27	14	900	*Br.-Am. Tob.,cou.	19	14	19	— 4⅝
32	22	500	*Bucyrus Co.	26	23½	23½	+ 1½
11¼	10⅞	3,000	Buick Carburetor.	11¼	10⅝	11	— ¼
3⅝	2¾	4,200	*Car Light & Pow.	2⅝	2¼	2¼	— ¼
60	54½	400	*Caracas Sugar.	55	54½	55	..
14⅜	8½	20,400	*Chicago Nipple.	14⅜	10¼	10½	— 3⅞
1½	1	13,000	Crude Chemical.	1½	1	1⅜	..
5¾	5¾	100	Cent. Teresa Sug.	5¾	5¾	5¾	..
3	2	800	Chalmers Motor.	3	2	3	..
91	51	900	Cleveland Auto.	60	51	51	..
14	9	1,200	*Cont. Motors	9⅝	9	9¼	..
29	21	300	*Conley Tin Foil.	24	23½	23½	..
6¾	1	100	Dafoe Eustice	1	1	1	..
60	57	600	Dominion Steel.	59	57½	57⅝	..
11	7½	2,700	*Empire T. & S.	11	10	10⅜	+ ⅜
54⅜	24½	4,000	Farrell Coal.	28½	24½	26	..
29¼	26	200	Gardner Motor.	26½	26	26½	— ½
130	54	34,400	*Gen. Asphalt.	64	54	57	— 5⅜
165	88	4,300	General Asphalt pf.	95	88	91	..
128	115	200	Goodyear Tire	120	115	115	— 5
15½	14	590	Griffith (D. W.).	15	14	15	..
34	15	2,800	Goldwyn Pictures.	16¾	15½	15½	..
87	85	100	Goodyear Tire pf.	85	85	85	..
2⅝	1	5,900	Grape-Ola	2¼	2	2⅛	..
2⅞	1⅝	8,000	Grape-Ola pf.	2⅞	2⅜	2⅝	..
23¼	19¾	1,700	Guantanamo Sugar	21¾	19¾	20¾	..
6	3	50	Hall Signal.	4¼	4¼	4¼	..
15	5¾	400	Havana Tob. pf.	15	14½	15	..
33	13	3,000	*Hercules Paper.	27	25⅜	26¼	— ¾
19	6¾	1,000	Hock. Val. Prod.	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	— ⅜
7¾	4	2,100	Heyden Chemical.	4⅝	4	4½	..
43	20	600	Hydraulic Steel.	31	29	29	— ½
95	70	600	Hyd. Steel pf.	83	81	83	..
20	7¼	100	Indian Packing.	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	..
17	10	75	*Int. Rubber	12	12	12	— ½
21⅞	20¼	12,620	Int. Products.	21⅞	20¼	21⅜	..
49	49	150	Int Products pf.	49	49	49	..
18⅝	12⅞	200	Keystone Solether.	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	..
2⅝	1½	2,800	*Kay Co. Gas.	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
100	100¼	100	*Lig. Int. Com. Cl.	102	102	102	..
32	12⅝	600	*Libby, McN. & L.	12⅝	12½	12⅝	..
2⅞	1¾	1,000	*Lig.-Mar. Coal	⅞	⅞	⅞	..
92	70	100	Lima Locomotive.	70	70	70	..
45	45	300	Lucey Mfg.	45	45	45	..
53	41⅞	300	Lincoln Motor	42	41⅞	41⅞	..
25	9⅞	600	Locomobile	10	9⅞	9⅞	..
89	15	700	Mercer Motors	15½	15	15	— 1
100	85	300	Nat. City Bk. rts.	93	91	91	— 1½
37½	11	1,000	*National Leather.	11½	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
7⅞	4¾	5,600	Nor. Am. P. & P.	7	6½	6⅝	— ⅜
46	30	200	Nat. Coal & Ice.	31	30	31	..
37	25	200	Orpheum Circuit.	25½	25	25	..
13	10	1,000	Pyrene Mfg.	10½	10	10	..
5⅝	2	4,400	Perfection T. & R.	2¼	2	2¼	— ⅛
3	1⅝	3,600	*Radio Co.	1⅝	1½	1⅝	..
5½	1⅝	5,000	*Radio Co. pf.	2¾	2⅜	2⅝	..
54½	30	1,200	*Rainier Motor	39	38¼	38½	— ½
6	1½	4,320	*Republic Rubber.	1⅞	1½	1⅝	..
54½	35	400	*Root & Van.	35½	35	35¼	— 1⅜
6⅝	5	2,800	*RoydeFrance T.B.	5⅝	5	5¼	+ ¼
67	62	900	Schulte's Retail	67	62	65	..
23	23	100	Standard Parts	23	23	23	..
150	117	110	*Singer Mfg.	128	127	127	— 3
26½	11½	400	*Stand. Gas & El.	12	11⅛	11⅜	— ⅛
41¾	35	100	*Std. G. & E. pf.	36¼	35	35	— ⅛
19	10½	13,600	Submarine Boat.	12	10½	11¼	— 1⅛
68½	32½	2,400	*Swift Int'l	35	32½	33	— 2½
230	151	250	Todd Shipyards.	177	170	175	..
13⅜	1¾	1,400	*Un. Pict. Prod.	1½	1¾	1¾	..
3½	1½	3,300	Un. Prof. Sharing	1¾	1½	1⅝	..
39	27	2,200	*U. S. H. S. Tool.	31	30	30½	— ½
78	60½	1,200	*Un. Carbide	64½	63	64	— 1
19	13	3,500	*Un. Retail Candy	13½	13	13	— ⅝
3⅜	2⅜	4,300	U. S. Light & H.	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
4⅝	1⅜	18,500	U. S. Steamship.	2¼	1⅝	2	— ⅛
50	37	1,400	William Davies.	39⅝	38	38⅜	— ⅞
90¼	60	200	Willys 1st pf.	86	85½	86	..
26½	18	600	*Willys Corp.	18½	18½	18½	..
67	50	400	*Willys Corp.2d pf	61	50	50	— 2
7¼	4¾	1,000	*Wrt.-Mar. Aero.	4⅝	4⅝	4¾	— 2½
51½	50	500	*Wood Iron & S.	50½	50½	50⅝	+ ⅝
75	72½	800	Wrigley (Wm.).	75	72½	73	..
4½	4	3,600	Wrigley (Wm.) rts.	4½	4	4¼	..

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES

31	20	3,150	Anglo-Am. Oil	24	20	21	— 1
400	270	40	Stand. Oil of Cal.	310	270	306	— 4
100	85	100	Buckeye Pipe L.	85	85	85	..

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS

3¼	1½	5,400	*Allen Oil	2¼	1⅝	2	+ ⅛
1⅜	⅞	69,000	*Allied Oil	26	22	23	— 2
1	½	16,200	Anne Bell	⅝	½	⅝	..
1⅞	23	7,000	Amal. Royalty.	27	23	23	— 2
1⅝	⅝	2,700	Arcadia Oil	1⅝	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
45	10¼	900	*Ark. Nat. Gas.	12	10¼	10¼	— 2¼
3⅜	⅛	8,000	*Ark. Nat.Gas rts.	⅝	⅛	⅛	— ⅝
90	70	500	Atlantic Gulf Oil.	79½	79½	79½	+ ½
11⅝	9⅝	800	Bigheart P. & R.	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅝
7⅝	2⅝	24,300	*Boone Oil	3⅜	2⅝	2⅞	— ⅛
1¼	⅝	29,500	*Boston Wyo. Oil	1½	1	1⅛	— ⅛
4	2	100	Casa Oil	2	2	2	..
35	31	400	Central Pet.	35	33	31	— 2
71	68	100	Central Pet. pf.	70	70	70	+ 2
53	12½	5,000	Carib. Snd.	14	12½	12⅝	— 1⅜
3⅝	3⅛	2,500	Cont. Ref.	3⅝	3¼	3½	..
44½	33½	8,000	*CitiesSer..B.T.sh.	35	33½	33½	— 1½
3	½	23,300	*Cushing Pet.	⅝	½	½	..
30½	9⅝	4,700	*Dominion Oil	10¼	10¼	10¼	..
1½	⅝	14,300	Del.-Tex. Oil.	1⅜	⅝	1⅜	— ⅛
11¼	7¼	6,300	*Elk Basin Pet.	8	7¼	7½	— ¼
2⅝	1	9,200	Engineers Pet.	1⅝	1⅛	1⅛	..
⅞	⅛	500	*Esmeralda O.&G.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
4⅝	2	4,500	*Federal Oil.	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	..
15	5⅝	900	Fensland Oil	14½	13½	13½	— 1½
4⅝	1⅜	3,800	*Glenrock Oil	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	..
60½	27	100	*Gilliland Oil	29	29	29	+ 1
16	9½	3,400	*Granada Oil	10¼	9½	10¼	— ⅜
39¼	25½	1,900	Guffey Gillespie.	28½	27¼	27½	..
1½	⅛	3,000	Harvey Crude Oil	⅝	⅛	⅛	..
1¼	⅛	500	*Hudson Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
3½	1½	400	Home Pet D.	1½	1¼	1½	..
17	16	3,000	Imperial	16½	16	16	— ⅛
21	19	1,100	Ind. Ref., new.	21	20½	20½	— ½
77	31	2,600	*Inter. Pet.	34	31	33	— 1⅜
1⅛	1⅛	6,600	Leotone Pet.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛

MINING STOCKS

2½	½	6,700	Alaska-B. C. Min.	1½	½	½	— ⅛
1¼	¾	350	*America Mine.	1	1	1	..
15¼	13½	100	*Alvarado M. & M.	14	14	14	— 1
3¼	1	31,700	*Atlanta	2	1½	1½	..
⅞	⅛	3,100	Arizona Globe	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
38	2	16,550	*Belcher Divide.	3½	2½	2½	— ½
38	3	17,700	Belcher Ext.	4	3	3½	..
¾	1⅛	43,700	Big Ledge Copper.	⅛	⅛	⅛	— ⅛
7	8	7,900	*Booth	4½	4	4	— 1
91	60	5,000	Boston & Montana	64	64	64	— 1
42	18	11,900	*Caledonia Mfn.	23	18	19	— 3
1½	⅝	20,900	Canada Copper.	½	⅝	⅞	— ⅛
1¼	¾	8,700	*Candelaria Silver	¾	¾	¾	..
¼	⅛	1,000	Calumet & Jerome	¼	¼	¼	..
11	4½	17,700	*Cashboy	⅞	⅞	⅞	— ⅛
10	2	1,100	Con. Va. Silver.	2½	2¼	2½	+ ⅛
62	32	21,360	*†Cortez Silver	62	60	62	..
1⅛	.19	23,700	†Divide Ext.	24	19	20	— 3½
3⅞	1⅜	10,300	El Salvador Silver	2½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
16	5	16,333	†Emma Silver	7	5	6	— ⅛
1⅛	¾	21,500	*Eureka Croes. M.	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
1⅝	½	7,300	*†Eureka Holly	1½	1	1½	..
2½	½	3,600	*Forty-nine Mine.	⅝	½	⅝	..
41	11	14,800	*†Gold Zone Div.	14	12	13	..
2¼	¾	8,000	*Golden Gate Exp.	½	½	½	+ ⅛
15	8	14,200	*†Goldfield Cons.	10	8	10	+ ½
15	5	13,023	*†Goldfield Dev.	7	5	6	— 1
4	1½	4,450	*Goldfield Merger.	1	½	1	..
52	32	11,100	Harmill Divide.	37	32	36	— 9
4⅜	3⅜	1,300	Howe Sound.	3⅝	3½	3⅝	..
4⅞	2	1,210	Hecla Mining	4⅛	3⅜	4	..
27	12	9,440	*†Jim Butler	14	12	12½	— 1½
12	4	12,500	†Jumbo Ext.	5	4	5	+ 1
5½	3	700	Kerr Lake	3½	3½	3½	..
⅝	⅛	500	Iron Blossom	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
4	½	3,500	†Kewanas	1½	1	1½	..
15	5	11,850	*†Knox Rivide.	6	5	5½	..
⅝	⅛	5,000	La Rose Con.	½	½	½	..
⅜	⅛	9,100	*MacNamara M.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
32	10	14,700	*†Marsh Mining	12	10	11	+ 1
6¼	¾	500	*Motherlode, new.	6	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
78	71	200	†Murray M. M.	76	76	76	..
⅛	⅛	200	Mtn. States Sil.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
20	11½	200	N. J. Zinc rights.	13	13	13	..
310	186	254	*N. J. Zinc.	196	186	188	— 4
12⅝	8½	1,000	Nipissing	8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
1⅞	¼	2,000	Ophir Silver M.	⅜	¼	⅜	..
⅛	⅛	2,900	Prince Con.	⅛	⅛	⅛	+ ⅛
⅝	⅜	17,900	*Reco Div. Min.	⅜	⅛	⅛	+ ⅛
12	6	10,000	†Rex Con.	7	6	7	..
⅜	⅛	26,500	Roper Group M.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
1⅜	¾	1,200	St. Croix Con. M.	1⅛	1	1	— ⅛
19	12	1,200	Seneca Copper	15	13	14	..
21	2	14,100	*†Silver Pick	6	4½	6	+ ½
1½	1	1,500	Simon Sil.-Lead.	¾	¾	¾	— ⅛
⅜	⅛	1,200	Stand. Sil.-Lead.	⅛	⅛	⅛	..
7	3	6,200	†Success Mining	4⅝	4	4½	+ ⅛
41	14	7,000	*†Sunburst Mines.	25	20	20	— 4
7	⅛	13,500	*†Sutherland Div.	2	1¼	1½	— ⅛
3½	1	4,090	*Tonopah Belmont	1⅝	1½	1⅝	— ⅛
4⅛	1⅞	9,245	*Tonopah Divide.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
1⅜	1	6,830	Tonopah Ext.	1⅜	1	1⅛	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	3,575	*Tonopah Mining.	1⅝	1¼	1⅝	..
4½	2	5,500	*United Eastern.	2½	2¼	2⅜	— ⅛
11	6	10,000	*U. S. Cont. Min.	7	6	6½	— ½
29	4¼	9,200	*†Victory Divide.	6	4½	5	— ½
2½	⅜	3,000	Wash. G. Quartz.	⅞	⅜	⅜	..
3	1	11,000	White Caps Ext.	1½	1	1½	..
2⅛	1	6,250	West End Con.	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
20	6½	9,270	†White Caps Min.	10	8½	9	— 1
12	3½	14,200	†Wilbert Copper	4⅛	3½	3½	— ½

BONDS

65	63	7,500	Aetna 6s, B.	65	63	63	..
89½	68	75,000	*Allied Pack. 6s.	69¼	68	68	— 1
98	93	13,000	*Am T. & T., '22.	94¾	94½	94½	— ⅛
93¼	91¾	1,000	*Am. T. & T., '24.	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	— ⅛
98½	88	12,000	Anaconda 6s	88½	88	88⅜	— ⅝
96½	94⅝	250,000	Armour 7s, w. i.	96½	95½	96	+ ⅜
110⅜	98½	70,000	*Ang-Am. 7s, w. i.	99	98½	98⅜	— ½
100	90	12,000	Con. Textile	92	90	92	..
89	82	5,000	*C., C., C. & St. L. 6s, 1920.	84	83⅜	84	— ⅜
77	54	170,000	*French 5s	77	67½	68½	+ 3½
60	54	80,000	*French 4s	55½	54	55	— 2
97	83½	11,000	*Govt. Swden 6s.	84	85⅞	84	..
95½	93½	85,000	*Goodrich 7s, w. i.	94⅜	93½	93⅜	— ½
76	62	22,000	*I. R. T. 7s, w. i.	66¾	66	66	..
98⅜	92	5,000	*Kennecott Cop. 7s	92⅞	92⅞	92⅞	+ ⅛
38	23	33,000	Russian Govt. 6½s	30	26	30	..
94⅜	54⅜	90,000	Pan Amer. Pet.	94½	94⅜	94⅜	— ⅛
98	97	55,000	*Sinclair 7½s	97⅞	97⅜	97⅝	— ½
93	82½	30,000	*Swiss Govt. 5½s.	85	84	84½	+ ⅛
99¾	97¼	81,000	*Tex. Co. 7% notes	98½	98¼	98¾	..
99½	96¾	88,000	*Western Elec. 7s.	97½	96¾	97¼	— ⅛
98½	96½	199,000	U. S. Rubber 7½s.	98¾	96⅞	98	— ⅛

GERMAN BONDS

Range, 1920 High	Low	Marks Sales		High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
28	17	929,000	Berlin 4s	22½	19½	22½	+ 2½
28	20	262,000	Bremen 4½

RYAN
CONSOLIDATED

Recent activities of the Company reviewed

Ask for circular No. 30

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ESTABLISHED 1906
41 BROAD ST., NEW YORK
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100 Amer. Cyanamid com. & pfd.
15 Fifth Ave. Bank
100 Hocking Valley Ry.
25 Jos. Dixon Crucible
100 Rolls-Royce pfd.
25 Tidewater Oil.
100 Ward Baking pfd.
25 West Va. Pulp & Paper

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell

200 Amer. Hawaiian S. S.
100 Armstrong Cork com.
100 American Meter
50 Butterworth-Judson com.
50 Eastern Steel com.
100 Nat'l Ice & Coal 2nd pfd.
25 Nat'l Bank of Commerce
50 Old Dominion S. S.

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Charles E. Brickley & Co.
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QUOTATION LIST OF OUTSIDE SECURITIES

These quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Dividend and Interest Periods are indicated as follows: M—Month ly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS.

SECURITIES.	Rate	When Payable.	Quotation July 31, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Ala. Power 1st, '46	5	May & Sep.	75	78
Albany Southern, '39	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	75
Am. W. W. & El., '34	5	Apr. & Oct.	52	52½
Anac. & Pot. R., '49	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	85
Ashev. P. & L. 1st, '42	5	Apr. & Oct.	76	85
Aug.-Aiken R. & E., '35	5	June & Dec.	15	25
B. Rouge El. 1st, '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	70	75
Brooklyn Ed. gen., '49	5	Jan. & July	68	72
Buff. Gen. El., '39	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	89
Do deb., '22	6	Feb. & Aug.	93½	95½
Buffalo Ry. cons., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	79	82
Buff. & Lock. 1st, '38	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Buff. & Niag. F. Elec. Ry. 1st, '35	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Do 1st, '42	5	Jan. & July	93½	96½
Burlington G. L. 1st, '55	5	Jan. & July	60	70
Burling'n R. & L. 1st, '32	5	May & Sep.	..	90
Cape Breton El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	..	70
Capital Trac. 1st, '47	5	Jan. & July	84	86
Caro. P. & L. 1st, '38	5	Feb. & Aug.	68	72
Cedar Rap. Mf. 1st, '58	5	Jan. & July	74	76
C. & P. Tel. cons., '29	5	Jan. & July	89	90
Charleston Con. Ry. G. & E., '99	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	80
Cit. Service deb., C	7	Jan. & July	94½	95
Cleve. Elec. Ill., '39	5	Apr. & Oct.	79	82
Columbia Ry., Gas & Elec. 1st, '36	5	Jan. & July	..	84
Conn. Pr. 1st & con., '63	5	Apr. & Oct.	78	83
Conn. R. & Ltg., stpd., 1st, '51	4½	Jan. & July	62	68
Cons. Gas (Balt.), '54	4½	Jan. & July	..	78
Do, 1939	5	Jan. & July	..	85
Cons. Gas, Elec. Lt. & Pwr. (Balt.) gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	73	75
Cons. G. of N. J., '36	5	Jan. & July	80	..
Do 1st, '65	5	Apr. & Oct.	75	..
Cons. T. of N. J. 1st, '53	5	June & Dec.	55	63
Cons. Water of Utica 1st, '30	5	Jan. & July	75	81
Do deb., '30	5	Jan. & July	..	80
Crosstown Street Ry. (Buffalo) 1st, '32	5	May & Nov.	..	83
Dallas Elec. 1st, '22	5	Apr. & Oct.	100	77
E. Texas Elec. 1st, '42	5	May & Nov.	72	77
Edison, L. & P. 1st, '56	5	June & Dec.	80	85
Elec. Dev. 1st, '33	5	May & Sep.	77½	79½
Eliz. & Trenton, '62	5	Apr. & Oct.	50	70
El Paso Elec. coll., '32	5	Jan. & July	77	82
Gal.-Hous. El. 1st, '54	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	65
Gal. Elec. 1st 5s, '40	5	May & Nov.	74	78
Gas & Elec. of Bergen County, cons., '49	5	June & Dec.	75	..
Gen. Gas & El. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	58	..
Harwood Elec. 1st, '39	5	Jan. & July	80	85
Hoboken Ferry, '46	5	May & Nov.	84	89
Houston Elec. 1st, '25	5	Feb. & Aug.	74	78½
Hudson Co. Gas, '49	5	May & Nov.	75	..
Idaho Power, '47	5	Jan. & July	71	74
Indianap. Gas 1st, '52	5	Apr. & Oct.	72	77
Jersey City, Hob. & P. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	..	46½
K. C. Home T. 1st, '23	5	Jan. & July	87	88
Knoxville Trac., '38	5	Apr. & Oct.	..	85
Laurentide Pr. 1st, '46	5	Jan. & July	75¼	76¼
Memphis St. Ry., '45	5	Jan. & July	56	62
Middle West Util., '25	6	Jan. & July	83	87
Miss. R. Power 1st, '51	5	Jan. & July	71¼	71¾
Newark Gas, '48	5	June & Dec.	74	..
Newark Pass. Ry., '30	5	Jan. & July	70	76
No. Jer. St. Ry. 1st, '49	4	May & Nov.	..	46½
Nev.-Cal. 6s, '27	6	Apr. & Oct.	85	..
N. Or. R. & L. gen., '35	4½	Jan. & July	53	56
N. Y. & Westchester Lighting gen., 2004	4	Jan. & July	50	55
Niag., Lock. & O., '53	5	May & Nov.	82	87½
Niag. F. Pwr. 1st, '32	5	Jan. & July	82½	86
Do ref., '32	6	Apr. & Oct.	..	95
Norf. & Ports. Tr., '36	5	June & Dec.	..	65
Norf. Ry. & Lt., '49	5	May & Nov.	..	80
No. St. Pr. 1st & ref., '41	5	Apr. & Oct.	72	75
N. Tex. El. coll. tr., '40	5	Jan. & July	70	75
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. cons., '28	5	Jan. & July	68	73
Omaha & C. Bluffs St. Ry. & Bridge con., '28	5	Feb. & Aug.	67	72
Ontario Power 1st, '43	5	Feb. & Aug.	77	83
Do deb., '21	6	Jan. & July	95¾	98
Ont. Transmission, '45	5	May & Nov.	65	75
Paterson Ry. gen., '44	5	Apr. & Oct.	70	..
Pensacola Elec., '31	5	Feb. & Aug.	..	65
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st, '30	5	May & Nov.	57	61
Pot. El. Power 1st, '29	5	June & Dec.	90	93
Do cons., '36	5	Jan. & July	82½	83
Riverside Trac., '60	5	..	50	70
Rutland R. & L. 1st, '46	5	Mar. & Sep.	45	65
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & Power 1st, '37	5	May & Nov.	55	65
Salmon Riv. Pwr., '52	5	Feb. & Aug.	72	78
Seattle Elec. cons., '29	5	Feb. & Aug.	76	81
Do 1st, '30	5	Feb. & Aug.	78	83
So. Jer. G. & E. 1st, '53	5	Mar. & Sep.	70	80
Sup. W., L. & P. 1st, '31	4	May & Dec.	70	75
Syracuse Light 1st, '51	5	June & Dec.	..	80
Syracuse Lt. & P. '54	5	Jan. & July	70	..
Tampa Electric 1st, '33	5	June & Dec.	80	85
Twin States Gas & El. 1st & ref., '53	5	Apr. & Oct.	60	65
United El. of N. J., '49	4	June & Dec.	57	..
Unit. R. & E. cons., '49	4	Mar. & Sep.	61½	62½
Do income, '49	4	June & Dec.	44½	45½
Wash., B. & A., '41	5	Mar. & Sep.	..	70
Washington Gas, '60	5	May & Nov.	..	80
Wash. R. & E. con., '51	4	Jan. & July	54	56
Wick. Sp. Steel, '35	7	Jan. & July	95	98

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 31, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Adirondack Elec. Pwr.	..	..	..	12	14
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	74	75
Am. Gas & El. ($50)	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	99	102
Do pf. ($50)	1½	Q	Aug 2, 20	35	36
Am. Light & Trac.	†2½	Q	Aug 2, 20	121	124
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 2, 20	81	83

PUBLIC UTILITY STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 31, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Power & Light	1	Q	Jun 1, 20	45	50
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	65	67
Am. W. Wks. & Elec.	..	..	..	2	4
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	May 15,20	35	40
Do participating pf.	..	..	..	6	9
Bat. Rouge El. cum. pf	3	S	Jun 1, 20	65	70
Buffalo Gen. Electric.	2	Q	Jun 30,20	94	96
Capital Traction	1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	84¾	85½
Cities Service	*½	M	Aug 1, 20	306	300
Do pf.	½	M	Aug 1, 20	85¼	85½
Do Bankers Shares	45.6c	M	Aug 1, 20	33½	33¾
Do pf. B	½	M	Aug 1, 20	5½	6
Colorado Power	½	Q	Jul 15, 20	8	11
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15,20	80	90
Columbus Elec. pf.	3	S	Jul 2, 20	55	60
Com. Pwr., Ry. & Lt.	1	..	Nov 1, 18	16	19
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 20	38	40
Conn. Power pf.	1½	Q	Jun 1, 20	78	83
Con. Trac. of N. J.	2	S	Jul 15, 20	37	41
Eastern Texas Elec.	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	60	65
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 2, 20	65	70
Elec. Bond & Share pf	1½	Q	Aug 1, 20	80	85
Elizabeth & Trenton	..	..	..	15	..
El Paso Electric	2½	Q	Jun 15,20	70	78
Essex & Hudson Gas.	4	S	J. & D.	95	105
Federal Light & Trac.	..	..	..	6	8
Do pf.	1½	..	Sep 1, 15	43	46
Gal. & Hous. El. pf.	3	S	Mar 15,20	57	62
Gas & Elec. of Bergen	2½	S	Jul 2, 20	60	68
Miss. River Pr. pf.	..	..	..	50	54
Newark Con. Gas	2½	S	J. & J.	70	75
Niagara Falls Pwr. pf	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	98	100
No. Ont. Light & Pwr.	..	..	..	10	14
Do pf.	3	S	Jul 15, 20	44	48
No. States Power	1¾	..	Jan 20,18	26	33
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 20, 20	76	78
Nor. Texas Elec. pf.	3	S	Mar 1, 20	65	68
Pacific Gas & Elec. pf.	1½	Q	May 16,20	78¾	80
Republic Ry. & Light.	1	..	Jul 15, 18	8	10
Do pf.	1½	..	Apr 15,20	32	36
Riverside Traction	..	..	..	10	..
Do pf.	..	..	..	17	..
Southern Cal. Edison.	1¾	Q	May 15,20	82	84
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	93	96
So. Jersey G. & E. Tr.	4	S	J. & D.	90	100
Standard G. & E. ($50)	..	..	..	12	14
Do pf. ($50)	2	Q	Jun 15,20	35	37
Tampa Electric	2½	Q	May 15,20	108	112
Tenn. Ry., Lt. & Pwr.	..	..	..	1	1¼
Do pf.	..	..	..	2	3½
United Light & Rys.	1	..	Oct 1, 19	18	21
Do 1st pf.	1½	Q	Jul 2, 20	56	57
Un. Rys. & El. (Balt.)	..	..	..	11¾	12½
Washington Gas	90c	Q	Aug 1, 20	43	45
Wash. Ry. & Electric	1¾	..	Sep 1, 19	15	..
Do pf.	1¼	..	Sep 1, 18	48	49
Western Power	..	..	..	20	21½
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15, 20	61½	63

*1¼% payable in com. stk. †Incl. 1¼% payable in com. stk.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 31, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
America	$5,500,000	7	S	May 1, 20	260	270
Am. Exc.	5,000,000	8	Q	Jul 3, 20	215	..
Atlantic ($100)	1,000,000	†2½	Q	Jul 3, 20	215	..
Bk. of Cuba	100,000	6	S	Jan 1, 20	180	190
Batt'y Pk. N.	1,500,000	‡3	S	Jan 2, 20	195	205
Bowery	250,000	b3	Q	May 1, 20	425	..
B'way Cent'l.	100,000	..	..	..	150	160
Bronx Nat.	200,000	‡5	S	Jul 2, 20	150	160
Bronx Boro.	150,000	..	..	..	95	125
Bryant Park	200,000	3	S	Jul 1, 20	150	160
Butch. & Dr. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	4	S	Jan 2, 20	37	43
Chase Nat'l.	15,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20	395	405
Ch.-Fifth Nat.	7,000,000	4	Q	Jul 1, 20	275	280
Chelsea Ex.	1,000,000	3	..	Apr 1, 17	135	145
Chemic. Nat.	4,500,000	4	B	Jul 1, 20	550	560
City Nat'l.	25,000,000	d5	S	Jul 1, 20	375	378
Do rights	..	..	..	..	91¾	92½
Coal & I. N.	1,500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	250	..
Colonial	600,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	350	..
Columbia	2,000,000	4	S	Jan 1, 20	175	195
Comm. Exch.	200,000	d10	S	Jul 1, 20	425	..
Commonw'th.	400,000	5	S	May 1, 20	210	230
Com. Nat.	25,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	217	220
Contin'l ($75)	1,000,000	3½	S	Feb 2, 20	125	..
Corn Exch.	6,000,000	5	Q	Aug 2, 20	330	340
Cosmopolitan	100,000	..	..	..	110	120
E. R. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20	160	..
Fifth Av.	500,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20	910	930
Fifth Nat.	1,000,000	2¼	Q	Jul 1, 20	160	..
First Nat.	10,000,000	†5	Q	Jul 1, 20	890	..
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jun 30,20	230	240
Gotham Nat.	500,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	190	200
Greenwich	800,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	225	..
Hanover Nat	3,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 20	810	830
Harriman N.	1,000,000	8	S	Jul 1, 20	340	360
Imp. & T. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jul 1, 20	520	540
Irving Nat.	9,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	205	212
Liberty Nat.	5,000,000	4½	Q	Jul 1, 20	395	405
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 20	280	..
Mann'n ($50)	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20	210	220
Mech. & Met.	10,000,000	8	Q	Jul 1, 20	325	330
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	340	360
Mutual	200,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20	490	..
N. Netherl'd.	600,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	185	195
N.Y.(N.B.A.)	2,000,000	‡5	Q	Jul 1, 20	460	480
N.Y. Co. Nat	1,000,000	10	..	Jan 2, 17	135	..
Pacific ($50)	1,000,000	a$1	Q	May 1, 20	270	..
Park Nat.	5,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20	450	480
People's ($25)	200,000	3	S	Jul 10, 20	140	..
Public	2,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,20	340	355
Seab'd Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	650	675
Second Nat.	1,000,000	‡3	Q	Jul 1, 20	425	475
State	2,500,000	6	S	J. & J.	200	..
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	F. & A.	200	..
United States	1,500,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	170	180
Un. Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	5	S	Jun 30,20	175	185
Wash. Hgts.	100,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	125	..
Yorkville	200,000	5	Q	Jun 30,20	380	..

*And 1½% extra. ‡And 3% extra. ‖And 5% of First Security Co stock. †And 5% extra. a—And $1 extra. b—And 7% extra. d—And 5% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Capital.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation July 31, 1920. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Trust.	$1,000,000	..	..	..	..	..
Bankers Tr.	20,000,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20	366	374
Brooklyn	1,500,000	5	Q	Jul 1, 20	490	510
Cent. Union	12,500,000	5½	Q	Jul 1, 20	365	375
Columbia	5,000,000	a4	Q	Jul 1, 20	315	325
Commercial	1,000,000	..	..	..	155	..
Empire	2,000,000	‡3	Q	Jun 29,20	300	..
Equitable Tr.	12,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,20	295	299
Far. L. & T.	5,000,000	5	Q	May 1, 20	385	395
Fidelity-Int.	1,500,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	200	210
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jul 1, 20	270	..
Guaranty	25,000,000	5	Q	Jun 30,20	352	359
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 20	255	265
Hudson Tr.	500,000	2½	Q	Jun 30,20	160	..
Kings Co.	500,000	7	Q	May 1, 20	630	660
Law.T.& T.C.	4,000,000	†1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	135	145
Lincoln	1,000,000	1	Q	May 2, 20	150	..
Manufact'rs.	2,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	195	205
Mercantile	1,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	310	330
Metropolitan	2,000,000	4	Q	Jun 30,20	260	265
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Jun 30,20	600	615
N.Y.L.I. & T.	1,000,000	10	S	Jun 10,20	525	..
People's Tr.	1,500,000	4	Q	Mar 31,20	275	295
Title G. & T.	5,000,000	*5	Q	Jun 30,20	325	330
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jul 1, 20	800	850
U. S. M. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jul 1, 20	400	410

*2% payable in stock. †And 1% extra. ‡And 3% extra. §Bes N. Y. Title & Mortgage Co. a—And 2% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Am. Alliance	$1,000,000	7½	S	J. & J.	275	295
A. Sur'y ($50)	5,000,000	2½	Q	Jun 30,20	71	..
Bd. & Mtg.G.	5,000,000	4	Q	May 15,20	245	250
City of N. Y.	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	205	220
Commonw'lth	500,000	5	S	J. & J.	300	325
Continental	10,000,000	2½	S	Jul 7, 20	68	70
Fidel. Phenix	2,500,000	15	S	Jul 7, 20	525	540
Globe & Rut.	700,000	*10	Q	Jul 30, 20	1260	..
Great Amer.	5,000,000	4	Q	Jul 15, 20	255	260
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 2, 20	85	95
Home Fire	6,000,000	12½	S	J. & J.	515	525
Lawyers Mtg	6,000,000	2½	Q	Jul 1, 20	115	120
Mtg. Bond Co	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Jun 30,20	82	87
Nat. Lib. ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	175	190
Nat. Surety	5,000,000	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	188	192
N.Y. T. & M.	3,000,000	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	†127	135
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	5	S	J. & J.	122	130
N.River ($25)	600,000	5	S	A. & O.	30	40
Pacific ($25)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	45	60
Realty Asso.	4,000,000	3	S	Jul 15, 20	106	112
Stuyvesant	700,000	3	S	J. & J.	50	75
U.S.Fire ($20)	1,400,000	$2	S	F. & A.	50	..
Westch'r ($10)	1,000,000	20	Q	May 1, 20	34	37

‡Includes Amer. Trust Co. stock.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

American Brass	*1¾	Q	May 15,20	192	195
American Chicle	1	Q	Aug 2, 20	38	41
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 20	62	68
American Mfg.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 20	149	153
Do pf.	1¼	Q	Jul 1, 20	85	89
Am. Piano pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	68	75
Amer. Typefounders	1	Q	Jul 15, 20	38	40
Atlas Powder	3	Q	Jun 10,20	157	160
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 20	79	79½
Babcock & Wilcox	2	Q	Apr 2, 20	109	112
Borden Co.	4	S	Feb 1, 20	101	103
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 15,20	83	85
Carbon Steel	2	Q	Jul 15, 20	72	76
Do 1st pf.	4	S	Mar 30,20	97	102
Do 2d pf.	6	A	Jul 30, 20	63	68
Celluloid	b2	Q	Jun 30,20	..	160
Central Coal & Coke	1½	Q	Jul 15, 20	89	91½
Chi. Ry. Equipment	2	Q	Jul 1 20	110	114
Childs	1½	Q	Jun 10,20	83	86
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 10,20	92	95
Crocker-Wheeler	2	Q	Jul 15, 20	94	98
Do pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	92	97
Del., Lack. & W. Coal	$1¼	Q	Jul 15, 20	155	160
Draper Corp.	3	Q	Jul 1, 20	130	132
Eastern Steel	2½	Q	Jul 15,20	70	73
Do 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 15,20	80	88
Eastman Kodak	a20½	Q	Jul 1, 20	533	535
Fajardo Sugar	†2½	Q	Jul 30, 20	120	124
Fed Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	92	97
Federal Sugar	2½	Q	Aug 1, 20	110	112
Do pf.	1½	Q	Aug 1, 20	110	112
Fisk Rubber 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 1, 20	88	92
Gen. Baking pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	90	92
Gillette Safety Razor	2½	Q	Jun 1, 20	148	150
Griswoldville Mf. 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	98
Hercules Powder	b2	Q	Jun 25,20	210	220
Do pf.	1¾	Q	May 15,20	92	95
Int. Silver	..	..	..	30	40
Do pf.	1¾	..	Jul 1, 20	88	94
Lanston Monotype	1½	Q	May 31,20	70	72
Lehigh Valley Coal	$2	Q	Jul 1, 20	82	84
L. A. Crossett 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jun 1, 20	90	98
Merg. Lindotype	2½	Q	Jun 30,20	125	126
Merrimac Chem. ($50)	2½	Q	Jun 30,20	79	81
Nash. G. & C. P. 1st pf	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	98
Nat. Candy	4	S	Mar 10,20	140	143
Do 1st pf.	3½	S	Mar 10,20	104½	..
Do 2d pf.	2½	S	Mar 10,20	91½	..
Nat. Sugar Refining	1¾	Q	Jul 2, 20	157	159
New Jersey Zinc	4	Q	May 10,20	191	195
Niles-Bement-Pond	2	Q	Jun 20,20	95	99
Do pf.	1½	Q	May 20,20	95	99
Northwest Leather pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 20	95	98
Norton Co. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	97½	100
Proc. & Gamble 6% pf.	1½	Q	Jul 15,20	96½	97
Do new	2	Q	Jul 15, 20	114¾	115
Royal Baking Powder	2	Q	Jun 30,20	120	129
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jun 30,20	83¼	85
Safety Car H. & Ltg.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	61	63
Santa Cecilia Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 2, 20	74	78
Savannah Sugar pf.	1¾	Q	Aug 2, 20	88	91
Shredded Wheat	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	120	125
Do pf.	1½	Q	Jul 1, 20	87	90
Simonds Mfg.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	100
Singer Mfg.	2½	Q	Jun 30,20	125	128
Steel & Tube pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	84	88
Stollwerck Choc. pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	98
Un. Twist Drill 1st pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	98
Valvoline Oil	2	Q	Jul 1, 20	97	100
Waitt & Bond pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	92	98
Warren (S. D.) pf.	1¾	Q	Jul 1, 20	95	98
Yale & Towne	5	Q	Jul 1, 20	273	283

*And 1¼% extra. †And 30% payable in cash; 70 in stock. ‡And 5% extra. a—And 7½% extra. b—And 2% extra.

MONEY RATES

	On Call High.	Low.	Last.	Renewals
July 26	10	8	10	8
July 27	9	8	8	9
July 28	8	7	7	8
July 29	8	7	7	8
July 30	8	8	8	8
July 31	8	8	8	8
Week's range—				
High			10	9
Low			7	8
Same week last year—				
High			20	7
Low			5	6
Year to date—				
High			25	9
Low			6	6
Corresponding period last year—				
High			20	10
Low			3¼	4

| | On Time 60 Days. | 90 Days. | 6 Mos. |
|---

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS OF THE PROVINCIAL LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY, LTD.

In accordance with the terms of the Trust Deed securing the issue of First Mortgage Forty Year 5% Bonds of the above Company, executed in favor of National Trust Company, Limited, Trustee, on the 15th November, 1906, notice is hereby given that Twenty-three Thousand Dollars ($23,000.00) Bonds have been drawn by lot by the Trustee for redemption upon the 1st of September, 1920, at the price of 105 and accrued interest.

The Bonds so drawn are numbered as follows:

0017, 0064, 0103, 0132, 0167, 0324, 0498, 0547, 0612, 0695, 0792, 0837, 0879, 0903, 1059, 1070, 1076, 1079, 1082, 1166, 1309, 1428, 1470.

The holders of the said Bonds are hereby notified to present the same for redemption at the office of National Trust Company, Limited, Montreal, on or before the 1st of September, 1920.

Bonds drawn for redemption shall cease to bear interest after the 1st of September, 1920.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED.
Dated at Montreal, 21st July, 1920.

MONTANA COAL & IRON COMPANY First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Thirty Year Sinking Fund Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as Trustee, under the First Mortgage, dated January 2, 1912, securing the issue of bonds above described, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M., August 16th, 1920, for the sale to it for account of the Sinking Fund of sufficient par value of said bonds as will exhaust the sum of Eleven Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-three Dollars and Sixty-four Cents ($11,863.64) at a price not to exceed 106% and accrued interest.

Proposals should be placed in sealed envelopes, addressed "Tenders for account of Montana Coal and Iron Co., Sinking Fund," and sent to the undersigned at its main office at No. 120 Broadway, New York City.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

EMPIRE TRUST COMPANY,
By HENRY F. WHITNEY,
Asst. Trust Officer.

New York, Aug. 2nd, 1920.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% FIFTY-YEAR GOLD BONDS OF NORTHERN NEW YORK UTILITIES, INC., DUE JULY 1, 1963.

The undersigned, Trustee under the mortgage given to secure the above described issue of bonds, desires under authority of said mortgage and mortgage supplemental thereto, dated March 11, 1915, to expend the sum of Thirteen Thousand Eight Hundred Nine Dollars and One Cent ($13,809.01) in the purchase of Bonds of said issue for the Sinking Fund, provided such purchase can, in its opinion, be now made advantageously.

Sealed offers of said bonds may be sent to the office of the undersigned, TRUST DEPARTMENT, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before August 9th, 1920, at twelve o'clock noon. Bonds accepted must be delivered on August 10th, or security furnished by that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days. The right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all offers.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN, Vice-President.
Dated, New York, July 1st, 1920.

FAIRMONT COAL COMPANY.

The undersigned Trustee under the First 5% Mortgage of the above company has received the sum of $8,846.76, pursuant to the Sinking Fund provisions of said mortgage. Sealed offers of bonds to exhaust said sum at a price not to exceed 105 per centum and accrued interest will be received by the undersigned at its office, No. 55 Cedar Street, New York City, up to 12 o'clock noon on August 16, 1920.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST CO.
CALVERT BREWER, Vice-President.

DIVIDENDS.

THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION
43 Exchange Place, New York.

A quarterly dividend of One and One-half per cent. (1½%) has been declared on the Common Stock of this Corporation, payable September 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record August 16th, 1920.

C. F. CONN, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION
43 Exchange Place, New York.

An extra dividend of Six per cent. (6%) has been declared on the Common Stock of this Corporation, payable September 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record August 16th, 1920.

C. F. CONN, Secretary.

THE J. G. WHITE ENGINEERING CORPORATION
43 Exchange Place, New York.

The regular quarterly dividend (Thirtieth Quarter) of One and Three-Quarters per cent. (1¾%) has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable September 1st, 1920, to Stockholders of record August 16th, 1920.

C. F. CONN, Secretary.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Five-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes Due February 1, 1924.

Coupons from these Notes, payable by their terms on August 1, 1920, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York at the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

American Telephone & Telegraph Co.
Seven-Year Six Per Cent. Convertible Gold Bonds Due August 1, 1925

Coupons from these Bonds, payable by their terms on August 1, 1920, at the office or agency of the Company in New York or in Boston, will be paid in New York at the Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street.

G. D. MILNE, Treasurer.

GREENE CANANEA COPPER CO.

42 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The Board of Directors of the Greene Cananea Copper Company has declared a dividend of 50 cents per share upon its Capital Stock of the par value of $100.00 per share, payable on August 23, 1920, to the holders of such shares of record at the close of business at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Friday, August 6, 1920. The dividend is payable only upon the $100.00 shares into which the Capital Stock is divided. All stockholders who have not converted their holdings into shares of $100.00 par value should do so without delay in order that they may receive their dividend promptly.

The transfer books will not be closed.

J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.
New York, June 24, 1920.

THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company held on July 28, 1920, a dividend of $1.75 per share on the outstanding preferred stock of this Company was declared, payable on October 1, 1920, to holders of record of the preferred stock at the close of business September 21, 1920.

At the same meeting a dividend of $1.50 per share on the outstanding common stock of this Company was declared, payable on November 15, 1920, to holders of record of the common stock at the close of business November 5, 1920.

THE B. F. GOODRICH COMPANY.
F. C. VAN CLEEF, *Secretary.*

EISEMANN MAGNETO CORPORATION Dividend No. 4

New York, July 14, 1920.

A regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable August 2, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business July 20, 1920.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

JEFFERSON & CLEARFIELD COAL & IRON COMPANY.

A dividend of Two and one-half dollars per share has been declared on the preferred stock of this Company, payable August 16, 1920, to stockholders of record August 6, 1920.

GEORGE H. CLUNE, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS.

U. S. PUBLIC AUCTION SALE—Salvage Division, N. Y. Q. M. D., 461 Eighth Av., New York, will sell at public auction public auction commencing 10:30 A. M. August 3d, 1920, at Ford Building, 500 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, all assortment of second hand tentage, paulins and canvas cots. Particulars on application to Officer in Charge.

Proposals for Miscellaneous Hardware. Depot Quartermaster, 461 8th Ave., N. Y. City. Sealed proposals will be received here until 10 A. M., August 25, 1920, and then opened, for furnishing Miscellaneous Hardware, Circular GS-2138. For information address above.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders and Directors of the ABER & DEMPSEY CORPORATION will be held on August 16, 1920, at 5 P. M., at 25 Pearl Street, New York City, N. Y., for the purpose of electing officers and Directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

ABER & DEMPSEY CORPORATION,
by JOSEPH VAN GELDER, Sec. (Signed).
Dated August 2, 1920.

DEMAND SAGS FOR BUILDING MATERIALS

Prices Too High for Speculative Projects to Meet Current Competition.

LABOR MORE PLENTIFUL

Railroads Begin to Woo Building Material Tonnage as Other Kind Wanes.

Marked slackening in demand for nearly all the basic building materials is arousing conflicting thoughts and expectations in the minds of prospective builders.

Taking the source of orders now being received by such building material market barometers as window glass, brick, cement, lime, plaster, roofing materials and structural steel and it is noticeable that as compared with what may be called normal building construction markets, such as, for instance, 1912, the volume of building material requirements has switched almost entirely from the territory above Fifty-ninth Street to points below that dividing line.

This factor alone shows the genuineness of the present tendency away from apartment and tenement house construction in favor of office buildings, loft structures and hotels, both new and alterations, and extensions and theatres.

There is, perhaps, no better guide to the true character of the pending building construction movement than is that of the wholesale or jobbing window glass department, says the Dow Service Daily Building Reports. Here the demand has been lessening almost continuously during the last three to four weeks, with practically the preponderance of estimates being figured for commercial building construction, most of which, by the way, is on work that has long been projected, often even as long ago as the early part of the war years, but which is just now coming into active operation.

Under ordinary conditions general slackening of demand would presage lowering of prices and upon this theory many prospective builders are deferring current projects. Others believe that in protest against the increasing cost of building materials they will indefinitely postpone building operations. These two thoughts are responsible for lightening the volume of new construction projects here and elsewhere.

But counter-balancing this policy is the more insistent and far-sighted one recently adopted by big building interests, mostly for commercial projects, wherein, after studying production conditions at building material manufacturing centres, they have come into the market with premium offerings for all the material they can get, price being a secondary consideration.

Therefore, in the face of lessening demand, the actual price quotations on building materials are moving up. The answer to this enigmatic situation is different according to the department scrutinized. In glass, it is because resumption of manufacture will not take place until the middle of next month. In cement, it is because production has ceased in many locations because coal has been advanced in price so that notices last week were issued to cement manufacturers in the Lehigh Valley, which supplies this market, that heavy advances in rates for power would become effective with August accounts.

Brick manufacturers are turning out as much as they can with the available labor supply, but they will not be able to make their market price for this year's production until they get through buying coal at fancy premium prices.

Prices are now being quoted on last year's brick. Of the country's 40,000,000,000 feet of lumber annually cut, 25,000,000,000 feet go into home building construction, but prices have advanced 300 per cent. over those of 1914 and the top has not yet been reached and will not be until the housing demand can be accurately measured by actual orders.

Buying now is on speculation, in anticipation of demand. The current home building needs of the country are sufficient to absorb more than 89,000,000,000 feet, while the supply of cut lumber in dealers' hands barely sufficient to meet immediate needs.

Canada is not permitting freight cars to come over the border with spruce or plaster rock or asbestos in anything like the volume required to insure steady supply. It has only just lately been possible to get expanded metal lath into this market and even now there is a less-than-car-load embargo on this material on some roads.

Lime is still impossible to procure in desired quantities. Prices are being openly quoted for cement in this market as high as $5.60 a barrel, although the New York yard base is $5.10. Six dollar cement is freely predicted for New York before the end of the year, unless cheaper coal and power are forthcoming, together with a better supply of cars.

Industry is being curtailed in many directions, and it is already noticeable that the railroads are becoming more and more interested in building material tonnage, which, only a few months ago was treated almost as undesirable business in the face of the demand for rail accommodation for automobiles and other goods for domestic and export markets.

Lessening of building demand is having an effect upon the labor situation here, to a marked degree. Greater efficiency is being reported by nearly all contractors. There is closer mutual interest manifested between organized employer and the organized employe in the building trades as the index figures covering the cost of living continue to show decline. The signs "No Help Wanted" begin to appear on the "bridges" on building operations throughout the city. A few months ago these signs were conspicuous by their absence.

Yet in spite of all these apparently contrary factors the analyst viewing the building construction future in the light of the building construction past begets within himself the unan-size confidence some already have attained in the ultimate outcome of the reshapement of the building industry, when it will presently emerge from the readjustment process through which it has been passing.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

	—December.—		—March.—	
WHEAT.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 26	2.52	2.47	2.56	2.51
July 27	2.44	2.33	2.46	2.35
July 28	2.41	2.33	2.42	2.36
July 29	2.37	2.32	2.41	2.35½
July 30	2.32	2.21	2.33	2.23½
July 31	2.20	2.11	2.23	2.12½
Week's range	2.52	2.11	2.56	2.12½

	—July.—		—Sept.—		—Dec.—	
CORN	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
July 26	1.50⅝	1.45½	1.50½	1.43⅝	...	...
July 27	1.45	1.40	1.43½	1.38¼	1.27⅛	1.23¼
July 28	1.44⅜	1.41½	1.43⅛	1.39⅜	1.27⅛	1.24⅛
July 29	1.48½	1.43⅜	1.45	1.40⅛	1.29⅛	1.25⅜
July 30	1.43¼	1.38	1.41⅜	1.33⅞	1.26⅛	1.22¼
July 31	1.38	1.32¾	1.37	1.33⅛	1.22⅜	1.19⅝
Wk's rg	1.50⅝	1.32¾	1.50½	1.33⅛	1.29⅛	1.19⅝

	—July.—		—Sept.—		—Dec.—	
OATS	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low
July 26	.88	80	75¼	71	78⅞	70¼
July 27	.80¼	74	71	68¾	70¼	68⅛
July 28	.77½	76	70⅝	69¾	70⅝	69⅛
July 29	.80	78¼	72⅛	69⅝	71⅝	69⅛
July 30	.80	76½	70¼	68¼	69⅝	68¼
July 31	.77½	80	68⅝	67½	68⅞	67⅛
Wk's rge	.88	69	75¼	67½	73⅝	67⅛

Provisions.

	—July.—		—Sept.—		—October.—	
LARD.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 26	...	...	19.15	18.20	19.60	18.55
July 27	18.10	17.95	18.52	18.00	18.92	18.40
July 28	18.70	18.40	19.00	18.40	19.35	18.85
July 29	18.90	18.57	19.20	18.87	19.55	19.25
July 30	18.60	18.30	18.90	18.47	19.20	18.80
July 31	18.35	18.05	18.60	18.35	18.82	18.75
Wk's rge	18.90	17.95	19.20	18.00	19.60	18.40

	—July.—		—Sept.—		—Oct.—	
RIBS.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 26	...	...	16.60	16.00	16.90	16.25
July 27	16.00	15.40	16.32	16.00	16.52	16.25
July 28	...	...	16.50	16.35	16.77	16.60
July 29	...	...	16.70	16.42	16.92	16.67
July 30	15.95	15.92	16.45	16.05	16.80	16.30
July 31	15.55	15.45	16.00	15.80	16.30	16.15
Wk's rge	16.00	15.45	16.70	15.80	16.92	16.15

	—Sept.—	
PORK.	High.	Low.
July 26	28.00	26.20
July 27	26.95	26.10
July 28	27.50	27.00
July 29	27.85	27.30
July 30	27.25	26.35
July 31	26.50	25.00
Week's range	28.00	26.00

COTTON.

	—Oct.—		—Dec.—	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 26	33.05	32.50	31.23	30.65
July 27	32.73	32.05	31.05	30.32
July 28	32.66	32.15	31.40	30.85
July 29	32.47	32.00	31.20	30.61
July 30	32.20	32.02	31.05	30.58
July 31	32.05	* 31.27	30.50	30.00
Week's range	33.05	31.27	31.40	30.00

	—Jan.		—March		—May	
	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
July 26	30.35	29.87	29.60	29.18	28.58	28.45
July 27	30.23	29.60	29.68	29.05	29.30	28.45
July 28	30.60	30.10	30.35	29.70	29.95	29.15
July 29	30.45	29.97	30.12	29.50	29.67	29.10
July 30	30.31	29.70	29.95	29.35	29.40	29.00
July 31	29.60	29.18	29.15	28.80	28.80	28.50
Wk's rg	30.60	29.18	30.35	28.80	29.95	28.40

SPOT COTTON.

	Liverpool.	New Orleans.	New York.
July 26	26.50d	39.75c	40
July 27	26.06	39.75	40
July 28	26.08	39.50	40
July 29	26.04	39.25	40
July 30	26.15	39.75	40
July 31	...	39.75	40
Week's range—			
High	26.39	39.75	40
Low	26.06	39.75	40

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. **MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.**

The Peter Stuyvesant
258 Riverside Drive, Cor. 98th St.
A 13 Story Fireproof Building, Wonderfully Located
A few remaining apartments with an immediate possession of two.
In Suites of 6 and 7 Rooms, $11,500 to $17,500
On the payment of 5 years' rental in advance.
Tenant Owners can "purchase" a one-twelfth ownership with every possible assurance of no assessments or rental during this period; in addition your equity in the property will increase. In after years your apartment may be sold or rented as desired.

The price of the property is low. The rentals are reasonable. Mortgages run for 10 years. The entire proposition has been thoroughly investigated and approved by Legal and Real Estate Experts as to the question of Values, Rentals, Tax Exemptions, etc.

Wood, Dolson Co., Inc. B'way, Cor. 80th St. Tel. Schuyler 1100.
Harris, Vought & Co. 569 Fifth Ave. Tel. 31 Vanderbilt.

ESTABLISHED 1890 INCORPORATED 1915
WORTHINGTON WHITEHOUSE, Inc.
TOWN AND COUNTRY REAL ESTATE
ANNOUNCE THEIR REMOVAL TO
446 MADISON AVENUE
(Near Fiftieth Street) Telephone Plaza 4600.
DIRECTORS
Worthington Whitehouse, Pres. Harris Parfitt, Treas.
Newton Rae, Vice-Pres. & Sec. James J. Costello, Manager.
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LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Ideal Individual Light Loft Building
17,500 Square Feet
Suitable for any kind of manufacturing. Premier location in new industrial zone.
Long Island City
Will sell or lease for term of years.
GEORGE J. RYAN
46 Jackson Avenue
LONG ISLAND CITY

Rockville Center and Vicinity
Best All-Year Suburban Section.
Houses with all improvements, $6,000 and upward.
Rufus H. Smith, 110 West 34th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OFFICES FOR RENT, BROAD ST., NEWARK,
One Block From Hudson Tube.
New Fireproof Building
2100 ft. office space—long lease.
2100 ft. office or salesroom—year lease.
2400 ft. connecting building—long lease.
Very desirable—in whole or part.
Newark Beacon Corporation,
584 Broad St., Newark.
Telephone Market 10225.

An Excellent House
Built of stucco with asphalt shingle roof. Eight rooms, 2 tiled baths, open fireplace; French doors open on two large porches; sanitary gas kitchen; electricity, steam, outside refrigerator room. Beautiful corner plot with graded lawn and fine shade trees. In restricted residential community, 35 minutes from Manhattan, $4,000 cash and monthly carrying charge of $90 will let you own this handsome home. Price $18,500.
Write or phone Stuyvesant 27, W. J. Lockwood, 16th floor, 50 Union Square, New York City.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SOUND BEACH, CONN.
50 MINUTES FROM N. Y.
Shorefront Property, Farms, Bungalows. Houses, improved and unimproved property. Easy terms.
E. BENJ. LOCKWOOD
Real Estate. Phone 216 Sound Beach.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

GARAGES

TO LEASE	Only Security Necessary
West 40th	67x100 — 2 floors
Harlem, Com.	100x100 — 1 floor
B'way, 50th.	75x100 — 5 floors
B'way, 80th	75x100 — 5 floors
West 50th	100x100 — 2 floors
Yorkville	15,000 sq. ft. — $4,500, security
East Side	77x102 — 2 floors
Southern Blvd.	15,000 sq. ft. — 1 floor
Brooklyn	100x100, Estab. — $2,500, security
Many others	All sections — All sizes.

GARAGE REALTY COMPANY,
1457 B'WAY (43D ST.). PHONE BRYANT 2233

IN THE FORTIES
Between Fifth & Madison Aves.
FLOOR, 24x90
Possession at Once.
Sprinkler System—Elevator Service.
Full equipment for Ladies' Tailor, Dressmaker, etc., included in rent.
BRETT & GOODE CO.
532 Fifth Ave. Bryant 600

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LIGHT, AIRY CORNER LOFT
RECENTLY EQUIPPED FOR CLOTHING MANUFACTURING; SPRINKLER SYSTEM; CENTRALLY LOCATED; 5,000 SQUARE FEET; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; MODERATE RENTAL.
RESLER & WALK
15 EAST 47TH ST.

OFFICES TO RENT
From $25 Monthly and Up.
Hotel Algonquin Annex,
67-69 West 44th Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

1,229 PARK AV.,
SOUTHEAST CORNER 96TH ST.
High-class elevator apartment.
7 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession.
8 rooms, 2 baths, corner; October.
Apply Superintendent or A. Brandstein, 133 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

BROOKLYN.

109 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
4 rooms and bath $110
5 rooms and bath 90
4 rooms and bath (housekeeping) 120
Clinton Trading Corporation
186 Remsen St., Brooklyn. Main 3840.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Mortgage Loans Wanted.

BONUS paid for securing $20,000 mortgage on property worth $100,000. W 943 Times Downtown.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

EXCEPTIONAL investment, 5-story remodeled, in 80s; dwelling, small apts.; rent $10,600; nets $7,600 a year; price $45,000; only $15,000 cash; terms. Frank Zittel & Sons, Broadway and 79th St. Tel. 9700 Schuyler.

TWO 5-STORY colored tenements; can be bought right; investigate details and give us your best proposition if you wish to secure bargain.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

FOR SALE—A five story apartment house of five apartments in the West 90's, near Central Park West; steam heat, electricity; income $7,320 per year; price $37,000, $10,000 cash. McGrath & Warren, 5 Columbus Circle.

BEST single flat on West Side; $25,000; 5-story, 20 ft.; electric light; $6,000 cash; fine condition.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 West 72d St.

PRIVATE house, opposite Mt. Morris Park, 18x100, 14 rooms; price $18,000, cash $4,000. Inquire 1881 Madison Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 813—Four-story high basement, 8-10 years, 25,000 net. Inquire Mrs. Johnson, 42 East 60th.

BUILDING, 453-455 West 17th St.—23,000 square feet; 40c. per square foot; long lease; possession. Forster, 724 8th Av.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

TWO-FAMILY frame, 13 rooms; best location Bronx; room for garage; $4,000 cash. Inquire Monday. Phone Lenox 1795.

BEAUTIFUL residence, restricted section, modern 9-room stucco house, elegantly furnisher, Oriental rugs, &c., 3 baths; immediate possession; price $35,000; best reasons for selling. Owner, 60 Exeter St., Manhattan Beach.

SPLENDIDLY furnished house, two baths, all improvements; double garage; located best part of Brooklyn. Phone Bensonhurst 5356.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

LARCHMONT GARDENS—For sale, plot 50x125; near entrance; high ground; lots 55 and 56, block 405; $1,600; terms. Y 2027 Times Annex.

ATTRACTIVE homes for sale, Pelham Manor and Mount Vernon; $17,500 to $50,000; liberal terms. Herkimer, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 790.

SALE—Small all-year bungalows; at station; full price $3,900; terms. Owner, Box 154 North White Plains, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON property a specialty. L. T. Carroll, Real Estate, 6 North 2d Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. 274.

NEW six-room house, $9,000; improvements; 20 minutes' ride Offenbach, 2,086 5th Av.

NEW ROCHELLE—House, 10 rooms, baths; long lease; $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOUSE No.	1—0	Rooms, 3	Baths....$26,000
"	2—9	" 2	" 25,500
"	7—8	" 2	" 16,500
"	12—7	" 2	" 14,000
"	15—7	" 2	" 16,500
"	16—8	" 2	" 16,500
"	19—7	" 1	" 16,500
"	21—8	" 2	" 16,000
"	22—8	" 2	" 16,000
"	28—8	" 2	" 16,500
"	25—8	" 2	" 18,500
"	26—8	" 2	" 17,500

Ryegate Homes, Inc., Rye, N. Y.
Phone 380 W or J.

BEST adapted 70-acre plot for a golf course in Westchester County, on State road, 45 minutes' auto drive to New York; price and terms reasonable. Apply J. J. Rossbottom, 56 Pine St., New York.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

AN IDEAL HOME
at an attractive price; six large rooms, tiled bath, garage, Colonial finish, all improvements, new and ready now; near the Park, 2 blocks to subway station, 20 minutes to Times Square; cash required $3,000, balance reasonable terms; phone or write for photo, plans and card of inspection. J. Withers, 52 Vanderbilt Av., Room 1314. Tel. Vanderbilt 9485.

SEMI-BUNGALOW, 8 rooms, bath, steam heat, water, gas, electricity, sewer, garage; large plot; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; restricted location. For price, terms, &c., call or write Stephenson, 161 West 34th St. Fitzroy 2143.

BEAUTIFUL new California bungalow, five rooms, bath; open fireplaces; ideal surroundings and environment; near station; 43 minutes from Broadway; $1,500 cash, balance easy terms; opportunity of season. W. M., 115 Times.

$1,500 secures possession of real home; six rooms, bath, extra lavatory; semi-bungalow construction; all conveniences; handy to golf and beaches; beautiful surroundings; occupancy August; near station. "Gem," 144 Times.

KEW GARDENS—Immediate possession, ten rooms, two baths, three fireplaces; sleeping porch, every improvement, large plot; price $30,000. Phone Builder, Murray Hill 8537.

ONE-STORY building 100x100 for rent or sale; situated in the factory section of Long Island City; steam heat, plenty of light. Apply Brecher, 65 Broadway, Astoria, L. I. Phone Astoria 1096.

CEDARHURST, L. I.—Three-story stucco corner dwelling; plot 100x100; ten rooms, two baths, parquet floors; all improvements; garage; immediate possession. Miller, Cedarhurst, L. I. Phone 069 Far Rockaway.

JAMAICA, Hillcrest—9 rooms, all improvements; 50x100; garage; price, $16,000. Lowndes, 886 Fulton St., Jamaica. 2977-W Jamaica.

SEA GATE—Beautiful rooms, near ocean; private, adults, reasonable; season. Phone between 1 and 2. Coney Island 419-W.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FARM HOUSE AND ONE ACRE.
A fine old homestead at Nyack on the Hudson; fine location, high ground, big trees, electric light, heat, for $6,500. Howard Goldsmith, 63 Park Row, Tel. 2596 Beekman.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.
Attractive houses for sale from $6,000 to $50,000.
ALSO DESIRABLE LOTS for immediate building.
SIMPSON-MERRITT CO.,
Montclair, N. J.
Telephone Montclair 4040.

AVON-BY-THE-SEA.
Bargain; large grounds, garage, Summer and Winter residence; fully furnished, up-to-date; 14 rooms; best built house in borough; newly painted and decorated; one block from ocean; select, wealthy neighborhood; rare chance; quick sale, $16,000 to settle estate. 127 Garfield Av., Avon.

MY HOME for sale; eight-room house, slate roof and shingle, with garage, all improvements; plot, 90x135 feet, with garden, chickens and fruit; one hour from Hoboken; elevation 900 feet; neighborhood very desirable; price $11,000. Y 2044 Times Annex.

COMMUTERS—8 acres, large trout brook, attractive eight-room house, bath, steam heat, electricity; barn, fruit, shade; excellent location. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

CLINTON AV., 273, NEWARK—Bargain; 14-room house, improvements; first-class rooming house; rooms for doctor or dentist vacant. 1102 Broad; Waverly 1150.

J T Mountain Station, South Orange—A ten-room house, all improvements, $12,000, on easy terms. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Phone Gramercy 3163.

SPRINK LAKE, N. J.—Central Ave., 16-room furnished house, garage. Ideal location. Phone Circle 1810.

BARGAINS in houses, Cranford and Westfield. Taylor Construction Company, Cranford, N. J.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

WANTED TO LEASE WITH OPTION OF BUYING.

35,000 TO 50,000 SQUARE FEET IN MODERN SPRINKLERED BUILDING, WITH STEAM PLANT, OR PRIVILEGE OF BUYING STEAM; STATE FULLEST PARTICULARS.

M. BRODSKY & CO., INC.,
101 FIFTH AV., N. Y. C.

WANTED to rent, unfurnished modern house in Riverdale or vicinity, situated near subway and other city railways; 4 bedrooms, 2 baths, maid's room and bath, garage. Box 109, Woodmere, L. I.

SMALL house, 7-8 rooms, for physician; rent about $1,800; east side, between 23d and 90th; electricity if possible. Doctor, 135 East 36th St.

WILL lease 7 or 8 room unfurnished house, Westchester Co., with 2 or 3 baths; garage unnecessary. Address Wm. McDermott, 44 Broad St., New York City.

WANTED, houses, all descriptions, all good locations; immediate action. Call, write, phone. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d.

WILL purchase three-story 16-foot house between Washington Sq. and 72d St., West; state full particulars. A 173 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let

Long Island.

FREEPORT—Furnished cottage, 6 rooms and bath; one-car garage; 15 minutes' walk to station, 3 minutes' walk to beach; available Aug. 3, 1920, to April 15, 1921. Room 708, 55 John St. Beekman 8733.

New Jersey.

ADIRONDACK camp on Big Moose Lake to sublet, because of business emergency, at rental; paid $200 for August; four rooms, kitchen, fireplace, sleeping porch; furnished, ready for occupancy; private sandy beach, boat. Telephone Spring 6080.

Summer Homes Wanted.

WANTED—To let house furnished from Aug.-Sept. 15, vicinity Rockville Centre, Freeport, Baldwin; immediate possession; adult family. Phone particulars, 9474 Chelsea.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE — Sublease beautifully furnished office, corner B'way, telephone; very reasonable. Canal 4442.

5TH AV., 509 (at 42d St.)—Floor, 3,000 sq. ft.; possession arranged. F. J. Gulfoyle & Co., 165 Broadway. Cortlandt 7475.

LOFT to sublet, 2,500 sq. ft.; new building, 16 West 36th St.; no manufacturing; immediate possession. Phone Greeley 2715.

FOR SALE—Furnished office, fully equipped, telephone, etc.; immediate possession. Call Room 420 Park Row Building.

270 FEET office space, 5th Av. and 42d St., $100 month, for legitimate business. Murray Hill 284.

OFFICE—Sublet share; stenographer; phone; central location. 110 West 40th, Suite 603.

DESK ROOM TO LET, $20.
67 West 44th St., Room 27.

LOFTS and stores to let. J. H. Samuels, 6 East 30th.

OFFICE, low rent to purchaser of furniture; phone. 1,416 Broadway, Room 604.

DESK ROOM, $35 per month, stenographer, telephone. 868 5th Av., Suite 2010.

TWO light lofts, 42x46 each, good location in Brooklyn. Phone Chelsea 1220.

DESK room, with desk. Room 631, 22 East 17th St.

SHOWROOM for sale; occupied by dress manufacturer. 38-40 West 33d, Room 612.

BRIGHT, skylight studio, office, reception room, B'way and 43d. Bryant 2251.

42D ST., 141 WEST—Small offices, $600 and up. Steinberg.

LARGE OFFICE, furnished, $75. Room 1106, 45 West 34th.

TWO LOFTS, 137 Grand St.; 38x80; immediate possession. Rhinelander 9837.

DESK room, furnished, corner, airy office. Telephone. Room 605, 109 Broad St.

45TH, 145 WEST—Offices for rent. Inquire 503 World Bldg.; Beekman 8386.

FOUR LOFTS to let, 25x100. 49 Crosby St. Spring 6760.

27TH ST., 43 WEST.—Small office. Room 302. Watkins 5349.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

CHOICE OFFICE, STORAGE and MANUFACTURING SPACE.
Facing Pennsylvania Station and main Post Office, fireproof, 100% sprinklered.
400 to 20,000 Square Feet.
Carrying capacity 240 lbs to square foot; splendid light, continuous steam heat; six passenger, six freight elevators, day and night service; electric light, power 1 cents kilowatt; lowest insurance rate.
SHORT OR LONG TERM LEASES.
Space in same building can also be secured for temporary occupation.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
ALAN EGGERS, Times Building.
Phone Bryant 7185.

FOR RENT.
160 to 1,000 Square Feet.
BEST AND COOLEST OFFICE SPACE IN NEW YORK.
Times Square, overlooking river, harbor and bay; continuous day and night heat and elevator service; furnished or unfurnished; with telephone contract; desirable and responsible tenants only.
ALAN EGGERS.
Phone Bryant 7187.

OFFICES
Light suite of offices; corner building; 5th Av. and 42d St. district.
Let us know your requirements.
FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.
TELEPHONE MURRAY HILL 8513.

OFFICES; SPACE EXCLUSIVE; LOOKING NORTH AND SOUTH ON 5TH AV.; CENTRALLY LOCATED; 250 TO 600 SQUARE FE

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

67TH, 39 WEST—LARGE, BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM, KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE, ELECTRICITY, BATH; REASONABLE.

70TH, 40 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, SHOWER, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; DISHES, LINEN, SILVER; $16 UPWARDS.

70TH, 59 WEST—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, COMPLETE KITCHENETTE, $15 UP; MEDIUM SINGLE ROOMS, $7 UP.

70TH ST., 251 WEST—Double room, owner's residence. Columbus 5459, mornings, evenings.

70TH, 138 WEST—Parlor, large, attractively furnished; running water, electricity; subway express.

71ST, 62 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED LARGE DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE BATH, LAVATORY, SHOWER, ELECTRICITY, TWIN BEDS; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; WEEKLY OR MONTHLY.

71ST, 37 WEST—Cool, attractive rooms; private baths; electricity, cleanliness; Summer rates.

71ST, 45 WEST—Nicely furnished rooms. Phone, electricity, running water; gentlemen only.

72D, WEST—LARGE FRONT ROOM, $12 WEEKLY; HIGH CLASS. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 658.

72D ST., 130 WEST—Attractively furnished large and small rooms; reference.

73D, 244 WEST—Attractive room, one or two gentlemen; electricity; private house.

74TH, 45 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOMS, PRIVATE BATHS, SHOWERS, LAVATORIES; ELECTRICITY; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $10 UP; SINGLE ROOM, $6.

74TH, 41 WEST—LARGE, EXCEPTIONALLY FURNISHED DOOM; COMPLETE KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; BATH, ELECTRICITY

74TH, 3 WEST—Large, small rooms, private bath; exceptional. Harlem House. S 355 Times.

76TH, 327 WEST—Attractively furnished large room, bath, with-without kitchenette privileges.

76TH, 149 WEST—Nicely furnished, newly decorated rooms, electricity, $7, $12, $16.

78TH, 56 WEST—Attractive room with bath, or single; electricity; references.

78TH, 305 WEST—Attractive front basement, kitchenette privileges; furnished or unfurnished.

76TH, 52 WEST—Newly furnished residence; large room; private bath; electricity; $16.

77TH, 124 WEST—Attractive large room, running water, bath adjoining, steam heat.

77TH, 136 WEST—Hot and cold running water; kitchenette privileges; adjoining bath.

77TH, 144 WEST—Large front room; running water; bath adjoining; references essential.

78TH, 256 WEST—Proper house for proper people, proper prices; electricity, running water. Call between 12 and 4.

80TH, 151 WEST—3 rooms, exceptionally clean, comfortably furnished for one or two gentlemen; service, electricity, Victrola, private telephone. Mrs. Johnson.

80TH, 215 WEST—2, 3 front, bright rooms, en suite or separate; suitable for business people; handy.

81ST ST. (Columbus Ave., Hotel Colonial)—Have completed 17 new single rooms, with use of bath, for men; complete hotel service; rates $10 weekly.

81ST, 265 WEST (West End)—Extremely airy room, outside; twin beds if desired; shower; attractive; eighth floor. Pearson.

81TH, 305 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED DOUBLE FRONT ROOM; BATH, ELECTRICITY; KITCHENETTE PRIVILEGE; $12 UP.

84TH, 41 WEST—Beautiful parlor, private bath, electricity; single rooms adjoining bath.

85TH, 58 WEST—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; kitchenette privilege; private bath.

86TH, 172 WEST — Large, well-furnished room, with, without bath; running water.

86TH, 204 WEST—Beautifully furnished suite; high-class non-housekeeping. 8 East.

86TH, 329 WEST—Cheerful room, $12.50; skylight room, $10. Schuyler 6082.

87TH, 48 WEST—LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED DOUBLE ROOM; PRIVATE TILE BATH, LAVATORY; ELECTRICITY; KITCHENTTE PRIVILEGE, DISHES, LINEN.

87TH, 340 WEST—Single room, running water; $8; parlor suite; reasonable; reference.

88TH ST., 335 WEST—Elegant large room, parquet floor, electricity, adjoining bath; gentlemen.

90TH, 148 WEST—Parlor, bedroom, piano; suit one or two. Brindle.

91ST, WEST—Large light room; electricity; phone; small family; $14. Riverside 5157.

92D, 300 WEST—Unusually large room, excellently furnished; private bath; reference.

92D, 50 WEST—Large room with private bath; also single room; references.

93D, 254 WEST—Excellently furnished parlor floor, private residence, bath, telephone; references.

96TH, 151 WEST—Newly furnished, decorated large rooms with private bath; electricity.

97TH, WEST—Comfortable room, private family; $8 weekly or $30 monthly; gentlemen; permanent. Phone Riverside 0780, Mrs. White.

100TH—Bedroom facing Broadway, also small room, near bath. Howard, 2,647 Broadway.

112TH, 542 WEST (6-C)—Room in first-class apartment for gentleman; references.

112TH ST., 553 WEST (Apt. 1-B)—Private family; references exchanged.

113TH, 617 WEST (Apt. 31)—Attractively furnished room, breakfast optional. Cathedral 6465.

115TH, 612 WEST—Nicely furnished, cool single room. Apartment 22.

116TH ST., 438 WEST—Large room, private family; business woman only. Wolfe.

116TH ST., 438 WEST—Large room, private family, business woman only. Wolf.

124TH, 646 WEST—Large double room; business gentleman; adjoins bath; outside corner apartment; reference required. Apt. 41.

125TH ST., 600 WEST—Large outside room, all conveniences; private family; gentlemen preferred. Apt. 43.

144TH, 600 WEST—Large, Hudson view, reasonable, convenient location, gentleman preferred. Turner.

161ST, 581 WEST—Light, airy room, gentlemen; private family; references. Apt. 33.

177TH, 611 WEST—Artistic ivory room, congenial surroundings; telephone. Apt. 56.

179TH, 706 WEST—Comfortable room in apartment of business woman; kitchen privilege; best references; business woman preferred. Hartz.

BROADWAY, 3,415—Nicely furnished room, all improvements; private family; Broadway subway and bus. Apt. 2C.

BROADWAY, 2,647 (100th St.)—Clean, comfortable rooms, modern conveniences; gentlemen only. Robertson.

CLAREMONT AV., 200 (cor. West 127th St.) The Garfield—Neatly furnished, desirable room, gentleman, all modern conveniences, private family; reference. Phone Morningside 4111, Apt. 8, after 7:30 P. M. William H. Jenkins.

CLAREMONT AV., (116th St-Riverside)—Attractive, cool room; private family, Christian; near subway; $10; gentleman only. Tel. Morningside 1338.

LENO XAV., 185—Beautiful parlor floor; all, side entry; hot water, gas stove, electricity; phone; $100.

PENN POST HOTEL AND ANNEX, 8TH AV. AND 31ST ST.

A step to Broadway; opposite Pennsylvania Station and General Post Office; 200 bright, cheerful rooms for men, many facing on wide, airy plaza.

ALSO TURKISH BATH, SELF-SERVICE, 50c. Steam, electricity, shower and tub bath at your convenience. A place you will like. Transients, $1.50 up. Permanent, $8 up. Telephone Chelsea 514.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Hotel Elite)—Every room with bath; telephone, elevator, hotel service, home cooking; catering to individual tastes; now booking for Fall.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 859 (Near 157th)—Nicely furnished front room in private house; Summer rates; subway station. Stephan.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222.—Handsome room, private bath, overlooking Hudson; also desirable housekeeping suite, private bath. Apt. 53.

WEST END AV., 611 (between 89th and 90th)—Beautifully furnished large airy room, with private bath, hot, cold running water, electricity. Telephone Riverside 9618.

WEST END AV., 265—Attractively furnished large private room and bath; also a number of finely furnished small rooms without bath.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

78TH, 24 WEST—Large, light studio, with dressing room, running water, electricity.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

SINGLE sunny room and bath, open fire, for office work and piano; no lessons; not for residence; $100; references required and given. S 409 Times.

BEDROOM, sitting room and bath, meals included, with private family, in quiet, refined surroundings. Telephone Vanderbilt 3007.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 163) — Room with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

BOARD two small children; personal care; state terms; refined trained nurse. Box 1264 Times Bronx.

38TH, 29 EAST—Large room; private bath; also small room.

West Side.)

72D, 269 WEST—Front parlor with bath; English basement, bath; excellent table.

79TH, 114-132 WEST—Wide, parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors, tea-room and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST—Delightfully cool large, small rooms; excellent table; every convenience.

94TH, 147 WEST—Desirable accommodations, 2d front, parlor, dining room; telephone; electricity.

80TH, 143 WEST—Owner offers permanently comfortable rooms, with board; homelike; references.

69TH, 105 WEST—Medium room, adjoining bath; running water; small room; references.

103D, 259 WEST (corner Broadway)—Large, small front rooms, elevator; meals optional; Spanish spoken; Summer rates.

118TH, 149 WEST—Two large connecting rooms, private bath; excellent board; reasonable.

COUNTRY BOARD.

RIVERDALE REST SANITARIUM for invalids, incurable and aged; competent nurses' care; sunny, airy rooms, shady grounds; reasonable rates. 292 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

HADDEN Health Resort, Babylon, N. Y.—Nervous conditions and invalids; out-of-door sports, delightful rooms and large grounds. Box 515, Babylon, N. Y.

TWO beautiful rooms in private cottage, best section of Bradley Beach, N. J.; one block from ocean; splendid bathing; excellent table. Phone (12-2 P. M.) Asbury Park 2447 M.

HADDEN Camp, 25 miles from N. Y.; week-end parties a specialty. Babylon, N. Y., Box 615.

WANTED—Adult boarder on large dairy farm, near trolley; best accommodations; $18 per week. Hedgelawn Farm, Box 16, R. F. D. 2, Great Barrington, Mass.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

COUNTRY BOARD OR HOME WANTED by 3 or 4 adults for balance of Summer in mountains or hills affording opportunity for outdoor sports, including swimming, tennis and riding; either board in private home or small hotel or small cottage or bungalow with woman to take care and cook; bath, with hot and cold water essential. Write full particulars. T 435 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist; neat; one year's experience; $20. D 724 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — High school graduate; several years' experience, particularly in engineering, architectural lines; capable of assuming complete charge office; $35-$40. D 478 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, controlling accounts; capable, reliable; entire charge; excellent references; $35. Box 35, 3,013 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balance; reasonable. Box 924 Times, 2 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge stenography, high school graduate; beginner. Gold, 592 Cleveland St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly expeienced; knowledge of stenography; $30-$32. P. G., 10 Union Square.

BOOKKEEPER—Eight years' experience, best references; $50. Miss Mahler, 34 West 113th.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, trial balance, control; $28. G 917 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, typist, 3 years' experience. Fae Blacksburgh, 360 East 4th.

BOOKKEEPER, 8 years' experience trial balance; $28. D 485 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, desires position; high-school graduate. D 471 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; capable of taking full charge. E 84 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 6 years' experience; can furnish best references; $25. D 464 Times.

CASHIER, experienced; Brooklyn or New York. G 947 Times Downtown.

GIRL, capable, good cook, housewerker; small American family; good reference; city only. Care Spelberg, 122 West 127th.

CLERK—Statistical; operates all calculating machines; $30. K 634 Times Downtown.

COMPANION to lady; educated American, 40; agreeable disposition; good housekeeper, sewer; would travel; camp, city, country; highest references; moderate. D 54 Times.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced; knowledge of bookkeeping and office work. H 326 Times.

ELLIOTT FISHER OPERATOR, experienced, salary $25. W. F., 10 Union Square.

GOVERNESS or lady's companion; French lady, 27, not speaking English, can teach piano, arts, &c., wishes position in refined family; $80. J 437 Times.

GOVERNESS, refined, well educated young woman desires position. D 885 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Educated, refined American, 45; good plain cook; economical, neat housekeeper; city, country; references. D 375 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, managing; daily or resident; thoroughly experienced; English; highest references. G 627 Times Downtown.

LAUNDRESS, white, wishes washing, ironing by day. Write Whitman, 237 West 123d.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR with six years' experience desires position with private concern; salary $30. Write D 626 Times Downtown.

NURSE, undergraduate, capable, trustworthy woman, wishes permanent position caring for invalid or elderly couple. S 702 Times Downtown.

NURSERY GOVERNESS, hospital training, desires position, child under 7. D 476 Times.

OFFICE GIRL, clerical experience; prefer light office work. N 771 Times Downtown.

SEAMSTRESS like work in private home. D 475 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, high school graduate, desires position, mercantile preferred, where intelligence, personality, initiative, ambition are paramount; $35. D 716 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY—Accustomed to relieving busy executive; routine and detail matters; 5 years' stenographic experience; finest references; $30-$35. H 917 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY—Young lady, English, high school graduate, desires position as secretary or companion to elderly lady. Address Stevens, 2,533 7th Av., City.

SECRETARY—Stenographer, expert; refined; highest credentials; $30-$35. K 624 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY with initiative, executive ability and pleasant personality, five years' experience, desires responsible position; can take rapid dictation and transcribe correctly; initial salary $30; unquestionable references. D 466 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, six years' commercial and Government experience; operates dictaphone, switchboard; accurate; $30. Miss H. Greenberg, 45 Rutgers St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian, 4 years' experience; accurate, intelligent; $30. Phone Tremont 4353.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience; knowledge dictaphone, if necessary. Heller, 970 Prospect Av.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, college education; 3 years' experience. A 1024 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER (18), neat and accurate; 1 year's experience; salary $18. D 803 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable and efficient; familiar with office routine; good reference; salary $30. J 451 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, substitute, experienced, efficient; ready to start immediately; $37. D 481 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, about 3 years' experience, wishes position. Miss Fischer, 13 Clinton St.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, competent, reference; $25. G 904 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced substitute; $6 day. Schuyler 6544. Clark, 101 West 76th.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, 8 years' experience, wishes work evenings, 2 or 3 hours. D 302 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' experience, high school graduate; willing worker. N 545 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 2 years' experience; small office, downtown; $22. G 605 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, experienced; $18-$20. D 947 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 5 years' experience; salary $25. G 658 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, Christian; good references; $30. M. D., 250 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, experienced; high school graduate. A 101 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, excellent; 6 years' experience; knowledge of bookkeeping; willing worker; salary $30. B 1085 Times Harlem.

TYPIST—5 years' experience copy and secretarial work, possessing speed, accuracy, efficiency and initiative, desires permanent position with reliable concern; can furnish first-class credentials. A 169 Times.

TYPIST, very rapid and accurate, with some knowledge of stenography, wishes position. C 909 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, 20, three years' experience; will accept $20. G 667 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, high school graduate, with three years' experience, desires stenographic position; good knowledge of bookkeeping and Spanish. D. Fine, 415 Milford St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY desires position as French stenographer; good references. J 421 Times.

YOUNG LADY, college student, desires work, preferably in country. E 83 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Dependable colored servants, experienced, excellent cooks, investigated references, seeking positions; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 59th.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (Agency), 514 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

COOK—Ladies will find us ready to be at their service with many well recommended cooks and other help on hand. Lazare's Agency and Nurses' Registry, 200 East 72d.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants. 2,280 Broadway, cor 82d St.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, COMPTROLLER, broad experience in public and corporation accounting and management, general and cost accounting, systemizing; exceptional record of accomplishment; age 35; American Christian. S 313 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, Pace junior, 8 years' experience, statistical, tabular typewriter, bookkeeper, clerk, desires situation with certified accountant or established firm. Holzer, 585 West 178th St.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited, tax reports, arrangements firms without bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Goldwater, 299 Broadway. Telephone Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT—Books opened, closed, audited; arrangements firms without bookkeeper; moderate fees. Chas. D. Jarow, 40 East 12th St. Telephone Stuyvesant 119.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 35, experienced in general accounting, financial reports, systematizing tax matters; $60. H 814 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-STATICIAN desires work in evenings; preferably work at home; can furnish A1 references. E 87 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced junior, desires connection with accountancy firm; $20. J 419 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 35, auditing, manufacturing, trading; statistical experience; financial statements. E 88 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, certified; formerly Federal tax investigator; diversified experience. C 966 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT-BOOKKEEPER, can handle two or three small accounts; evenings or part time. D 38 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 30, knowledge of bookkeeping, distribution of accounts, costs. A 114 Times.

ARCHITECTURAL DRAFTING—Young man, wishes position as beginner. J 455 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, young man, 25, married; 5 years' experience; first-class all around office man; first-class references. S. L., 867 Southern Boulevard.

BOOKKEEPER, thorough theoretical and practical knowledge accountancy; long experience with large corporations; complete charge; $35. J 420 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years; college education, competent correspondent, stenographer, accountancy student; reliable; $35. S., 950 East 15th St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, three years' experience; evening university accountancy student, desires permanent position with progressive house. D 110 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 26, thorough experience; moderate salary, with advancement. N 772 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 23, thoroughly experienced, wishes position with opportunity. E 79 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 3 years' experience, controlling accounts; accounting student. G 996 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, knowledge of salesmanship, desires position. D 467 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20, high-school graduate, knowledge stenography; experienced. A 1017 Times Harlem.

BUTLER-VALET, single man (white), for gentleman only; excellent cook; familiar with any car; city or country; references. S 1022 Times Annex.

BUTLER—Young man wishes position in private family as butler or useful man; best references. A 147 Times.

BUTLER-VALET—Single man wishes to wait on one or two gentlemen in the morning. P 512 Times.

CLAIM CORRESPONDENT, young man, 24, with executive clerical ability, experienced correspondent in handling express, freight, parcel post and steamship claims. S 277 Times.

CHAUFFEUR; most capable, careful driver and economical in the handling of automobiles; employed as private chauffeur for eight years steady; highest credentials from previous employers; accommodating and dependable; city or country; reasonable salary. M. B., 77 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Swedish, single, wishes position; owner laid up cars; Cadillac; 10 years' experience; expert driver; city, country, go anywhere; willing, reliable, best references. Johnson, 201 West 88th, care Helkman.

CHAUFFEUR, expert on twin six Packard, 27, single, wishes private position; 9 years' experience in private employ; neat appearance; can furnish best of reference. D 465 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position with private family; 14 years' experience, thorough mechanic, careful, capable driver. R. Reisler, 2,334 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3972.

CHAUFFEUR—Owner recommends a careful driver, makes own repairs; any make car. Address S. W., 32 Hawthorne Av., East Orange, N. J.

CHAUFFEUR—Can you use a chauffeur for Saturday afternoons and Sundays? A young man of 22 years of age desires position as private chauffeur. A 1021 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, wants steady position with private family; excellent references. William Quist, 209 East 56th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, nine years' experience best make cars; best personal references. Zimmer, 155 West 86th St.

CHAUFFEUR, would like position driving evenings and Sunday, or anything. B. J. Keenan, 258 Willis Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, wishes a position, private or commercial; 7 years' experience; employed at present. D 109 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, single man (white); any car, city or country; excellent references. S 1023 Times Annex.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, married, 15 years' experience; long references. G. H. C., 106 West 52d St. Tel. Circle 5036.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanician, 12 years' experience; ex-service man; best references. A 170 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mech., wants position; 14 years experience; excellent references. H 413 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, married, any car. Moulton, 148 West 127th, or Morningside 4204.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, Swedish; A1 references private only; Cadillac car preferred. C. Johnson, 489 Columbus Av.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, useful, wishes position in country. D 488 Times.

CHEF, BUTLER, MAID—Japanese couple, wife American, wishes situation, city, country; entire charge; small family. D 480 Times.

CLAIM MAN—30, correspondent, sales ability, industrial experience, familiar with rates, routings, diversions, lighterage and equipment; aggressive, reliable, efficient. D 801 Times Downtown.

COST ACCOUNTANT, manufacturing; overhead; install system; supervise; $40. G 668 Times Downtown.

CREDIT ASSISTANT—Young man, several years' experience collection correspondent, desires connection with reputable house. M 893 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical power plants, piping and machine designing experience, technical education, best references, desires responsible position. A., F. J., 71 Hendrix St., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN, 6 years' general experience plant layout; engineering education. H 412 Times.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER - EXECUTIVE, AGE 38; 15 YEARS' SOLID EMPLOYMENT AND WELFARE EXPERIENCE DURING WAR, WITH DU PONT, 6,000 EMPLOYES; MODERN ORGANIZATION AND EMPLOYMENT METHODS; SPECIALIZED IN JOB STANDARDIZATION AND CLASSIFICATION; PRODUCTION COST AND TURNOVER REDUCED BY PRACTICAL BUSINESS METHODS; AVAILABLE AT ONCE; HIGH-CLASS REFERENCES. X 243T TIMES ANNEX.

EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, 32, married, experienced in modern methods of dealing with labor, graduate of course in employment management conducted by Government, employed at present, seeks change to more progressive organization with unlimited opportunity for results achieved. D 463 Times.

ENGINEER, 35, wishes permanent position; ten years' experience; efficiency, sales and appraisal engineering. J 391 Times.

EXECUTIVE,

aged 29, having just severed connection with one of the largest automobile corporations, employed as traveling auditor and office manager, familiar with all branches of higher accountancy and office systematizing, desires connection with firm where executive ability is essential. E 78 Times.

EXECUTIVE, 32, successfully held positions as office and factory manager, experienced cost accounting, purchasing, sales, desires responsible position with reputable firm where ability and loyalty is required. D 412 Times.

EXECUTIVE, experienced, 31, technical and college graduate; good personality; can handle employment; reputable house desired. D 470 Times.

EXECUTIVE.

Capable man, 32, desires position; 12 years' experience one concern. J 444 Times.

EXECUTIVE, Western representation. Box K, Times, 742 Market Street, San Francisco.

FOREIGN REPRESENTATIVE, 21 years' experience, Spanish-speaking territory, best references, desires side line ladies' cotton waists, men's athletic shirts, hosiery. S. L., 140 Times.

FOREMAN; factory maintenance, construction, repairs on electrical equipment, machinery and carpentry; A1 references. A 1015 Times Harlem.

GARDENER, experienced greenhouse, outside; many years' references; able to take care of gentleman's place. H 415 Times.

JAPANESE student, attending school, wants position light work for gentleman or small family in city. J. H., Apt. 5, 223 Central Park West.

MANAGER, matured, experience, diplomatic, systematic, personality, desires managerial or executive-administrative position in mercantile or other lines; salary $5,000. X 2441 Times Annex.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE.

A capable office manager, thorough accountant and cost system man, with 14 years' experience managing large department, seeks managerial position with big concern, any line. E 85 Times.

OFFICE MAN, competent and experienced, at present in charge of department in fire insurance office, desires to better his position. G 663 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MANAGER—High grade man, experienced in taking charge of large office, desires change. D 477 Times.

PRINTING EXECUTIVE.

A man of broad experience as chief accountant and factory manager of large printing concern and paper manufacturing seeks employment in managerial capacity in similar line; best references. D 479 Times.

PRINTING SUPERINTENDENT, advertising, production in agency, estimator, expert typographer. J 458 Times.

REPRESENTATIVE—Traveling to Utah; can stop over any city en route, transact your business; experienced salesman; age 31; New York University. 512 5th Av.

RENTS COLLECTOR—Man, middle-aged, married, would like to make change; at present employed; experienced in collecting rents, looking after repairs of property for about ten years. H 416 Times.

SALESMAN, with large following among jobbers, wishes to connect with small dress manufacturer or sub-manufacturer of moderate priced line of dresses. J 460 Times.

SALESMAN, with large following among jobbers, wishes to connect with small manufacturer or sub-manufacturer of moderate-priced cloaks and suits. A 174 Times.

SALESMAN;

experienced; manufacturing and jobbing trade; city and traveling; best references; can produce results. A 100 Times.

SALESMAN, 29, specialty, road or city; 6 years' experience; excellent reference; salary or drawing. D 487 Times.

SALESMAN-BUYER—Ten years' experience Madeira linens; wishes to connect with fancy linen house. D 417 Times.

SALESMAN, Pacific Coast, wants men's soft hat line that retails $4, $5 and $6; have established trade. J 456 Times.

SALESMAN, three years' experience, wishes position with reliable concern. D 403 Times.

SALESMAN-CHAUFFEUR, 23, experienced, with best references, desires position. E 90 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, food products or other line, Albany territory. A 1025 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY-CORRESPONDENT, 30 years of age, college education, knowledge of accounting and over 10 years' experience in sales, treasury and executive offices of large corporation, desires position with future in New York or elsewhere where loyal and efficient services and good working conditions and salary will be mutually appreciated. X 2421 Times Annex.

SECRETARY, 7 YEARS' BUSINESS EXPERIENCE; CAN FURNISH EXCELLENT REFERENCES; INITIAL SALARY SECONDARY PROVIDED OPPORTUNITY IS BRIGHT. A 153 TIMES.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER, expert, good knowledge accounting, seeks evening work. H 414 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, competent, experienced, wishes employment part time or evenings. G 645 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST, 18, reliable, experienced, desires connection with firm offering opportunity for advancement; references. G 637, Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, Spanish, French; export experience; best references. D 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Court Reporter, desires temporary position for whole or any part of August; $8 day. D 438 Times.

SUCCESSFUL SALESMAN

desires to locate in Boston with high-class concern; 7 years' selling experience and can produce results; at present district sales manager for large Boston company; will change line for firm who has the goods or service, and who need a man fully capable of handling big business; interview at Boston. A 175 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT CONSTRUCTION — Licensed architect; member American Institute Architects; university education; 10 years' experience. D 143 Times.

TRANSLATOR—High school graduate; English and Spanish. Box 714, Hotel America.

YOUNG MAN, 30, wishes position in statistical, credit or legal department; has had complete charge correspondence; salary secondary to opportunity. G 975 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Englishman, college education, wants position where ability, energy and capacity for work will insure advancement. Goring, care Baltic Dist. Corp., 440 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN, 25, technical education, wishes position where five years' practical shop experience be utilized; good writer; attends college evenings. C 965 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, 5 years' experience as machinist, desires position with future, where knowledge of the trade is useful. Vogt, 607 Seneca Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires connection with enterprising wholesale concern in sales department; A1 references. D 830 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, technical graduate, experienced, desires position with building contractor, steel detailing or designing. J 368 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, well educated, desires position assuring advancement, working along salesmanship lines preferred. A 1016 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24; accounting knowledge; stock record ledgers; general office routine; supervisory capabilities. D 818 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wants first-class article to handle exclusively on road far west as Omaha; leave Aug. 5; salary and commission; no road expenses. E 81 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, seeks position with advancement; knowledge bookkeeping, stenography, typing; 3 years' experience. G 611 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN (27), following, experience selling, credits, bookkeeping and typewriting; good automobile driver; highest credentials. D 486 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, 6 years general office experience, desires position. K 630 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, Japanese, excellent cook, butler or general housework in small family; reference. J 426 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, desires position with reliable concern with good chances of advancement. J 365 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, quick and accurate at figures, wishes position with chance for advancement. A 1259 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 28, wishes position for evenings, also for Saturdays and Sundays; best references. D 473 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, technical education, desires position with commercial art firm. Morris Hoeflich, 202 2d St.

YOUNG MAN, American, 24, desires position with reliable concern; chance of advancement. Box 852, 1,104 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, experienced salesman and collector, also thorough bookkeeper, wishes position all or part outside. D 459 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college and law school graduate, speaking French fluently, desires work in business house. D 472 Times.

YOUNG MAN (18); experience stock clerk; reliable worker; salary $18; excellent reference. A 1022 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, age 22, would like position with growing firm. Write D. M., 402 West 42d St.

YOUNG COLLEGE MAN, 23, desires position at anything, evenings. J 364 Times.

YOUNG MAN, to learn mercantile business; salary no object. H 316 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes to learn export or shipping business. H 317 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN desires responsible position with manufacturing concern; has had 6 years' experience in all branches of manufacturing, 1 year as acting manager and the last year as general manager; will be ready to accept position about Aug. 20. X 2440 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 35 years of age, located Chicago, desires to represent reputable house in West; 17 years' experience buying and selling woolens; would like to connect with read-to-wear house or woolen concern; can supply references; will travel. D 182 Times.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—One year's experience necessary; good penman, splendid opportunity; state age, education, salary desired. S 335 Times.

ASSISTANT CASHIER wanted, large downtown insurance office. Reply, giving age, experience and salary desired, D 813 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT wanted in circularizing and multigraphing department of Wall St. house; state age, experience and expectations. Address S. A., Box 822, City Hall Station, New York.

ASSISTANT—Dental office, wanted, for all around assistant; highest class; full particulars. Y 2045 Times Annex.

BILL CLERK,

experienced on Remington-Wahl billing machine; quick and accurate; good salary, with advancement. Apply Employment Department, Union News Co., 105 Reade St., New York.

BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR (Moon-Hopkins) wanted for straight billing; salary, $23. S 398 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, YOUNG LADY, HAVING EXPERIENCE IN DOUBLE ENTRY WORK ON LOOSE-LEAF AND CARD INDEX SYSTEM, IN OFFICE OF LARGE PUBLISHING HOUSE; MUST WRITE GOOD HAND, BE CAREFUL, PAINSTAKING AND CAPABLE OF HANDLING DETAIL WORK; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR PROMOTION; REFERENCES AS TO EXPERIENCE, (2) AGE, (3) NATIONALITY. (4) REFERENCES. OTHERWISE APPLICATION WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED. ADDRESS, MANAGER, P. O. BOX 1117, CITY HALL STATION, NEW YORK.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT.

EXPERIENCED YOUNG LADY TO DO BILLING ON TYPEWRITER AND ASSIST IN BOOKKEEPING DEPARTMENT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT IS OFFERED TO A CAPABLE YOUNG LADY. UNITED WIRE STEEL CO., 437 11TH AV., NEAR 36TH ST.

BOOKKEEPER, with knowledge of typewriting and stenography; experienced in manufacturing line; must understand controlling account thoroughly, take off trial balance; excellent opportunity for right party. Pan-American, 12 West 21st St.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; must be able to take complete charge; salary commensurate with ability; exceptional opportunity for right party; apply in own handwriting. S 703 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST, STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED; GOOD SALARY; MUST BE ABLE TO HANDLE ENTIRE GENERAL OFFICE WORK. JEANETTE DOLL, INC., 684 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, must also be a stenographer, in office of manufacturer, located in Hoboken, N. J.; state salary expected and references. Box 405, 209 Cable Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER—Thoroughly experienced double entry bookkeeper and stenographer for real estate office; state experience, salary desired. White Domestic Realty Co., 88 W. 31st.

BOOKKEEPER—Young lady, experienced and knowledge of stenography, for dress house; previous experience essential; good position for right party. X 2478 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, also competent stenographer; state experience and salary; good position for the right party. Kaiser & Co., 343 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, LEDGER CLERK; FULLY COMPETENT; GOOD PENMAN. LORIMIER GREENBAUM, 804 BROADWAY.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER; must have wide experience. Call or write. I. Dorfman & Son, 269 South St.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; must be experienced; references required, Apply A. H. Weiss, 105 West 40th.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, take full charge of office. Square Garment, 1,193 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable of taking charge of office. E. & J. Weinberg, 43 West 24th.

BOOKKEEPER

wanted, experienced, good penman. Call Blumenthal & Sugarman, 89 West 29th.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, well experienced; must be systematic. Polonaise Dress Co., 111 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER, competent young lady; knowledge of stenography; capable of taking care of small office. X2,492 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced. Andrew Di Causi, 210 East 97th St.

BOOKKEEPER and billing clerk; must have references. A 2000 Times Annex.

CASHIER, THOROUGHL

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

	Per Agate Line.
Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	
Agents Wanted	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	55c
Automobile Exchange	60c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Country Board	55c
Employment Agencies	60c
For Sale	60c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	50c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	55c
Mortgage Loans	60c
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For insertion in the Sunday edition, Real Estate display advertisements must be received in the Times Building by 6 P. M. Friday. All other classified announcements by 12 o'clock noon Saturday.

For insertion in the daily edition, classified advertisements must be received by 5 P. M. on the day preceding insertion.

HELP WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHERS.
TWO
EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS
IN BUYING OFFICES
OF THIS ORGANIZATION.
GOOD PAY
TO START. OPPORTUNITIES
FOR THE FUTURE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON STREET,
BROOKLYN,
NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER.

POSITION IN BLOOMFIELD, N. J., IN THE INDUSTRIAL CONTROL ENGINEERING DEPT. TO A COMPETENT STENOGRAPHER PERMANENCY WITH ADVANCEMENT CAN BE ASSURED; IF UNABLE TO CALL, APPLY BY LETTER, GIVING AGE, NATIONALITY AND EXPERIENCE IN FULL. CALL OR ADDRESS
EMPLOYMENT DEP'T.,
SPRAGUE ELECTRIC WORKS,
BLOOMFIELD, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.

Unusual opening for good beginner or one with few months' experience in large industrial concern; hours 9 to 5, half day Saturday; fine chance for promotion and advancement. Write, stating qualifications, P. O. Box 19, Madison Square Station, New York.

STENOGRAPHER,
Competent and experienced, for large cotton converting house; exceptional opportunity for one possessing initiative. Call or write M. Lowenstein & Sons, 40 West 23d.

STENOGRAPHER—We want young lady who is business like, capable, and who can write an intelligent letter; congenial surroundings; Christian concern; permanent position; answer in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected at beginning. F. H. 618 Times.

STENOGRAPHER wanted who has had a thorough real estate business training; must be familiar with the routine of management of business properties, preparation of leases; prefer some one now employed in real estate office. Reply, stating age, experience and salary desired, S 352 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 20-25, for secretarial duty as assistant to President of a large wholesale house; excellent opportunity for bright and ambitious girl; salary to start $20-$25; address in your own handwriting, giving age, experience and reference. S 700 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS
wanted for permanent positions with large export-import house; must have high school education and secretarial qualifications and will pay accordingly; write fully stating religion, education, experience and salary expected. D 821 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS.
Two thoroughly efficient young women desired by downtown corporation; pleasant surroundings; hours 9 to 5; state age; religion; experience in detail and salary desired. Box R. L. 647 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Well educated, experienced young woman, preferably with advertising experience, who can appreciate refined surroundings, wanted by high-class advertising concern; to start, $25. S 333 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Refined young woman in office of large corporation; accuracy and neatness more essential than speed; good opportunity. Apply Mr. Judt, Pratt Dispatching Department, Pier 9, North River, New York.

STENOGRAPHER.
High type of American girl familiar with office detail wanted for good position; attractive salary. Apply early Monday morning, Room 926, 47 West 34th St., or phone Fitzroy 659.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted immediately by large manufacturing concern in uptown executive offices; salary $20-$25. Bateman and Companies, Inc., 347 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, YOUNG LADY OF GOOD PERSONALITY, KNOWLEDGE OF FILING AND GENERAL OFFICE WORK. APPLY CONSOLIDATED WAFER CO., 515 KENT AV., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER,
capable and efficient; downtown corporation; pleasant office; salary $27; state experience in detail, age and religion. L. R., 619 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and competent, Christian firm, for month of August and if satisfactory permanent; salary $25 to start. Call Monday, Room 1719, 299 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER,
Competent, downtown corporation; hours 9 to 5; pleasant surroundings; salary $30; state age, religion and experience in detail. F. M. 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER — Large manufacturing concern wants young lady who is capable and energetic for permanent work; please state experience, age and salary expected. V 856 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, also clerical worker in Wall St. cotton house; ambitious party wanted; good education required; state age, religion, experience and salary expected. S 698 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS—Numerous permanent positions open for stenographers; salaries range from $20-$30 depending upon experience. Apply Employment Dept., Room 612, 253 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER,
capable and efficient, downtown corporation; pleasant office; salary $27; state experience in detail, age and religion. S 676 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French-English, by large export concern; quick, accurate, competent; very good salary; permanent; state age, experience and telephone. V 799 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, to work export office; salary $18. Philip Valk, 309 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian firm; small office. E. Braunsdorf, 430 E. 83d. Telephone Plaza 1386.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, reliable, neat appearance. Revillon Freres, 28 West 55th.

STENOGRAPHER wanted; experienced only need apply. Levitt & Co., 22 West 23d.

STOCK CLERK—BRIGHT YOUNG LADY TO TAKE CHARGE OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES IN WAIST FACTORY; PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE ESSENTIAL; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. ALFRED STERN & CO., 30 EAST 23D.

STOCK GIRLS
TO ASSIST MODELS IN SHOWROOM; LARGE DRESS HOUSE.
M. & H. RENTNER,
2 WEST 33D. ST.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and STENOGRAPHER with Wall St. experience; references. Phone Broad 5924.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS
for first class hotel; straight hours; good wages to start. Apply either supervisor Hotel Commodore, Room 2800, 42d St. and Lexington Av., or Employment Dept., 447 Lexington Av., at 45th St.

TELEPHONE OPERATOR with knowledge of filing of orders and correspondence; small switchboard; Christian firm; salary $75 monthly; apply in own handwriting. X 3422 Times Annex.

TYPIST.
Experienced, quick and accurate, downtown corporation, permanent position; salary $23; state experience in detail, age and religion. M. F. 612 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, rapid, able to use dictaphone; sales office in Manhattan; opportunity to grow with new department of large company; state age, experience and salary expected. Address T 469 Times.

TYPIST wanted by large import-export house; write fully, stating religion, education, experience and salary expected. D 819 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Must be accurate, rapid and experienced; good chance to learn dictaphone; state age, experience, salary. V 807 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—Oliver No. 9; Christian firm; beginner. Call today, 12 to 1, Room 302, Flatiron Bldg.

TYPIST, rapid, accurate; knowledge switchboard and filing. W. H. Long & Co., 244 Canal St.

TYPISTS, experienced insurance company; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

TYPISTS.
RAPID UNDERWOOD OPERATORS.
SAMSTAG & HILDER BROS.,
1,200 BROADWAY, AT 29TH ST.

WOMEN,
21-35 YEARS OF AGE
FOR
NIGHT WORK
AS
TELEPHONE OPERATORS.
HOURS 9:30 P. M. TO 7:00 A. M.

Opportunity to earn $90 to $100 a month in six months.

$18 a week in two weeks when assigned to night hours; $15 a week during instruction in the day time.

Rapid advancement.

Higher salaries for more responsible positions.

If interested call at

1,158 Broadway, New York City.
(Cor. 27th St.)

or telephone Madison Square 12000.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

WOMAN.
A refined, cultured and healthy middle-aged woman to assist in care of four children, ages 9 to 2; position not to be considered that of a domestic, but one of mother's assistants; three servants kept at all times; comfortable home, city and country; good opportunity for right person; state religion, salary desired; give at least three references; answer by mail. E 82 Times.

WOMEN—LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHERS AND TYPISTS; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING RELIGION, AND SALARY DESIRED. V 862 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG LADY for permanent position in filing department in large professional office; state nat., education, experience (if any) and salary desired. V 872 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY in office of large manufacturing concern to wait on customers; previous experience required; must write clear hand; salary $14 to start. G 657 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY, refined, to operate small switchboard and do typing; Christian firm; silk importers. Reply, giving salary and full particulars, S 872 Times.

YOUNG LADY to do clerical work in office of large manufacturing concern; must write clear hand; salary $14 to start. G 656 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for general clerical work; good at figures; opportunity for advancement; state salary, experience and age. R. H., 942 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY for office work; must be accurate at figures, with knowledge of stenography. Box 462, 209 Cable Building.

YOUNG LADY wanted, bright, to assist in resident buying office; steady position. 320 5th Av., room 404.

WOMAN of refinement to act as assistant and cashier in dining room, during vacation season with opportunity of permanent position; must come well recommended; apply, stating age, previous experience and salary expected. X 2485 Times Annex.

YOUNG WOMAN who is interested in cafeteria work, to supervise a dining room operated for employes of a large company; one with domestic science training or practical experience preferred; advancement. Address, stating age, experience and salary expected, S 687 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY,
experienced bill clerk, on Underwood machine; clerks in office of large insurance company; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

YOUNG WOMAN required by large insurance office downtown as assistant bookkeeper; give experience and state salary required. D 813 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMEN for positions as clerks and file clerks in office of large insurance company; experience unnecessary; good chance for advancement. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, N. Y. C.

BURROUGHS

FIFTY experienced calculating machine operators needed at once.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE CO.,
217 Broadway, Room 607,
(Cor. Vesey St.)

Instruction.

HOW TO GET A POSITION
YOU'LL BE PROUD OF.
In one month we will prepare you for a good position as file clerk and place you. You'll know thoroughly all up-to-date filing systems, indexing, cataloging, &c. You'll get good pay and real responsibility. Come in and see us over. Classes now forming. Write for catalog.
NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL
FOR FILING,
125 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6619.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING.
PRATT SCHOOL, 54 WEST 45TH ST.
Registered by Board of Regents; individual instruction; must be over 18 years old; advanced registration and references required.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL,
543-544 5th Av. (45th St.).
The oldest and pre-eminently the most successful; prepares for and obtains excellent secretarial positions. Write for Catalogue 9.

COME ANY MINUTE after 5 P. M. for secretarial, bookkeeping, English, accounting. Phone Bookman 2725. Night-Day. Booklet. Drake Business School, Trouné Bldg.

$25-$75 WEEK through Prof. Rohrer's Hair-dress, Manicure, Face, Electric Scalp and Beauty School, 119 West 42d St. Pamphlet.

Employment Agencies.

ESTABLISHED 1897.
GAHAGAN AGENCY, 256 BROADWAY.
F. M. I. King, Mgr.

STENOGRAPHERS—Now is the time, when so many stenographers are substituting, to take advantage of the numerous opportunities offered by the best concerns to stenographers seeking permanent positions.

We have permanent openings in banking, brokerage, steel, export, legal, commission, $30-$35; practically all lines, $22-$30; many opportunities for beginners, $15-$22; typists, $20-$25; bookkeeper, $35; Burroughs adding machine operators, $20; switchboard operators, $20; office assistants, $15-$22.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

BROWN EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
200 BROADWAY, ROOM 209.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPISTS	$35
BOOKKEEPING OPERATORS	$25-$35
STENOGRAPHERS	$20-$35
FILE CLERKS	$16-$20
TYPISTS	$15-$20
GENERAL CLERKS	$15-$20

Splendid opportunities for college girls.

ASSOCIATED SERVICES,
1,482 B'WAY (TIMES SQUARE).
"An Employment Service That Serves
Best New York Concerns"
Book'p'r-Ledger Clerks, Steno'rs, Clerks.
NO REGISTRATION FEE.

OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY,

Downtown Office,	Uptown Office,
16 John St.	103 Park Av.

Many high grade listings at both offices for secretaries, stenographers, clerks, typists, switchboard operators, &c.

CORINNE BUSH AGENCY,
200 Broadway, Room 315.
Stenographers, typists, file clerks and girl graduates of grammar school for various positions and key punchers. NOW OPEN.

CYNTHIA WARD'S AGENCY,
110 WEST 40TH. BRYANT 7378.
Splendid opportunities for particular business people. "Service of and for better sort."

FULTON AGENCY, 56 Nassau St.—Stenographer, $35-$18; substitutes (100), $5-$6 day; typists, clerks, many beginners wanted; bookkeepers, &c. Register free.

LAMB'S AGENCY,
111 NASSAU ST.
Stenographers, $30-$15; typists, office assistants, other openings.

ALERT AGENCY, 489 5th Av.—Registar free; stenographers, bookkeepers, typists, billing clerks, switchboards, substitutes; $16-$30.

STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS — Numerous positions; free registration. Van Tyn Agency, 1 West 34th.

ACCOUNTANTS, semi-seniors, seniors, on permanent staff of certified public accountants; no students or bookkeepers without public accounting experience need apply; state age, education, experience, references, salary. J 454 Times.

ACCOUNTANT and head credit man wanted for private ledger work in a large manufacturing plant; must be thoroughly competent, experienced and recommended. S 886 Times.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR.
A salesman with personality, push and "pep" is wanted on our sales staff; to such a man, who is not daunted by the busy man's "no," we offer an opportunity for earnings above the ordinary; drawing account and commission; please DO NOT waste our time nor yours if you have not been selling display advertising on a newspaper or trade paper for at least the two past years. Mr. Saul Brown, Advertising Manager, Daily Garment News, 281 5th Av.

ADVERTISING COPY MAN
for service department daily trade paper; must be able to make attractive layouts and write selling copy; familiarity with ready-to-wear an advantage. See Mr. Brown, Advertising Manager, Daily Garment News, 281 5th Av.

ASSISTANT MAIL SALES MANAGER.
I am looking for a real assistant. I want a young man, 25-30, who has had experience in advertising, selling to the retail dealers and also some experience on the inside of a sales department.
This young man's job will be to sell our product by mail to dealers in small towns. He must do intensive dealer cultivation work and must know how to write good sales letter.
He must also know something about the fundamental principles of mail order selling and have a knowledge of the mechanics of advertising.
Write in detail, giving an outline of your experience and your ideas as to salary. Do not apply in person. Give telephone number.
WM. A. HERSEY,
Manager Mail Sales Dept.,
ROBT. H. INGERSOLL & BRO.,
315 4TH AV.

ASSISTANT for foreign exchange department of large banking institution on Wall St.; 25 to 35 years of age, good education, knowledge foreign languages, foreign trade experience here and abroad; salary to start about $2,000 to $3,000; possibilities limited by ability only; state briefly fullest details. Address V. B., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

ASSISTANT MANAGERS.
Wanted, by out-of-town retail specialty cloak and suit shop, two young men to assist with management; must have some experience. Apply Tuesday or Wednesday, before 10 A. M., fifth floor, 35 West 31st St., City.

ASSISTANT PORTER, silk commission house; references required. W. M. Alford & Sons, 461 4th Av.

ASSISTANT STOCK RECORD CLERK, automobile accessories; must have experience. S 342 Times.

ASSISTANT PORTER — Silk commission house; references required. W. M. Alford & Sons, 461 4th Av.

AUTOMOBILE MECHANICS, four good men, who can do motor and rear end work. Apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

AUTOMOBILE WASHER—First class man, no night work. Apply Mr. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

BILLING MACHINE OPERATOR (Moon-Hopkins) wanted for straight billing; salary $23. S 394 Times.

BINDERY FOREMAN.
One who has thorough knowledge of bindery, leathers and ruling; must be young and ambitious; references. V 985 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPERS
wanted by large import and export concern, two or three bright, active young bookkeepers who are looking for an opportunity to make a career in this line of business; age 21 to 27, with two or three years' bookkeeping experience; none but live wires need apply; initial salary $100 to $125, with fine prospects depending on ability demonstrated; give full details of education and experience in own handwriting. V 852 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, must also be a stenographer, in office of manufacturer, located in Hoboken, N. J.; state salary expected and references. Box 405, 209 Cable Building.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER, in law office, capable bookkeeper and cashier, splendid opportunity for right man; state age, experience and salary expected. C 899 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and cashier, shoe machinery business, to take full charge double entry; monthly trial balance; bonded for $2,000; salary to start $35. H 202 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER or assistant for a Wall Street bank; good opportunity for one who is ambitious; state salary, schooling and experience. S 706 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager, knowledge wholesale paper business; state age, salary, previous experience. Box 18, 1,598 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, for well-known Broadway bank. Apply by letter only, stating age, references and salary expected. Reply to Bank, D 135 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, experienced controlling account; permanent; salary $30 week. D 484 Times.

BOOKKEEPER to take charge of office cloak and suit house; salary to start $25; opportunity for advancement. S 402 Times.

BOY—Old established firm of international merchants, with downtown office, have opening for boy of 16 or 17; must be bright, energetic and of good education; excellent opportunity for ambitious boy. Apply, giving full particulars and references, G 665 Times Downtown.

BOY for permanent position with large import, export house; write fully, stating age, religion, education, experience and salary expected. D 820 Times Downtown.

BOYS wanted (2) for office work and errands; one for vacation period and one for permanent position. Call Rector 9640, Mr. Taylor, for appointment.

BOYS—14-16 YEARS, IN SHOWROOM LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. C., M. & J., 8 EAST 22D.

BOY, good common school education, will have opportunity to learn trade reporting. Editor Financial America, 58 Stone St.

BOYS wanted to work in newspaper office; hours 6 P. M. to 1 A. M. Apply third floor, 229 West 43d St., after 5 o'clock.

BOY, intelligent, direct from school preferred, for silk dept. wholesale house; good chance for advancement. J 380 Times.

BOY wanted in merchandise department of cotton goods export house; Christian firm. Call 329 Broadway.

BOY, high school, under 18, for office work; neat, living with parents; highest character references required. H 313 Times.

BOY for office, ambitious; good opportunity for advancement. Daum-Rogers-Spritzer Co., 901 Broadway.

BOYS—Learn carpet and wallpaper designing; bring drawings. Fauser, 373 4th Av.

CABLE CLERKS—For foreign department of large Wall St. bank; good opportunities for intelligent, industrious young men, who have some knowledge of coding and decoding; also several vacancies for young men without cable experience; apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience and salary expected. Address T. H., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

CHAUFFEUR, white, a careful driver and experienced mechanic, in private family; only those who can give satisfactory reference as to character and ability need apply. Address Chauffeur, Room 318, 17 State St., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman leaving town desires to place his chauffeur; excellent driver; city or country; honest, reliable; good mechanic; makes repairs; now driving Pierce car. Telephone 127 Rye, or 6851 Stuy.

CHAUFFEUR on truck; must be long experienced and know suburban roads; good mechanician; sterling references required; good salary to conscientious man. S 704 Times Downtown.

CHEMICALS — INDUSTRIAL AND DYE STUFFS DEPARTMENT HEAD FOR EXPORT AND IMPORT HOUSE REPRESENTING VERY LARGE INTERESTS ABROAD; ONLY THOSE OF THE HIGHEST QUALIFICATIONS NEED APPLY. ADDRESS IN CONFIDENCE H 806 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DRAUGHTSMAN,
EXPERIENCED ON THE DESIGN OF SPECIAL TOOLS, JIGS, FIXTURES AND FAIR KNOWLEDGE OF MACHINE DESIGNS; PREFER A MAN WITH AT LEAST FOUR YEARS' ACTUAL EXPERIENCE.
APPLY OR WRITE TO
MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. & HALL STS., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMEN, MECHANICAL,
experienced in layout of piping system; state age, experience and salary desired; permanent position; opportunity for advancement. S 609 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN experienced ship draftsman, thoroughly familiar with hull construction; salary basis. Write age, experience and salary expected to Tank Shipbuilding Corporation, Newburgh, N. Y.

DRAFTSMEN—Two mechanical draftsmen one familiar with pipe layout work and one for mechanical detail work. Apply Mr. Brice, 16th floor, 440 4th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

DRAFTSMEN.

FIRST-CLASS MACHINE AND TOOL DESIGNERS; LARGE MANUFACTURING PLANT; GOOD SALARY; PERMANENT POSITIONS.

AMERICAN EVER-READY WORKS
of the
NATIONAL CARBON CO.,
THOMSON AV. AND ORTON ST.,
LONG ISLAND CITY.

DRAFTSMAN for patent drawing; must be fast worker, have had experience on patent drawings and be familiar with general machine design; position open Sept. 1, downtown, New York. Write, giving age, references, past work and salary expected. X 2429 Times Annex.

DRAFTSMAN, with experience on medium sized automatic machinery; man with shop experience preferred; permanent position; location near 14th St., Hoboken; state age, nationality, experience and salary desired. Write R, D., 61 2d St., Hoboken.

DRAFTSMEN — Neat and accurate draftsmen, experienced on typewriters, adding machines or similar work; state experience and salary. S 836 Times.

DRUGGIST OR M. D., GOOD GERMAN CORRESPONDENT; HIGH SALARY, EASY HOURS. A 111 TIMES.

ELECTRICIANS' HELPERS—A limited number of positions are open to energetic young men with one or two years mechanical or electrical experience, to learn electrical construction work; state age, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 858 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICIANS.
Experienced men for generating and substation construction work; state age, experience, nationality, wages expected and previous employers. V 857 Times Downtown.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR, NIGHT WORK, DURING VACATION SEASON; WRITE STATING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY EXPECTED. X 2464 TIMES ANNEX.

EXECUTIVE—FINANCIAL; OFFICE MANAGEMENT AND DETAIL; THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT WITH FOREIGN CREDITS AND GENERAL DETAIL OF EXPORT AND IMPORT; ONLY THOSE OF HIGHEST QUALIFICATIONS NEED APPLY. ADDRESS IN CONFIDENCE H 807 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

EXPORT CLERKS—Several vacancies for young men with experience in export houses, familiar with shipping documents, in foreign department of large downtown bank; good opportunity for intelligent, industrious young men; apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience and salary expected. Address T. D., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

FILING and material clerk in railway office; one who is not afraid of work where there is chance for advancement; give references in reply. S 1027 Times Annex.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC MAN with good knowledge freight rates, &c.; give full details first letter. S 604 Times Downtown.

HELPERS
IN SHIPPING DEPARTMENT;
young men, 17-20; useful assistants.
ADDRESS USEFUL,
1626 St. James Bldg.

IMPORT CLERKS—Several vacancies for young men with experience in import business, familiar with documents, in foreign department of downtown bank; good opportunity for intelligent, industrious young men. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, education, experience and salary expected. Address W. A., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station, New York City.

JEWELER—A1 first-class platinum jeweler, permanent job for good man; state whether combined jeweler and stone setter, or separate; must be first class; $65 per week to start; state age, experience, &c., first letter. Sanders Rones Mfg. Jeweler, Box 679, Tulsa, Okla.

LABORERS wanted; wages $4 a day. Apply to Woodlawn Cemetery, 233d St. and Webster Av.

LOCOMOTIVE MACHINISTS AND BOILER-MAKERS
for N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.
85 cents per hour. Apply General Foreman, Maybrook, N. Y.; East Hartford and Cedar Hill (New Haven), Conn. Engine Houses.

MAN—One of the largest wearing apparel concerns in the country requires the services of a man to take complete charge of shipping department; must be thoroughly experienced and above all, must be able to handle a large force of men; a good salary, an excellent future is offered to the successful applicant; write, stating past record. Box P 712, 341 5th Av.

MAN FOR SHIPPING FLOOR.
STRONG AND WILLING WORKER.
CALL 642 WEST 30TH.

MAN, middle-aged; to work in wholesale export drug house, either as porter or packer; steady job. Apply 6 De Peyster St.

MANAGER,
thoroughly competent take charge of infants' and underwear store; good salary and commission; answer by letter. I. Berger, Broadway, at 149th St. Stores.

MECHANICAL DESIGNERS wanted, experienced, familiar with small machine design similar to adding machines and typewriters; write, stating age, salary and references. D. Lake, care Tabulating Machine Company, Endicott, New York.

MECHANIC, EXPERIMENTAL
First-class man on gauges, model or experimental work; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply before 12.
POWERS ACCOUNTING MACHINE,
365 PARK AV., BROOKLYN.

MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN for work in city, who speaks Italian or French, Italian preferred. Apply Room 3656, 120 Broadway.

MECHANICAL or industrial engineer; appraisal experience desirable; exceptional opportunity; write, stating salary. M. Ferry 1001, 27 Cedar St., N. Y.

MILLING MACHINE HANDS.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR MEN WHO CAN SET UP THEIR OWN WORK; 48-HOUR SHOP, WITH ALL MODERN CONDITIONS; DAY WORK IN PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT; WILL BE REQUIRED TO WORK FROM BLUE PRINTS. APPLY 8:30 TO 3.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
PARK AV. AND HALL ST., BROOKLYN.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR,
EXPERIENCED ADVERTISING DEPT.
AJAX RUBBER CO.,
220 WEST 57TH ST.

OFFICE MANAGER, correspondent, accountancy knowledge, to take complete charge. Brakow, 119 West 25th St.

PACKER AND SHIPPER WANTED BY LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; ONE HANDY WITH TOOLS; STEADY POSITION. ADDRESS SILKS, C. L., 214 TIMES.

PACKER—ONE WHO CAN PACK TOILET PREPARATION; GOOD SALARY; PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS. HARRIET HUBBARD AYER, 628 EAST 34TH ST.

PLATFORM MEN,
WEIGHMASTERS
AND VEHICLE HELPERS.
POSITIONS OPEN FOR WORK
IN NEW YORK, NEW JERSEY,
HOBOKEN OR LONG ISLAND CITY.
GOOD PAY.
RAPID ADVANCEMENT.
AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS,
67 MADISON AV., N. Y.

PRINTING.
Monotype caster man for printing establishment doing high grade work; steady work, good salary to the right man. Reply, stating references and previous experience, B. C., 261 Times.

RECEIVING TELLER to take full charge of cage. Progress Bank of New York, 119 Av. A.

REPRESENTATIVES for business school; reliable; liberal commission. Tremont 2808, 8-9 P. M.

RUBBER STAMP MAKER for moulding, vulcanizing and mounting; state age and experience. Taylor Bros., 706 West Superior, Cleveland, Ohio.

SALESMAN for high-grade ladies' tailored and trimmed hats; experienced only; good opportunity for right party; drawing and commission. Box 445, 209 Cable Building.

SALESMEN—The best rubber stock proposition, with leads; good commission. Kremer Solid Air Tire Corporation, 1,600 Broadway.

SALESMEN — STEADY POSITION FOR THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED CLOTHING MEN. WALLACH BROS., BROADWAY AND 29TH.

SALESMAN and collector, experienced, for publishers; salary and commission. Call 9 to 10 A. M., Room 314, 45 Academy St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN—Excellent side line kimonos, bath robes, &c.; prices right; easy $100 added weekly to income; commission basis. Write Cohen & Yohanan, 104 Allen St.

SALESMAN, shoe line, to sell fast slippers as side line, outside New York; commission basis. The Lightwear Slipper Co., 224 Stanton St., New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN,
INDUSTRIAL STOCK.

WE HAVE AN OPENING FOR TWO MEN WITH ABILITY, NERVE AND AMBITION; MEN WHO ASPIRE TO BETTER THEIR CONDITION IN LIFE AND ARE WILLING TO REPORT FOR WORK AT 9 A. M. AND WORK AT LEAST SEVEN HOURS A DAY; LARGE COMMISSIONS; INDUSTRIAL AND SUCCESSFUL GOING CONCERN. PHONE MR. MARTIN, MONDAY OR TUESDAY, VANDERBILT 9570, BETWEEN 10 AND 12, OR CALL AT 15 EAST 40TH ST., ROOM 707.

SALESMAN WANTED, EXPERIENCED, TO SELL NEW HIGH QUALITY ALL-YEAR BEVERAGES IN GREATER NEW YORK.

Progressive plant of national reputation and distribution must cover demand of 6,000 local retail outlets that range from beverage stands to finest clubs and hotels; offers liberal straight commission with drawing account; now sells 15% of this trade, with salesmen earning from $50 to $250 per week; write for appointment, stating qualifications, experience and submitting copies of references. Address G 668 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,
RETAIL CLOTHING,
to manage credit clothing store out of town; credit experience not necessary; excellent prospects for a hustler, with executive ability; salary. Adelberg-Feder Stores, Inc., 115 West 30th St.

SALESMAN.
Large Chicago concern desires traveling representative to call on drug and hardware trade in Eastern New York; liberal salary and expenses to high grade salesman who can show A1 sales record from past employers; application, to receive consideration, must state age, experience, references and telephone number. E 92 Times.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED.
Prefer men who call on grocers, delicatessen and confectioners; interesting them to place orders for future delivery of sugar; liberal commissions paid to hustlers. Inquire Sales Manager, Room 209 Fitzgerald Building, 1,482 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN Wanted — Factory rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition submitted upon application; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Eastman Rubber Works, 213 West 40th St.

SALESMAN—SECURITY.
If you have had experience in selling investment securities we ofer you an excellent opportunity to earn a good income in selling the bonds of a well established concern. Salary and commission. Write stating age and experience. S 330 Times.

SALESMAN—Petticoat salesman, large petticoat house has an opening with an established trade for New York and Pennsylvania; good opportunity for right party with experience; commission basis. Y 2043 Times Annex.

SALESMEN — Wanted, several thoroughly experienced and capable men for a complete line of bill folders, ladies' bags, manicure cases and other novelties; big future for those who qualify; commission basis. X 2465 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.
MANUFACTURER OF MEN'S BELTS DESIRES SALESMEN WHO KNOW THE JOBBING AND RETAIL TRADE; COMMISSION. BOX 429, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMAN, EXPERIENCED,
to sell fancy fruits and vegetables to leading hotels, clubs, restaurants; good opportunity for hustler; state experience, references and compensation. V 834 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, SILK WAIST, WANTED IN SEVERAL TERRITORIES; COMMISSION BASIS; KINDRED LINES MAY BE CARRIED; ONLY THOSE WITH GREAT EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY. REPLIES STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. S 646 TIMES.

SALESMEN—Wanted, 2 live men to sell electrical appliance in Newark; commission basis; drawing account to right men; good opportunity for men with the right stuff. Apply Premier Service Co., 17 West Park St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN.
Lace and embroidery domestic house is open for representative who is acquainted with the waist, dress and millinery trade; good opportunity; drawing account, commission. Box 420, 209 Cable Bldg.

SALESMAN—Experienced salesman traveling Pacific Coast following among wholesalers, side line men's shirts; drawing against commissions. George Saltman & Co., 354 Broadway, New York City.

SALESMAN, shirt, for New York State, covering large and small towns; must have a following and established shirt trade; will pay traveling expense and commission. X 2436 Times Annex.

SALESMAN—Young man, acquainted with visiting buyers, also city and nearby trade, to sell better-grade dresses at moderate prices; splendid position for right man; commission. Paul Rich & Zahler, 38 West 26th St.

SALESMAN—GROWING MANUFACTURER OF CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' HATS IS READY TO ENGAGE A PROGRESSIVE SALESMAN; COMMISSION. PEARL & PETRINO, 28 BOND ST.

SALES ENGINEER, as branch representative in lines related to steam heating; should be familiar with building and industrial fields around New York; state age, experience and salary. H 339 Times.

SALESMEN, securities, experience desirable, not essential; men of initiative not averse to hard work; it will pay you to investigate; commission basis. Suite 605, 334 5th Av.

SALESMEN wanted to sell linen and cotton to hotels, steamships and institutions; must have established trade; good opportunity; salary or commission. Markel & Markel, 383 Broadway.

SALESMAN, dry goods, to introduce a good footwear article to the trade as a side line; city and out of town; commission basis. Wrubel-Fishman Co., 29 Bond St., N. Y. C.

SALESMAN to sell automobile accessories in the Middle West; only those with previous experience need apply; salary and commission. The H. Weinthal Auto Supply Co., Room 350, 1,777 Broadway, City.

SALESMAN, experienced in the line of ladies' pocketbooks, with a following of jobbers; commission basis; also traveling man to handle same as side line. S 332 Times.

SALESMEN, dry goods, to sell to out-of-town trade; must have following; good opportunity; salary or commission. Markel & Markel, 383 Broadway.

SALESMEN — Clean-cut, honest hustlers, represent office supplies article; experience necessary; splendid opportunity; salary and commission. G 659 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to handle trimmings for evening dresses, one who has trade only need apply; commission basis. American Art Novelty, 8 West 29th.

SALESMAN, EMBROIDERY,
acquainted with high-class dress, cloak and suit houses; commission basis.
Box 117, 910 Brokaw Bldg.

SALESMAN, steel filing cabinets, office furniture and supplies; downtown territory; salary or commission. S 667 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN to carry a complete line of silk and cotton petticoats on commission for the Middle West and South. William Epstein & Bro., 1,239 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted for cloak and suit house; good opportunity to right party; commission and salary. F. D., 1214 Wilson Building.

SALESMAN—Southern representative with established trade, carry side line infants' flannelette kimonos, petticoats; commission. D 399 Times.

SALESMAN for infants' and children's coats for the jobbing trades must be well acquainted with the city jobbers; commission only. Perlow & Cohen, 15 West 18th.

SALESMAN wanted for men's neckwear as a side line for jobbers out of town; commission. Model Neckwear Co., 184 Woodbine St.

SALESMEN for large button manufacturer to call on cutting-up trade; commission basis. A. B. 600, 1626 St. James Bldg.

SALESMAN, experienced, for jewelry store; splendid opportunity. Rundbock, 2,232 3d Av., near 122d St.

SALESMAN, experienced, acquainted with jobbers on ladies' coats; salary and commission. Standard Coat House, 448 6th Av.

SALESMEN, experienced membership work; liberal commissions. Room 209, 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMEN EXPERIENCED IN RENTING LOFTS; LIBERAL DRAWING ACCOUNT. T 470 TIMES.

SALESMAN to sell dry goods and call on retail trade; commission. Apply Hecht & Greenspan, 27 Allen St.

SALESMAN—Counter salesman, experienced in auto accessories; salary. S 343 Times.

SALES ENGINEER, commission basis; Greater New York

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FREE RADIUM FOR CANCER READY OCT. 15

First Gram of $225,000 Supply Now in Vault at State Institution at Buffalo.

ENOUGH TO TREAT 2,000,000

Dr. Gaylord, Director of the Institution, Tells of Plans for Starting Treatment.

New York State now leads the country in the fight against cancer, and will begin next fall to furnish free radium treatment to sufferers from the disease who request it. On and after Oct. 15, the State Institution for the Study of Malignant Diseases, in Buffalo, will administer the two and one-quarter grams of radium which the State Legislature, by a recent appropriation of $225,000, enabled it to purchase. Dr. Harvey R. Gaylord, Director of the institution, discussing the recent acquisition yesterday, prophesied that important results in the anti-cancer campaign would be accomplished and said other States were anxious to follow New York's lead.

"Any citizen of the United States will be treated free of charge at Buffalo," said Dr. Gaylord, "but preference will be given to residents of New York State. The radium we are using is an American product, mined in Colorado and transported in the form of 125 tons of carnotite to the extraction plant at Orange, N. J. The first gram is already in the vaults of the State Institution and the appliances necessary for its use are being constructed. Its technical administration will be in the hands of an expert, Dr. Wilhelm Stemstroem.

"This first purchase by any State of radium marks an important step in the health activities of the country. For radium is the only therapeutic agent whose cost is beyond even the well-to-do. Of course radium is in use in the State now, and its value in combatting cancer, especially in its early stages, already has been abundantly demonstrated. There are about seven grams used in New York City, and one or two in the rest of the State. But people must pay for the treatment. After Oct. 15, any doctor may send his patient to us for free treatment by radium. We have enough of the mineral to take care of two million people, and it lasts anywhere from two thousand to thirty-two hundred years. The only limit is our ability to house those who come to Buffalo for treatment. That city will certainly become the radium centre of the State."

The radium will be put into practicable form, Dr. Gaylord explained, through what is known as the emanation system. The mineral is placed in a simple chemical solution, whence it is then drawn in the form of gas. This makes it possible to concentrate the entire two and a quarter grams on a single case, if severe enough to need it, or to treat several cases simultaneously through a number of separate instruments.

"The use of radium in the treatment of the early stages of cancer," Dr. Gaylord added, "is still in its infancy. Our main reliance is still upon surgery, but radium in combination with surgery improves the chances of a cure, and if used in time the former may obviate the use of surgical treatment. For this reason it becomes doubly important that people report to a doctor on the slightest suspicion of cancer.

"Cancer today is the second most deadly disease in the United States, where it causes yearly 90,000 deaths, 8,000 of which are in New York State. Its extent in the country at large increased 25 per cent. every ten years. New York State in 1898 took the lead by founding the first cancer research bureau in the world, largely through the efforts of Governor Hughes. It is fitting, then, that our State should be the first to furnish free radium cancer treatment."

CHILDREN FIND BODY IN LOT.

Police Believe Man Was Poisoned by Whisky or Had a Fit.

Children playing in a back lot near Maiden Lane, Maspeth, yesterday found the body of a man.

The police believe he was the victim of bad whiskey or an epileptic fit.

In a pocket of the coat was found a "good luck" charm, which read: "Frank Coche, U. S. M. C."

The man was about 28 years old and weighed 170 pounds. He had brown hair and eyes, and wore a well made blue serge suit, straw hat, white shirt with black stripes, dark tan shoes, brown knitted tie and black socks.

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Unusually Shaped Men

Read This:

IF you are hard to fit, come in and try on the perfectly tailored suit that precisely fits you. It's a great chance to get a high type, fashionably cut, pure virgin wool Arnheim Custom Tailored **Ready-to-Wear** Suit for only

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Instead of paying the actual worth $50 and $60

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Tall Slim and Short Stouts

All can be perfectly fitted this week during our Special Once-a-Year Sale of Specially Tailored Suits particularly produced for

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Included is a fine variety of Distinctively Styled Ready-to-Wear Suits in regular sizes.

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We Just Heard This!

A MAN, 45 years of age, with a salary of $75 a week, met a friend at lunch, who told him that a friend of his had been advised by the Cashier in a brokerage office that Mr. So-and-So, the big market operator, was buying a certain stock, and had "tipped" it for rise; and on this information, which had no more weight than a spider's web on a July hedge, the man of 45 risked and lost $4000 on a ten point margin.

That $4000 in Prudence-Bonds would have paid him $240 yearly and his principal would have been safe, too.

In the name of safety and stability, we advise you to look into Prudence-Bonds.

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Suits worth much more at wholesale made to sell at $67.50 and $65 — **$37.50**

Stylish well made Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits; made to sell at $72.50 and $70..... — **$42.50**

The cream of Hart Schaffner & Marx silk-lined Suits, foreign and domestic weaves made to sell at $87.50, $85, $80..... — **$52.50**

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390

Financial Down-and-Outs

What the Salvation Army has learned about human frailty in money matters

MEN of means, who think their heirs will surely be free from financial hardships, may be surprised at the following facts.

A few days ago, we asked a lawyer on the staff of the Salvation Army, "Do you ever have calls for financial advice from people formerly well-to-do?" "Yes," we were told, "very frequently. Literally hundreds of cases a year."

The lawyer opened a crowded filing cabinet. Two folders selected at random gave these facts.

WIDOW:

Mrs. S. Came to New York from Nebraska. Had $100,000 in cash—double indemnity accident insurance on her husband's life. Not used to handling much money. Lived extravagantly at fashionable New York hotel. Put money in Motion Picture and Oil Stocks. Bought a country home in Westchester. Stocks later proved N.G. House mortgaged. Later sold for taxes. Helped to go back to relatives on Nebraska farm.

GIRL:

Miss K. Her mother died leaving her a nominal $10. Secretly the mother had given son $35,000 to be handed to daughter on her 30th birthday. Son died soon after, leaving everything including the $35,000 to his wife, who was unfriendly to Miss K. Mother's real intentions defeated. Miss K. now penniless, seeks work.

Sympathy, regret, indignation will not bring back lost money. We can simply say to you, "Be on the safe side. Take preventive measures."

Concretely we suggest that you make your will and name us as Executor and Trustee. In your will give the explicit instructions you wish carried out.

The money you leave will be paid *to whom* you wish, *when* you wish and in the *amount* you wish. There will be no loophole for "human frailty" to creep in. No need for your wife or your heirs ever to say of you, "He meant well, but —!"

A Vice-President or Manager at any one of our offices will be glad to explain in detail modern methods in settling estates—what we do and how we do it.

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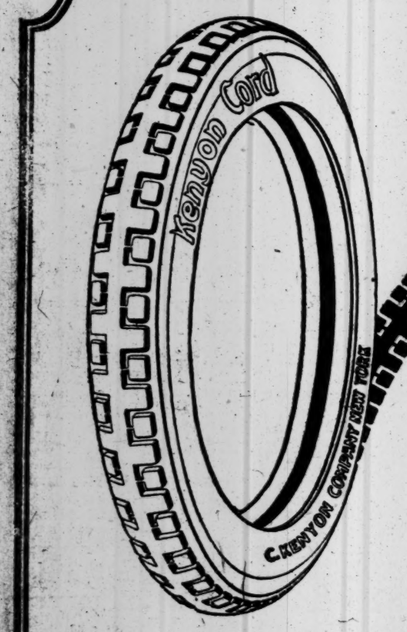

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BOX S 232 TIMES.

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